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THE TRIBUNE BOOK COUPON, DEC. 13, 1893.
Received on any Tribune Book offer.

The Chicago Daily Tribune.

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Received on any Tribune Picture offer.

VOLUME LII.—NO. 346. WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 13, 1893—TWELVE PAGES. PRICE TWO CENTS.

TO SUCCOR THE POOR

Organization of a Central Relief Committee.

CHARITY WITH A METHOD

All Work to Be Conducted by the New Association.

POVERTY CAUSES A SUICIDE.

Profanity Put to Strange Use in Swelling Relief Funds.

SALVATION ARMY STANDS TREAT.

The painful embarrassment that this community has suffered for weeks for want of some common and trustworthy organization through which to relieve the dire distress of the poor of this city has happily come to an end. At a meeting of representatives of all the religious and charitable societies in Chicago held last night in the parlors of the Auditorium Hotel a plan of coöperation was agreed on which, it is confidently expected, will produce instantaneous harmony and give free course to the munificent charity which Chicago stands ready to bestow. This plan, as expressed in the report of the committee appointed for that purpose, is as follows:

That we hereby constitute a Central Relief committee which shall be charged with raising contributions to meet the present emergency and with the disbursement of the same as far as practicable through existing public and charitable agencies.

That said committee be composed of fifty members, to be appointed by the Chair, of which committee T. W. Harvey shall be the Chairman.

That it shall be the duty of the committee to make a thorough canvass of every block in the city and record every one out of employment who may seem to be a proper subject for aid, or likely to be so. The condition, environment, and tendencies of every one needing aid or employment should be carefully noted; and this committee shall secure the coöperation of all churches and other organizations that may be distributing relief.

That until further notice all funds for the Central Relief committee be sent to Lyman J. Gage at the First National Bank, and other contributions to such places as may be designated by him.

The meeting at the Auditorium Hotel was called by the committee of sixteen appointed by the Civic Confederation last Saturday for the purpose of promoting charity organization, of which T. W. Harvey is the Chairman. Among the persons who responded to his invitation were the following:

Lyman J. Gage, T. W. Harvey, the Rev. Jenkin Lloyd Jones, the Rev. Dr. Simeon Gilbert, the Rev. Frederick Campbell, W. T. Stead, Prof. Albion W. Small, Bishop C. E. Cheney, Dr. Sarah Hackett Stevenson, the Rev. L. P. Mercer, Mrs. Glen Wood, R. M. Easley, Prof. E. W. Bemis, Z. S. Holbrook, C. H. S. Mixer, W. R. Sterling, the Rev. Dr. F. W. Gunsaulus, John S. Gallaher, Prof. Charles H. Caton, J. M. Campbell, A. J. Wilson, Daniel Fulcomer, the Rev. R. A. Hoyt, T. D. Hurley, Mrs. Dr. Helen A. Heath, A. F. Cool, J. O. Ely, O. A. Young, the Rev. Dr. Arthur Edwards, W. C. Paige, L. C. Young, James Shirra, the Rev. Dr. F. M. Gregg, J. R. Barroll, S. T. Farnsworth, Isaac Shuler, C. S. Woodman, Gustavus Lundberg, W. H. Lynch, Harvey B. Hurd, Mrs. H. B. Goodwin, the Rev. H. F. Goodwin, the Rev. Dr. John Withrow, Miss Ada Sweet, W. P. Rend, Mrs. H. M. Gougar, Dr. Julia Ross Low, the Rev. J. Wardel, John Visher, John G. Shortall, Rabbi E. B. M. Brown, Marcus Pollasky, Joseph W. Ewart, and J. C. Sterling.

Among the societies and churches and other bodies represented were the Conference of Charities and Corrections, Emanuel Temple, the Bureau of Justice, the Brotherhood Employment Bureau, the County Board, the City Council, the King's Daughters, the Committee of Ministers, the Visitation and Aid Society, All Souls' Church, the Third Presbyterian Church, the Children's Home Society, and the Young Men's Christian Association.

An Hour of Pointless Talk.

T. W. Harvey called the meeting to order, was elected Chairman, and stated briefly the object of the meeting. For an hour afterward the meeting drifted. Numerous motions and many speeches were made that were apparently to no purpose. Mr. Hurd announced that the Conference of Charities and Corrections had suspended action until the result of the meeting was learned. Ald. McGillen and Stuckart expressed the sympathy of the City Council. Then came a collision between the Rev. Mr. Jones and Mr. Rend. Mr. Jones advised caution, for fear of pauperizing the hungry hordes that filled the city. Mr. Rend made an excited reply, in which he advocated the relief of all who came and the investigation of their claims afterward. Both speakers were loudly applauded.

Rabbi Brown made a defense of the Jews, who, he said, were never paupers, and had always been distinguished for their philanthropy. He thought the expression "rich as a Jew" was misleading, for many of his people were extremely poor. A man who represented the Carpenters' union got the floor and talked for some time about Chicago being on a volcano, and was afterward reproved by many speakers. Miss Sweet made an appeal for relief first and investigation afterward, and Mr. Hurd sustained her, as did also Mrs. Dr. Stevenson. Mrs. Gougar spoke in the same vein and made sensational statements about the crowd at Nos. 346 and 348 Wabash avenue. She said that the stench was so great that the poor men fainted and had to be taken off in patrol wagons. She predicted an epidemic of smallpox within ten days, unless the Health Commissioner interfered.

The Plan Presented and Adopted.

Then came deliverance. The Rev. Dr. Edwards moved that the authors of all resolutions and such other persons as the Chairman might appoint should retire and elaborate a scheme of charity coöperation for the existing emergency, and the plan was instantly adopted. Those who retired were the Rev. Dr. Edwards, C. H. S. Mixer, Graeme Taylor, the Rev. Dr. Gunsaulus, Ald. McGillen, Miss Sweet, Bishop Cheney, Mr. Hurd, and W. P. Rend.

The committee was absent for over an hour and the time was spent in a desultory debate, in which several excellent speeches were made. Among the speakers were W. T. Stead, Harry Monroe, John G. Shortall, the Rev. Dr. Withrow, Lyman J. Gage, Prof. Bemis, and Charles W. Wilmeroth.

As soon as the report of the committee was received and adopted, Ald. McGillen announced that the contributions of the Aldermen, amounting to $1,000, would be turned over to the Central Relief committee; and Mrs. Dr. Stevenson pledged the committee $1,000 from Mrs. Potter Palmer. The general belief was that the committee would be in possession of $1,000,000 within a short time. Mr. Gage announced that all contributions of money should be sent to him, all provisions, temporarily, to the Relief and Aid Society, and all clothing and imperishable goods to the second floor of the warehouse of the Illinois Humane Society, at No. 560 Wabash avenue.

Dies from Exposure.

Patrick Rooney, a laborer on the drainage canal, was found dead yesterday under the viaduct at Chicago avenue and Halsted street. He carried a charitable dispensary card. It was thought he had been overcome by the cold.

MADDEN STIRS UP THE ALDERMEN.

He Will Call a Mass-Meeting and Try to Raise Half a Million.

Chairman Madden of the Council Finance committee, to which the Mayor last Monday night assigned the work of doing the city's share of caring for the homeless and hungry, has conceived the plan of a gigantic mass-meeting for the purpose of receiving subscriptions in order that impetus may be given the work by the reception of an immense sum at one time. That meeting is to be held next Monday afternoon in Battery D and the Alderman believes there will be received at that time not less than $500,000. At that meeting, too, will be discussed the proper plan for action both in the matter of collecting money and of distributing the relief. This plan is set forth in a letter which was sent out yesterday.

Early in the morning Chairman Madden sent to each of the Aldermen and the heads of city departments letters asking them to make their contributions at once and to send them to the Controller. He set the lead himself by sending in the $50 he pledged himself to give at Monday night's meeting of the Council. He says he will get after every Alderman and collect a like sum from him. Mr. Madden also gave orders to the Chief of Police to find suitable quarters for lodging the homeless on the west and south sides of the river. Ald. Coughlin was seeking for another place on the South Side. The "water palace" will probably be accepted. Inspector Ross was yesterday handed a statement showing that flour dealers had made contributions, to be delivered to George W. Elliott, Flour Inspector, as follows: G. W. Elliott, 7 sacks; E. Hewitt, 7 sacks; Fred C. Elder, 7 sacks; E. S. Albro, 7 sacks; I. Preser & Co., 7 sacks; E. Lamb, 5 sacks; Fred Nagle, 14 sacks; Washburn, Crosby & Co., 70 sacks; William Listman mill company, 28 sacks. These sacks are to be of the 140-pound variety.

Thomas J. Staley yesterday donated the heat for the quarters at No. 346-348 Wabash avenue.

OATHS BUY BREAD FOR THE POOR.

Packing-House Employes Fine Themselves for Being Profane.

Swearing has been at last turned to a practical use and made beneficial. Yesterday a rule was posted in the Armour packing-houses in Kansas City requiring the payment of 10 cents for each oath uttered by the employés. Last night when the day's receipts had been counted up the treasurer had in his coffers $2.25, which proves that twenty-two and one-half oaths had been uttered and paid for. The money collected goes into a fund for the relief of the unemployed.

"That's a mighty good rule, wherever it came from," said P. D. Armour last night. "I had not heard of it before, and cannot say who was responsible for it."

"Will you not cause a similar rule to be posted in your houses in Chicago for the relief of the poor?"

"I cannot say. I am not responsible for the Kansas City order. Probably the men themselves hit upon the plan as a means to raise a fund."

FREE SOUP-HOUSE ESTABLISHED.

Pacific Avenue's Poor to Get Dinner Every Day.

A new and free soup-house will be opened tomorrow at No. 66 Pacific avenue. Dinner of bread, meat, and soup will be served daily from 10 to 12 a. m. Mrs. Nettie E. Gunlock, No. 1183 Washington boulevard, and Mrs. Z. R. Winslow, No. 1337 Michigan boulevard, established the place and they give credit to the women of the G. A. R. Rent for three months has been given by Magner & Winslow, Nos. 310, 312, and 314 South Clark street, and the same firm will also furnish all the meat required for that period. Two hundred loaves of bread will be contributed daily for two weeks by Siegel, Cooper & Co. If many women and children apply for food separate hours will hereafter be assigned for them.

BRIGADIER FIELDING'S BIG TREAT.

Salvation Army Will Give Two Thousand Christmas Dinners.

A Christmas dinner for 2,000 persons is being arranged by "Brigadier" E. Fielding of the Salvation Army, who proposes to give this treat to hungry people in the Princess Rink, No. 558 West Madison street, from 10 a. m. to 5 p. m. Christmas day. As arranged, 2,000 tickets will be printed and placed in the hands of each officer in charge of a Salvation Army corps, and discretion will be used by these officers when distributing these tickets among the poor people of their respective neighborhoods, so that none but the most deserving will reap the benefit of this effort to relieve destitution. "Brigadier" Fielding asks aid in arranging the dinner and announces that provisions may be sent to him at No. 558 West Madison street.

REGULAR ASSESSMENTS FOR FOOD.

Successful Plan Adopted by Clerks in a Business House.

During the last week there has developed spontaneously in several of the large business establishments of the city a movement for the independent collection of charity funds for the relief of the suffering poor. In the store of D. B. Fisk & Co. the movement is in charge of George Little, who asks for weekly contributions of 25 cents or 50 cents a week. There are only 100 clerks, but it is expected that he will raise $50 a week, and the understanding is that the money shall be turned into provisions by the representatives of the clerks and the provisions delivered at No. 346 Wabash avenue for the relief of the homeless men who are sheltered there. This collection is to be taken up as long as the present destitution exists.

STEAD AND ST. JOHN MAY MEET.

Prohibition as the Subject of a Discussion for Charity.

Ex-Gov. St. John of Kansas is anxious to break a lance with Editor Stead in a debate on the prohibition question at the Auditorium. Mrs. Gougar made the proposition to Mr. Stead yesterday afternoon, who said: "I am willing to do anything that will bring some money to the suffering unemployed, but I decline to debate on the broad question of prohibition. I am not here to attack that element of your people. I will, however, debate with him on the issue that prohibition is not the remedy for the destitution and social conditions in Chicago."

Money Needed by Children's Aid Society.

"Money, money; that is what we want. Do print something in THE TRIBUNE that will bring the School Children's Aid Society some money. Every charity is remembered but this one. The County Agent turns his back on us and the charity ball ignores us. Money is flowing in for the grown men who have wasted their wages on whisky and tobacco, but nobody seems to feel any pity for the innocent, helpless, naked, freezing school children of this city." This is the appeal of Mrs. Oliver H. Hicks, President of the Children's Aid Society, which last year received $500 through outside subscriptions, while the scholars themselves contributed $3,550. These sums are inadequate.

Another Unfortunate Commits Suicide.

Fred Schodasky, after a five weeks' search for employment, found that he had just 15 cents left of his savings Monday night. He spent that for rat poison. About midnight he was found dying in a Milwaukee avenue hallway. On removal to the Alexian Brothers' Hospital he died.

Stowing the Sleepy Unfortunates Away.

All the room at No. 246 Wabash avenue was preëmpted by the homeless men early last evening. At midnight 900 men were sleeping in the building. One thousand five hundred were fed during the evening.

BURGLAR GETS $5,000.

HE SANDBAGS A STAMP CASHIER AND RAIDS THE POSTOFFICE.

Employs a Crafty Scheme to Effect an Entrance and Throws Robertson Off His Guard—The Victim Is Discovered Prostrate on the Floor and Unconscious Three Hours Afterward by a Clerk, Mrs. M. E. Jones—Inspector Porter Takes Charge of the Case.

The boldest robbery reported in Chicago in years was committed at the Postoffice between 7 and 8 o'clock last evening. At that hour an unknown man by giving the proper door knocks gained admission to the cashier's office in the wholesale stamp department in the northwest corner of the building, sandbagged A. J. Robertson, the cashier, seized a lot of money lying in packages on the table, made his way out through a side window, and escaped. The amount of cash taken is estimated at $5,000.

It was after 10 o'clock before any one in the place knew what had occurred. Then the greatest excitement prevailed.

M. V. Zimmerman, night clerk at one of the retail stamp windows, reported for duty at 10 o'clock. He saw a light burning in Mr. Robertson's room, and at once suspected something wrong. He tried the door, but it was locked and no response came to his efforts to arouse any person. He felt, however, that all was not right, and spoke to Mrs. M. E. Jones, the clerk whom he relieved at 10 o'clock, about it. She went into the office by way of a rear or inside door from her room. She saw Mr. Robertson lying stretched on the floor in the lobby of his office, outside the iron railing. Mr. Zimmerman had said to her that Robertson must have gone out and left his lights burning. She did not agree with him and for that reason concluded to satisfy herself by going through the wholesale department on her way out. The cashier was lying on his face. She spoke to him, but received no reply.

Mrs. Jones Gives the Alarm.

Mrs. Jones at once called to Mr. Zimmerman and asked him to come quick, as there was something wrong with Mr. Robertson. Mr. Zimmerman hastened across the corridor to the room and saw the cashier lying on the floor. He was unconscious, but with the commotion caused by the alarm that had been given he began to show sign of returning consciousness. Mrs. Jones and Mr. Zimmerman raised him up and cared for him with the facilities at hand. He soon rallied sufficiently to give a somewhat incoherent statement. He said that as nearly as he could remember it was 7:30 o'clock when he heard the signal on the door.

"I opened it," he continued, "and saw a man whom I did not recognize standing on the outside holding a package in one hand. The man called my name and wanted to know whether my accounts for the day's business were all right. My reply was that so far as I knew they were; that I had not found any shortage. The man continued: 'My son bought a package of stamps here today and as he brought more than I sent for I thought you might be short. I have therefore returned them. There is a note inside the package for you.'

"As the man said this I opened the door a little wider and let him step inside. I shut the door and turned around to go back to my desk. I had taken a few steps when the fellow struck me just behind the left ear with something heavy and solid. That is the last thing I remember."

Locked in with the Robber.

Mr. Robertson thinks that as he turned away from the door the thief turned the catch and locked it. Mr. Zimmerman also noticed, as he entered the room, that one of the windows on the west side was thrown up, and that a number of papers were scattered over the floor.

Inspector Porter, who was in his office on the third floor of the building at the time, was notified as quickly as a messenger could reach him. He was on the scene in a few moments and took charge of the case. Dr. MacMartin was called over from the Grand Pacific Hotel to attend the cashier. He examined his injuries and said they consisted of a long contusion on the left side of the head from the forehead to the base of the skull. The wound, according to the doctor, might have been caused by a sandbag or piece of lead pipe. He said they were not necessarily serious, but had him removed to the Presbyterian Hospital.

As soon as the cashier had been taken to the hospital Inspector Porter, Mr. Zimmerman, and Mrs. Jones instituted an examination of the room. They first inspected the window to see how the robber escaped and found that he had evidently crawled out on a scaffolding that has been built over a basement storeroom. From this scaffolding it was an easy matter for him to reach the ground.

As he was looking around the room Inspector Porter picked up three packages of money. One contained $500 in bills, another $300, and the third $80. In his anxiety to escape before being detected the robber apparently dropped these and did not stop to pick them up again. Since he gave the correct signal taps it is believed the robber must either be an ex-employé or that he has a confederate in the office who posted him. If there is any foundation to his story about having sent to the wholesale department for stamps the incident indicates prearranged plans in which more than one person was interested.

Time and Place Opportune.

An opportune time was selected for carrying the deed through successfully with the least possible danger of attracting attention. The door leading to the cashier's office is in the extreme corner of the north and west side corridors. Any one could approach it and knock for admission without being noticed. Or should he be seen it is not at all likely that suspicion would be aroused unless the person's actions should be such as to occasion remarks from passers-by.

Mr. Robertson's office hours are from 9 to 4 o'clock. There is a desk in the room, with a wire railing like those in banking establishments. On this desk was the money packages. To the rear was a safe containing gold and silver coin. In order to let the robber into the room Robertson had to go around to the outside of the grating and there he was struck. To the south of the room is the retail stamp window and at that hour many customers are in that part of the building. Room 3, the wholesale stamp-room, is within forty feet of the retail stamp window. In Robertson's room the Adams street windows open like doors. Outside of the window, thought to have been used for escape and found open, is a wide ledge and below a skeleton steel frame for supports to windows over a basement store-room. Workmen had left boards on this framework. The window is not one to attract attention, being so far from the street and discovery was not at all likely from that source. Only two cabmen were at the corner of Clark and Adams streets, 150 feet away. They saw nothing.

The robber overlooked the fact that there was considerable gold and silver, besides hundreds of dollars' worth of stamps in the safe. Yesterday afternoon Mr. Robertson, it is said, put $10,000 in the bank. The safe door was open and its contents were in plain sight, but the robber contented himself with what he could pick up on the cashier's desk.

Detectives Smith and Griffin, of Central Station, were detailed on the case. After learning what they could at the Postoffice, they drove to the hospital, saw Mr. Robertson, and got his side of the story. No one else was admitted to the hospital.

Mr. Robertson has been in the government service nearly five years. He lives at No. 332 Marshfield avenue.

Detectives Find a Letter.

The detectives, while searching the place where the robber climbed out of the window, found a letter on the ground. It was written on paper that had been secured in the ladies' waiting-room at Mandel Bros.' store, was dated Dec. 2, 1893, and was addressed to "Dear Charles." There was no signature, and the references in the body of the letter were of a friendly kind. A wrapper was also found which had inclosed a package of bills. It was labeled "$500."

Detectives Smith and Griffin pursued their investigations until 1:30 this morning and then quit. What opinions they had formed they kept to themselves, absolutely refusing to advance any theory regarding the case.

POSTMASTER SEXTON SURPRISED.

He Cannot Understand Why Robertson Was at the Office So Late.

Postmaster Sexton was much surprised when he learned of the robbery. He said:

"I cannot understand how any man would take such a chance. There are many persons about the building at that time, and there is hardly one chance in a hundred of a robber escaping. Then, too, I don't understand what Robertson was doing at the office so late in the evening. The wholesale stamp department closes at 5 o'clock, and the men in that department are out of the building generally by 6 o'clock.

"The rules of the office are that at 4 o'clock the clerks of the department shall turn over all their cash except a small sum for change. They also turn in all their stamps except about $2,000 worth. Thus the story that more than that sum had been taken must be untrue. No such amount could have been in the hands of a clerk at that hour in the day. There was no good reason of which I can think for Robertson being at the office as late as 7:30 o'clock. I am surprised that having been assaulted he was not discovered before. There are so many people going and coming, and the janitors generally clean up the building before the hour Robertson was discovered. Robertson has been employed at the Postoffice for nearly four years. He was given his position upon the recommendation of Judge Tuthill, to whom he is related, and several other prominent men. He was employed first in the retail stamp department, but some time ago was transferred to the wholesale department. As far as I know he has always been a faithful and honest employé."

CAPT. PORTER LEADS IN A SEARCH.

He Finds Three Packages of Money Lying on the Floor.

Capt. Thomas J. Porter of the United States Secret Service was immediately notified and Detectives Smith and Griffin were detailed to help him in investigating the case. A close search was made by them both inside and outside the Postoffice. The cabmen were interviewed, but none of them along the Clark street stand had noticed anything unusual. Capt. Porter, after repeating the story told by Robertson, said:

"I was up in my room at the time and was at once notified. We revived Robertson and he told what the trouble had been. He said the man appeared to be 5 feet 7 inches tall, heavy set, and with a dark mustache. He was too much dazed to tell more, and we called in Dr. McMartin from the Grand Pacific to attend him. When I looked about the room the window was open, and on the floor beside it were found three packages of money, $500, $320, and $90. The safe was within six feet of the money taken. In that was gold and other coin, but I do not think it was disturbed. Of course we at once notified the police. I do not know what they are doing. This is not in my department and I am not handling the case and do not know what will be done. Robertson did not seem to know how much money was taken, and I do not believe it was more than $2,000 or $3,000.

"No, I have no theory in regard to the robbery, and of course would like to see the man who did it for a short time."

TEXAS TRAIN ROBBERS UNDER ARREST.

The Quartette Are Captured, One of Them After a Desperate Resistance.

AUSTIN, Tex., Dec. 12.—Officers who have been on the trail of the train robbers since Sunday morning at 3 o'clock located and arrested Dick Wallace and Lum Denton at this place this morning. Both are implicated in the robbery. Denton at the time of his arrest had a large amount of gold in his possession and was wearing a watch taken from a passenger on the train. Wallace is an ex-convict and has been living for several years in the neighborhood of this city.

Bill Bronson, alias Bronco Bill, was located south of town in an old rendezvous tonight. He offered resistance and the officer opened fire, bringing him down at the first volley. His wounds are dangerous. There were only four robbers in the gang, and Lewis Sheldon, the last of the quartette, was captured near Goldthwaite.

FOUR NEGROES SHOT BY A SELMA MOB.

They Are Accused by Mrs. Jones of an Attempt to Rob Her.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Dec. 12.—[Special.]—News comes from Selma that four more negroes have been lynched near that place for attempting to rob Mrs. W. G. Jones. She was alone at her house Sunday night when they knocked at her door. She opened it and they asked if her husband was at home. For reply she shot one of them in the leg and the rest made off. The wounded negro was tracked by hounds and caught a short distance from the house. He gave the others away. The posse went on and got the other three. They were detained in custody in a lonely house until yesterday, when all were identified by Mrs. Jones. They were then quietly marched off to the woods and this morning their four bodies were found riddled with bullets. This makes six lynchings in that section in one week.

MEXICAN GENERAL HANGED BY REBELS.

Gen. Vilada of the Federal Army Captured and Put to Death.

EL PASO, Tex., Dec. 12.—[Special.]—Gen. Vincente Vilada of the Mexican Federal Army, was recently captured by the insurgents and hung. He was formerly a Judge of the Supreme Court and was among the most prominent Generals in the army. This information was received here today in a letter from a man now in the State of Guerrero, who is engaged in the disturbances headed by Gen. Ganuto Neri. He says Gen. Neri has not surrendered and his troops have not been deserting him.

CINCINNATI'S LONG DISTANCE 'PHONES.

The Ohio Town in Communication with New York and Chicago.

CINCINNATI, O., Dec. 12.—Communication with New York, Chicago, and other large cities by telephone was formally opened this afternoon. Mayor Mosby was the first to use the telephone in a conversation with Mayor Gilroy of New York.

INVESTMENT OFFICERS DISAPPEAR.

Ottumwa, Ia., Subscribers Are Clamoring for Their Cash.

OTTUMWA, Ia., Dec. 12.—[Special.]—The officers of the Ottumwa Loan, Bond, and Investment company have disappeared and subscribers are clamoring for their ducats invested. Nothing can be learned of the whereabouts of the officers or the funds.

ZELLA GETS HER CASH.

MRS. NICOLAUS THE SUDDEN POSSESSOR OF MUCH WEALTH.

Says She Settled Her Case with George Gould Satisfactorily and Sails for Italy "for Her Health" with a Man Who Calls Himself Her Husband—Mystery Surrounds the Movements of the Couple—An Expensive Shopping Tour and a Receipted Hotel Bill.

NEW YORK, Dec. 12—[Special.]—Zella Nicolaus has left New York. She says she is glad to leave. She has abandoned the prosecution of her suit against George Gould to recover $40,000, the amount of a check which she claimed he had taken from her. Mrs. Nicolaus refused to tell what motives had prompted her in her abandonment of the lawsuit. She would say only that the matter had been "arranged," and that the arrangement was satisfactory to her. Mrs. Nicolaus sailed this morning on the Hamburg-American liner Normannia. Her destination is Naples. Her "guardian," "Al" Ruhman, to whom have been attributed also the names of Gray and Nowman, sailed in Mrs. Nicolaus' company.

It was only fifteen minutes before sailing time when Mrs. Nicolaus and a man who is now in company with her came aboard the Normannia this morning. Mr. Hummel, counsel for Mrs. Nicolaus, accompanied the woman and her companion to the steamship pier and saw them safely started on their voyage to Italy. Mrs. Nicolaus, before shaking the dust of New York from her dainty feet, had not neglected to have those feet comfortably and even aristocratically shod. She made a little shopping tour Monday afternoon. During this little tour she spent $40 for foot gear alone, and several hundreds of dollars for other articles of fashionable feminine adornment. It was plain enough to any one who followed the route of Mrs. Nicolaus' little shopping tour that she was not pinched for money Monday, despite the fact that two of her trunks had been held until that time by the proprietor of the Sturtevant House as security for her board bill. That board bill has been paid and the two trunks were released in time to be shipped, together with the lavish and varied assortment of feminine fripperies which Mrs. Nicolaus purchased Monday afternoon. When she started out to do her final shopping in New York stores Mrs. Nicolaus was modestly—in fact, rather plainly—attired.

Had Plenty of Money to Spend.

On her purchasing expedition Louis Allen of the law firm of Howe & Hummel acted as her guide, accompanying her to many of the swell dressmakers, milliners, and dry-goods houses on Broadway and Fifth avenue. Among Mrs. Nicolaus' many purchases that afternoon was a magnificent sealskin jacket, handsomely trimmed with Russian sable, one of the most expensive in the market. She also bought a hat, likewise trimmed with Russian sable, and a muff to match the jacket and hat. For these three articles alone she paid $415. At one fashionable and high-priced milliner's shop she purchased $130 worth of hats and bonnets and also bought three trunks in a Broadway store. These articles by no means included her entire purchases. They suffice to show, however, that within two or three days Mrs. Nicolaus had found means once more to recoup her fortunes. The cost of one of the best cabins on the Normannia for herself and "Mr. Harris" must also be included in her expenditures.

Mrs. Nicolaus and her companion warily kept away from the Normannia until today, so that if there was any intention to arrest them on the vessel it could not be done until morning, when Howe & Hummel would have all day in which to secure their release, instead of being taken off the ship at night and perhaps forced to remain in jail until morning.

The ship was scheduled to sail at 9 o'clock sharp, and it was within fifteen minutes of that hour when a carriage was seen to drive up to the gangway, while further behind an express wagon pulled up and unloaded a lot of trunks and several pieces of smaller baggage, all of which were hurried on board. The carriage had scarcely stopped when a door was thrown open and out jumped Lawyer "Abe" Hummel, spry and smiling, as usual. Then turning to the door with Chesterfieldian grace, he assisted a beautiful woman to alight. She was followed by a man. Something green was handed to the driver, who touched his hat in acknowledgment and drove away. Then Mr. Hummel and his companions made for the gang-plank. Mrs. Nicolaus' costume now was in sharp contrast wish the plain raiment of Monday. Her attire was elegant and faultless. No woman ever walked up a gang-plank more demurely than this one. She smiled and bowed her head prettily, but looked away as some men passengers near by passed favorable comment on her beauty and fashionable appearance. Lawyer Hummel, carrying a woman's umbrella, followed Mrs. Nicolaus. He was followed by "Ruhman," who was resplendant in new clothes, including a fine overcoat and a brand-new silk hat. Hummel left the ship immediately and started in the direction of the Hoboken Ferry. Then the reporter paid a visit to state-room No. 2.

Says She Settled with George Gould.

There was little time for ceremony, as the ship's second warning whistle had blown and visitors were going ashore. When Mrs. Nicolaus was informed that it was a newspaper man who wished to see her she almost collapsed. Ruhman turned white and red by turns.

"W-w-w-what is it?" she gasped. "W-what do you want?" She was asked why she was leaving for Europe at this particular time, if she intended to prosecute her suit against George Gould, and why she was departing under an assumed name, and presumably with a new husband, all being done in such a secret manner.

"I'm going to Italy for my health," she replied hesitatingly.

"Do you intend prosecuting the suit against George Gould?"

"That's all been arranged and we've had an understanding with Mr. Gould," she said. "The suit will be dropped."

"What kind of an arrangement did you make?"

"Well, it was a satisfactory one. That's all I can say."

"How long do you expect to be away?"

"I don't know. Probably quite awhile."

"How is it that your so-called guardian is traveling as your husband?"

"I haven't anything to say about it at all, and I won't answer any more questions. I'm leaving New York and I'm glad of it; that's all."

As the Normannia backed out of her slip Mrs. Nicolaus and her "guardian" were gazing over the ship's side. Standing near them were Dr. Anton von Palitschek, the Austrian Consul-General at New York, and Victor Pillway, a member of the Austrian World's Fair committee. Fifteen minutes later the ship was well down the bay on her way to the Mediterranean. When Mr. Hummel was asked if Mrs. Nicolaus was still in New York he replied:

"I will not tell you."

He was then asked if he could tell where she was. He answered:

"I could tell you, but I will not. I will say nothing about it." When Supt. Byrnes was asked if he knew whether Mrs. Nicolaus was in the city or if she intended leaving here he replied: "I have nothing whatever to say about the subject."

BULLETIN OF The Daily Tribune.

CHICAGO WEDNESDAY, DEC. 13, 1893.

Weather for Chicago today:
Fair and colder; northerly winds.

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Slosson Beats Schaefer at Billiards.

STANDARD OIL AFTER LINSEED OIL.

Stock in the Latter Is Wanted at $35 a Share.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Dec. 12.—[Special.]—The following circular letter has been received by brokers here:

THE NATIONAL LINSEED OIL COMPANY, ROOKERY BUILDING, CHICAGO, Dec. 9.—Dear Sir: The 23d we informed you responsible parties in New York City desired an option at $30 per share on 10,000 shares of National Linseed Oil company stock, such option to remain good until March 1 next. This company and its officers have nothing to do with any stock operations, but we considered it our duty to make known the above request to our stockholders. In response to the circular letter above mentioned the required number of shares were not obtained, and, while reserving the right to call for such as were offered, the same parties now request us to ask for an option on 10,000 shares at $35 a share, good until March 1 next. Yours very truly,
THE NATIONAL LINSEED COMPANY.

The National Linseed company was organized here, and its stock is held largely by St. Louis capitalists, notably Thomas Richeson, Platt & Thomburg, Max Kotany, and George M. Euston. While the company has been a failure, as far as dividends are concerned, the St. Louis stockholders are disposed to stay with it. It is believed here the option is offered by the Standard Oil company.

NEW CLEW IN SOUTH BEND ROBBERY.

Mysterious Stranger in a Cutter Takes Away the Supposed Robber.

SOUTH BEND, Ind., Dec. 12.—[Special.]—Clews connecting persons living in South Bend with the robbery of the South Bend National Bank have been plentiful, but only one of them has developed anything. This relates to a mysterious man who drove a cutter in from the north side of the town at 10 o'clock the morning of the robbery. He was seen driving out later in the day with a companion whose description answers to that of Smith, the gold brick man. The reports show that the two drove north across the Michigan line, where all trace of them was lost. This clew is now being worked. Chief of Police Rose is waiting now to hear from New York before doing anything further on the robbery. The Chief has telegraphed to New York for information about Frank Smith, the confidence man, who is supposed to have been the principal in the robbery and to now have in his possession the $15,900 stolen last Thursday. The information asked for will cover the time of Smith's leaving, his companions, and his present whereabouts.

COLD WAVE PASSING OVER THE CITY

Thermometer Drops Below Zero, but Will Rise This Evening.

Chicago yesterday morning was on the edge of a cold wave which had descended from the Northwest. By noon it was fairly over the city and the temperature was uncomfortably near zero. It was just below zero at 10 o'clock last night—a drop of 35 degrees in twenty-four hours. And Mr. Yerkes' cars made no more than the usual pretense of being warm. At the United States Weather Bureau last night it was said that yesterday was only a foretaste of today's weather. The temperature, the observer said, will hover below zero until evening, when probably it will rise and continue rising all night. The cold wave is passing Eastward.

RICKER CHARGED WITH EMBEZZLEMENT

President of the South Side Hotel Company Placed Under Arrest.

Financial complications in the affairs of the Mecca Hotel, at Thirty-fourth street and State, resulted last night in the arrest of C. L. Ricker, President and Treasurer of the South Side Hotel company, on the charge of embezzlement. The complainant in the case is Edwin B. Cadwell, Secretary of the company, who alleges that Ricker has appropriated over $20,000 of the company's money to his own use.

MARSHAL BURNED BY MOONSHINERS.

A Federal Officer Meets a Fearful Fate in Mississippi.

HEIDELBURG, Miss., Dec. 12.—A report has reached here that United States Marshal Winnie Robinson, who has been hunting moonshiners in Sullivan's Hollow, a place in Smith County noted for its desperate and lawless people, was waylaid, killed, and burned by the roadside.

Ignorant Negroes Fenced in by a White Man

PARIS, Tex., Dec. 12.—An alarming state of affairs is reported from along the Canadian River in the Chickasaw Nation. A man has fenced up a large area of country some six or seven miles long inclosing a number of negro homes without leave or license, and he has armed his employés. Two colored men, Ben Jackson and Ben Brown, were riding along the road and were fired into from the bush and both horses killed. The negroes are all under arms and great excitement prevails.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRES.

Prof. Hans Georges Conon von Gabelentz, the German Orientalist, died in Berlin yesterday.

Louis Hiltz, proprietor of a drug store in Brooklyn, N. Y., was killed by a motor at Norwalk, O.

Banker John S. Beach, indicted for wrecking, has been granted a change of venue at Terre Haute, Ind.

Joseph Lyle was mortally wounded at Selma, Ala., Sunday night by a shot fired by an unknown man.

The flood in the Palouse River, Washington, is receding. Much lumber, hay, and live stock were lost, but the reported loss of life is not confirmed. The property loss is $75,000.

A cage containing six men fell to the bottom of a mine owned by the Osage Coal and Mining company at McAlester, I. T., yesterday morning. One or both legs of every man was broken.

Owen McHugh, a contractor, was shot and fatally wounded yesterday in San Francisco, Cal., by James McBride, a teamster, to whom he had refused employment. McBride was arrested.

A man named Kennedy at Windsor, Ont., has confessed to the murder of William Hatton five years ago in that town. A man named McMahon was convicted at the time for the murder and is serving a life sentence for it.

LAST EDITION.

DOLE SURE TO FIGHT.

His Party Determined to Resist Willis' Dictation.

LIL AFTER ENGLISH AID.

Kept Well Posted by Grover but Has Little Faith in Him.

APPEAL MADE TO CONGRESS.

Cleveland, Gresham, and Blount Denounced at a Mass-Meeting.

HONOLULU CASTLE BARRICADED.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Dec. 12.—The steamer Oceanic arrived from Honolulu shortly after 10 o'clock this evening. The United Press correspondent at Honolulu writes as follows under date of Dec. 5:

The 24th inst the Warrimoo brought from Victoria our earliest knowledge of the Gresham letter and Minister Willis' probable instructions to restore the Queen by force. The Monowai, from San Francisco, the same day brought full details. No great surprise was felt. The royalists were greatly elated. The Americans were also much inspired by the vigorous denunciations of Cleveland's course by the American press, and by the delay of Minister Willis in stating or executing his instructions. One thing became clear, that the ex-Queen and her supporters had been since early in March supplied with accurate information from Washington of the President's policy and intention to restore her. T. A. Davis has also evidently been in the President's confidence from the beginning. All the confident boastings of the royalists, so long derided by the annexation party, prove to have been based upon reliable secret information from Washington. Mr. Blount's peculiar relations of intimacy with the royalists are also fully explained.

Immediately after the news per the Warrimoo was received President Dole and Attorney-General Smith waited on Minister Willis. They asked to know his instructions. He courteously declined to communicate them, but renewed to them a previous assurance that he should absolutely take no action until the return of the Alameda Dec. 21. He further assured them that they would be the first to know of any course of action decided upon by him. He evinced a genuine sympathy for the government, if not for their cause.

Plea for Good Government.

Minister Willis then listened appreciatively to a representation by the Attorney-General to the effect that their struggle for good and constitutional government had been protracted and arduous for fifteen years, culminating in the Queen's tragic trampling on the Constitution, and that they were profoundly in earnest to maintain constitutional government against an ignorant and vicious despotism.

The Oceanic's China mail on the 27th greatly increased the excitement by giving Mr. Blount's report as well as the sensation created at Washington by the Australia's news. It was at first believed that Minister Wills' delay in acting would result in the entire postponent of the intended restoration until Congress should be consulted. On the 29th, however, the Royalists became very active and exultant, and it began to leak out from them that the restoration would take place Saturday, Dec. 2. There is now no more derision of the Royalist rumors and great calm is prevalent.

It was surmised that Minister Willis had by the China received urgent orders to act. The government trusted his assurance of the 24th, but strengthened their defenses and increased their guards as a precaution against a possible outbreak of the royalists in their excitement. On the 30th united and vigorous demands were made on the government, by representative men of all classes, to adopt a determined policy of resisting the United States forces to the utmost. One committee was headed by the Marshal. The Ministers felt severely burdened by their responsibility to maintain their government as firmly as possible on one hand and save the people from the ruinous consequences of restoration of the Queen and on the other the duty to avoid useless slaughter either of United States forces or of their own citizens, of whom their leading ones would be foremost in the conflict.

Prepared to Fight.

The united demand of the citizens terminated all indecision, and the government became prepared to resist all attacks to the last extremity. The people are intensely aroused and mean fight all over. They feel death in battle to be more honorable and even more safe than to be remanded to the willful and reckless rule of an impious, semi-heathen Queen and her paramours, exasperated by former defeat.

A report also emanated from the royalists, and was widely believed, that after the Queen had been restored by the United States forces forces were to be landed from the British warship Champion and assume the task of protecting and maintaining the Queen upon the throne. This was said by the royalists to be by special arrangement made by President Cleveland with the British Government. The Attorney-General this noon expressed his doubt of any such arrangement. He believed the Champion was here merely for ordinary protective work in case of battle or disorder.

Many of the most intelligent people believe that the report is true. They are of the opinion that President Cleveland must have provided for continuous protection of the Queen. As he cannot so provide permanently, apart from the treaty stipulation by and with consent of the Senate, his most ready recourse would be to British aid. For this he has the precedent of a joint protectorate over Samoa.

Bitter Denunciation of Blount.

Mr. Blount's report elicited from the American party a storm of scornful denunciation. He was always supposed by them to be directing his inquiries to the expediency of annexation.

Showy badges were prepared by the royalists to distinguish their followers on the day of the conflict, expected on the 2d. Several hundred of these were sent to the men on the United States steamships Philadelphia and Adams, who were already largely supplied with annexation badges. Orders were at once issued to the men to wear no badges of either party.

The 2d the Australia arrived with the mails, Thurston's letter on Blount's report was received. He writes to his government that it has caused no tension in his relations to Secretary Gresham, which are friendly, although Mr. Thurston has made plain representations to him. The Australia's news encouraged the

Americans as indicating increasing and active sympathy with the provisional government, as well as the serious perplexity of the administration. The 1st a protest addressed to Minister Willis was signed by a large number of Americans.

In event of an attack upon the provisional government without the consent of Congress the citizens will occupy the executive building and premises and defend them to the utmost. They will probably muster 1,200 rifles. Many are sharpshooters. They have three Maxim guns and two Gatlings, besides the government batteries. Resistance will be made from behind intrenchments.

They have no doubt of being able to hold the situation againt any organized force now in this harbor. The ships cannot shell the premises without destroying the property of the British and Germans as well as the Americans. At a special session of the council the 30th ult. a strong demand was made by a majority of the members for the immediate dismissal of royalists from the government service. Minister Damon aroused a strong antagonism to himself by opposing the application of the rule to his own department. Damon has always befriended the natives and half-whites, but is felt now to be carrying that sentiment too far.

The Japanese cruiser Naniwa arrived here on the 2d to protect the Japanese interests.

Commander Whiting of the United States steamer Alliance is to marry Henrietta Afong this evening.

The government last week notified the foreign representatives that warships in port should hereafter land no armed men for shore drill without first obtaining the special consent of the government, as such landing causes alarm. Minister Willis expressed his cordial approbation of the government's action.

Frank M. Hatch, a member of the Hawaiian Advisory committee, who has been mentioned as likely to be appointed Minister of Foreign Affairs, in order to relieve President Dole, is a native of Portsmouth, N. H., and 42 years of age. Soon after graduation at Bowdoin College he went to Honolulu to continue his law studies in the office of his uncle, Chief Justice Harris. Since the death of his uncle he has been prominent as a legal adviser and an annexationist. His father, the late Albert R. Hatch, was one of the conspicuous lawyers and Democratic politicians of New Hampshire. His other uncle is Robert Harris, Vice-President of the Northern Pacific railroad company.

WILL BATTLE FOR THEIR RIGHTS.

Hawaii's Provisional Government Sternly Prepared to Fight for Existence.

VANCOUVER, B. C., Dec. 12.—The Australian steamer Arawa arrived at Victoria, 8 a. m. today, bringing news that Queen Lil has not been restored and that there has been no trouble in Honolulu. The steamer left Honolulu Monday, Dec. 4, and among the most important information it brings from Hawaii is the following, dated Honolulu, Dec. 4:

At the unanimous and urgent demand of the American citizens the provisional government has decided to resist to the utmost extremity any attempt to overthrow them by the United States force without authority from Congress. Leading citizens will generally be foremost in the defense. Indignation is at white heat. Concord and Bunker Hill are alive again. No surrender to a rotten Kanaka despotism or its Washington abettors. Twelve hundred volunteer riflemen are ready at call, with large Maxim and Gatling batteries. By Cleveland's arrangement with England the Champion's redcoats are to land and protect the Queen after the United States forces have seated her on the throne. A joint protectorate is planned like that at Samoa. The Royalists expected the restoration Dec. 2. There is general alarm and a strengthening of the defenses. Minister Willis is pledged to the government to take no action before the return of the Alameda, Dec. 21. His instructions are still concealed.

Other facts brought by the Arawa are as follows:

Since last reports there have been but two things of a significant nature. The annexationists held a mass-meeting Saturday, Nov. 25, and adopted resolutions in effect appealing to Congress over the position taken by President Cleveland, Secretary Gresham, and Mr. Blount. On the four days preceding the sailing of the Arawa the troops of the provincial government were busy fortifying and barricading the Government House or the castle as it was formerly called. The work was being done with sandbags principally. As the Arawa sailed from the harbor troops could be seen busily engaged in heaping up the breastworks.

Probably 1,000 people were at the mass-meeting in which the call stated was to be for "citizens favorable to annexation." F. M. Hatch, Vice-President of the provisional government and President of the Annexation club, presided and made the opening speech. He appealed to Congress against the Executive, and held that Secretary Gresham does not know international law. He said the provisional government had never submitted its right to exist to the United States, and was therefore not bound by the policy of Cleveland.

W. R. Castle, one of the annexation Commissioners to Washington, quoted recent American opinion that the revolution of 1776 was the work of a minority. Hawaii, he said, was surely tending towards the goal of union with its mother country across the water. "Can Secretary Gresham stop the onward progress of Hawaii?" he shouted. Mr. Castle graciously admitted that President Cleveland and Mr. Gresham were trying to execute justice and do what is right, but he said the enemies of annexation had stuffed their ears with lies. The speaker said that people of the United States were against the President's Hawaiian policy. He said the President of the United States is now here authorized to begin war.

Mr Castle attacked Blount in a sneering way, charging him with twice inviting the supporters of the Queen to revolt against the provisional government. He asserted the people of the country had established the provisional government. Mr. Castle concluded by moving the following resolutions, which were passed without dissent:

"*Resolved*, That we have read with surprise and regret the recommendation of the Secretary of State to the President of the United States to restore the monarchy lately existing in Hawaii.

"*Resolved*, That we condemn the assumption of the Secretary that the right of the provisional government to exist was terminated by his refusal to resubmit to the Senate the treaty of union pending between the two countries, and also his assumption that the provisional government at that very time submitted the question of its continued existence to the arbitrament of the President or any other powers.

"*Resolved*, That we will support to the best of our ability the provisional government to resist any attack upon it which may be made contrary to the usage of nations."

A. F. Judd, Chief Justice, said that for twenty years he had attended but one political meeting before that, and that was when he took a back seat at the demonstration against Moreneo held in Old Bethel in 1871. He was a Hawaiian by birth, but an American in blood, and was proud of his ancestry, dating back to 1634, when the first Judd from England had settled in America. He loved this country to which his father had devoted his life. Had the Queen taken the advice of the Justices of the Supreme Court, she would not be where she is now. He was loyal to the monarchy, and supported the autonomy of this country, until the afternoon of Jan. 14, when the events in the palace converted him and made him feel it was impossible that that state of things should last longer. The Constitution the Queen tried to promulgate would have destroyed the independence of the Supreme Court. The Chief Justice said Mr. Blount had interviewed him last in Honolulu, but never asked him if the revolution had been accomplished by the aid of Minister Stevens and the troops of the Boston. He believed the mass-meeting on the 16th settled the question, and the government that had lasted a year had a right to exist. They should all hang together or hang separately.

W. G. Smith, editor of the *Star*, spoke. He appealed to the revolutionary spirit of '76 and praised the German, British, and Portuguese filibusters. Spoke of the "infamies" of Gresham, and advocated "compelling" Cleveland to do the will of the people. This last was to be done by resisting the progress of the American troops without firing on them.

P. C. Jones said Cleveland should have rounded out his policy by ordering that all four members of the ex-Council of the provisional government should be shot on the day of the restoration. Everybody should stick to the provisional government. He referred to the story that Cleveland won his first election to the Presidency by three "R's"—"Rum," "Romanism," and "Rebellion"; and he hoped he would be impeached now for three "R's"—"Restoration or Rotten Royalty."

Considering the strong feeling against the ex-Queen that is daily gaining ground among Hawaiians, as well as foreigners, it would be suicidal for her to accept the proffered restoration even with the guaranty of armed protection from any source whatever.

President Dole stated Nov. 29 that the government had received two bonafide offers of armed assistance from the coast. One was for service in defense of the provincial government of 1,000 men and the other for 4,000. "While we do not need this aid," said the President, "the fact that it has been tendered us shows what is the feeling in the United States."

A petition signed by leading Americans of Honolulu was presented to Minister Willis Saturday, Dec. 2. After setting forth that the petitioners are citizens of the United States, and have done nothing whereby to forfeit or waive full legal and constitutional rights as such citizens, and made their residences and homes and have acquired property in these islands, and reciting the events which led up to the revolution of January last, it concludes with the statement that "a treaty of annexation was negotiated with the provisional government by and in behalf of the United States, and that no public notice has been given of any intention on the part of the United States Government to break off diplomatic relations with the provisional government, or do any acts of war or hostility to the said government; that no such acts of war or hostility can be done without endangering the lives and property of the signers. And the undersigned hereby solemnly and respectfully protest to your Excellency and to Grover Cleveland, President of the United States; to Walter Q. Gresham, Secretary of State; to Hilary A. Herbert, Secretary of the Navy; and to Rear-Admiral John Irwin, commanding the United States naval forces now in Hawaiian waters, and to all concerned, that any such war or hostility, if attempted or announced in the time of profound peace now existing between the United States and the Hawaiian Islands, or without any full and formal timely announcement thereof, will and would cause all concerned in authority in the same to be held responsible for all the consequences that may ensue therefrom, not only before Almighty God and in the forum of conscience, but by all sanctioned rules and observances of all civilized nations in their dealings with each other, and will, and would be in violation of the rights of the undersigned, secured and belonging to them as citizens of the United States of America."

F. W. Wunderberg, Clerk of the Circuit Court at Honolulu, whose scalp the annexationists have been after on account of statements he made to Blount, was suspended Nov. 30. Chief Justice Judd ordered a citation issued summoning Wunderberg to show cause Monday, Dec. 11, why he should not be removed from office.

A general meeting of the Executive and of the Advisory Council was held Thursday, Nov. 30. President Dole opened with prayer. Those present were Ministers Dole, King, Damon, and Smith, and Councilors Waterhouse, Allen, Emmeluth, Bolte, Morgan, Brown, Suhr, Nott, Wilder, Mendonca, and Ena. Minister of Finance Damon made the following statement in regard to the political situation: "I will lift the veil a little and look on the other side of Mr. Blount's mission and the influence that he has power to use in the future. There is a good deal of humbug in this world, and Mr. Blount satisfied it to the full extent by working up the idea that Mr. Stevens was an hour too soon in recognizing the provisional government. Columns of newspaper articles have been written on it with the present result that the American public are satisfied that he was not an hour too late. That is what the public want to know. Now for the other side. To my certain knowledge he collected solid information on the subject of our jurisprudence, our system of land titles and tenure ever so far back. Following up the subject he brought to light the fact of the actual amount of land awarded to the people as compared with the amount awarded to the chiefs. Not a detail was omitted. Then he took up the subject of races and their ability to appreciate the franchise. Following this he studied the health problem, visiting the hospital personally. Education, too, he has not omitted, the Christianizing influences of all creeds receiving careful consideration. Then coming to more material interests, at his request careful and exhaustive statistics were procured as to the ownership of property, individually and collectively, who paid taxes, and by nationalities, the probable effect of Chinese and Japanese immigration, our labor laws, and other important subjects too numerous to mention today. Will any sensible man say that they will have no bearing on our future relations with the United States? I have not lost faith in the man, and it is not wise to look on our side only of a man or movement of so much importance to America or Hawaii.

You mention that if Mr. Gresham's letter and instructions are followed out we shall be in trouble or perplexity. Did it ever occur to you that Mr. Willis may have had instructions to deliver or withhold his letters of credence to Mr. Dole as he might find the circumstances warranted? Events have shown that he did delay in delivery. When he did deliver the act was final, as seen by his subsequent remarks: "My relations with the provisional government are unchanged." American diplomats abroad have never yet carried the title of perfidious so far as my reading of American diplomatic matter goes. It has proved that it verges on the line of cultivated honesty. Mr. Willis proved this when the ex-Queen applied to him for protection by referring her to the provisional government, and, like a gentleman, offering his services as a private citizen to secure her the required aid, and the ex-Queen is now under the protection of this government. The provisional government has come to stay, and in the meantime is a very interested observer of President Cleveland's opinion and the action of Congress. I look upon this whole movement, which was inaugurated only last January but which dates many years back, as one of closest relations to the United States. It is a national matter; it is not a matter confined to a particular party or to a particular faction. I feel that when the American public have taken the interest that they have in us no act injurious will be allowed to commence against us. We are safe in the hands of the American Republic today. American is written from Bird Island to the extreme limit of Hawaii. You cannot touch a spot of Hawaii but what it is American. It is American in sentiment; it is American in progress; it is American in everything. You cannot drive it away. There is no man living that can down American sentiment in this country, and while I am a Hawaiian, I feel today that I shall some day have the right to be called an American.

The Attorney-General stated that the Executive Council was determined to resist any attacks upon the government from whatever source.

MEN PREPARED FOR A CALL TO ARMS.

Secret Companies Organized to Aid the Provisional Government.

VANCOUVER, B. C., Dec. 12.—Dr. Victor J. Caprin, a coffee planter, formerly of Port Townsend, arrived on the Arawa. Speaking about the fortifications of the castle he said it was simply to make any attempt at restoration an act of war. The castle was barricaded the latter part of the week preceding the sailing of the Arawa, but access to the building was not denied anyone. Caprin is of the opinion that the annexation feeling is stronger if anything. Minister Willis has said nothing since the *Star* interview. It is generally understood that a number of companies of men stand ready to respond to a call to arms at any time. Their organization is not known publicly and neither is their strength, but it constitutes probably all of the ultra annexationists. The provisional government continues to administer affairs to the general satisfaction of all.

The following from the Honolulu *Advertiser* of Nov. 24 throws some light on Caprin's statement touching military companies:

The American League is now an established fact, with a charter from the government. It has caused a great deal of talk lately as to its methods and objects. One of the prominent members of the league said yesterday: "We are not at all anxious to keep any of the proceedings of the league away from our friends. We think that the time has come now when its objects and the names of its officers should be made public. The American League is modeled on the same plans as the Union League of America, which has such an enormous membership. Its objects, briefly stated, are to bear true allegiance to the United States, and so far as possible to advance the interests of our native country, and to advocate the just cause of the members and others owing allegiance to the United States of America. Eligibility to membership is based on citizenship of the United States. The officers of the league are: President, L. B. Murray; First Vice-President, W. P. O'Brien; Second Vice-President, A. W. Clark; and Secretary-Treasurer, E. P. Severn."

HAWAIIAN PLUCK WINS FRIENDS.

Warlike Attitude of Annexationists Is Certain to Impress Congress.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 12.—[Special.]—Hawaiian pluck is the best omen for annexation. When the news brought by the Arawa was circulated among the Congressmen this afternoon everybody's comment was that the annexationists were of the right sort of stuff to be made a part of the American Republic. Their talk to maintain their rights by force of arms will do more to win them support in Congress than anything else.

Defeat in its purpose of restoring the Queen is now admitted by the blindest partisans of the administration. It is admitted with every show of ill-humor by the President and the Secretary of State. Happily the news seems to indicate that the provisional government is strong enough to repress all outbreaks without even giving Minister Willis an excuse for landing the marines. The supporters of the provisional government are fully alive to their own rights and that Minister Willis' intrigues would be fruitless in dispossessing them from power. The stand taken at the meeting of the annexationists by Messrs. Hatch and Castle is identical with the position which Minister Thurston took in his interview with Secretary Gresham. He had had no means of communicating with his government, but the Minister told the Secretary of State precisely what the supporters of the provisional government in Honolulu have said. The mere refusal of the President to resubmit the annexation treaty could not be accepted as destroying the right of the provisional government to further existence or as establishing any ground for the restoration of the Queen. Their determination to resist an attack upon their government, contrary to the laws of nations, shows the annexationists fully understood their rights to resist forcible intervention if Minister Willis should be foolish enough to attempt it.

It was said this afternoon at the State Department that all the Hawaiian correspondence was ready to go to the Senate tomorrow. The intimation was that the Blount report and kindred documents would go in, but, as the President wanted delay until Minister Willis was heard from, the special message and the instructions might be withheld until the Oceanic arrives. If this course is taken by the President it will alienate the few friends he has left in the Senate. Such action would be resented as a deliberate affront by the Executive to the legislative branch of the government. The Blount report was made public weeks ago. The only thing new which the State Department has to transmit on that subject is Minister Thurston's formal reply to the report which he officially addressed to Secretary Gresham, and which is therefore a part of the official records on the subject. What the Senate really wants is the instructions to Minister Willis, and his reports on the obstacles in the way of carrying out these instructions. Until these facts are known Congress and the country will be in the dark as to how far the administration committed them to the cause of the Queen.

GERMANS FOR SWIFT.

ENTHUSIASM SHOWN AT A MEETING IN JUNG'S HALL.

A Strong Address Indorsing the Mayor to Be Sent Broadcast Among the Teutonic Population—One Thousand Signatures to It Already—German Newspapers Criticised for Opposing the Republican Candidate—Work Progressing to Get Out the Full Party Vote for Swift.

That the Germans of Chicago favor the election of George B. Swift as Mayor there seems to be little doubt. The meeting in Jung's Hall on Randolph street yesterday afternoon on twenty-four hours' notice appears to be sufficient proof. The hall was filled with leading and influential Germans. They were all enthusiastic for the Republican candidate. They cheered every mention of his name, and they applauded most those speakers who denounced most vehemently the German daily newspapers that are supporting Hopkins and opposing Mr. Swift. Nor were they content with denunciations. They made arrangements for active and zealous work in behalf of the candidate of their choice.

William Boldenweck presided and Isadore Plotke acted as Secretary. Among those present were:

Peter Hand, C. Herman Plautz, Eugene Seeger, William Vocke, N. Plotke, Henry Englehardt, Theodore Gestefeld, Michael Keck, Herman Felsenthal, Frederick Ebersold, Henry T. Carr, William Meyer, Louis Hebel, George Heintzman, F. A. Busse, Godfrey Langhenry, W. F. Wenners, H. W. Schaefer, Fritz Becker, A. Schultz, Philip Augustine, Philip Maas, A. Fraack, Chris Greve, C. Ehlert, Lorenz Mattern, Sigmund Sinsheimer, Ernest Johann Magerstadt, Dr. Ebert, A. H. Goble, Adolph Pike, Fred Kimmeron, Adam Wulff, Herman Moldene, Theodore Schultz, Louis Birch, George Latas, August Reiche, Joseph Langendorff, Leopold Kreiser, Fritz Becker, William Eisfeldt, Joseph Powell, Joseph Minz, Jacob Schieswohl, Ernest Schultz, William Bohnesak, Carl Hermann, Emil Heckman, Anton Hottinger, Charles F. Hartwich, Fred Frictow, Henry Wulff, August Aick, Henry U. Maasman, William Scheck, Fred Hue, and Charles F. Hahn.

Vigorous Speeches Made.

William Mayer of the Twentieth Ward made a spirited address in German in support of Mr. Swift and said the Germans in his section of the city are almost a unit for him.

William Vocke discussed the local issues of the campaign, and said on the ground of experience and ability Mr. Swift should be preferred to Mr. Hopkins, if for no other reason. Theodore Gestefeld, Eugene Seeger, and Henry Zimpel, who followed, pointed out the inconsistency of the *Staats Zeitung* and the *Freie Presse*, both having lauded George B. Swift before his nomination and both now opposing his election. They represent Mr. Swift is an illiberal man, whereas Mr. Swift is a man of broad enlightenment and liberal views. Mr. Seeger read with excellent effect certain extracts from the *Staats Zeitung* of March, 1891, sharply criticizing Mr. Hopkins, and asked whether the change of views was not brought about by Mr. Hesing's appointment as Postmaster. Mr. Seeger was generously applauded.

On motion of Mr. Gestefeld a committee of fifteen was appointed to perfect an organization in every ward in the city among the Germans for effective campaign work. The committee consists of:

William Vocke, Fred Ebersold, Herman Felsenthal, Ernest J. Magerstadt, C. Herman Plautz, Jacob Schweiswohl, Adolph Georg, Theodore Gestefeld, Henry U. Maasman, Godfrey Langhenry, William Bohnesak, Philip Maas, Henry Wulff, Isadore Plotke, Peter Hand, and Eugene Seeger.

Address to German Voters.

A German address, of which the following is a translation, was ordered printed and distributed through the mails to the German voters of the city:

To our fellow-citizens: On the eve of this municipal election we deem it our duty to submit to our fellow-citizens the reasons why we favor the candidacy of George B. Swift. Mr. Swift is an old citizen of Chicago, who enjoys the reputation of being a careful, conscientious, and successful business-man. His administration of the important office of Commissioner of Public Works was characterized by a wise economy and high executive ability. Under his personal supervision many public improvements, such as viaducts, bridges, water tunnels, streets, and river improvements, engine houses, etc., were planned and executed. All these improvements were conducted with an eye single to sound business principles and with the utmost economy and efficiency. In the fulfillment of his public duties Mr. Swift was always a steadfast opponent of all monopolies in their attempts to encroach upon the rights of the public. In his earnest and indefatigable efforts in this direction Mr. Swift has earned the gratitude of his fellow-citizens, and has saved to the taxpayers large sums of money which, under a less scrupulous and careful management, would have been lost to them. As a member of the City Council he always has been the faithful guardian of the best interests of the city. His private character is without blame or blemish, thoroughly pure, and without reproach. He is in favor of a strict and conscientious enforcement of the laws, but nevertheless a man of liberal views, who, as a true Chicagoan, thoroughly appreciates the cosmopolitan character of the population. The Mayor pro tem., to which position the City Council, in recognition of his fitness, has elected him, is thoroughly familiar with all the branches of the city government, and at the present moment preeminently qualified to fill the place rendered vacant by the death of Mayor Harrison. His friends know him to be a gentleman of high education and generous disposition. He represents this city with true dignity and manages the public affairs with the hand and mind of a master. His opponent is a young man, who lives in one of the remoter suburbs, which was annexed to our city but four years ago, and who has lived in our midst not over thirteen years. He has never filled a public position which might have afforded him an opportunity to demonstrate sufficient executive ability for the discharge of the important duties of Mayor of a metropolis like ours. Hence there is no reason why we should again resort to a change in the administration, and should replace an experienced and reliable officer with a novice whose ability has never been tested in any branch of our city government, and of whose reputation as a business-man the citizens of Chicago know as little as they do concerning his private character. We trust to the sound common-sense of our fellow-citizens that at the coming election they will neither allow themselves to be biased by former party affiliations nor by political agitators who appeal to national and religious prejudices in their attempt to lead voters astray. We therefore trust that Dec. 19 you will cast your vote for our fellow-citizen, the present Mayor of Chicago, George B. Swift.

Already Largely Signed.

This address has been already signed by nearly 1,000 leading German citizens, among others by:

Francis Lackner, John Buehler, Theodore Brentano, George Heinzmann, Henry Fechter, Thies J. Lefens, William H. Tatge, Harry L. Koehne, Simon S. Blum, Henry F. Schuette, George Schneider, Peter Hand, William Vocke, William Boldenweck, Schüttler & Hotz, Paul Juergens, C. A. Jacobs, C. Strassheim, M. F. Juergens, Henry Thorvart, George Roehling, C. Herman Plautz, Joseph Meyer, Adolph Meyer, Henry Meyer, C. G. Halle, William Matthai, George Meyer, Eugene Seeger, Otto Hartwig, Dr. Dal, Adolph Kuhn, Jacob Tiedemann, William Griebenow, John C. Stoffregen, Ernest Fecker, John G. Neumeister, Jacob Gross, Louis Holt, Louis C. Huck, Otto Butz, Max Eberhardt, Peter Schuettler, George Rallfs, Matt Benner, Edward Feidler, Franz Amberg, Dr. Best, Louis Wulff, Dr. Emil Hirsch.

The meeting yesterday is but an indication of the strong feelings in the wards in favor of Mr. Swift. The Democrats acknowledge they will lose a large percentage of the German vote and they are making a hard fight to retain as large a proportion as possible. This is especially true in the Fifth, Sixth, Ninth, Tenth, Fourteenth, and Thirtieth Wards. Every available German Democratic worker has been turned into these wards to prevent a German landslide from the Democracy. The German Republican workers are not idle in the meantime.

TO GET OUT THE FULL PARTY VOTE.

The Republicans Are Now Straining Every Nerve—Plans for Meetings.

Every effort of the Republicans is now being directed to get out the party vote next Tuesday for George B. Swift. The ward clubs, the precinct committees, and the canvassers are bending all their energies to this end. A fresh canvass of the wards was commenced yesterday and campaign literature is being distributed plentifully. The defects in the party organization are being repaired. The Twelfth Ward was taken in hand yesterday. Ald. Campbell was called in and consulted and went away from the headquarters prepared to carry out the instructions of the Campaign committee. Ald. Madden sat with that committee all day yesterday working earnestly for the success of the party. Committeemen Lorimer and Van Cleave prepared a card of notification, which will be sent out the night before the election by the precinct committeemen to every voter. It is somewhat in the following form:

The voting for Mayor takes place today, Dec. 19, between the hours of 6 a. m. and 4 p. m. Won't you interest yourself sufficiently in the cause of good government to vote for George B. Swift for Mayor? The polls close at 4 p. m. It will not take five minutes for you to cast your ballot.

These cards will be sent after 12 o'clock to the voters who do not appear in the morning of election day at their polling places. It is hoped in this way to get out the voters.

A movement is on foot also to get the business houses to close the morning of election before 10 o'clock, so as to give the working-men, clerks, assistants, and so forth an opportunity to vote. It is believed this will meet a generous and general response.

The preparations for the business-men's meeting Friday evening progresses well. Lyman J. Gage will preside and it is understood Robert T. Lincoln will be one of the speakers.

The Republican noonday meetings will begin today in the rooms at the northeast corner of Clark and Monroe streets. Mayor Swift will be one of the speakers. Gen. Charles W. Drew also will address the meeting. The speeches will be brief and a general reception will follow. The meetings will be kept up during the week. The arrangements are in the hands of Fred Tucker.

DEFECTIONS ALARMING DEMOCRATS.

Every Effort Being Made to Stop the Apparent Current Toward Swift.

Mr. Hopkins held the usual reception at the Palmer House yesterday. He had a large crowd of visitors. The Democrats are beginning to realize they will have to work hard if they are to beat Mr. Swift. They doubt their ability to do so at all. The reports from the West Side wards are not satisfactory. There are many breaks in the Democratic ranks in that important division of the city. The West-Siders want a West Side man for Mayor. They favor George B. Swift, therefore. While the leaders are trying to keep the German Democrats in line, there are big breaks among the Poles and Bohemians. The men employed in the lumber yards along Twenty-second street are for Swift almost to a man. The street-car men in the West Division also incline towards Swift. The unemployed working-men, who have lost their jobs in manufacturing establishments shut down by the threat of Democratic tariff legislation, are for Swift. They cannot be moved by the Hopkins men. Curiously enough, too, many of the saloon men are against Hopkins. They are hardly making enough money to pay their license fee. They attribute the depression in their trade to the Democratic policy. They are for Swift.

Mr. McInerney's wild predictions about 11,000 majority for Hopkins are laughed at. The Democrats must work as they never worked before if they get any Democratic majority at all. In the southwestern and in the northwestern wards the defection from the Democratic ranks is so marked the bosses are really alarmed. They count on the thoroughness of their organization to make up for all this before election day. They are working hard an unceasingly.

The workers were somewhat relieved yesterday by the fact that Hopkins had large and enthusiastic meetings the evening before, and they were preparing to make their meeting at the Auditorium Hall this evening a great success. Mr. Franklin MacVeagh will preside. A long list of Vice-Presidents has been announced, including:

Ex-Judge Tree, Potter Palmer, L. Z. Leiter, Ferdinand Siegel, Robert Law, Wallace F. Kirk, August Heuer, Emanuel Mandel, J. J. P. Odell, Edward Rose, Frank Stauber, John R. Walsh, Fritz Glogauer, Z. P. Brosseau, T. C. Denier, and E. S. Dreyer.

The speakers are to be: John P. Hopkins, Francis B. Peabody, William T. Baker, Frank Wenter, Martin Emerich, Harry Rubens, William J. Hynes.

NAMES RESTORED TO THE REGISTRIES.

Election Commissioners Disposed to Be Liberal with Persons Appealing.

Election Commissioners Schweisthal and Hutchings sat all day yesterday listening to persons who had been struck off the registries, and appealed from the decision of the election judges. Up to 6 o'clock sixty-five names had been restored. The Commissioners were rather liberal in their interpretation of the law. They restored nearly every one who applied. The Republican committee was represented during the entire proceeding by lawyers. In one case a young German, Otto C. Kautz, No. 19 North Union street, applied to have his name entered on the books. He said he applied at the registry booth of the Seventeenth Precinct of the Eighteenth Ward. He gave his name and answered all questions satisfactorily. He produced his citizen papers. He thought his name was entered on the books. It was not. He asked that he be set right. Kautz appeared to be an honest and intelligent man. His name was not put on the books. But he was asked to appear today to confront the judges, who have been summoned to explain why his name was left off. The Election Commissioners decided yesterday they must take notice of the irregularity in the Sixth Precinct of the Eighteenth Ward, as set forth in THE TRIBUNE. Special notices were sent out inviting the 199 suspects on the Republican clerks' list to appear before the Election Board and give reasons why their names should not be stricken off. Some of the notices were served yesterday morning. There were no responses to them during the day. It is believed there will not be many responses and that most of the names will be erased.

SHIPPY DENIES POLITICAL ACTIVITY.

He Tells Chief Brennan the Stories About Him Are Not True.

Chief Brennan yesterday called to his office Lieut. Shippy and asked him if it were true, as reported, that he had been circulating about the First Ward making threats to saloonkeepers that unless they voted as he wished they would find crape on their doors after the election. Lieut. Shippy denied he had done anything of the kind. The Chief dismissed him, with instructions to report to him in writing. The Chief would not discuss the report that he would resign unless Shippy were discharged. "I have only this to say," he said, "Lieut. Shippy must keep out of politics, as every other police officer must." The Mayor had an interview with Supt. Brennan yesterday about Shippy. The Mayor told Mr. Brennan if Shippy violated the rules of the department he must be treated as other offenders. No charges have yet been preferred against Shippy. Until such charges are preferred Mr. Brennan can do nothing. If charges are preferred against the Lieutenant it is likely charges will be also preferred against several officers, including some inspectors who are said to have been perniciously active in behalf of Mr. Hopkins.

SOCIETY OF THE SONS OF NEW YORK.

It's Annual Social Held at the Sherman—Mr. Guthrie's Address.

The annual social of the Society of the Sons of New York was held at the Sherman House last evening. Two hundred members of the society with their families thronged the parlor floor in the early part of the evening. The members were received by a committee of which ex-Mayor Cregier was President. At 9 o'clock all gathered in the large dining-room, where Prof. Ossian Guthrie delivered an address on the geological history of Chicago. He explained that before the glacial epoch the upheaval of land now known as Stony Island stood 700 feet high five miles south of the tract now known as Jackson Park. One of the two glacial streams that were forced over the site of Chicago cut this great upheaval down to twenty-eight feet. A great glacial river was forced across the Chicago divide. After the partial retreat of this river the Chicago River was formed by the recurring floods from the Desplaines and Skokie floods. Mr. Guthrie then traced the history through fossil evidences of the glacial work and of the long periods succeeding that epoch.

After the lecture the society enjoyed two hours of progressive euchre. After this refreshments were served.

BOSTON RE-ELECTS MAYOR MATTHEWS.

License Is Carried by 10,000 Majority—Other Town Elections.

BOSTON, Mass., Dec. 12.—Nathan Matthews Jr. (Dem.) was reëlected Mayor of Boston today, by a plurality of 5,138. The total vote was: Matthews, 36,560; Hart, 31,422. The Democrats claim seven of the twelve Aldermen. License carried by 10,000 majority. License also won in Medford. Republicans carried Salem and Lyon, while license lost. W. A. Bancroft was reëlected Mayor of Cambridge and no license prevailed.

Splendid Designs in Pianos.

Pianos in splendid designs for Christmas at W. W. Kimball Co.'s, Wabash, near Jackson.

You will find they are just what you want. Carter's Little Liver Pills.

SWIFT GAINS VOTES.

ENTHUSIASTIC MEETINGS HELD TO FURTHER HIS CANDIDACY.

The Mayor Unable to Address Electors Owing to a Cold and a Painful Accident—Earnest Speeches Made in His Favor at Rosalie Hall and in Englewood—Hopkins Addresses Four Audiences—He Says in Scandia Hall He Favors Sunday Picnics and Concerts.

Mayor Swift met with an accident in his office at the City Hall just before going home yesterday afternoon, which forced him to remain at home last night and thus disappoint five Republican meetings where he was billed to speak. The Mayor was standing near the door of his room talking to some people who had called on business and turning around suddenly struck his forehead heavily against the sharp edge of the door. Every one in and about the office rushed to his assistance, but the Mayor quickly recovered and was on his feet in an instant. He left his office a few minutes before 5 o'clock for his home on the West Side, and an hour later, in answer to a telephone message, said that, in addition to the pain of his injury, he was suffering with a severe cold, and regretted being compelled to disappoint the voters who expected to hear him speak.

Republicans from the Thirty-second, Thirty-third, and Thirty-fourth Wards gathered last night in considerable numbers at the Rosalie Hall, Fifty-seventh street and Rosalie court, to indorse the candidature of George B. Swift for Mayor. John M. Hamilton presided. In his opening remarks he dealt with the necessity existing for a business-like and thoroughly reliable municipal government and Mayor Swift's fitness for the responsibilities of office. Thomas F. Mitchell made a spirited speech in advocacy of the Republican program. He derided the Democratic theory that the distress of the present time was due to the unsettled state of the silver question. When we find mill after mill shutting down and workmen by the thousand thrown idle the question we must ask is, would these mills be idle or would they not if the outlook justified manufacturing enterprise as well now as before the election of Grover Cleveland?

Ald. Kerr for a Vigorous Campaign.

Ald. W. R. Kerr spoke of the necessity of carrying on a vigorous campaign. What was at stake in this election was the good government of the city. The country at large was getting tired of Democratic rule and Chicago especially could stand a change very well.

Dorsey Patton argued that the Republican program was that best calculated to restore prosperity to the country. Before the country could right itself in the regular way the harm would be done unless the drift of public opinion could be so plainly shown to be adverse to interference with the protective system that free-traders would be made to pause before they committed themselves too far. A few days ago a manufacturer stated that his 250 operatives had voted almost to a man for Cleveland last year, but now they were just as unanimous for the Republican ticket. What these operatives have found out hundreds of thousands of other citizens will also find out eventually, but they cannot find it out too soon.

The voters of Englewood to the number of 1,500 were disappointed in not seeing the Mayor, but they staid to listen to the speeches on municipal affairs by the other speakers. The meeting was held at Arcade Hall, Sixty-fifth street and Wentworth avenue. By some misunderstanding the hall had not been properly heated, and even with the collars of their ulsters turned up about their ears the audience was far from comfortable.

Unsatisfactory Conditions.

John A. Henry presided, and, after a short address, introduced Ald. O'Brien, who spoke upon the unsatisfactory condition of the city's affairs and the reforms already begun by Acting Mayor Swift. Ald. Noble was next introduced and spoke of the work begun to relieve the distressed workingmen, and illustrated how the money stolen from the city treasury in the last year would have kept these men from want for the winter.

A. P. Skinner was the next speaker, and while he was talking Ald. Kerr arrived with a verification of the report that Mayor Swift would not speak. When this was learned the audience dispersed.

HOPKINS SPEAKS AT FOUR PLACES.

His Local Political Doctrines Expounded in a Quartet of Halls.

Mayoralty Candidate John P. Hopkins spoke to four Democratic audiences last night. Speaking first at Horan's Hall, Halstead and Harrison streets, the Nineteenth Ward, Mr. Hopkins went to Scandia Hall, Milwaukee avenue and Ohio street, the Seventeenth Ward, and then to O'Calihan's Hall, Lincoln and Indiana streets, the Thirteenth Ward; finally ending what the candidate termed a fair evening's work at the wigwam, Van Buren street and Oakley avenue, the Twelfth Ward. The Cook County Democratic Marching club was out in force at the wigwam.

At Horan's Hall there were 400 voters when Chairman Gleason called the meeting to order and introduced John P. Hopkins. Mr. Hopkins spoke about the platform of the Democratic party and promised to stand by all its principles. The speaker said he was in favor of taking the police force from politics. He was in favor of rapid transit and the elevation of the tracks. He would assist the unemployed if he were elected, and see that they could live until spring.

At Scandia Hall, Milwaukee avenue and Ohio street, there were 1,000 men congregated to listen to Mr. Hopkins. Speaking to the foreign element, he said:

If I am elected Mayor of Chicago the Sunday picnics and concerts will not be interfered with. I believe in the greatest liberty as long as the rights of others are not interfered with. I have yet failed to find where the Police Department helped a political party, and I am in favor of taking the force out of politics.

Mr. Hopkins said that Mr. Swift had taken the Democratic platform. He was welcome to everything else that was Democratic with the exception of the Mayoralty—that Mr. Hopkins wanted himself.

O'Calihan's Hall, Indiana and Lincoln streets, was the next stop for the candidate. There were 1,000 Democrats present. Mr. Hopkins disposed of national political issues by saying that the big Democrats were able to take care of the wrongs caused by the mistakes of the Republican party. Then he delivered his platform-indorsing speech and accused "Deacon" Swift of stealing the Democratic thunder, or rather the platform. Speaking about a non-partisan police force, Mr. Hopkins said Mr. Swift had promised this and then appointed Shippy, whom he knew as a good officer, but better where lining his own pocket was concerned. Mr. Hopkins was in favor of publishing the payrolls, not in the papers, but by placing them where any citizen who chose could look at and examine them.

At the wigwam Judge Scales was Chairman. The Cook County Democratic Marching club had carried torches and marched from the down-town headquarters to the building. In addition to his regular speech Mr. Hopkins said: "If you don't elect me now you will have to do so in the future, and you may as well get rid of me at once."

REPUBLICAN MEETINGS TONIGHT.

Location of Halls and Names of Speakers Who Will Support Mayor Swift.

Republican meetings will be held this evening as follows:

Rebman's Hall, Lake and Forty-second streets. Speaker, Ex-Gov. Hamilton.

Seamen's Hall, No. 47 West Lake street.

South Side Turner Hall, No. 3145 State street. Speakers, William E. Mason, John F. Finerty, Charles G. Neely, Judge Collins.

Sychowski's Hall, 76 Ward street. G. C. Tatge, Albert Wahl.

Yondorf's Hall—George B. Swift, W. H. Tatge, and William Boldenweck.

Kahnt's Hall, Avondale—William Meyer, E. S. Taylor.

Phœnix Hall, Division and Sedgwick streets—Mayor Swift, Dorsey Patton, Theodore Gestefeld.

Walsh's Hall, Milwaukee avenue—Mayor Swift, John F. Finerty, and Dorsey Patton.

Swedish Music Hall, Fifth Ward—John F. Finerty, W. E. Mason, W. E. Boldenweck.

Monitor Hall—E. S. Metcalf, Stephen A. Douglas, Col. Dan Munn.

Hall 147 West Eighteenth street—J. W. Rea, Sam Parker.

Garnett's Hall, 832 Halsted street—Same speakers.

Scandia Hall, Milwaukee avenue—William Vocke, David Ward Wood.

Douglas Hall, Thirth-fifth and Indiana avenue—William E. Mason, Ald. M. B. Madden, Charles G. Neely.

Fortschritt's Hall, No. 1826 Milwaukee avenue—Joel M. Longenecker.

School at No. 685 South Ashland avenue—Albert Wahl.

Decker's Hall, Thirty-fifth street and Ashland avenue—A. F. Harley.

Garibaldi's Hall, No. 137 Ewing street—Charles R. Tempel, E. Ferro.

Bacon's Hall, No. 155 East Eighteenth street—Ald. Best, Ald. Horan, E. H. Morris.

Skeele's Hall, No. 5123 State street—Ald. Kerr, Ald. Mann, Stephen A. Douglas, Joel M. Longenecker, Judge Collins.

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at prices not equaled elsewhere by at least 40 per cent. Real $15 Suits for $7.75. Real $20 Suits for $11.50. Real $25 Suits for $14.00. Real $30 and $35 Suits for $18.50.

A WONDERFUL—NOT TO BE MISSED CHANCE—FOR A SUIT!

UNTIL XMAS—OPEN EVERY NIGHT UNTIL 9 O'CLOCK.

POLISH BUSINESS-MEN ORGANIZE.

Republican League Formed and the Policy of Democracy Denounced.

Representative Polish business-men of the different wards of the city met at the Briggs House last night and organized the Polish Republican League of Cook County. The leaders of the organization are J. F. Smulski J. E. Dudek, S. W. Haremski, Leon M. Wild, and Stanley Rokozs. Mr. Smulski was chosen temporary President. Mr. Rokozs told his countrymen it was time for the Poles to leave the Democratic party and go to the Republicans. He said the Democratic policy had reduced wages. The Russian treaty as signed by President Cleveland was denounced and his course in connection with Hawaii was also condemned. Hopkins, as the protégé of Cleveland, should be voted against. A resolution indorsing George B. Swift was unanimously adopted. A committee on permanent organization was appointed and the meeting adjourned.

Railway Men for Swift.

The West Side Political Railroad club held a large meeting at its club-rooms, No. 946 West Twelfth street, Monday evening. The merits of the respective candidates for Mayor were discussed after hearing the report of the Executive committee and the club unanimously adopted the following:

Resolved, That this club do heartily indorse the Hon. George B. Swift for Mayor and that every member of this club use all honorable means in his power to help elect him.

Voted in Favor of Swift.

A meeting of the German Independent club, No. 3, met at Kaiser's Hall, Archer avenue and Lock street, last night and 300 people were present. There was considerable warm discussion as to which of the two candidates for Mayor should be indorsed. A number of speeches were made on both sides of the house, and a vote of 240 to 60 in favor of George B. Swift concluded the meeting.

Scandinavian Republicans.

The Scandinavian Naturalization Republican club held a meeting at lower Scandia Hall, Milwaukee avenue and Ohio street, last night. Addresses were delivered by A. T. Harley, Odin Severson, "Happy Cal" Wagner, L. S. Fordain. The enthusiasm of the people drew the majority of the crowd from a Democratic meeting held in the same hall up-stairs.

Political Notes.

The George B. Swift Twelfth Ward Republican club has opened headquarters at No. 954 West Madison street. Meetings are held every evening at 8.

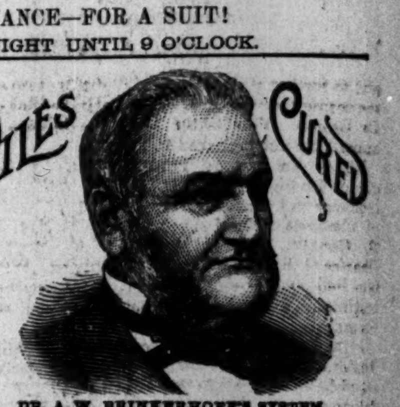
An enthusiastic mass-meeting was held last night in Rauwolf's Hall, Thirty-first and Lyman streets. Four hundred people were present and listened to speeches in favor of George B. Swift for Mayor of Chicago.

The Swedish-American Central Republican club of Cook County, composed of fourteen enthusiastic Republicpn clubs, all located within the limits of Chicago, met last night and passed resolutions indorsing George B. Swift for Mayor.

The Twenty-third Ward Republican club met at Hart's Hall Monday night. The hall was too small to accommodate the crowd. The meeting was addressed by Simon Foran and M. E. Dixon. A great number of laboring men was present. They were enthusiastic for Swift.

Contract for Garbage Crematory.

Mayor Swift and Chairman Madden, with Controller Wetherell, have signed with the Chemical Garbage Reduction company a provisional contract for the erection of five garbage crematories. The company is to erect within sixty days a furnace with a capacity of 100 tons of garbage a day. The furnace is to be given a sixty-days' test, during which the city is to pay for the burning of 100 tons daily, no matter what amount is delivered, at the rate of 70 cents a ton. If the test proves satisfactory the city agrees to take from the company five similar crematories at $25.000 each. The first crematory will probably be erected where the old Illinois Central depot stood.



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Pamphlet, 58 pages, and reference card, by mail. Refer to D. J. DURRELL, Dauphin Park, Ill.
C. H. RUDDOCK, 466 Washington-blvd.
MRS. A. M. BILLINGS, 504 West Lake-st.
A. M. BILLINGS, Pres. Home Nat'l Bank.
Mrs. H. M. HAIGHT, 12 Loomis-st.
J. G. CLARK, Belvidere, Ill.
W. S. BUKER, Waltham, Mass.
J. J. CURTIS, 1909 S. 28th-st., Omaha, Neb.
D. P. LEYDEN, 2801 La Salle-st., Chicago.
E. H. SPAULDING, 170 State-st., Chicago.
B. F. HILL, 3516 Lake-av., Chicago.
J. E. PYINGSTON (Merchant), Odell, Ill.
J. McLAIN, 90 Dearborn-st., Chicago.
WM. LEWIS, Violinist, 182 Wabash-av.
C. H. SKALLERUP, cor. Clark and S. Water.
B. A. GRANT, Mayor, Lockport, Ill.

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Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

local applications which I heard of. None of them seemed to reach the seat of the disease. In fact I grew worse while using these remedies. I owe my cure to the blood purifying powers of Hood's Sarsaparilla." MINNIE M. KEYSER.

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TRIAL OF "BIG D

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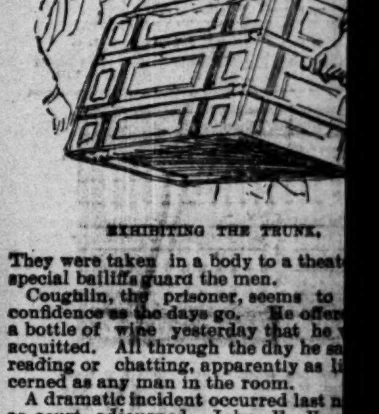

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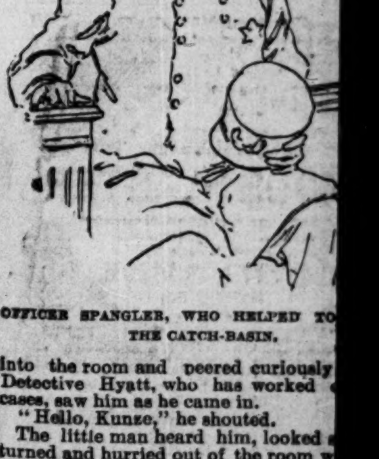

OFFICER SPANGLER, WHO HELPED TO THE CATCH-BASIN.

into the room and peered curiously Detective Hyatt, who has worked cases, saw him as he came in.

"Hello, Kunze," he shouted.

The little man heard him, looked turned and hurried out of the room w word in answer.

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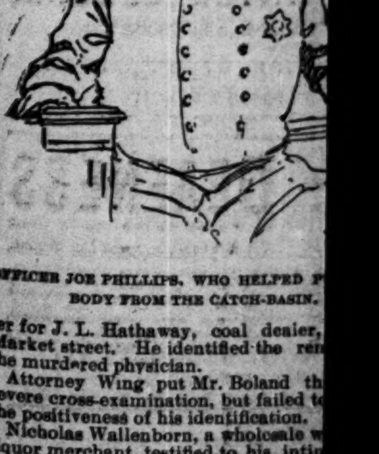

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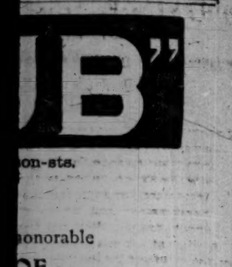

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TRIAL OF "BIG DAN."

TESTIMONY OF WITNESSES IN THE COUGHLIN CASE.

Laborers and Policemen Tell of Discovering the Remains of Dr. Cronin in the Evanston Avenue Catch-Basin and Identify the Trunk Found in the Ditch—The Witnesses Are Subjected to Severe Cross-Examination and Those Who Do Not Speak English Well Get Confused.

A bitter attack was made on the credibility of the witnesses for the State in the Coughlin trial yesterday. Particular attention was paid to the three young Germans who found the bloody trunk in the ditch alongside Evanston avenue. They do not understand English thoroughly, and Attorney Wing succeeded in tangling them up on dates and locations to some extent. The attempt of the State yesterday was to prove the finding of the trunk

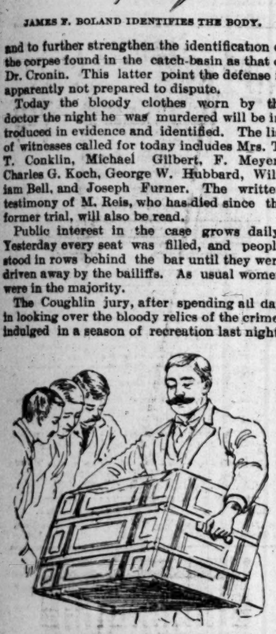
JAMES F. BOLAND IDENTIFIES THE BODY.

and to further strengthen the identification of the corpse found in the catch-basin as that of Dr. Cronin. This latter point the defense is apparently not prepared to dispute.

Today the bloody clothes worn by the doctor the night he was murdered will be introduced in evidence and identified. The list of witnesses called for today includes Mrs. T. T. Conklin, Michael Gilbert, F. Meyer, Charles G. Koch, George W. Hubbard, William Bell, and Joseph Furner. The written testimony of M. Reis, who has died since the former trial, will also be read.

Public interest in the case grows daily. Yesterday every seat was filled, and people stood in rows behind the bar until they were driven away by the bailiffs. As usual women were in the majority.

The Coughlin jury, after spending all day in looking over the bloody relics of the crime, indulged in a season of recreation last night.



EXHIBITING THE TRUNK.

They were taken in a body to a theater. Six special bailiffs guard the men.

Coughlin, the prisoner, seems to gain in confidence as the days go. He offered to bet a bottle of wine yesterday that he would be acquitted. All through the day he sat at ease reading or chatting, apparently as little concerned as any man in the room.

A dramatic incident occurred last night just as court adjourned. John F. Kunze, "the little Dutchman," who was one of Coughlin's fellow defendants on the first trial, slipped

OFFICER SPANGLER, WHO HELPED TO SEARCH THE CATCH-BASIN.

into the room and peered curiously around. Detective Hyatt, who has worked on both cases, saw him as he came in.

"Hello, Kunze," he shouted.

The little man heard him, looked startled, turned and hurried out of the room without a word in answer.

TESTIMONY GIVEN IN THE CASE.

Dr. Cronin's Remains Identified—The Finding of the Body.

James P. Holland was the first witness called in the Cronin case when court met yesterday morning. He testified that he was a newspaper man at the time Dr. Cronin was murdered. The doctor had been his family physician for four years. He identified the body at Lake View Morgue as that of Dr. Cronin.

James F. Boland testified that he is a cash-

OFFICER JOE PHILLIPS, WHO HELPED PULL THE BODY FROM THE CATCH-BASIN.

ier for J. L. Hathaway, coal dealer, No. 38 Market street. He identified the remains of the murdered physician.

Attorney Wing put Mr. Boland through a severe cross-examination, but failed to shake the positiveness of his identification.

Nicholas Wallenborn, a wholesale wine and liquor merchant, testified to his intimate acquaintance with Dr. Cronin and that he had positively identified the dead body in the Lake View Morgue as that of his friend.

Maurice Morris added his testimony to that of the others as to the positive identification of the corpse. He mentioned the deformed finger and the other marks which distinguished the doctor.

William Mickles, called on behalf of the State, testified as follows:

Q.—What is your business? A.—I used to work for the city. I live in Ravenswood and have lived there about five years. I was living there in 1889, working for the City at Lake View, on the streets.

Q.—Do you recollect of working in the month of May, in 1889, in Edgewater, with Rosch and Fennegar, on or about the 22d of May? A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—What time did you leave Edgewater that day? A.—About 3 o'clock.

Q.—Where did you go from Edgewater? A.—I went down to Fifty ninth street and Evanston av-

HERMAN WISCH, THE BARBER WHO SHAVED CRONIN.

enue to clean out the ditches from the hydrant leading to the catch-basin on the west side of the street.

Q.—What did you and Finnegar do? A.—Rosch told us after we got that done to come over on the other side. He came out on the bank there, about ten feet high from where I was, and he says: "I smell something; there must be a dead dog or something of that kind around here." That was on the east side, southeast of the catch-basin.

Q.—What was done then? A.—Finnegar and me were making the ditch. We wanted to clean it out. I was standing right in the catch-basin, and when Rosch said there must be a dead dog in there Finnegar got right down on his knees and looked in the catch-basin through the grating, the inlet of the catch-basin. He called me down and I looked in.

Q.—What did you see? A.—Why I saw, I suppose it was a person. I could see his arms about

HERMAN PAUSER IDENTIFYING THE TRUNK.

that far (indicating above the elbow). I could not see his head or his body, for the cotton was over his body.

Q.—What was done then? A.—Fennegar says to Rosch: "We will take the cover off, the small cover about two feet square, and when we took it off we saw it was a person in there.

Q.—Then did you look down in there? A.—Yes.

Q.—What did you see? A.—We saw his feet sticking up. One foot I saw sticking right into one of the pipes leading into the catch-basin from the ditch.

Q.—What else did you observe besides the feet? A.—I saw the cotton that was on part of his body.

Q.—Was there any water in the catch-basin? A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—Do you know how deep the catch-basin was? A.—I think about four feet.

Q.—After the cover was taken off what did you do then? A.—Henry Rosch went down to call the patrol wagon, and three policemen came with it.

Q.—Do you know who they were? A.—I know one of them is here now as a witness.

Q.—Then what did you do? A.—This large policeman he doubled the blanket, got a double blanket, and got it under in some way so that he had it right around the body under the arms, and we pulled the body out.

Q.—Did you notice the condition of the body? A.—I didn't take much notice after they got him up. I saw as we were taking him up he got one wound right here on one of his temples; I could not say which side it was, but I think on the left side.

Then the State's Attorney called for the bailiff in charge of the trunk, and the large box which had been sealed the night before was brought in, placed before the jury, the private seal of the State's Attorney broken, and the trunk with its ghastly contents was exposed to the view of the jury.

Herman Thiel testified as follows:

Q.—What is your business? A.—I am a bartender at Engel's Pavilion, on Lincoln avenue, corner of Wrightwood and Lincoln.

Q.—Mr. Thiel, did you have occasion to go on any expedition on or about the morning of May 5, 1889? A.—I went out hunting, north.

Q.—What time? A.—We left early in the morning. I guess between 3 and 4 o'clock.

Q.—What time did you come back on Evanston avenue, and to what place? A.—We came back to Sulzer road, where the railroad tracks are.

Q.—Did you stop there? A.—We went into the woods there.

Q.—Did you find anything anywhere in that vicinity that day? A.—I found a trunk on this side of the fence; near the fence where the bushes are, on the east side of the fence.

Q.—I will ask you to look at this trunk which I now wish you to examine carefully.

The witness examined the ghastly exhibit minutely and then said:

That is the same trunk but it was not broke up that way; the lid was not entirely off. This is the same trunk except the cover was hanging a little back.

Q.—Show the jury just the way you found it? A.—It was hanging in that shape down (indicating the lid nearly torn from the body of the trunk).

Mr. Bottum—"I wish the jury would step down here and see this where the witness points

HERMAN KNOP, WHO FOUND THE TRUNK.

to the blood." The witness points out on the trunk and says the pool of blood was "right here in the corner. I took a little stick and turned it around a little bit, stirred it up."

There was offered in evidence on behalf of the State and was marked exhibit A, the trunk, also the top of the trunk, which had been identified, was marked exhibit B, and the broken pieces of the trunk were also offered in evidence and marked exhibits. The examination proceeded:

Q.—Now, Mr. Thiel, besides the blood in the trunk what else was there there? A.—Cotton.

Q.—I will ask you to look at this cotton batting here? A.—It is the same kind.

Q.—Did you observe anything of that kind in the trunk? A.—Around the cotton was paper, blue paper.

Q.—And the cotton you observed in the trunk was wet and dirty? A.—Some of it was wet and some of it was dirty.

Q.—Wet with what? A.—With blood.

Q.—Is this the same trunk here before you now? A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—The last time you saw it was four years ago? A.—Yes, sir.

In cross-examining the witness Attorney Wing succeeded in getting him somewhat tangled, as he does not understand English well.

POLICEMAN GIVES EVIDENCE.

Tells of Finding the Remains of Dr. Cronin in the Catch-Basin.

Carl Knop was the first witness called at the afternoon session. He added his testimony to that of the last witness of the morning in regard to the finding of the trunk. He, too, is a young German, and was somewhat rattled by Attorney Wing's cross-examination.

Herman Pausee, the third member of the hunting party, also testified. At the close of Pausee's testimony Mr. Wing made a motion to exclude his testimony as well as that of the two preceding witnesses in relation to the trunk from the jury, but the motion was overruled by Judge Tuthill and Judge Wing noted an exception.

Jacob Spangler, a policeman called by the State, told of visiting the catch-basin and finding some cotton batting.

Herman F. Wisch testified as follows:

Q.—What is your business? A.—I am a barber, at No. 472 North Clark.

Q.—Did you know Dr. Patrick Henry Cronin in his lifetime? A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—Did you see him on the 4th day of May, 1889? A.—I did. I saw him in my place about 7, or it might be little before, but I think it was 7 o'clock.

Q.—After he left your barber-shop on the 4th of May, 1889, did you ever see Dr. Cronin alive again? A.—No, sir.

Q.—Did you, at any time see him dead? A.—Yes, sir; in Lake View, at the morgue, on the 22d of May, 1889.

Job Phillips, a policeman, testified as follows:

Q.—You remember the morning of the 5th of May, 1889? A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—Was your attention called to a trunk that morning? A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—Was your attention called to anything at that point? A.—A trunk laying in the ditch at the edge of the brush.

Q.—How far from the traveled portion of the road? A.—Ten or twelve feet.

Q.—I will ask you to look at this trunk?

The witness examined the trunk carefully and said: "I saw that trunk first in a ditch on the hundred foot road. The road that is called Evanston avenue.

Q.—Do you remember the place where you were directed to go? A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—Where did you go? A.—Went up on what they call Evanston avenue, or the 100-foot road 400 or 500 feet north of Sulzer street.

Q.—What was the condition of the trunk inside? A.—The bottom was covered with blood and water; about two quarts of blood and water

WILLIAM MICHELS.

lay in the bottom. There was a split in the bottom, and the water came through there from the water in the ditch.

Q.—I would like to ask you, officer, if there was anything else in this trunk except what you have stated? A.—Nothing but cotton and blue paper is all I saw.

Q.—Let me refresh your memory, officer: was there any hair in this trunk? A.—It was on the end, attached to the trunk.

Q.—Just show us where? A.—Right here (and the witness pointed to a large clot of blood on the inside of the end of the trunk, which was minutely inspected by counsel and the jury). The hair it was sticking right on here, a little tuft of hair left right there on the side, stuck right on there with the blood, there was a little bunch of hair.

Q.—Do you remember the afternoon of May 22, 1889? A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—Were you called from the station that afternoon? A.—I was.

Q.—Where did you go? A.—I went to Evanston avenue and Fifty-ninth street, north Fifty-ninth street.

Q.—What did you see when you got there at this catch-basin? A.—Some men were at the

MAURICE MORRIS.

catch-basin and I looked in and saw there was a man in there.

Q.—What did you see and what was done at that time, officer? A.—I looked for a rope to get him out, but we had no rope and so we took a double blanket we had and doubled it lengthwise and rolled it up and made a sort of rope out of that. George Malia held the blanket down and I got down on my knees and took a hoe handle and shoved it through underneath the corpse and he took hold of it and put it on the other side. Part of the body lay near the outlet pipe in the catch-basin: the toes were laying right in the mouth of the outlet pipe and the head was laying a little bit southwest—very little: the head was to the opposite side.

Q.—What was the position of the body? A.—

NICHOLAS WALLENBURN.

Laying on its face and a lot of cotton laying on the back; it was covered very nearly with cotton.

Q.—Was the body doubled up? A.—A little; the knees kind of bent down, and the hands were down and the head was down. You could see the back of the head.

The witness was closely cross-examined by Attorney Wing, who, however, failed materially to shake his evidence.

SEVENTEEN YOUNG OUTLAWS CAUGHT.

Police Capture Two Gangs Banded Together for Burglary and Petty Theft.

Of late the South Side has been greatly annoyed in many ways by a gang of tough young outlaws. Night before last and yesterday morning the police made a raid among them and placed seventeen in jail at Harrison Street Station. They are boys ranging in age from 14 to 21 years and had, it appears, banded themselves together for the purpose of committing highway robbery, house burglary, and petty thievery. The prisoners gave their names and ages as follows:

Walter Barchard, 18; Michael Corcoran, 21; Robert Gillis 20; William Hansen, 21; William McDonald, alias Hartzman, 17; John Williams, 19; Edward Pierson, 22; John Ryan, 16; John Morris, 17; Robert Simpson, 16; William Nicholas, 16; Charles Hall, 19; William McGrau, 14; Bert Robinson, 17; Dan Dean, 21; Patrick Lennan, 18; and William Daily, 17.

The first seven were found in a room at No. 1301 State street, where they had collected a big lot of their stolen plunder in the shape of pocketbooks, blankets, laprobes, butter, lard, and laundry. Some of the laundry was marked J. Hershey, J. Sayers, "N. S.," and A. Morgles. The other ten boys were captured early yesterday morning in a lodging-house kept by Mrs. Pitt at No. 1536 Wabash avenue.

Monday evening at 6 o'clock eight of them were roughly jostling a passenger, George Schlesinger, wholesale liquor dealer at No. 19 Wabash avenue, on a South Side cable car at Twelfth street. Officer J. J. Amstein, who was on the car, started after them, but they ran and scattered. He telephoned the matter to Lieut. Golden at Harrison Street Station, who detailed Officers Woodridge, Byrnes, Muldoon, and O'Connor on the case, and they soon had the gang located and under arrest. It was then an easy matter to spot the others, and yesterday morning ten officers were sent to bring them in.

Young Pierson was identified by Amstein as one of three men arrested and convicted of a crime more than a year ago. He now carries a freshly-made gunshot wound in his right hand. He confessed everything to Capt. Hartnett and told him where to find the second gang who made it their business to work street cars and steal newspapers. Conductor White of the Indiana avenue car line identified Dan Dean as one of the party who held up a conductor on Cottage Grove avenue last Saturday night and robbed him of $12. Young Nicholas was arrested three months ago for stealing newspapers and fined $5.

Father Code to Celebrate High Mass.

The Rev. John J. Code, who was ordained priest last Saturday at the chapel of the Holy Name Cathedral, Cass street and Chicago avenue, by Bishop Dunne, will celebrate his first high mass at St. Columbkill's Church, Paulina and Indiana streets, next Sunday morning at 10:30 o'clock.

ALTGELD IS INVITED.

AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR WANTS TO HEAR HIM SPEAK.

Finally Decided to Withdraw the Request that He Stay Away Because the Constitution Forbids Speeches from Political Officeholders—Anarchist Pardons Said to Be the Cause—Stead Temporarily Barred Out—Gompers' Reply to the Clergymen—The Committees.

Gov. Altgeld was invited to address the American Federation of Labor at his convenience after a long and tumultuous debate at yesterday's session. It seems he was invited to make an address some time ago, but the federation officers decided this was against the constitution and by-laws of the order, which forbid the members in convention hearing addresses by men holding political office. So was George B. Swift. But yesterday the convention changed the interpretation of its constitution, so far as Altgeld is concerned, and again invited him to make an address. Mr. Swift was ignored. It is said the Governor's pardoning of the Anarchists led to the invitation of yesterday.

An hour was given to the discussion as to the printing of the Lloyd address. Those participating in the controversy were Delegates McGuire, Weissman, Morgan, Neuroth, Lennon, Foster, Pomeroy, Gunther, Longsdon, Hart, Penna, McCarthy, Smith, and Nash. Foster, Weissman, and Longsdon did not agree with Mr. Lloyd's address throughout. They favored its essential points, but differed widely from its details. Finally it was decided to print 20,000 copies of it before the close of the convention. The vote on this question stood 54 and 10.

He Didn't Want to Hear Stead.

Delegate McGlynn of San Francisco asked that the privilege of the floor be granted to David Lubin of Sacramento, a merchant who had a reform he wished to introduce to the convention. His motion was seconded by Delegate Foster of Boston. W. C. Pomeroy of Chicago moved that W. T. Stead be invited to address the convention. Delegate O'Brien opposed the motions. P. J. McGuire started a fight against Stead by saying: "We are not hankering to hear Mr. Stead exploit his fads. Stead was turned down by our Executive Council. He was practically turned down by the Chicago Trade and Labor Assembly. We have heard enough of him. Our time is too valuable to give up to such faddists." [Laughter and cheers.]

Delegate Furseth of San Francisco said: "Let Stead be taken off. Lubin's ideas are new. We do not want him crowded out by Stead, whose ideas have been tested and found wanting."

Pomeroy withdrew for the time his proposition in favor of Stead, and, after a lengthy discussion, it was decided to extend floor privilege to Lubin at the afternoon session.

Then a committee representing the evangelical churches of Chicago asked to be heard. It consisted of the Rev. Dr. H. W. Thomas, Dr. Arthur Edwards, the Rev. Simeon Gilbert, the Rev. O. P. Gifford, the Rev. R. A. White, Bishop Fallows, the Rev. M. L. Williston, Rabbi Brown, and the Rev. Father Hatton. The Rev. Mr. Williston, as secretary of the committee, read the following:

At a meeting of ministers Monday afternoon, representing nearly every religious denomination in the city, assembled to consider the present extraordinary emergency in Chicago, a committee was appointed to present to your body the following expression of fraternal interest and fellowship, which was unanimously and enthusiastically adopted:

It was resolved that, in believing, as we are sure you also do, that love to God is proved by love to man, we earnestly desire a happy and satisfactory issue to the deliberations of your influential body on behalf of the millions of industrious men whom you represent, whose interests you have at heart, and whose faithful labor is a strong foundation stone beneath the temple of the national well being.

We also desire at all times, and most especially in this crisis of bitter trouble, to act with you in all practical ways in relieving the present distress and in promoting those high and worthy ends which you worthily seek.

Then a number of clergymen made short encouraging speeches.

President Gompers' Reply.

President Gompers said in reply:

The words of encouragement you give us we highly appreciate. For too many years the ministers of the gospel of all denominations used their power in the pulpit instead of along the line of humanity and progress in talking in the opposite direction. [Cheers.] Too long have the ministers talked not to workingmen, but down to them. [Cheers.] Our work is right and reaches the lowest. We go down to the dregs and raise them up to cleanliness and virtue and honor and their rights and so our work, as it is being better understood, will have the sympathy of all mankind. Concerning the nobility of God we propose to carry out "Thy will be done on earth as it is in heaven." [Cheers.] We want to go to heaven. Those who scarcely believe in a heaven say, if there is one, they want to go there. But we want a little of that heaven here. [Laughter and cheers.] If I read the signs of the times aright, we are going to get it. In the name of the great army of organized discontent in America, gentlemen, we thank you for your greeting. [Cheers.]

Dr. Thomas made a brief reply, then in a quiet, rather dramatic way extended his hand to Gompers, and with a hearty handshake bade him good-by and godspeed.

On motion of Delegate Hart of the Theatrical Stage Employes' Union a vote of thanks was returned the clergymen.

Mr. Lubin of Sacramento talked on transportation.

To Support Union Men.

A resolution was passed asking delegates to buy clothing only from union retail clothing clerks and not to buy after 6 p. m., in the interest of short hours. By vote delegates decided not to patronize the Columbia, Haymarket, Havlin, or Windsor Theaters because "they do not treat union labor fairly."

A protest was made against the barber shop in the Briggs House, headquarters of the delegates, "because it is not a union shop."

A telegram was received from the Concord Coöperative Printing company apologizing for the fact that the union imprint was not on the reports of the Federation officers which were printed by the firm. This precipitated a lively fight, in which Chicago delegates had a set-to with the Eastern men.

The committees appointed were:

Resolutions—John Smith, H. Weissman, W. J. Mahone, T. J. Morgan, R. Kenneher.

Laws—J. McBride, P. J. McGuire, J. M. Barnes, Dick Powers, James Valentine.

Organization—T. J. Griffin, Henry Miller, Phil A. Hoffer, J. J. Byron, W. C. Pomeroy.

Labels and Boycotts—W. H. Martin, Lewis Nash, Charles Bechtel, William Neuroth, C. Reichers.

Grievances—Daniel Keefe, Samuel Ross, C. J. Anderson, R. C. Longsdon, John Green.

Local and Federated Bodies—James Duncan, James Brettel, M. McGlynn, J. J. Daly, W. J. Miller.

Many resolutions were handed in and referred. They cover the whole field of labor and indicate lively future sessions of the Federation.

The mass-meeting will be held tonight at Bricklayers' Hall. Ten-minute speeches will be made.

President Gompers, Secretary P. J. McGuire, Frank K. Foster of Boston, editor of the *Labor Leader*; Treasurer John B. Lennon of New York, W. A. Carney of Pittsburg, of the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers; James Duncan of Baltimore, of the granite cutters; William B. Prescott, President of the International Typographical Union; John McBride, President of the United Mineworkers of America; Martin Fox of Cincinnati, of the ironworkers; A. A. Fuerseth of San Francisco, of the Seamen's Union.

At its meeting Monday night the City Council ordered an expenditure of $1,000 in entertainment of the visiting labor convention delegates. The act caused a good deal of quiet talk yesterday. Many people said it was rather a strange thing to do in view of so much suffering. A few undertook to argue that the money could not be accepted for any such purpose at a time like this. But it will be just the same. It is hinted that the local labor unions are so hard up they could not properly entertain the delegates and their committee asked the Council to help them out.

Seceders to Appeal.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Dec. 12.—Delegates representing the unions that have seceded from the Federated Trades Council have decided to make an appeal to the American Federation of Labor now in session in Chicago. The seceders claim two unions, the carpenters and brewers, are able under the present condition of affairs to control the action of the council and the tanners object particularly to the rejection of John Coughlin as their delegate. It is claimed on the other hand Coughlin no longer follows the trade of a tanner. There are now eleven unions out of the council and thirty-six that retain their connection with that body. The seceders will send a statement of the trouble to all the unions in the city asking them to coöperate in the organization of a new council.

TRAINED NURSE EXHIBIT A SUCCESS.

Report of the Superintendent Makes an Excellent Showing.

One of the most unique and interesting exhibits at the World's Fair to those who are interested in the humane side of life was that of the Illinois Training School for Nurses. The report of the superintendent has just been made to the board and it shows that to assist in making this exhibit the Illinois Women's Exposition Board appropriated $6,000. President Higinbotham was induced to erect a building costing $6,000 for the accommodation both of the nurses' exhibit and the pharmaceutical exhibit. It was a neat, one-story cottage, 50x80 feet, situated near the Sixtieth street entrance to the Fair grounds. The display made was beautiful and interesting and many sufferers were relieved free of charge. The number of patients who received attention in the hospital during the time of the World's Fair was 2,220. The hospital was under the supervision of Dr. Mary Mixer of the allopathic school, Dr. Emma C. Geisse of the homeopathic school, and Dr. Laura L. Randolph of the eclectic school. These were the resident physicians, while forty-one of the city and State gave their services for short periods. Three head nurses served two months each, while fourteen other nurses from various other schools served for stated periods.

As Monthly Statements.

Though "Christmas comes but once a year"
With carols and with chimes,
The bills it makes sometimes appear
Full twelve or thirteen times.
—*Detroit Tribune.*

DUFFY'S PURE MALT WHISKEY

FOR MEDICINAL USE NO FUSEL OIL

This is the time of the year when there is a chill in the atmosphere, malaria in the air, and when coughs and colds are painfully prevalent. YOU CANNOT AFFORD TO NEGLECT A COLD. Nothing which has ever been discovered has equalled Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey for counteracting the first approach of any cold, cough, or malaria symptoms. It is for sale by druggists and grocers universally, but care should be exercised that none but Duffy's is secured. Send for our illustrated book.

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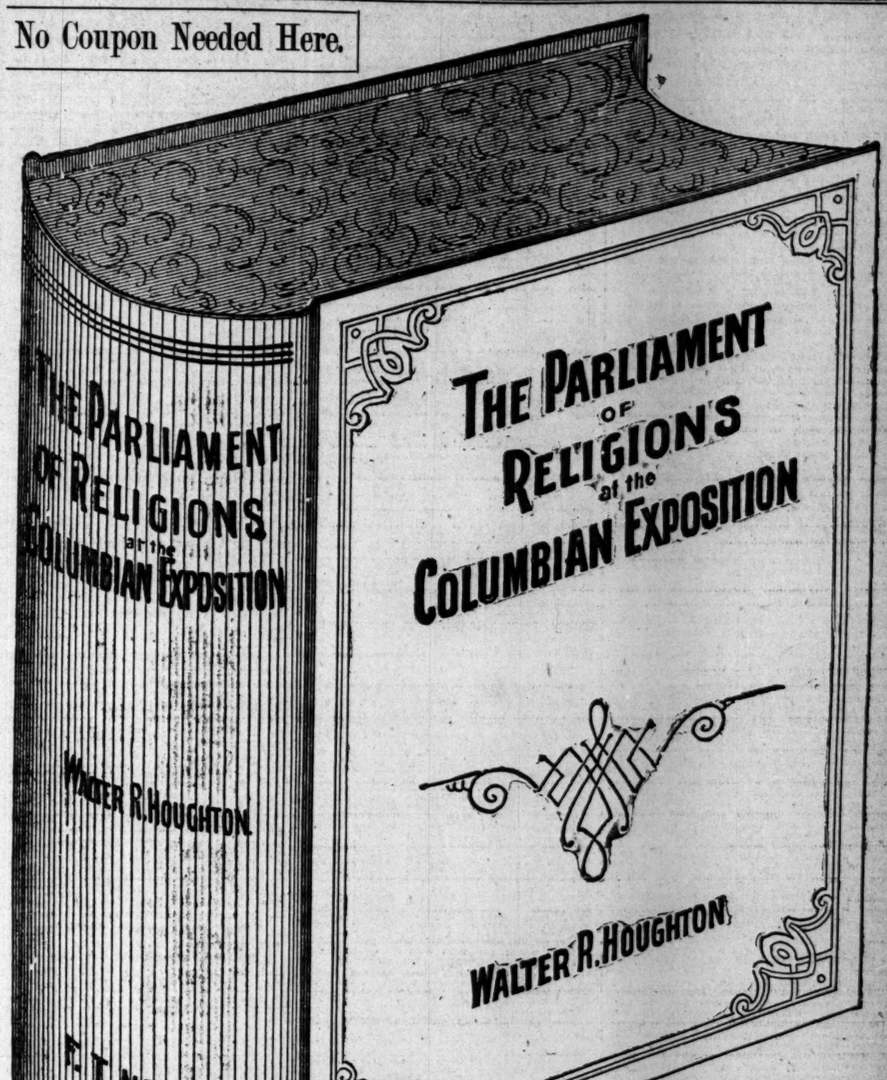

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These three things you can get by paying the regular subscription price—$2.50—for "Neely's New History of the World's Columbian Parliament of Religions"; and YOU CAN'T GET IT FOR LESS IF YOU BUY THE BOOK ALONE (without postage or the newspaper) of the publisher or an agent.

HOTELS.

THE Lexington Hotel,

Michigan-blvd. and 22d-st., CHICAGO.

POSITIVELY FIREPROOF.

Special inducements are now offered to families and single gentlemen for the winter months.

AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN PLANS.

The Lexington Ball Room, Banquet Room, and Parlors can be engaged for club parties, weddings, receptions, and banquets.

WE INVITE INSPECTION.

E. A. BACHELDOR, Proprietor.

LAKOTA HOTEL,

American and European Plans,

Michigan-blvd. and Thirtieth-st.

ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF.

This magnificent Hotel, situated in the most charming residence district of the city, is offering special inducements to permanent guests. Its apartments are large, light, and unusually attractive, its furnishing elegant, and its cuisine and service unsurpassed. Families seeking a delightful home with pleasant surroundings and agreeable associations are cordially invited to inspect the LAKOTA.

LOW RATES ARE THE ORDER OF THE DAY.

A limited number of suites and single rooms, especially suitable for single gentlemen, will be let at especially low rates.

T. D. RHODES, Manager.

SOUTHERN HOTEL, American and European Plans.

Corner Wabash-av. and 22d-st.

This well-known and popular hotel, located at the most accessible point for business in the city (having two lines of cable cars and the S. S. Elevated road almost at the door), is now offering special inducements to families for the winter. The rooms are all large, well-lighted, and airy, while the cuisine is unsurpassed. Open grate fires in almost every room. Parties wishing pleasant, comfortable, and strictly first-class quarters, at very low figures, will do well to call and get rates.

A. E. SINGLETON, Manager.

The ROSSMORE,

An elegant, STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS HOTEL, 1841-1843 Wabash-av. Steam heat in every room. Cafe high standard. SPECIAL RATES. Call and see us. HAUK & COMPANY Proprietors.

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American and European Plan.

Offers for the winter special rates to families and single men newly and handsomely furnished rooms, single or en suite. Cuisine a feature. Elevator, steam heat, &c. Cottage Grove and Indiana-av. cars pass the corner and within two blocks Ill. Cent. and elevated roads. GEO. W. REYNOLDS, Mgr

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GEO. E. HANNAHS, Manager.

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WHEN IN BUFFALO stop at THE GENESEE. Niagara Falls forty minutes away.

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HOTEL METROPOLE CO.

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WINTER TOURS TO THE WEST INDIES

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F. N. PIKE, Manager.

"NEW POINT COMFORT."

PENNOYER SANITARIUM,

Kenosha, Wis., Between Chicago and Milwaukee.

New, modern building, with luxurious appointments. Specially recommended as a WINTER RESORT for invalids or those needing rest. HOT WATER HEATING. Everything first-class. For illustrated prospectus address

N. E. PENNOYER, M. D., Manager.

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(THE AMERICAN RUGBY.)

A high-grade school situated in the beautiful lake regions of Wisconsin. Rates reasonable. Next term begins January 4th, 1894. Send for catalogue.

REV. SIDNEY T. SMITH, Warden.

LACK OF RESISTANCE.

HOLDERS OF WHEAT FAIL TO REPULSE ATTACKS OF THE BEARS.

May Goes Below 68 Cents—Regulation News Accorded Little Attention—Market Will Not Absorb the Moderate Offerings—Actual Movement Rather Favorable to the Long Side—Bulls Scared by Shadows—Corn More than Plentiful—Provision Shorts Raid the Market.

That wheat was weak and lower, carrying May under 68c, was not due so much to the presence of bearish news as to the non-resistant power of a narrow market under some aggressive selling by people for the time being active on that side. Routine news was bullish, on the whole, but this was of no avail. Bulls have been whipped so many times and the price has been so frequently cut under them that there was no leadership and the selling through brokers for such operators as Ream induced the liquidation of more long wheat. The bears thrashed over the old straw and talked of further gold exports and there were hints of poor wheat in local warehouses. Furthermore there was present the old fact that Chicago is relatively out of line with other markets of the world and the local stock of contract grade slightly on the increase from week to week. At the start there was a little strength. The receipts in the Northwest were but 554 cars against 975 a year ago; the early cables were better than expected, Liverpool showing further firmness. The weather was cold, with still lower temperatures predicted in the winter-wheat fields, and the trade had the Illinois State report showing decreased acreage and only fair condition. Speculative interest was not great, centering in May, with the market, part of the time, positively dull. May sold early at 68⅜@68⅝c, declined to 67⅝c, and closed ⅛c lower for the day at 67⅞c, with December at 61⅞c. Mitchell was in his old position on the bull side, but toward the close sold some, and Baxter, Poole-Sherman, and commission houses were among the sellers. The exports were fair at 395,000 bu and after the close of 'Change New York reported fifteen boatloads new business. The continent was unsettled within narrow ranges. Russian exports were larger than hoped by the bulls and the decline caught some short orders. Receipts at all primary points were 617,300 bu, and shipments 68,400 bu. Sales in store and to go there were at 56⅛@57½c for No. 3 red winter and 56@63c for No. 3 spring. Free on board sales were at 58⅛@59½c for No. 3 red winter, 57@59⅛c for do hard, and 60@63c for No. 3 spring.

Corn for May delivery got under 40c, nor did it seem to have many friends at that. Too much corn was in sight. The receipts at Western points were more than 800,000 bu for the day against shipments of 276,000 bu. Locally the arrivals overran the expectations at 544 cars, and 400 were estimated for today. This accumulation of corn at primary points and the indifference of shippers did not encourage buying, nor did it prevent the liquidation of some, especially with wheat so weak and unsupported. May closed ⅜c lower at 39⅞c, after selling at 40⅛c down to 39⅞c. Liverpool was a farthing lower and home markets weak. Shippers ignored the market and the cash offerings went to store. Exports were 153,676 bu. Sales to go to store were at 35¼@35½c for No. 2, and 34¼@34½c for No. 3 grades. Free on board sales were at 34¾@35c for No. 3, 34¾c for No. 3 yellow and do white.

Oats futures ruled easier, influenced by corn, with fluctuations slight. Seaboard clearances were fair at 25,124 bu, and a sale of 30,000 bu for export at New York was reported. This exerted a steadying influence, closing prices being ⅛c lower after a decline of ¼c. Receipts at 306 cars were 14 under the estimate. Practically May was the only active future, ranging at 30⅞@31c, and closing at 30⅞c, or ⅛c lower. Samples were ⅛@¼c lower owing to a moderate demand and rather free offerings. Free on board sales were at 26@28¼c for No. 3, 28¼@29¾c for do white, 30@30¼c for No. 2 do.

Rye was practically lifeless, owing to the lack of cash offerings, and the inquiry was limited to a few cars of choice. Meager sales of No. 3 at 45@46c constituted the only business reported. No. 2 in store was quotably weaker at 45¾c. Futures were neglected and easier, with December quotably 46c, January 46½c, and May 51¼c. Barley was a trifle heavy under increased offerings, but the market was eventually cleaned up without change in values. Common to good sold at 40@44c, with sales of fair malting at 40@42c. Choice, plump lots went at 45@48c, and fancy at 49@51c.

Millstuffs were quiet and steady, with sales of bran at $12.00@12.25 and middlings at $12.75.

Provisions were lower all around. The plentiful supply of hogs present and prospective afforded the bears, who are still short the January, an excuse to raid the market. On the decline they did some buying, but the market closed practically at the bottom and 15@25c lower. Receipts of hogs for the first half of the week promise to be over 100,000, and with the quality excellent some in the trade are figuring on increasing stocks of product. Other packing points in the West were well supplied, and this was also used as an argument why the selling side was the proper one. Liverpool was dull and 6d@1s lower, and general weakness pervaded home markets with the cash trade but moderate. The weakness in other pits was not without its effect. January pork sold at $12.75, down to $12.50, and May at $12.87½ to $12.62½, closing at the inside with cash lots at $12.87½@13.00. January lard closed 15c lower at $7.82½, with May at $7.60, and cash at $8.20. January ribs sold at $6.52½@6.65 and rested at $6.55, with May at $6.60, and cash lots offered rather sparingly and held as high as $6.87½. Cash sales included 100 brls of mess pork at $12.95, 1,150 tcs lard at $8.20@8.25, and 125,000 lbs green hams at $7.87½@8.62½.

For flaxseed there was apparently an urgent demand on the part of crushers, and prices advanced 4½c on the cash and 3@5c on futures. Offerings were meager and actual business was light. No. 1 on track sold early in a small way at $1.26¼, but $1.27 was the prevailing figure, with that bid at the close. Sales of lots to arrive were at $1.27. December advanced 4½@5c, selling at $1.26½@1.27 under buying by shorts. May went at $1.30, or 3c higher. Receipts were only 32 cars and shipments 9,502 bu. Timothy offerings were again exceedingly light, and a stronger tone resulted under a moderate demand. Prime was quotably $3.90@4.00. Common to good sold sparingly at $3.50@3.85. Choice went at $4.00. Fine cloverseed was in good demand and scarce, prices ranging about 10@15c higher, with sales at $9.90@10.25. Common to fair lots were in fair supply and about steady, at $8.75@9.55. Good, bright lots sold at $9.60@9.85.

WHAT TRADE GOSSIPS ARE SAYING.

Interesting Bits of Information Picked Up on the Floor of the Exchange.

Lower prices were established in all the leading markets, not so much through the presence of bearish influences novel in character as because of the lack of support and some assaults of the bear party. Wheat, corn, and oats all lost fractionally and closed near the bottom. The signal service map showed low temperatures in the spring wheat districts and colder weather was predicted for the winter wheat belt. The feeling after the close was steady. Puts on May wheat sold at 67⅝@67⅜c and calls at 68⅛@68⅜c. Puts on May corn sold at 39⅝@39⅞c and calls at the same range. Late in the afternoon calls were 39⅞c bid.

The special committee appointed to consider the so-called Lindblom proposition regarding settlement of speculative contracts made its report to the directors last night. The committee, of which Cyrus H. Adams is Chairman, recommend that the board do not approve the particular proposition known as the Horsford plan. The report goes into detail, giving reasons for this recommendation. "After weighing and considering the system," it says, "the committee is of the opinion that by its adoption the trade will incur more serious risks and disadvantages than it is subjected to by the present system, and these will be seriously aggravated in times of manipulation. Mr. Lindblom's plan of depositing contracts with the depot for the ostensible purpose of legalizing the business done under the proposed system appears to your committee to be a mere subterfuge of so flimsy a nature that it would be immediately torn aside by the courts, and in so doing they would reveal a perfect piece of machinery constructed mainly for the purpose of trading in differences. This would put the board on a level with bucket-shops and other institutions organized for that purpose.

"By the form of contract under which members of the Board of Trade now buy and sell property for future delivery either party can compel its literal fulfillment by the original parties thereto, and neither party can without the consent of the other escape his obligation under and upon such contract to deliver or receive the actual property described in its provisions. Hence the legality of the contracts under which members of the board now transact their enormous business. But under the proposed system the form of the original contract will be so modified that it would be impossible for any one to make a contract for the future delivery of property in the open markets of the board and enforce the fulfillment of the terms of that particular contract by the original parties thereto. Either party—the buyer or the seller—could at any time be compelled to relinquish his rights to enforce actual delivery of property on any particular contract which he had made, and must, under the rules of the board amended as proposed, submit to the substitution of another contract with another party at the same or a different price and adjust the differences therefor. This strikes at the root of the business of the board, and in the minds of your committee would destroy its legal standing established at so great a cost of time and money in the highest courts of the land."

It looked as though some of the trade were scared by shadows, selling wheat and then inquiring the true reason for this action. Much of the legitimate news of the day was bullish, yet the most was made of bear rumors. There was further talk of gold exports, and some of the figures furnished of engagements were duplications. There was more gossip about "weevil in the wheat." Elevator people were just as strenuous as ever in repudiating such charges, and showed a willingness to take care of everything called for in receipts issued by them. The fact that there was no pressure to sell December would indicate that no one is uneasy.

The local stock of flaxseed is 508,804 bu, against 545,276 bu the previous week, a decrease of 36,472 bu. At the close of the corresponding week last year stocks were 1,484,958 bu. The light stocks and relatively large decrease, when posted, helped to render the market decidedly strong yesterday in view of the continued light receipts. Local warehouse interests were not inclined to offer the cash until crushers, who seemed anxious to buy, raised their bids 4½c. Shorts were again buyers of the December at $1.26½@1.27, an advance of 4½@5c, with the May at $1.30.

A petition went the rounds, and was generally signed, asking the directors to place the corridors of the building, together with the settlement room, under the supervision of a special committee for the relief of the suffering poor of the city. The directors decided that they have no jurisdiction over the rooms for such use, but will appoint a committee for the solicitation of funds which will be used in benefiting those out of work and in distress.

The advocacy of Cyrus H. Adams for President of the board is taking more definite shape. A few people pledged themselves to secure the signatures of 500 members asking him to allow his name to come before the caucus.

Estimated receipts for today: Wheat, 150 cars; corn, 400 cars; oats, 187 cars, and 35,000 hogs.

PRICES ON 'CHANGE.

The following table shows the range of prices on grain and provisions:

	Closed Monday.	Range yesterday.	Closed yesterday.
WHEAT.			
Dec$	62⅝@ 62¾$	61⅞@ 62¾$	......@ 61⅞
May	68⅝@......	67⅜@ 68⅝	......@ 67⅞
CORN.			
Dec$	35⅞@......$	35¾@ 35⅞$	......@ 35¾
Jan	36 @......	35⅝@ 35⅞	......@ 35⅝
May	40⅛@......	39⅞@ 40⅛	......@ 39⅞
OATS.			
Dec$	28⅛@......$	28⅛@ 28⅛$	......@ 28⅛
Jan	28⅛@......	28⅛@ 28⅛	......@ 28⅛
May	31 @......	30⅞@ 31	......@ 30⅞
MESS PORK.			
Jan$	12.75 @......$	12.50 @12.75 $	......@12.50
May	12.85 @......	12.62½@12.87½	......@12.62½
LARD—PER 100 LBS.			
Jan$	7.97½@......$	7.82½@ 7.97½$	......@ 7.82½
May	7.77½@......	7.60 @ 7.75	......@ 7.60
RIBS—BOXED 25 CENTS MORE THAN LOOSE.			
Jan$	6.70 @......$	6.52½@ 6.65 $	......@ 6.55
May	6.75 @......	6.57½@ 6.70 $	......@ 6.60

CLOSING PRICES CORRESPONDING DAY LAST YEAR.

	December.	January.	May.
No. 2 wheat	$ 71⅛	$ 72¼	$ 78⅜
No. 2 corn	42⅛	43⅜	47⅞
No. 2 oats	30⅝	31⅜	35⅛
Mess pork	......	15.70	15.87½
Lard	......	9.67½	9.40
Short ribs	......	8.25	8.32½

GRAIN INSPECTION.

The following grain was inspected as received in this city Monday by carloads:

	Contr'ct grades.	No. 3.	Low grades.	Tot'l.
Winter wheat	35	86	6	127
Spring wheat	4	47	4	55
Corn	143	386	15	544
Oats	123	180	3	306
Rye	3	3	1	7
Barley	......	59	44	103
Total	308	761	73	1,142

Inspected out: 35,457 bu wheat, 50,993 bu corn. The receipts to be announced today are expected to include 157 cars wheat, 400 cars corn, 187 cars oats, and 37,000 hogs.

The following were the local receipts and shipments of the articles named for the 48 hours ending at 6 o'clock Monday evening:

ARTICLES.	RECEIPTS. 1893.	1892.	SHIPMENTS. 1893.	1892.
Flour, brls	16,465	20,248	13,927	16,058
Wheat, bu	105,807	110,689	13,035	20,008
Corn, bu	326,270	131,312	119,275	46,935
Oats, bu	340,821	180,751	167,304	153,825
Rye, bu	11,430	4,465	1,804	4,242
Barley, bu	92,605	127,980	32,166	57,243
T. Seed, lbs	62,500	79,066	73,266	44,249
C. Seed, lbs	270,166	20,884	63,637	75,908
Oth. S'd, lbs	2,400	2,970	530	......
F. Seed, bu	38,200	37,188	16,665	11,495
B. Corn, lbs	174,750	56,690	56,378	104,152
Cheese, lbs	148,985	113,077	214,460	275,040
Butter, lbs	423,052	340,643	448,857	412,370
Hides, lbs	628,767	346,459	1,058,610	648,900
Wool, lbs	70,890	11,920	106,574	36,284

The following table shows the weekly imports of flour, wheat, and corn into the United Kingdom on the dates named:

	Week ending Dec. 9, 1893.	Week ending Dec. 2, 1893.	Week ending Dec. 10, 1892.
Flour, brls	212,000	217,000	334,000
Wheat, qrs	306,000	261,000	306,000
Corn, qrs	183,000	117,000	151,000

The following were reported on passage to the United Kingdom on the dates named:

	Dec. 9, 1893.	Dec. 2, 1893.	Dec. 10, 1892.
Wheat, flour, qrs	3,000,000	2,930,000	2,870,000
Corn, qrs	470,000	550,000	430,000
To Continent:			
Wheat, qrs	1,130,000	1,200,000	870,000
Corn, qrs	200,000	180,000	260,000

The following shows the clearances of provisions from Atlantic ports and the principal markets to which exported for the week ending Dec. 9:

	Pork, brls.	Lard, lbs.	Bacon, bxs.
Liverpool	620	1,520,000	16,300
London	250	830,000	32
Glasgow	50	30,100	450
Bristol	......	130,000	......
Other English ports	70	310,400	1,714
Antwerp	......	590,200	817
Germany	130	1,030,300	247
Holland	......	240,400	195
France	......	250,000	14
Other continental	30	610,100	292
Elsewhere	2,580	1,041,300	415
Totals	3,730	6,582,800	20,476

ON SOUTH WATER STREET.

Butter Steady and Fairly Active—Apples Firm—Potatoes Weaker.

Butter ruled steady, with a fair outlet for all grades excepting medium creameries, which were in tame demand. Potatoes were quiet, with receipts fair and the demand slow, rendering prices weaker. Hebrons were generally small and other descriptions were preferred. Choice sweet potatoes sold well, but common stock dragged, and the supply was ample all around, prices ruling a trifle easier. Arrivals of apples were light and the market firm. The demand for turkeys was good, but other poultry ruled quiet and steady.

The following quotations are for round lots of merchantable quality and usually from first hands:

BUTTER—Fancy separator goods, 27½@28c; fine, 26@26½c; fair to good, 22@24c; fancy dairies, Cooley's, 23½@24½c; medium to good, 19@21c; packing stock, fresh, 15½@16½c.

BUTTERINE—Extra fancy creamery, 19c per lb; fancy creamery, 17½c; extra dairy, 16½c; dairy, 15c; roll and small pails, ½c additional.

CHEESE—New makes—Finest full cream cheddars, 11@12c per lb; twins, 11½@12c; Young America, 12@12½c; slightly skimmed, 7@9c; Swiss cheese, 12½@13½c; brick cheese, 12@13c.

DRIED FRUITS—Evaporated apples, 9@10½c per lb; Southern sun-dried apples, 5½@7c; new peaches, unpeeled, 4@4½c; blackberries, 7c; raspberries, 18@19c. California dried fruits—Raisins, $1.70@1.85 per box; loose, 4@5c per lb; prunes, 6@8½c, according to size; apricots, new, 13½@14½c.

EGGS—Fine to fancy fresh-laid stock, 23@23½c per doz; ice-house stock, 18@18½c.

GREEN FRUITS—Apples, fine to choice, $3.25@4.75 per brl, and fair to good, $2.00@2.75; bananas, selects, $1.25@1.75 per bunch; common to choice, 75c@$1.00 per bunch; lemons, $4.00@5.50 per box; cranberries, No. 2 fall, $4.50@5.00 per brl; choice winter, $5.50@6.50 per brl; Florida oranges, according to count, $1.25@3.25. California fruits: Pears, 40-lb boxes, $3.00@4.00; grapes, 8-lb boxes, 15@22c.

GAME—Mallard and redhead ducks, $2.75@3.25 per doz; small ducks, $1.25@1.50; teal ducks, $1.50@2.00; plover, $1.25@1.60; jacksnipe, $1.25@1.60; fine dark prairie chickens, $3.50@4.50; quail, $1.50@1.75; antelope saddles, 9@11c per lb; venison saddles, 10@12½c per lb; rabbits, $1.25@1.75 per doz.

HIDES—No. 1 green salted, 3¾@4c per lb; No. 2 do, 2¾@2⅞c; No. 1 calfskins, 5½@6c; No. 2 do, 4½@4¾c; No. 1 country tallow, 4@4½c per lb; No. 2 do, 3½@3¾c.

HAY—The market was dull and easy. Sales were: On track—3 cars No. 1 timothy at $10.50@11.00; 34 cars upland prairie at $6.00@8.50.

OILS—Standard white carbon, 7¼c; prime white 150 deg, 7¾c; snow white, 150 deg, 7½c; headlight 175 deg, 8½c; Eocene, 8¾c; Kenejene, 11c; Elaine, 13½c; benzine, 6½c; 74 degree gasoline, 9c; 87 degree gasoline, 12c; linseed, raw, 43c; and boiled 46c; turpentine, 35½c; extra W. S. lard oil, 75c; No. 1 lard oil, 39c; No. 2 do, 35c; whale oil, 58c; cooking oil, 42c; salad oil, 55c; paraffine, 28 deg, 10c; do oil, 25 deg, 13c; black summer, 6½c; 25 cold test, 7c; do 15 cold test, 8c; do zero, 9½@10½c.

POULTRY—Live old chickens, 6c per lb; spring, 6c; roosters, 4c; hen turkeys, 7@7½c; ducks, 8@9c; geese, full feathered, $5.50@6.00 per doz; dressed turkeys, 9@9½c per lb; dressed chickens, 7@7½c; dressed ducks, 9@9½c.

POTATOES—Burbanks, 56@58c per bu; Hebrons, 54@56c per bu. Sweet potatoes: Jerseys, $3.25@3.75 per brl; Illinois, $2.75@3.00.

VEGETABLES—Cabbage, $5.00@6.00 per 100; onions, $1.40@1.50 per brl; turnips, 30@35c per bu; cucumbers, 75c@$1.25 per doz; lettuce, 75@85c per case; spinach, $1.50@1.65 per brl; beets, $1.00@1.25 per brl; parsley, 15c per doz bunches; water cress, 45@50c per doz bunches; cauliflower, $3.50@4.50 per brl; celery, home grown, 15@25c per doz; Kalamazoo, per box, 75c@$1.00; Hubbard squash, $13.00@15.00 per ton.

WHISKY—Steady on the basis of $1.15.

WOOL—Illinois, Wisconsin, Michigan, and Eastern Iowa—Coarse or dingy tub, 22@24c per lb; good medium tub, 26@28c; fine unwashed fleeces, 13@15c; medium unwashed, 17@19c; quarter blood unwashed, 17@19c; coarse unwashed, 13@17c; quarter blood washed, 23@25c; fine washed fleeces, 17@19c; medium do, 23@25c; coarse, 17@19c. Nebraska, Minnesota, Kansas, and Western Iowa—Fine unwashed fleeces, 9@11c; medium do, 13@15c; coarse, 10@13c.

PRODUCE MARKETS EAST AND WEST.

Cotton, Coffee, and Grain Movements, Together with Closing Quotations.

New York, Dec. 12.—[Special.]—COTTON—Advanced 10 to 11 points, but reacted and closed only 2 to 3 points higher than yesterday and steady, with sales of 247,700 bales. Liverpool advanced 2 points and closed steady with spot sales of 10,000 bales at unchanged prices. In Manchester yarns were dull and cloths were easier, but without quotable change. New Orleans advanced 9 to 10 points, but lost about half of this. The receipts at the ports were estimated at 54,000 bales and reached 55,239, against 51,616 this day last week and 40,862 last year. Total thus far this week 182,880, against 165,784 thus far last week. Spot prices were here steady and unchanged on the basis of 7 13-16c for middling uplands. Sales of 143 bales for spinning. Deliveries, 1,600. Exports from the ports 30,537 to Great Britain, 3,350 to France, and 12,439 to the Continent. Spot markets at the South were generally quiet and unchanged. Mobile declined 1-16c, and Augusta partially 1-16c. New Orleans sold 8,000 bales; Savannah, 1,800; Galveston, 1,747; St. Louis, 1,600; Norfolk, 1,452; and Memphis, 1,000. Memphis received 2,274, against 3,269 last year; Augusta, 1,304, against 935 last year; St. Louis, 3,802, against 2,353 last year. Some contend that 7¾c is not too high for March delivery even with a crop of fully 7,500,000 bales. Today's sales:

Months.	Sales.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
December	1,600	7.65	7.57	7.57@7.58
January	49,400	7.68	7.56	7.59@7.60
February	27,800	7.76	7.64	7.68@7.69
March	126,800	7.84	7.72	7.76@7.77
April	15,800	7.92	7.80	7.85@....
May	23,400	8.00	7.89	7.92@7.93
June	3,100	8.07	7.89	8.00@8.01

COFFEE—Advanced 10 to 20 points and closed firm with sales of 16,500 bags. Havre advanced ¼ to ½f; Hamburg, ¼ pfennig, and London, 3d to 1s on most months, though December fell 1s. United States warehouse deliveries, 15,484 bags. Shorts covered in December. The offerings of coffee were very moderate. The warehouse deliveries encouraged bulls. I hear there was some new buying today. New York stocks of Brazil, 148,861 bags; United States visible supply, 448,975 bags, against 571,765 bags last year. Rio on the spot was firmer. No. 7, 18@18¼c. Sales, 1,500 bags; No. 7 at 18c; 1,000 bags Santos No. 5 to 8 to arrive, private terms; 300 bags Maracaibo and 130 bags Central American on private terms. No Rio advices today. Today's sales:

Months.	Sales.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
January	4,500	16.70	16.60	16.70@16.75
February	500	16.30	16.30	16.35@16.45
March	5,750	16.20	16.05	16.15@16.20
May	2,750	15.65	15.60	15.60@15.65
September	250	......	......	14.95@15.05
December	2,750	17.60	16.90	16.95@17.05

GRAIN—Wheat declined ⅛ to ¼c. Speculation dull. Export demand fair. Spot sales 136,000 bu for export; No. 1 hard Manitoba spring at ¼c under May delivered; new No. 1 Northern spring, New York, at 72⅝c free on board, afloat; No. 2 red, ¼c over December in store. Option sales, 895,000 bu. Corn declined ⅛ to ¼c. Spot sales, 190,000 bu, including 136,000 bu for export. No. 2 mixed old, at ⅜c over December in elevator; do new at 45⅛c to arrive, delivered; ungraded white at 45⅛c in elevator; yellow at 46c in elevator; ungraded at 45c. Option sales, 460,000 bu. Oats declined ⅛@¼c on some deliveries. Spot prices ⅛@¼c lower. Spot sales, 115,000 bu, including 30,000 bu for export. No. 3 white, clipped, at 35¾c. No. 2 white at 35⅛c, No. 2 mixed at 33½c, ungraded at 35@40c for white and 33@35c for mixed. Option sales, 195,000 bu. Rye—Dull, nominal; Western 50@57c.

SUGAR—Raw lower; 89 test, 2⅛c; 96 test, 2¾c. Sales: 3,800 tons Java, 96 test, at 2⅝c; 5,000 centrifugal, 96 test, 2¾c c. and f.; and 5,500 bags Balica, 96 test, at 2⅝c. Refined moderately active, steady.

BUTTER—Choice, 25@29c.

CHEESE—Fancy, 11¼@11½c.

EGGS—18½@27c.

COTTONSEED OIL—Firm; crude, 28@28½c; yellow, 34c.

OCEAN FREIGHTS—Berth engagements—Antwerp, steam, 48,000 bu grain at 2¼d; Copenhagen, steam, 24,000 bu grain at 3s 9d; London, steam, 32,000 bu grain at 2¾d; Glasgow, steam, 16,000 bu grain at 3¼d; Hamburg, steam, 24,000 bu grain at 52½ pfennigs.

Duluth, Minn., Dec. 12.—WHEAT—Ruled dull, inactive, and lower today. The opening was steady and unchanged from yesterday for both cash and futures. The market ruled dull and tame, with no demand for cash stuff and slow trading for May delivery. The latter advanced ⅛c in the first hour and then became weak, losing ⅝c by noon, but firmed up in the last hour and regained ⅜c of the decline. The afternoon session was dull but firm in the last hour, and the close was steady at ⅛c lower than yesterday for cash, unchanged for December, and ⅛c lower for May. Following were the closing prices: No. 1 hard, cash and December, 61c; May, 65¾c; No. 1 Northern, cash and December, 60c; May, 64⅜c; No. 2 Northern, cash, 56½c; No. 3, 52c; rejected, 46c. On track—No. 1 Northern, to arrive, 60⅛c; rye, 44c; flax, $1.23½; barley, 33@40c. Oats—No. 2 white, 28c; No. 3 white, 27½c. Car inspection today—Wheat, 287; rye, 2; oats, 1; barley, 6. Receipts—Wheat, 88,591 bu; barley, 690 bu. Shipments—Wheat, 632 bu.

Baltimore, Md., Dec. 12.—GRAIN—Wheat—Quiet; No. 2 red, spot and December, 65⅛@65¼c; January, 66⅛@66¼c; May, 71⅛@71¼c; steamer No. 2 red, 62⅛@62⅜c. Receipts, 31,729 bu; stock, 1,270,511 bu; sales, 61,000 bu. Milling wheat, by sample, 66@67c. Corn—Easy; mixed, spot, 43⅛@43⅜c; new and old, December, 42½@43⅛c; January, 42⅜@42⅝c; February, 42¾@43c; May, 45⅛c; steamer, mixed, 42c bid. Receipts, 51,323 bu; stock, 495,122 bu; sales, 65,000 bu; white corn, by sample, 40@44c; yellow do, 40@44c. Oats—Firm; No. 2 white, Western, 35⅛@36c; No. 2 mixed do, 34c asked. Stock, 165,443 bu. Rye—Quiet; No. 2, 52c. Stock, 66,585 bu. GRAIN FREIGHTS—Active; unchanged.

St. Louis, Mo., Dec. 12.—GRAIN—Bran irregular; not much offered for sale, but most buyers out above 63c east track. Sales: Five cars bulk country point at 57c; 5 cars sacked at near-by point and 7 cars on track at 63c; east track at 63c; small lots at mill at 64c. Wheat—Lower; receipts, 27,683 bu; shipments, 12,100 bu; December, 59⅛c; January, 59⅞c; May, 65c. Corn—Lower; receipts, 149,100 bu; shipments, 106,007; December, 33⅛c; January, 33⅛c; May, 35⅞@35⅝c. Oats—Lower; receipts, 39,600 bu; shipments, 17,787 bu; December, 28c; May, 30⅞c. PROVISIONS—Pork—Standard mess selling at $14.00; on orders, $14.50. Lard—Prime steam at 8c. Dry salt meats—Shoulders, 7¼c; longs, 6c; clear ribs, 6c; shorts, 6¼c.

Kansas City, Mo., Dec. 12.—GRAIN—Wheat by sample was ½ to 1c lower today and hard wheat sold slowly at the decline. Soft wheat was in good demand. Receipts were 99 cars, a year ago 125 cars. Oats were scarce and sold at unchanged prices. Receipts were 3 cars, a year ago 12 cars. Corn was in active demand at about ⅛c lower prices. Offerings of sample were light, but a good demand was bought to arrive by shippers. Receipts 98 cars; a year ago, 57 cars. The elevators took in today 30,988 bu of wheat, 18,180 bu of corn; loaded out, 5,581 bu of wheat, 16,378 bu of corn; leaving in store, 541,802 bu of wheat, 18,443 bu of corn, 23,776 bu of oats, and 8,965 bu of rye.

Philadelphia, Pa., Dec. 12.—GRAIN—Wheat—Steady; No. 2 red, 65¼@65½c; January, 66@66⅛c; February, 67⅜@68c; March, 69¾c. Corn—Options declined ⅛c. Local car lots were dull and ⅛c lower with more liberal offerings. No. 2 mixed, December, 43⅛@43½c; January, 42⅞@43⅛c; February, 43⅛@43⅜c; March, 43¾@44c. Oats—Car lots weak, under light demand, more liberal offerings. Futures dull, ⅛c lower; No. 2 white, December, 35⅛@36c; January, 35⅛@36c; February, 35¼@36⅛c; March, 36@36⅛c. RECEIPTS—Wheat—10,000 bu; corn, 12,500 bu; oats, 9,500 bu. SHIPMENTS—Wheat, 3,100 bu; corn, 4,800 bu; oats, 24,300 bu.

Toledo, O., Dec. 12.—GRAIN—Wheat—Receipts, 34,600 bu; shipments, 11,000 bu; easy; cash and December, 62c; May, 67⅛c; No. 2 white cash, 60c. Corn—Receipts, 98,000 bu; shipments, 5,500 bu; easy; No. 3 cash, 36c. Oats—Receipts, 1,000 bu; shipments, 400 bu; nominal. Rye—No trading. CLOVERSEED—Receipts, 600 bu; shipments, 250 bu; dull, firm; cash and December, $5.85; January, $5.90; February, $5.95; March, $6.00.

Peoria, Ill., Dec. 12.—GRAIN—Corn—Active; No. 2, 34⅛c; No. 3, 34⅛c; No. 4, 32⅛c. Oats—Active, firm; No. 2 white, 29⅛@30c; No. 3 white, 28⅜@29c. WHISKY—Firm; wines, $1.15; spirits, $1.37. Receipts, Corn, 118,300 bu; oats, 119,900 bu; rye, 600 bu; barley, 8,400 bu. Shipments—Corn, 33,200 bu; oats, 34,100 bu; rye, 12,000 bu; barley, 7,600 bu.

Buffalo, N. Y., Dec. 12.—GRAIN—Wheat—Spring scarce, unsettled; No. 1 hard, 71@71½c; No. 1 Northern, 70@70½c; winter dull; No. 2 red, 65¼c; No. 1 white, 65½c asked. Receipts, 80,000 bu; shipments, 109,500 bu.

PRODUCE MARKETS ABROAD.

The Demand for Breadstuffs Fair, That for Provisions Moderate.

Liverpool, Dec. 12.—BREADSTUFFS—Wheat firm, demand fair; No. 2 red spring, 5s 8½d. Corn—Spot and futures, demand good. Flour—Demand moderate. PROVISIONS—Lard—Spot, demand poor; futures, no demand. Pork—Demand moderate.

LOCAL LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Good Demand for Choice Cattle at Steady to Higher Prices—Hogs Go Lower.

Chicago receipts and shipments of live stock for dates mentioned:

Dates.	Cattle.	Calves.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Receipts—				
Monday, Dec. 11	14,738	936	38,265	9,799
Tuesday, Dec. 12	6,000	700	32,000	13,000
Week thus far	20,738	1,636	70,265	22,799
Same per'd last w'k	28,557	954	62,215	30,017
Same period 1892	32,432	1,167	78,643	26,602
Shipments—				
Monday, Dec. 11	2,870	4	8,014	872
Tuesday, Dec. 12	2,000	......	8,000	1,500
Week thus far	4,870	4	16,014	2,372
Same per'd last w'k	6,628	81	16,318	991
Same period 1892	8,115	337	17,968	3,219

Receipts Dec. 12 with comparisons at four markets:

Markets.	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Chicago	6,000	32,000	13,000
Kansas City	8,500	10,000	3,000
Omaha	4,000	6,000	600
St. Louis	5,200	6,700	1,000
Totals	23,700	54,700	17,600
Cor. day last week	24,400	45,100	14,400
Cor. day 1892	20,900	47,500	16,100
Cor. day 1891	14,500	69,500	4,700
Cor. day 1890	12,600	72,000	9,000
Cor. day 1889	13,700	37,500	10,000

Today's receipts are estimated at 37,000 hogs, 13,000 cattle, and 15,000 sheep, against 31,621 hogs, 17,025 cattle, and 17,074 sheep one week ago, and 26,228 hogs, 15,321 cattle, and 7,582 sheep one year ago.

CATTLE—Good light steers and native butcher stock met with a good demand at steady to higher prices, while heavy cattle of all descriptions sold slowly at barely steady prices. Quotations:

Christmas beeves	$6.10@6.75
Fancy native steers, 1,500@1,750 lbs	5.40@6.00
Choice to fancy steers, 1,300@1,500 lbs	4.45@5.15
Good to choice steers, 1,200@1,400 lbs	3.85@4.45
Fair to good steers, 1,100@1,300 lbs	3.60@4.15
Poor to fair steers, 900@1,100 lbs	3.00@3.55
Choice to extra cows and heifers	2.65@3.25
Fair to good cows and heifers	1.90@2.55
Inferior to fair canning cows	1.25@1.85
Stockers and feeders, 700@1,150 lbs	2.30@3.85
Native veal calves, 100@400 lbs	3.00@6.25
Texas steers, 800@1,200 lbs	2.60@3.35
Texas cows, bulls, and stags	1.65@2.85
Western rangers, steers	2.80@4.15
Western rangers, cows and heifers	2.20@3.35

HOGS—Many early sales were steady, but later prices declined fully 5c. Heavy sold at $4.80@5.40; bulk, at $5.10@5.20; mixed, $5.05@5.45; bulk, $5.20@5.30; light, $5.05@5.45; bulk, $5.20@5.35.

SHEEP—Trade was more active and the best grades sold a shade higher.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS ELSEWHERE.

New York, Dec. 12.—BEEVES—Receipts, 856 head; no trading, feeling steady. Shipments tomorrow, 2,638 quarters of beef. Dressed beef steady at 8¼@9c per lb for city dressed native sides. Calves—Receipts, 140 head. Market steady for veals, grassers weak and dull. Quotations at 5@8½c per lb for veals, grassers at 2@2½c. SHEEP AND LAMBS—Receipts, 3,029 head. Sheep steady, lambs dull and weak. Sheep sold at $2.50@3.00 per cwt; lambs at $4.00@4.75 for common to good. Dressed mutton dull at 5¼@7½c per lb; dressed lambs weak at 6½@8½c. HOGS—Receipts, 2,462 head. Market steady at $5.50@6.25 per cwt.

Sioux City, Ia., Dec. 12.—HOGS—Receipts, 2,000 head; official yesterday, 539 head; shipments, none. Market good; demand opened strong and higher; first sales, 5@7c higher; heavy and mixed packers, $5.10@5.15, mostly $5.12; good medium sold $5.15; closed heavy, $5.05@5.10. CATTLE—Receipts, 400 head; official yesterday, 244 head; shipments, 102. Market strong and active, with 5@10c advance; steers, $3.35, and fair to good, $2.60@2.92; fair cattle, $2.25@2.40; common, $2.00@2.25; good cows, $2.20@2.50; common, $1.65@2.10. Market closed active and steady at advance; choice cows sold $3.00.

Kansas City, Mo., Dec. 12.—HOGS—Receipts, 10,000; steady; light, $5.05@5.15; medium, $5.00@5.15; heavy, $4.90@5.00. CATTLE—Receipts, 8,000, steady; native steers, best, $5.00@5.75; fair to good, $3.60@5.00; cows and heifers best, $2.90@3.40; fair to good, $1.60@2.85; bulls, $1.90@2.25; stockers and feeders, $2.30@3.40; calves, $4.00@6.00. SHEEP—Receipts, 3,000; slow.

St. Louis, Mo., Dec. 12.—CATTLE—Receipts, 3,500 head; market active and steady. HOGS—Receipts, 5,000 head; market active, 5c higher; light, $5.00@5.25; mixed, $4.85@5.40; heavy, $4.90@5.40; butchers, $5.10@5.30. SHEEP—Receipts, 1,000 head; market firm.

Omaha, Neb., Dec. 12.—CATTLE—Receipts, 4,000; slow, lower; feeders, $2.25@3.50; cows, $2.20@3.00; common, $1.25@2.20. HOGS—Receipts, 6,000; closed weak; best, $5.20; light mixed, $5.05@5.20, heavy, $5.00@5.15; pigs, $4.00@4.75.

Steamer's Mate Attacks the Engineer.

PORTSMOUTH, O., Dec. 12.—[Special.]—Henry Alcorn, mate on the steamer Reliance, this evening attacked the engineer of the boat Henry Williams with a knife. During the absence of the mate from the boat on a visit to his family at Vanceburg the engineer occupied his cabin. This caused the attack. At Bruce's Landing Alcorn left the boat and disappeared in the hills. Sheriff Gustin has inaugurated a vigorous search for the man. Williams will probably die.

NEW MOTIVE POWER.

ELEVATED RAILWAYS CONSIDERING INTRODUCTION OF ELECTRICITY.

Cheaper Operating Expenses Demanded—Annual Report of the Schoenhofen Brewing Company—Comparisons Between the Chicago Brewing and Malting Company and the Milwaukee Breweries—Dull Stock Market—Fair Investment Demand for Bonds.

There is fair prospect that the elevated railroads will before a great while abandon steam power in favor of electricity. Officials of the Alley Elevated railroad are now considering such a move and while they have not gone far enough in the matter to warrant anything definite being given out, it can be asserted positively that some of the influential directors are decidedly in favor of the change. The same question is also in the minds of the Lake Street Elevated officers. It is said that the success of electricity for the motive power of elevated railroads was fully enough demonstrated by the Intramural road at the Fair to bring the question up sharply before the managers of elevated lines. Some of the Alley Elevated officers believe it to be possible to introduce the cable system on the elevated road and that operating expenses would be greatly cut down by doing that. The Metropolitan Elevated has been going ahead on the supposition that steam locomotives would be used, but it is said that they, too, may possibly change those plans. Some of the people interested in elevated railroad securities believe that there is much to look forward to in the way of economies to be effected by a change in the motive power.

The annual report of the Peter Schoenhofen Brewing company for the year ending Sept. 30 states that the sales of beer during the year are 192,008 brls, being an increase of 9,985 brls over the previous year. The net profits of the American company amount to £65,136. Owing to the growth of the business and the consequent large expenditure on improvements and the necessity of making advances on the security of tied houses it is desirable that the American company should retain as large an amount of working capital as possible. The sum of £23,984 has, therefore, been carried to reserve fund, which now stands at £56,048, and dividends have been declared, the amount of which receivable by this company is £41,140. After adding transfer fees and deducting London expenses and interest on debentures, the amount available for dividend is £29,023. The interim dividend paid in April last required £17,000, and the directors now recommend the declaration of a dividend at the rate of 7 per cent per annum on the preference shares and of 5 per cent per annum on the ordinary shares for the six months ending Sept. 30, 1893, respectively, which will absorb £12,000, leaving £23 to be carried forward. The interim dividend on the ordinary shares having been at the rate of 10 per cent per annum, the dividend for the full year is thus at the rate of 7½ per cent.

Some comparisons between the reports of the Chicago Brewing and Malting company and the Milwaukee and Chicago breweries, now that the two reports are out, may not be uninteresting. In making these comparisons the relative capitalization of the two companies should be kept in mind. The capital stock of the Chicago Brewing and Malting company is £625,000 preferred stock and £625,000 common stock. The Milwaukee and Chicago Breweries are capitalized at £775,000 common and preferred stock. The output of the Chicago Brewing and Malting company was 472,951 brls and of the Milwaukee and Chicago company 736,473 brls. It will be seen that the output of the Milwaukee company is much greater compared with its capitalization than the Chicago Brewing and Malting. Taking the gross profits, before any deductions are made except for wages, material, revenue stamps, and general expenses, and the comparison is $1,279,735 for the Chicago Brewing and Malting and $1,537,880 for the Milwaukee and Chicago company. Dividing those profits by the number of barrels manufactured shows the average profit per barrel. The showing is decidedly favorable to the Chicago Brewing and Malting company, the gross profits per barrel by that company being $2.70, against $2.08 by the Milwaukee and Chicago company. It will be seen that the year would have been an extraordinarily profitable one for the stockholders of the Chicago and Milwaukee Brewing company had business been so conducted as to make profits per barrel as great as in the case of the Chicago Brewing and Malting company. In this connection, however, it must be remembered that some portion of the profits of the Chicago company arises from the malting business alone, and as the report makes no separation of the income it is not possible to make an exact comparison. The amount charged off to depreciation by the Chicago company was $127,760, against $252,359 by the Milwaukee Brewery. The amount charged to repairs by the Chicago company was $91,517, against $108,488 by the Milwaukee. It would seem that the charge to depreciation by the Milwaukee company was an unduly large one, being almost exactly double the similar charge by the Chicago Brewing and Malting company.

The stock market continued excessively dull, and the dullness brings some small declines in quotations. There was little trading in any stock yesterday, and with few exceptions the closing quotations marked fractional declines. The new issue of West Chicago Street railroad stock will come into the hands of stockholders tomorrow, and the market is watching that event with some interest. The general opinion is, however, that this issue of stock has been pretty thoroughly digested in advance of its actual issue, and that there will be small effect in the market from the final distribution of the shares. Quotations for West Side yesterday opened at 148¾ and advanced to 149¾. Part of this advance was lost, however, and the market closed at 148¾. There were but a few shares of North Side traded in, and not enough to establish a market of any kind.

The elevated railroad stocks were dull and a shade heavy. There is an interesting difference in the quotation for Lake street stock which may be delivered now and the stock which is locked up in the hands of the trustee and not to be liberated until next spring. The stock in the hands of the trustee is offered as low as 25. Strawboard was strong yesterday, advancing to 33.

At the bank counters it is said that the investment demand for bonds continues to be excellent. But there is not much in evidence of that in the stock market. That is not unusual, however, for the small investor usually goes to the bond dealer rather than to the open market.

Sales yesterday were as follows:

SALES FIRST CALL—10:30 A. M.

2 C&SSRT Co.. 44	10 L S E R R........ 27¾
58 do........ 43½	50 do act........ 27¾
9 Dia M Co. Ill....134	50 M & C B Co act.. 26
100 do act........134	20 do........ 26
9 L S E R R........ 27¾	

BONDS

$2000 W Chi St R R 1st mtg 5s........101

SALES BETWEEN CALLS.

48 Dia M Co Ill. act.134	50 W C S RR Co act.149½
57 C&SSRT Co... 43½	20 do........149
35 W C St R R........148¾	50 do act........149¾
50 do act........149	10 M & C B Co pfd.. 36
3 do........149	30 M & C B Co........ 26
50 do act........149¼	150 Am S T B Co........ 31½
50 do act........149½	30 L St El R R........ 27¾
10 do........149	5 N Chi St R R Co.247½

SALES SECOND CALL—2 P. M.

10 C C Ry........330	15 L St E R R........ 27¾
11 M & C B Co........ 26	50 Am S T B Co act. 32

BONDS.

$1000 Chi Gas Lt & Coke Co 5s........86¾

SALES AFTER CALLS.

15 C&SSRT Co.. 43¾	50 W C St R R act..148¾
100 do act........ 43¾	50 do act........148¾
50 M & C B Co pfd... 35½	50 do act........148¾
10 L St El R R........ 27¾	58 Am S T B Co........ 32
110 M & C B Co........ 26	50 do act........ 32¾
15 W C St R R........148¾	175 do........ 33

No further engagements of gold were announced yesterday, and the sterling market in New York seemed to be a shade easier in consequence of the gold shipments. The discount rate in London declined slightly. In the local market the free supply of bills which was noted Monday did not continue, and the market yesterday seemed to be almost bare of offerings, with a good demand. Closing quotations for exchange were as follows:

	Sixties.	Demand.
Posted	485½	488½
Actual	485	487½
Documentary	483¾	486½

Clearings at the principal cities of the United States yesterday and a week ago were:

	Dec. 12.	Dec. 5.
New York	$ 97,253,010	$102,272,367
Chicago	14,657,656	16,905,821
Boston	16,040,101	15,971,389
Philadelphia	11,063,372	12,045,850
St. Louis	3,636,988	4,333,903
Baltimore	2,105,262	2,748,274
New Orleans	3,653,230	2,948,301

New York exchange was quoted as follows: Chicago, 75@80c premium; Boston, par per $1,000; St. Louis, 90c premium.

STOCK MARKET CLOSES HIGHER.

A Strange Situation on the Exchange—The Business of the Country Good.

NEW YORK, Dec. 12.—[Special.]—After all the bear hurrahs and all the bear industry over St. Paul's reduced earnings and over gold exports, the stock market closes tonight higher than it did yesterday. It is a strange situation on the Stock Exchange. Everybody is bearish. All the talkers are on that side. And here and there come occasionally developments to help that side along. But stocks do not go down, except when marked down on short sales by speculators who have only certainty in their operations and that the certainty that they must buy back what they sell, for they sell what they have not got. The gold export bugaboo is being worked for a good deal more than it is worth. If Europe is so anxious to get funds from here that it will pay more for our money than we can get for it at home it hardly represents discomfort, unhappiness, or bad business that their high bids are accepted. We have so much cash now that our banks are as a fact congested. We can spare gold. We are the only country on earth that can. That is no bear point on the United States. In all the bear noise we have no attention given to the telling part that bank clearings—taking in the whole country—show a regular and important gain. This has been true ever since the panic of July. Here and there are exceptionally situated houses where business stands still—places like Denver and some of James Hill's far-Western boom towns—but as a whole the country's bank clearings are rising. There is no safer index of business conditions.

H. ALLAWAY.

NO NEWS TO AFFECT STOCK PRICES.

Inactivity of Quotations, However, Not a Sign of Weakness.

NEW YORK, Dec. 12.—[Special.]—The Wall street market reached today a pitch of inactivity quite without recent parallel. It was not, however, weak, and yesterday's professional attack on prices fizzled out completely. From London came a good share of the forenoon's meager purchases, and London's early prices were substantially above those here. No news arrived today to affect the general course of prices. Another Italian banking failure of considerable local importance merely emphasized the known prostration of credit throughout the south of Europe. Not influenced at all by this event, the London rate for discounts yielded slightly, and the change was also reflected in a fractional sagging off of sterling rates. This change, however, was only slight, and was not regarded as a factor sufficient to check the gold export movement. The gold, in view of the present situation, will cease to go only when one of two events takes place: a relative increase in the need of money here, reflected in a rise of local discounts, or the completion of the German demand for money, reflected in a fall of the Berlin rate. As yet neither phenomenon has in any degree developed. Two or three stocks furnished today all that there was of noteworthy market movement. General Electric recovered rather sharply on traders buying placed in a market devoid of selling orders. New England stock sold down, chiefly because the people who lately bought for voting purposes at tomorrow's special meeting are registered against the closing of the books, and hence need to keep their stock. Exaggerated reports concerning the Louisville freight men's strike caused a reaction in this stock, which wiped out the advance made earlier on the earnings statement for the first week of December. There is material for encouragement in the majority of these returns, all of which contrast curiously with yesterday's St. Paul statement. Atchison stock and bonds were strong on practically official information that all interests due Jan. 1 will be paid and that the company's finances have been placed in good shape. Benedict's brokers were the principal buyers of Chicago Gas. The officers of the Kansas and Texas company are somewhat vexed at the fact that the new Missouri bridge has not yet been opened and President Rouse has gone west to inquire into the matter. The stock was bought today on the continued increase in earnings, although the through business is still being turned over the Missouri Pacific at Sedalia. The controlling interests in the company have assured heavy holders of the securities that the February coupon on the seconds will be paid, and this assurance caused the strength in those bonds.

Money on call has been easy, ranging from 1 to 1½, last loan at 1½, and closing offered at 1½. Prime mercantile paper, 3¾@4½ per cent; bar silver, 69⅝; Mexican dollars, 56⅝; sterling exchange is easier, with actual business in bankers' bills at 484¼@484½ for sixty days and 487@487¼ for demand. Posted rates, 485½@488½; commercial bills, 483¼@483¾, sixty days, and 485¼@486¼ demand. Government bonds firm. State bonds higher.

Railway and miscellaneous bonds were firm. The sales were $1,936,000. Atchison 4s rose 1¼, to 72½; do seconds 1¼, to 39½; Erie extension 1¾, to 109¾; Richmond and Allegheny consol seconds 2¾, to 82; General Electric debenture 5s 1½, to 72½; Kansas and consols 1½, to 92; Wabash debentures series B 2¾, to 25 and Wisconsin Central incomes 2, to 14; Denver and Rio Grande 5s fell 1½, to 74; Toledo, Peoria and Western firsts 2, to 84½, and Oregon Improvement firsts 1, to 98; Peoria, Decatur and Evansville dropped 5, to 80.

SALES AND QUOTATIONS ON THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Description.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Closing—Dec 12	Closing—Dec 11
Atchison	7,305	20⅛	19⅜	19¾	19⅝
Am. Cotton Oil	900	29½	29½	29½	29
Am. Sugar	15,967	83¾	82½	83½	82⅞
Do pfd	406	83½	82	83	82¾
Am. Tobacco	1,220	78¾	74¼	78¾	74
Do pfd	100	90	90	90	90
Baltimore & Ohio	200	72⅛	72⅛	72⅛	......
C., B. & Q.	7,128	78½	77⅜	78¼	78⅛
C. & N. W.	1,000	103⅜	103⅛	103½	103⅜
C., M. & St. P.	19,291	63⅛	62¾	63⅛	62⅞
C., R. I. & P.	1,293	68¼	67⅞	68	67⅞
C., St. P., M. & O pfd.	125	116⅛	115	116⅛	......
Ches. & Ohio	800	19	18¾	19	18¾
Colo. Fuel & I.	510	25½	24½	25⅛	23
C., C., C. & St. L.	860	38⅛	37⅞	38⅛	37½
Can. Pac	100	73⅛	73⅛	73⅛	74
Columbus & H. V.	100	21⅜	21⅜	21⅜	21½
Con. Gas (N. Y.)	265	126	126	126	127
Chicago Gas	8,450	66⅛	65⅛	66⅜	66
Den. & Rio G. pfd.	300	32	31⅞	32	32
Dist. & C. F. Co	9,760	28⅜	27½	28⅛	28⅛
E. & T. H	300	66½	66¼	66½	65
Edison	100	97⅛	97¼	97⅛	......
General Electric	13,760	36⅜	35	36	35
Ill. Cent	242	93	93	93	93
Iowa Cent	100	7⅛	7¼	7⅛	8½
Lake Shore	533	127	126¾	126⅛	126½
Louis. & Nash.	1,620	50⅛	49⅞	49⅞	49⅝
Long Island	100	101	101	101	......
L. N. A. & C.	100	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜	10
Do pfd	326	40⅛	40⅛	40⅛	41
M., K. & T.	300	13⅞	13⅞	13⅞	13½
Do pfd	1,700	25⅛	25⅛	25½	24⅛
Manhattan	200	127	127	127	127
Mo. Pacific	650	25	24⅝	25	24⅛
N. Y. & N. E.	10,720	30	28⅜	29⅛	30
Nor. Pacific	260	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛
Do pfd	300	22⅛	21⅜	21⅜	21⅞
N. Y., L. E. & W.	820	15⅜	14⅞	15⅜	14⅞
N. Y. Central	400	101⅜	101⅜	101⅛	102
Nor. & W. pfd	100	21½	21½	21½	......
N. Y., Ont. & W.	875	17	17	17	17
Nat. Linseed	1,300	26⅛	24	26⅛	23⅛
Nat. Lead	2,380	24⅛	24	24⅛	24
Do pfd	2,537	71	69	69	69
Nat. Cordage	100	19⅜	19⅜	19⅜	19⅛
Do pfd	107	43⅛	43⅛	43⅛	42⅛
Phil. & Reading	9,000	21⅝	20	20⅜	20⅜
Pullman	200	171	171	171	......
Rich. Term	620	2⅞	2⅛	2⅜	2⅞
So. Pacific	600	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	20⅞
St. P. & Dul. pfd.	200	88	88	88	......
Tex. Pacific	200	8⅜	8	8⅛	8
Tenn. Coal	300	16⅞	16⅛	16⅞	16⅞
Union Pacific	1,400	21½	21⅛	21⅛	20⅜
U. S. Rubber	473	45	44⅛	45	42
Do pfd	50	89½	89½	89½	88½
Wabash	110	7	7	7	7
Do pfd	900	16	15½	16	15½
Western Union	9,061	88⅞	87⅝	88⅜	88

EXPRESS STOCKS.

Adams........150	Fargo........125
American........114	United States........53

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

U. S. 4s reg........113¾	U. S. 2s........95½
U. S. 4s coup........114¾	

BOND TRANSACTIONS.

10 A. M. TO 3 P. M.

40000 AT&SF4s....71¾@72½	2000 MK&T1st........79¾
120000 A T & S F 2d 4s Class A......38½@39½	30000 MK&T2ds....45¾@46
2000 A&Pgtd 4s........58	10000 M&SL 1st-Ia Ex..106
10000 CNJ1st c of 1899..113½	19000 Met E 2d........107½
5000 CNJgm5s........114	8000 NYS&W 1st r 5s..106
3000 CNJreg 5s........102	17000 NPcon 5s......32@32¾
7000 CNJg m 5s rg....112	6000 NR of Cal 5s.....92¾
1000 CS1st gt........109	8000 NYC&StL4s..97¾@97⅞
7000 C&Ogn4½s...76¼@76½	10000 NYO&W ref4s....84½
10000 C&O-R& A div 1st cn........85½	5000 N P1st rg........109
5000 C&O-R & A div 2d cn 4s........82	21000 NYLE&Wn2d cn........75⅛@75½
7000 CB&Qcn7s........122¾	10000 ORIm cn 5s....54@54½
3000 C B & Q-Ia div 4s. 94	5000 OR&N col tr 5s.... 69
4000 CB&Q Nebex 4s.... 87	5000 OR&N1st........110
5000 C&E I gn 5s........99½	10000 OSL6s........82½
1000 C&N W cn 7s........138¼	3000 OSlst........96¼
1000 L&NW25-yr db 5s..104	5000 PG &C of C 2d gt........99½@99¾
59000 C&NP1st......45@46	4000 PG &CC 1st cn 6s 89½
14000 CRI&P5scp..102@102¼	5000 PD&E1st-Ediv.... 80
20000 CSPM&Ocn........120	53000 P&R1st inc........34½
13000 CM4s........42@42¼	14000 P&Rgm4s.......72¼@72¾
1000 C&WIgm........115	1000 P&Wis........87¼
10000 CC6s........104	16000 RG&W1st.....72½@73
5000 D&H cp of 1894...104¼	4000 RW&Ocn........113
3000 D&RG Imp 5s.... 74	4000 SLK&NRE&R7s........105¼@105¼
10000 D&RG4s........ 80	2000 SPM&M1st-ME4s.89
1000 EL&BS 5s........90¼	14000 SLA&TH2d p in.103¼
1000 Erie 4th mg........109½	5000 SLJ&G I 1st........68¼
40000 EGLCNY5s.106@106¼	10000 SP of NM1st........97¼
12000 FW&DC1st........71¼	40000 T&P1st 5s.....75@75½
5000 GH&SA-M&P1s5s 90½	5000 T&P2d........20
10000 GEdeb5s........72½	20000 TP&W4s.......84½@86
5000 H&TCgm4s........65½	8000 T&NO con 5s........91¼
20000 IllC4s-1952........99½	1000 UP 1st of '96........104
5000 KP6s1895........104	6000 UP 6s of '98........106
1000 KP 1st cn........92	7000 V M gm gt stp.... 73
2000 LE&Wist 5s........113	25000 Va fund deb2-3 of 1901........56¼@57
2000 L&N-P&A 1s........95	5000 WU7s db of '75 rg112
30000 L S & M S 2d cp..121	1000 Wab1st 5s........103¼
10000 Laclede Gas 1st.. 84¼	29000 Wab2d m 5s...75@75¾
1000 L I gm 4s........98	5000 Wab db-SrB........25
5000 L&Ngm 6s...112@113	4000 WNY&P1st........103
1000 L&N-P&A 1st........95	5000 WisC Inc........14
1000 M Ccn 7s........121	8000 WS gtd 4s........103¼
1000 M&SP8s 1st........116¼	2000 WSgt 4s rg........102½
2000 M&N1st 1913 cn...112¼	

BOSTON.

BOSTON, Mass., Dec. 12.—Stock sales and quotations:

Description.	Sales.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Atchison	4,270	19¾	20⅛	19⅝	20
Amn. Sugar	1,350	83⅜	83⅞	82⅞	83¼
Do pfd	200	81½	81⅞	81⅝	81¼
C., B. & Q.	675	78¾	78⅞	78	78⅞
Chicago Junc. Ry.	365	93	95	93	95
Do pfd	150	94½	94½	94½	94½
Genl. Electric	3,850	35	36⅜	35	36
Mex. Cent.	50	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞
Pullman	25	173	173	173	173

Bonds:	
25000 Atch 4s...70@70¾	10000 Junc 5s........100¼
1000 do 2ds........38¼	4000 Gen Elec 5s.... 71
20000 C B & Q 7s........119½@119¾	4000 Gas 1st 5s.... 75
	8000 Gas 2ds........ 56

MINING STOCKS.

BOSTON, Mass., Dec. 12.—Allouez Mining company (new), $40.00 bid; Atlantic, $11.00; Boston and Montana, $27.50; Calumet and Hecla, $295.00 bid; Franklin, $12.00 bid; Kearsarge, $7.75 bid; Osceola, $29.75; Quincy, $125.00; Tamarack, $154.00 bid.

NEW YORK, Dec. 12.—Deadwood, 80c; Eureka Consolidated, 10c; Gould and Curry, $1.00; Homestake, $8.75; Horn Silver, $2.60; Iron Silver, 10c; Mexican, $1.00; Ontario, $5.50; Ophir, $1.55; Plymouth, 10c; Sierra Nevada, $1.20; Savage, 60c; Standard, $1.00.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Dec. 12.—Alta, 25c asked; Bulwer, 10c; Best & Belcher, $2.20; Bodie Consolidated, 30c; Chollar, 50c; Consolidated California & Virginia, $3.45; Crown Point, 60c; Gould & Curry, $1.10 asked; Hale & Norcross, 80c asked; Mexican, $1.65; Mono, 15c; Ophir, $1.60; Potosi, 60c; Savage, 60c asked; Sierra Nevada, $1.35 asked; Union Consolidated, $1.00; Utah, 10c; Yellow Jacket, 90c.

MONETARY MATTERS AT LONDON.

Silver Unchanged and Uncertain—Firmness in American Stocks.

LONDON, Dec. 12.—Silver was unchanged today, but uncertain in tone. Action by the Indian Government to support exchange is rumored in connection with an import duty on silver bullion. The spot price in India is 1 per cent above the price for delivery next week, and 2 per cent above that of the following week. Rupee paper has fallen to 65⅜d. The markets were dull today except for the firmness in Americans, Atchison and Erie both rising on reports of their favorable financial outlook. Foreign stocks were flat because the bear account is much ucederd.

To Force the Arrest of Jones.

Henry F. Pearson has filed a petition in the Circuit Court for a mandamus on Sheriff Gilbert to compel the latter official to execute a commitment issued by a notary, Jennie T. Waters, which requires the Sheriff to place Owen W. Jones, general manager of the Piano Manufacturing company, in jail for a refusal to answer questions put to him by her. The petitioner is under indictment in Kansas City on a charge of embezzlement preferred against him by the Piano company. Jones had been taken before Judge Baker on a charge of contempt of court, but immediately was released.

Always the Lowest.

One price—and that invariably the lowest—on all grades of pianos at W. W. Kimball Co.'s, Wabash, near Jackson.

BRINGS SUIT TO GET A $10,000 DRAFT.

Contracting Company Plaintiff in a Case Against an Express Company.

A replevin suit has been commenced by the Northwestern Contracting company in the Circuit Court to get possession of a draft for $10,041 which the company claims is withheld from it by the United States Express company. The draft was drawn by George A. Bartell, disbursing clerk of the Treasury Department at Washington, on the Assistant Treasurer in Chicago in favor of the Northwestern Contracting company. The matter came before Judge Baker, and the attorneys for the plaintiff said the Express company claimed the right to collect a sum of about $800 before the delivery of the draft. Judge Baker placed the bond at $2,000.

Court Calls for Today.

UNITED STATES COURTS—JUDGE SEAMAN—Law—Nos. 61, 63, 51, 68, 72, 20, 79, 80, 55. No. 50 on trial.

JUDGE ALLEN—Cases from Judge Seaman's calendar. No. 37 on trial.

JUDGE GROSSCUP—Chancery. No. 222 set for trial.

JUDGE GIBBONS (Judge Tuthill's calendar)—Nos. 4,173, 4,201, 4,381, 4,400, 4,404, 4,419, 4,430, 4,440, 4,459, 4,489, 4,522, 4,534, 4,562, 4,567, 4,599, 4,600.

JUDGE HANECY (Judge Dunne's calendar)—Nos. 573, 1,041, 1,148, 1,236, 1,239, 1,242, 1,246, 1,253, 1,289, 1,291, 1,313, 1,333, 1,409, 1,051.

JUDGE DUNNE—Will sit in chambers and hear submitted cases from above call.

JUDGE BAKER—Nos. 3,444, 3,448, 3,478, 3,514. No. 1,531½ on trial.

JUDGE BURKE (Judge Windes' calendar)—No. 210 on trial.

JUDGE PAYNE (Judge Kettelle's calendar)—Nos. 6,877, 911, 913, 964, 971, 1,022, 1,028, 1,033, 1,081, 1,082, 1,085, 426, 543, 1,083, 1,087, 1,093, 1,142, 1,145, 1,148, 1,150.

JUDGE CLIFFORD—Nos. 1,329, 610, 1,475, 1,485, 1,500. No. 969 on trial. First call of cases from No. 351 to 400.

JUDGE SMITH—Will sit in chambers and hear submitted cases from above call.

JUDGE ADAMS—No. 120,473. No. 250 on trial.

JUDGE BLANKE (Judge Goggin's business)—Nos. 1,250, 1,306, 1,014, 1,258, 1,310, 1,313, 1,316, 1,374, 1,375, 289, 138. No. 1,018 on trial.

JUDGE HUTCHINSON—Nos. 278, 280, 284, 331, 333, 337, 342, 343, 393, 394, 395, 402, 403, 404, 405, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 631.

JUDGE SEARS—Will sit in chambers and hear submitted cases from above call.

JUDGE STEIN—Nos. 10, 11, 3, 5. No. 9 on hearing.

JUDGE EWING—10 a. m.—Motions of course. No. 1,141 on hearing.

JUDGE HORTON—No. 5 on hearing.

JUDGE MCCONNELL—Nos. 6,848.

JUDGE WINDES (Judge Tuley's business)—Set motion No. 124,353. Contested motions. Nos. 22, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53.

JUDGE SCALES (County Court)—10 a. m.—Preliminary call of law calendar, to be followed by remainder of short cause calendar. 11,109, 10,922, 10,492, 10,739. Morgan Park Special No. 78. 2. p. m.—11,046, In re J. H. Pank. No. 11,418.

JUDGE KOHLSAAT—General business.

JUDGE FREEMAN—Branch No. 2, Criminal Court—453, 1,424, 1,350, 1,202, 1,389, 1,392, 1,393.

Second District Appellate Court.

OTTAWA, Ill., Dec. 12.—[Special.]—Proceedings in the Second District Appellate Court today were:

Simons vs. Hawley. Motion by appelle for time to file briefs.

McLeod vs. Sharp. Same motion.

McCormick vs. Coe. Stipulation to correct transcript.

Grier vs. Cable. Motion by appellee for time to file briefs.

Delbridge vs. Young. Motion for leave to assign errors.

Stewart vs. Boehme. Motion for leave to assign errors.

Joliet Sheet Rolling Mill Co. vs. Bates Manufacturing Co. Motion to dismiss on short record.

Roll vs. Donnelly. Motion for leave to prosecute as poor person.

Opinions were filed in these cases:

McDonald vs. The People; affirmed.

Board of Supervisors of Rock Island County vs. People; reversed and remanded.

Looney vs. City of Joliet; reversed and remanded.

McBride vs. McClure; affirmed.

Helmuth vs. Bell; affirmed.

Illinois Central Railroad Company vs. Gushel; affirmed.

Aiday vs. Kenworthy; affirmed.

Barnard vs. Reynolds; affirmed.

Great Western Telegraph Company vs. Haight; reversed and remanded.

Spear vs. Detrich; affirmed.

Colley vs. Harding; affirmed.

Loucher vs. Seyfarth; affirmed.

Bicker vs. Schiller; reversed and remanded.

Dunke vs. Schlotfeldt; reversed and remanded.

Town of Fenton vs. Peters; reversed and remanded.

Rutt vs. Shuler; reversed and remanded.

Herrick vs. Lynch; affirmed.

M. M. and M. Company vs. Regnier; reversed and remanded.

Maxwell vs. Willett; reversed and remanded.

Balcom vs. Michels; reversed and remanded.

Barrows vs. City of Sycamore; affirmed.

Glidden vs. Pooler; reversed and remanded.

Phenix Insurance Company vs. Stewart; reversed.

City of Joliet vs. McCraney; affirmed.

Graves vs. Whitney; reversed and remanded.

Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railway Company vs. Pratt; affirmed.

Hogan vs. Donohue; reversed and remanded.

Niagara Fire-Insurance Company vs. Bishop; affirmed.

Lyons vs. Worcester; reversed.

Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Company vs. Kendall; affirmed.

Coalrun and Coal Company vs. Giles; reversed and remanded.

Hercules Iron Works vs. Hummer; reversed and remanded.

Mann vs. Mann; reversed and remanded.

Harrison vs. Mann; affirmed.

Tibbits vs. C., R. I. and P. Ry. Co.; reversed and remanded.

Hart vs. Morgan; judgment modified.

Willmeyer vs. Willmeyer; reversed and remanded.

Lindgren vs. Swartz; affirmed.

Hulke vs. Tollman; reversed and remanded.

City of Joliet vs. Blower; affirmed.

Economy Light and Power Company vs. Cutting; affirmed.

Kimmel vs. Frazier; reversed and remanded.

Bennett vs. Great Western Telegraph Company; reversed and remanded.

Fort Clark Street Railway vs. E. Baugh; reversed.

Deckeson vs. Garland; affirmed.

Sheen vs. Peoria *Journal* Company; affirmed.

Gallsbrough vs Gable; affirmed.

Blake vs. City of Pontiac; affirmed.

Dionne vs. Matzenbaugh; reversed and remanded.

Illinois River Paper Company vs. Alberto; reversed and remanded.

Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank vs. Spear; affirmed in part, reversed in part.

Boynton vs. Holcomb; reversed and remanded.

Boynton vs. Pierce; affirmed.

Higgins vs. Lessig; reversed and remanded.

M'ller vs. Davis; reversed and remanded.

City of Abingdon vs. McGrew; affirmed.

Bick vs. Collins; affirmed.

Sharp vs. Babcock; affirmed.

McAmore vs. Wiley; reversed and remanded.

Vandervoort vs. Rockford Insurance Company; affirmed.

Moller vs. Barret; affirmed.

Illinois Central Railway Company vs. People; affirmed.

Illinois Central Railway Company vs. People; reversed and remanded.

Illinois Central Railway Company vs. People; affirmed.

Illinois Central Railway Company vs. Simmons; affirmed.

Demme & Derkes Furniture Company vs. McCabe; reversed and remanded.

City of Streeter vs. Hamilton; reversed and remanded.

Hayes vs. Village of Dwight; reversed and remanded.

Brederman vs. Brown; affirmed.

Danforth vs. Clarey; reversed.

Duval vs. Duval; affirmed.

Village of Gilbert vs. Rabe; reversed and remanded.

Mann vs. Peed; reversed and remanded.

Cleveland, Columbus, Cincinnati and St. Louis Railway vs. Ducharme; reversed and remanded.

Court adjourned until 10 o'clock tomorrow.

Third District Appellate Court.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Dec. 12.—[Special.]—The Third District Appellate Court today reversed and remanded the case of Fred M. Grant et al., trustees of Olive Branch Lodge, I. O. O. F., vs. Samuel A. Langstaff, appealed from the City Court of Canton. In this case Langstaff, a member of Olive Branch Lodge, claimed sick benefits from his lodge. The lodge disputed the claim and refused to pay it, whereupon Langstaff brought suit in the City Court of Canton and obtained a judgment for the amount alleged to be due him. The rules of the order provide in such cases for an appeal to the Grand Lodge, but Langstaff took no such appeal, and the Appellate Court holds that in a controversy of this character all the remedies provided by the order itself must be exhausted before the aggrieved party may seek a remedy in the courts.

Proceedings in the Appellate Court, Third District, today were as follows:

Woolverton vs. Sumner; motion by appellee for leave to file additional brief instanter.

Neal vs. Short; suggestion of death of appellee, with proof of death by attorney for appellee; also suggestion of death of appellee by attorney for appellant, with proof and motion to set proof, John W. Short and Emily J. Short, his executors.

Walker vs. Walker; motion by appellee for leave to file additional record and to tax costs of same against the appellant; also motion by appellee to affirm the decree of said cause for failure of appellant to file briefs under the rule.

Pratt et al. vs. Paris Gaslight and Coke Company; motion for appeal to Supreme Court.

Miller et al. vs. The People ex rel. Simon; motion by appellant for appeal to the Supreme Court; motion denied.

Faith vs. Yokum; judgment affirmed.

Kinney vs. People use, etc.; judgment affirmed.

Nappin vs. Abbott; judgment affirmed.

McPherson et al. vs. Wood, admr.; decree affirmed.

Adjourned to 9 a. m. tomorrow.

United States Supreme Court.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 12.—[Special.]—In the Supreme Court of the United States today David B. Hill of Albany, N. Y.; U. S. Ackerly of Northport, N. Y.; and Charles B. Street of Huntington, N. Y., were admitted to practice.

683—Milton L. Baer, plaintiff in error, vs. Moran Bros. Company; motion to advance submitted by Mr. J. H. Mitchell in support of motion.

165—The Union Pacific Railway Company, plaintiff in error, vs. William Daniels; passed, subject to the provisions of the twenty-sixth rule, upon suggestion of death of William Daniels, the defendant in error, on motion of Mr. John F. Dillon in behalf of counsel for defendant in error.

168—The Bay City Street Railway Company, plaintiff in error, vs. Robbins B. Taylor et al.; in error to the Supreme Court of the State of Michigan; dismissed with costs pursuant to the tenth rule.

154—W. L. Miller et al., appellants, vs. The Eagle Manufacturing Company. Argument continued by Mr. George H. Christy for the appellee and concluded by Mr. John T. Morgan for the appellants.

113—Ella V. Hardenbergh et al., plaintiffs in error, vs. Thomas L. Ray et al. Argument commenced by Mr. Henry B. B. Stapler for the plaintiffs in error and continued by Mr. J. H. Mitchell for the defendants in error.

Adjourned until tomorrow at 12 o'clock. The day call for Wednesday, Dec. 13, will be as follows: Nos. 113, 161, 162, 163, 164, 166, 167, 135, 169, and 170.

Michigan Supreme Court.

LANSING, Mich., Dec. 12.—[Special.]—In the Michigan Supreme Court today the following case was submitted: Burns et al. vs. Coakey et al.

Call for Wednesday—179, 180, 181, 183, 184, 185, 186, 188, 189.

Baltimore's Fire Department Under Fire.

BALTIMORE, Md., Dec. 12.—[Special.]—The Underwriters' Association has begun an investigation of the fire department of this city. It is charged that at the big fire here two weeks ago there was careless management, and had the men been handled better the losses would not have been so heavy.

INSURANCE AFFAIRS.

OPPOSITION TO THE "EXCEPTED CITIES" COMMISSION RULE.

It Builds Up the Brokerage System and Adds to the Companies' Expenses—Prospects That W. T. Stewart & Co. Will Get the Saginaw Valley—An Iowa Company Resumes—Improbability of a Serious Rate War in Milwaukee—Notes of Interest to Underwriters.

A prominent manager whose views for special reasons are of interest on the proposed action of the union writes as follows: "There is much opposition to the proposed 'Excepted Cities' commission rule of the Western Union. It is that 15 per cent be allowed to all agents on all business, and that an extra 10 per cent be allowed when the risk comes to an agent through a broker. Already agency firms are trying to make deals with companies to let one member of the firm be the agent and the other a broker, thus enabling the agent to collect 25 per cent on all business. The proposed rule puts a premium on the building up of the brokerage system, and it puts at a disadvantage the agent who controls direct most of the business he writes as compared with the agent who sits in his office and writes what is placed with him by brokers. No one can deny that the direct business is the most desirable for the company and costs the agent most to handle, and yet this proposed rule makes the company pay most for brokerage business. Many prominent underwriters feel that the solution of the matter is to agree on some commission for all business, and 20 per cent to cover all local expenses, including postage, rent, taxes, State, local, and local board, has been suggested as being fair and likely to make the agents see that no money is wasted by rating associations," etc.

Local Agency Appointments.

Considerable interest has been aroused by the announcement in THE TRIBUNE that A. R. Edwards had arranged for an application to the local board under a sole agency appointment. This is principally from the belief among agents that Mr. Edwards will represent a company not having an agency at present in the city. Under the present conditions it is somewhat difficult for a man to secure the sole agency of a company of suitable standing to do business here. The companies now qualified to do business in Illinois not already provided with representation in Chicago can almost be counted on the fingers of one hand. In this connection some curiosity has been expressed as to the prospective local representation of the Saginaw Valley Fire and Marine Insurance company, a company which has recently been granted a license to do business in this State. The prospects are, however, that the local agency of the Saginaw Valley Insurance company will go to W. T. Stewart & Co. and not to A. R. Edwards & Co. The Saginaw Valley company will be in a position to do business early next year.

An Iowa Company Reinsures.

The business of the Indemnity Insurance company of Davenport has been reinsured by the State Insurance company of Des Moines. In view of the circular issued by the directors of the Indemnity company two or three months ago this announcement is something of a surprise. The last statement was made Sept. 30, 1893. It showed total assets of $114,180 and a reinsurance reserve of $12,392. The circular issued at that time contained the following: "While our losses and expenses have been reduced this year and our business increased the sum of our current losses and expenses and increase of required premium reserve of unearned premiums received exceeds our current income, and under the present conditions and prospects of the fire insurance business our directors have decided to stop issuing policies. Our reinsurance reserve is probably about 80 per cent of our unearned premiums pro rata and more than enough to satisfy our outstanding policies. The policies of the company now in force will be carried to their termination and full satisfaction."

No Rate War at Milwaukee.

Notwithstanding the withdrawal of the Northwestern National Insurance company from the Milwaukee board local managers do not consider that a rate war is imminent at the Cream City. It is a well-known fact that the Northwestern National has about as much at risk in Milwaukee as it dares to carry, and the only result that the rate cutting would bring about would be to overload the company with lines that it is now refusing at full rates. The company is not so popular as the Milwaukee Mechanics' and the Concordia, the other local companies. The attitude of President James in opposition to boards is understood at Milwaukee and allowance made for him. George M. Fisher of the Palatine was one of a committee from the union sent to Milwaukee to attempt to harmonize interests. He stated yesterday that the feeling at Milwaukee is good notwithstanding reports and that agents consider that they are well off as they are. The companies have lost too much money in Milwaukee to cut the rates and it is an open question with many of them whether it is not best to withdraw entirely from Milwaukee even at existing rates.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Dec. 12.—[Special.]—While insurance men are considerably agitated over the action of the Northwestern National in giving public notice of its withdrawal from the local Board of Underwriters there has been no rate cutting, and President James says of the Northwestern withdrawal, "We are only protecting ourselves." So far as formalities are concerned the Northwestern National is not out of the Board of Underwriters, and is bound by the board agreement not to go out without giving thirty days' notice. This agreement, as in the case of all other companies, is backed by a bond for $500. L. A. Wheeler, who is Chairman of the Executive committee of the board, says that he has received no official notice of the intended withdrawal of the Northwestern. Members of the board say that the Vice-President of the Northwestern National, W. L. Jones, was present at the meeting in which rates were advanced, and that he supported the advance, by his vote and otherwise, as much as any other member did.

Trying to Settle Louisville Troubles.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Dec. 12.—[Special.]—The committee of the Western Union Insurance companies arrived in this city this morning. Eugene Cary of Chicago, manager of the German-American; R. J. Smith of the Traders', Chicago; F. C. Bennett, Cincinnati; and John H. Law, manager of the Royal at Cincinnati, are members of the committee. A committee of the local Underwriters' Board was appointed to act with the union representatives in the matter of arranging to lift Louisville out of the "excepted class." After Jan. 1 local agents in this city will not be allowed over 15 per cent commission, or they may be salaried. A member of the Union committee denied that the Union had any jurisdiction in the settlement of the row now on here between independent companies and those in the local board. The Phoenix of Hartford, Columbian of Louisville, Capital City of New Hampshire, New York Bowery and Mutual Fire of New York, refuse to recognize the raised rates of the local board and will not join. They are doing business at the old rates. The Underwriters' Board is alarmed and has been trying to offset the inroad, but deny that the Union committee can do anything in the matter.

The Coming Christmas Bells.

Ring, happy bells, across the snow!
The year is dying in the night,
And things are dear and times are tight—
Ring out the bills—the bills we owe!
—*Atlanta Constitution.*

Edward L. Brewster & Co.,
STOCK BROKERS
—AND DEALERS IN—
Investment Securities,
Cor. Dearborn and Monroe-sts.
Members Chicago Stock Exchange.
Members New York Stock Exchange.
We carry Securities on margins and loan money on approved collaterals.

Money to Loan
On Improved Chicago Real Estate.
H. E. HURLBUT,
88 Washington-st.
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11 Pine-st., New York.

MONEY TO LOAN
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BOUGHT AND SOLD.
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Expert Accountant
17 Tribune Building. Highest local references. Prompt service day or night, in or out of town.

MEYER WINS A POI[NT]

SENSATIONAL TESTIMONY AGA THE DOCTOR RULED OUT.

Evidence That His Wife Accused H[im of] Cutting a Man's Head Considere[d In]definite—Bakers May Relieve the [Gov]ernment by Furnishing Gold fo[r Ex]port—Big Bid for Cordage Trust [Prop]erty—Another Step Toward "Gr[eater] New York."

NEW YORK, Dec. 12.—[Special.]—Whe[n] Dr. Meyer murder trial was resumed [today] Daniel G. Gilette of the Mutual Life [Insur]ance company was recalled to the stand. [Step] by step the prosecution is corroborati[ng the] story told by accomplice Carl Muller o[f the] movement of Dr. Henry C. F. Meyer, [Mrs.] Meyer, Ludwig Brandt, and Muller i[n the] awful conspiracy to defraud the insu[rance] companies out of $8,500 in policies issu[ed on] the life of Gustav M. A. J. Baum, a consp[iracy] that ended in the death of Brandt by poisoning, the collection of the insurance [from] two companies, a division of the spoils, [and] the flight of the three conspirators wh[o] left.

Mr. Gilette said he had not heard tha[t] Doremus was to be paid by the insu[rance] company for his services. The money [paid] Kirfel had been furnished by the com[pany] and he had authorized the payment [...] Gillete furnished a list of witnesses h[e had] seen in Chicago and caused to be brou[ght] here.

"Were they brought on here at the e[xpense] of the insurance company?" was asked.

"No, sir, only those who were con[nected] with the company."

Deceiving the Insurance Compan[y.]

Thomas R. Meyler, employed by the [...] Insurance company, told of a visit p[aid] him by Mr. and Mrs. Meyer, when she [...] a Mrs. Baum. Meyer told him th[at] Baum could not speak English very w[ell,] that Baum was one of these men who [...] are to have a physician but thought he [could] treat himself quite as successfull[y ...] physician, and that Dr. Minden had no[t been] called in until it was too late. Dr. Mey[er ad]vanced the opinion that Baum had d[ied of] typhoid fever. On the day following [...] came in with the check of the Washingto[n In]surance company.

Thomas J. Mumford, New York ma[nager] of the Ætna Life Insurance company, [testi]fied that Meyer told him his name wa[s Will]iam Reuter, and Mrs. Baum was with [him.] They secured blanks for proving death [...] recognized Mrs. Meyer as the Mrs. Bau[m he] saw then. They called on him later and [...] if he had received a check for them fro[m the] company. After the check had bee[n ...] neither Mrs. Baum nor Reuter called o[n ...] Cyrus Munn of the Washington Life [Insur]ance company testified to having pa[id] $3,000 to Mrs. Amelia Baum on behalf [of the] company.

Wright Burdge of the New York Lif[e ...] when Mrs. Baum came to him with the [proofs] of death she was referred to a Amelia [...] another place Emily. She told him bot[h ...] the same in German, and the he inse[rted a] line in the policy in order to cover the [dis]crepancy. He paid Mrs. Baum $1,0[00 on] the death of Baum. Zachariah Harm[...] former editor of a Scandinavian paper i[n Chi]cago, said he knew Brandt in Chicago i[n ...] and 1889.

Thomas Tierney, notary for the Wa[shing]ton Insurance company, testified to [having] received visits from Meyer, Mrs. Meye[r, and] Kirfel. Mrs. Meyer, then posing a[s Mrs.] Baum, told him her husband had been [a sick] man, and told him why Baum's illnes[s ...]

Important Testimony Ruled Ou[t.]

Then Mrs. Mueller was called. Sh[e was] born in Toledo, O., she said, and lived [...] in the family of Meyer, known to her [as] Hugo Wayler. Meyer moved to South [Bend,] Ind., in the latter part of October, and [re]mained there until December, until [he] went to Chicago. She met Mueller or [...] in Dr. Meyer's house in South Bend [...] met Mueller again in Chicago. The d[ay be]fore New Year's of last year Meyer ca[lled] her husband at his rooms. "Mrs. [...] spoke of his having poisoned some [...] man in New York," said the witness [...] was passing through the hall at the tim[e ...] asked him if he had not poisoned som[e ...] in New York." Mr. Brooke objected [...]ously on the ground that it was not s[...] enough.

"Did you hear Dr. Meyer say anythi[ng ...]"

"Yes. He came out into the kitche[n and] said his wife had accused him of cutt[ing a] man's throat in New York." That was [...] months after the alleged crime was co[mmit]ted. The testimony developed a strugg[le for] and against the admission of the eviden[ce be]tween Mr. Nicoll and Mr. Brooke.

Justice Barrett decided that the test[imony] as to the conversation overheard by [Mrs.] Mueller should be stricken fro[m the] record, as it lacked definiteness. That [was a] signal victory for the defense. Then [Mrs.] Mueller resumed and to Mr. Brooke sa[id she] had lived with Mueller as his wife from [Jan]uary to April, 1893. In April they wer[e mar]ried by Justice of the Peace Brayton. [There] was one man there who acted as a [...] Mrs. Mueller had said she went to live [with] Mueller after having met him three [...] The prosecution wanted to show that [Meyer] had attempted to poison Mrs. Mueller, [and] was that which impelled her to flee to M[...] in Chicago.

Undertaker Kip was called then and [...] the funeral of Baum. He identified [Mrs.] Meyer as Mrs. Baum. She and Wimm[er ...] Kip knew Mueller, accompanied the b[ody to] the grave.

The Medico-Lawyer Takes a Han[d.]

Dr. O'Sullivan cross-examined Kip. [The] witness said no embalming fluid had [been in]jected into the body of Baum. When h[e ...] the body up there was a safety pin in [...] he had placed there when preparing [for] burial. Mr. Julian asked the witness [to] name the body on July 6. Julian o[...] that it be taken to Kip's and subseq[uently] taken to Woodlawn.

Coroner Schultz told how he had [been] called upon by the insurance people ab[out the] autopsy and he told them that so soon a[s they] got the body in New York County he [would] order an autopsy. Schultz said he [is]sued a warrant for the arrest of Meyer [...] after the autopsy was performed. Mr. [...] read the report of Dr. Doremus made [to the] Coroner, in which the chemist said he h[ad dis]covered antimony and arsenic in the o[rgans.] Schultz said he was on that report he ac[ted.]

Brandt's Physician Describes the C[ase.]

Dr. Minden, who attended Brandt, g[ave a] full history of the case, saying that Dr. [...] told him he was a physician from D[...] looking for a location. Subsequently B[randt,] or Baum, as he called himself, call[ed for] treatment and he visited him at his [house] where he saw Mrs. Meyer, who was intro[duced] to him as Mrs. Baum. He never saw Dr. [Meyer] at the house, but did meet Wimmers [...] Daily until the time of his death Dr. M[inden] called on the sick man and his sympto[ms be]came gradually worse. Medicines were [pre]scribed by the physician to relieve Baum [but] they had no effect because they were [not] given to the sick man. A few days befo[re his] death the witness told Mrs. Meyer tha[t her] husband was likely to die at any ti[me, and] that he would prefer having a consul[tation] with some other doctor. Mrs. Bau[m, or] Meyer, objected because of the expense [...] Minden had no difficulty in ident[ifying] the picture of Brandt, shown [him] by Mr. Nicoll, as that of [the] man he supposed to be Joseph [...] Dr. O'Sullivan conducted the cross-ex[amina]tion of Dr. Minden. By a long series of [ques]tions he tried to show that the docto[r had] either erred in his treatment of the [case] or in the diagnosis he had made of the [...] Judge Barrett ruled that this was not pr[oper] in the line of cross-examination. Dr. M[inden] denied ever having received money fro[m the] District-Attorney's office for his testim[ony in] the case, or that he had been promise[d any] money. After hearing several medic[al wit]nesses court adjourned until tomorrow [morn]ing.

TO PERPETUATE CORDAGE

Big Bid for the Trust's Property Ap[...] by the Reorganizers.

NEW YORK, Dec. 12.—[Special.]—[...] Chancellor McGill will listen to arg[uments] against the motion to sell the entire N[ational] Cordage Trust property for $5,000,00[0, of] which $1,500,000 is to be paid in cas[h and] $3,500,000 in the 6 per cent bonds [of the] new United States Cordage company, [which] proposes to succeed to all perpetua[l ...] cordage trust. This bid is made by M[...] Magoun, Thallman, and Fossler, th[e Reor]ganization committee, on their bid[...]

[...]ANCE AFFAIRS.

[...]N TO THE "EXCEPTED CIT-[...] COMMISSION RULE.

[...]n the Brokerage System and [...]e Companies' Expenses—Pros-[...]t W. T. Stewart & Co. Will Get [...]aw Valley—An Iowa Company [...]—Improbability of a Serious [...]r in Milwaukee—Notes of In-[...]Underwriters.

[...] manager whose views for special [...] interest on the proposed action of [...]es as follows: "There is much op-[...] proposed 'Excepted Cities' com-[...]f the Western Union. It is that 15 [...]lowed to all agents on all business, [...]tra 10 per cent be allowed when [...] to an agent through a broker. [...]y firms are trying to make deals [...]s to let one member of the firm be [...] the other a broker, thus enabling [...]ollect 25 per cent on all business. [...] rule puts a premium on the build-[...]brokerage system, and it puts at a [...] the agent who controls direct most [...]s he writes as compared with the [...]ts in his office and writes what is [...]im by brokers. No one can deny [...]t business is the most desirable for [...] and costs the agent most to handle. [...]proposed rule makes the company [...] brokerage business. Many promi-[...]riters feel that the solution of the [...]agree on some commission for all [...] 20 per cent to cover all local ex-[...]ding postage, rent, taxes, State, [...]al board, has been suggested as be-[...]likely to make the agents see that [...]wasted by rating associations," etc.

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[...] Rate War at Milwaukee.

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[...] Coming Christmas Bells.

[...]ppy bells, across the snow! [...]r is dying in the night, [...]ngs are dear and times are tight— [...] the bills—the bills we owe! [...]nstitution.

[...]l L. Brewster & Co.,
[...]OCK BROKERS
[...]—AND DEALERS IN—
[...]tment Securities,
[...]Dearborn and Monroe-sts.
[...]icago Stock Exchange. [...]ew York Stock Exchange. [...]curities on margins and loan money on [...]aterals.

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[...]I. E. HURLBUT, 88 Washington-st.
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MEYER WINS A POINT.

SENSATIONAL TESTIMONY AGAINST THE DOCTOR RULED OUT.

Evidence That His Wife Accused Him of Cutting a Man's Head Considered Indefinite—Bankers May Relieve the Government by Furnishing Gold for Export—Big Bid for Cordage Trust Property—Another Step Toward "Greater New York."

NEW YORK, Dec. 12.—[Special.]—When the Dr. Meyer murder trial was resumed today Daniel G. Gillette of the Mutual Life Insurance company was recalled to the stand. Step by step the prosecution is corroborating the story told by accomplice Carl Muller of the movement of Dr. Henry C. F. Meyer, Mrs. Meyer, Ludwig Brandt, and Muller in the awful conspiracy to defraud the insurance companies out of $8,500 in policies issued on the life of Gustav M. A. J. Baum, a conspiracy that ended in the death of Brandt by slow poisoning, the collection of the insurance from two companies, a division of the spoils, and the flight of the three conspirators who were left.

Mr. Gillette said he had not heard that Prof. Doremus was to be paid by the insurance company for his services. The money paid to Kirfel had been furnished by the company, and he had authorized the payment of it. Gillette furnished a list of witnesses he had seen in Chicago and caused to be brought on here.

"Were they brought on here at the expense of the insurance company?" was asked.

"No, sir, only those who were connected with the company."

Deceiving the Insurance Companies.

Thomas R. Meyler, employed by the Mutual Insurance company, told of a visit paid to him by Mr. and Mrs. Meyer, when she posed as Mrs. Baum. Meyer told him that Mrs. Baum could not speak English very well, and that Baum was one of these men who did not care to have a physician but thought he could treat himself quite as successfully as a physician, and that Dr. Minden had not been called in until it was too late. Dr. Meyer advanced the opinion that Baum had died of typhoid fever. On the day following Meyer came in with the check of the Washington Insurance company.

Thomas J. Mumford, New York manager of the Ætna Life Insurance company, testified that Meyer told him his name was William Reuter, and Mrs. Baum was with him. They secured blanks for proving death. He recognized Mrs. Meyer as the Mrs. Baum he saw then. They called on him later and asked if he had received a check for them from the company. After the check had been paid neither Mrs. Raum nor Reuter called on him. Cyrus Munn of the Washington Life Insurance company testified to having paid the $3,000 to Mrs. Amelia Baum on behalf of his company.

Wright Burdge of the New York Life said when Mrs. Baum came to him with the proofs of death she was referred to as Amelia and in another place Emily. She told him both were the same in German, and then he inserted a line in the policy in order to cover that discrepancy. He paid Mrs. Baum $1,031 on the death of Baum. Zachariah Harmanson, former editor of a Scandinavian paper in Chicago, said he knew Brandt in Chicago in 1888 and 1889.

Thomas Tierney, notary for the Washington Insurance company, testified to having received visits from Meyer, Mrs. Meyer, and Kirfel. Mrs. Meyer, then posing as Mrs. Baum, told him her husband had been a good man, and told him what Baum's illness was.

Important Testimony Ruled Out.

Then Mrs. Mueller was called. She was born in Toledo, O., she said, and lived there in the family of Meyer, known to her then as Hugo Wayler. Meyer moved to South Bend, Ind., in the latter part of October, and she remained there until December, until they went to Chicago. She met Mueller or Kirfel in Dr. Meyer's house in South Bend. She met Mueller again in Chicago. The day before New Year's of last year Meyer called on her husband at his rooms. "Mrs. Meyer spoke of his having poisoned some gentleman in New York," said the witness. "I was passing through the hall at the time. She asked him if he had not poisoned some man in New York." Mr. Brooke objected vigorously on the ground that it was not specific enough.

"Did you hear Dr. Meyer say anything?"

"Yes. He came out into the kitchen and said his wife had accused him of cutting a man's throat in New York." That was a few months after the alleged crime was committed. The testimony developed a struggle for and against the admission of the evidence between Mr. Nicoll and Mr. Brooke.

Justice Barrett decided that the testimony as to the conversation overheard by Mrs. Mueller should be stricken from the record, as it lacked definiteness. That was a signal victory for the defense. Then Mrs. Mueller resumed and to Mr. Brooke said she had lived with Mueller as his wife from January to April, 1893. In April they were married by Justice of the Peace Brayton. There was one man there who acted as a witness. Mrs. Mueller had said she went to live with Mueller after having met him three times. The prosecution wanted to show that Meyer had attempted to poison Mrs. Mueller, and it was that which impelled her to flee to Mueller in Chicago.

Undertaker Kip was called then and told of the funeral of Baum. He identified Mrs. Meyer as Mrs. Baum. She and Wimmers, as Kip knew Mueller, accompanied the body to the grave.

The Medico-Lawyer Takes a Hand.

Dr. O'Sullivan cross-examined Kip. The witness said no embalming fluid had been injected into the body of Baum. When he took the body up there was a safety pin in it that he had placed there when preparing it for burial. Mr. Julian asked the witness to examine the body on July 6. Julian ordered that it be taken to Kip's and subsequently taken to Woodlawn.

Coroner Schultz told how he had been called upon by the insurance people about an autopsy and he told them that so soon as they got the body into New York County he would order an autopsy. Schultz said he had issued a warrant for the arrest of Meyer a year after the autopsy was performed. Mr. Nicoll read the report of Dr. Doremus made to the Coroner, in which the chemist said he had discovered antimony and arsenic in the organs. Schultz said it was on that report he acted.

Brandt's Physician Describes the Case.

Dr. Minden, who attended Brandt, gave a full history of the case, saying that Dr. Meyer told him he was a physician from Denver looking for a location. Subsequently Brandt, or Baum, as he called himself, called for treatment, and he visited him at his house, where he saw Mrs. Meyer, who was introduced to him as Mrs. Baum. He never saw Dr. Meyer at the house, but did meet Wimmers there. Daily until the time of his death Dr. Minden called on the sick man and his symptoms became gradually worse. Medicines were prescribed by the physician to relieve Baum, but they had no effect because they were never given to the sick man. A few days before the death the witness told Mrs. Meyer that her husband was likely to die at any time and that he would prefer having a consultation with some other doctor. Mrs. Baum, or Meyer, objected because of the expense. Dr. Minden had no difficulty in identifying the picture of Brandt, shown him by Mr. Nicoll, as that of the man he supposed to be Joseph Baum. Dr. O'Sullivan conducted the cross-examination of Dr. Minden. By a long series of questions he tried to show that the doctor had either erred in his treatment of the patient or in the diagnosis he had made of the case. Judge Barrett ruled that this was not properly in the line of cross-examination. Dr. Minden denied ever having received money from the District-Attorney's office for his testimony in the case, or that he had been promised any money. After hearing several medical witnesses court adjourned until tomorrow morning.

TO PERPETUATE CORDAGE.

Big Bid for the Trust's Property Approved by the Reorganizers.

NEW YORK, Dec. 12.—[Special.]—Monday Chancellor McGill will listen to argument against the motion to sell the entire National Cordage Trust property for $5,000,000, of which $1,500,000 is to be paid in cash and $3,500,000 in the 6 per cent bonds of the new United States Cordage company, which proposes to succeed to and perpetuate the cordage trust. This bid is made by Messrs. Magoun, Thallman, and Fossler, the reorganization committee, and their bid is for "all the property, real and personal, good will, franchises, and effects whatsoever of the National Cordage company." Receivers Young and Lopez approve the bid and asks its ratification by the court, and the notice was given Dec. 9 in the secret fashion which has marked all the operations of the trust receivers and the doings of Chancellor McGill in their behalf. Today, however, all Wall street was talking of it and wondering where the cash was to come from to pay the $1,500,000 bid. The Reorganization committee have confessed to their intention to issue $7,500,000 in bonds of the new company. They have also made an offer of $6,000,000 in guaranteed stock in exchange for the bonds which now secure the control of the correlated security corporation, which owns a half dozen valuable cordage mills. There was also a promise that the $2,700,000 which the old-time cordage stockholders paid in as assessment on their common and preferred stock, 10 and 20 per cent respectively, would be made good.

Bankers to Furnish Gold for Export.

Although it was stated with some shadow of authority that the visit to this city of William E. Curtis, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, had no official significance, the contrary opinion prevails generally among the bank Presidents and financiers of Wall street. Mr. Curtis today made a round of calls upon several of the leading bank Presidents. After the visits were made there developed a well defined rumor that the leading banks of the city had agreed, at least tacitly, to supply gold for export up to the aggregate sum of $25,000,000. The free gold in the Subtreasury, according to the official figures yesterday, was $83,571,119, or nearly $17,000,000 below the $100,000,000 reserve. Under these circumstances the government could ill afford to supply the demand for exportation, nor can it see its way clear to refuse such demands if they are made. The New York banks now hold in reserve upwards of $100,000,000 in gold coin. The talk of Wall street is that there is a possibility of Mr. Carlisle's recommending in his report the funding of the back pensions through the issue of bonds. The amount necessary to meet these pension claims is about $25,000,000 annually, and a bond bearing a low rate of interest, maturing twenty years or so hence, would throw a portion of the enormous expenses of the war, through pensioners, upon a younger generation. It is not now believed seriously that the government has any intention of issuing bonds or negotiating a temporary loan to meet its necessities until authorized to do so by a Congressional enactment.

Preparing for "Greater New York."

Eight of the eleven members of the Municipal Consolidation Inquiry committee met today and adopted a new bill to be presented to the next session of the Legislature on the question of putting to a popular vote the proposed consolidation of New York, Brooklyn, and outlying towns and villages in one Greater New York. The bill differs in two points from the bill rejected last winter by the Legislature. It omits the section in the former bill which was the bone of contention by which, after an election, the committee was to report to the Legislature "such bills as are necessary to bring the affairs of the Territory proposed to be annexed under a single administration." By the provisions of the new bill the result of the election or expression of public opinion will be filed with the Secretary of State ten days after it becomes law and legislators will thereby be enabled to learn the wishes of outlying districts for their action on a future bill for consolidation. The voters therefore do not vote directly for consolidation.

Eva Ray Hamilton Again Obtains Notoriety.

Mrs. Frederick Hilton, better known to the public as Eva Ray Hamilton or Mrs. "Josh" Mann, is again interested in a controversy about a baby. Her original claim to notoriety was as the wife of Robert Ray Hamilton. She had stabbed a nurse named Donnelly during a quarrel in Atlantic City, N. J., bringing to publicity her relations with Hamilton. The baby with which her name is now associated is little Madge Irene Gaul, whose custody is claimed by both Robert James Gaul and his wife, Alice R. Gaul. Mr. Gaul and his wife separated a week ago last Sunday, and each of them wishes to take Madge Irene to England. The case is in the courts, and Mrs. Hilton, or Hamilton, is helping Mrs. Gaul to keep the child away from the father.

To Consider a Fish Commission.

Last week the New York Fish Commissioner sent out a circular letter to the Fish Commissioners and other persons interested in piscatorial matters of all the coastwise States from Maine to South Carolina, inviting them to a meeting to be held in this city tomorrow to consider the exhaustion of the supply of fish food. The circular declares that a famine of fish food is threatened and will speedily come unless remedial measures are adopted at once. The Fish Commission of every State from Maine to South Carolina will send delegates.

Married Under Romantic Circumstances.

Hans Panzer, editor of *Liberty*, and Miss Laura Moran of Virginia, daughter of Archdeacon Moran of Maryland, were married at Prohibition Park at midnight Saturday. They became acquainted through a newspaper personal and never saw each other before the ceremony. In their search for an accommodating clergyman they encountered one who refused to tie the knot because he knew the bride's father and had himself once been a suitor for her hand.

Bondholders Satisfied with a Receiver.

Gen. G. M. Dodge, Chairman of the Union Pacific, Denver and Gulf first mortgage bondholders' committee, says that the appointment of Frank Trumbrell as receiver of the road is perfectly satisfactory to the bondholders, and that over nine-tenths of the bondholders have sent in their names and amount of holdings to the committee.

Gotham's News of a Day in Brief.

The Manhattan railway company has declared a quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent on the capital stock.

Howell Osborn has been suffering from blood poisoning in Paris and at one time it was thought his arm would have to be amputated.

The Executive committee of the Western Union Telegraph company has recommended the declaration of the usual quarterly dividend of 1¼ per cent.

The story from Chicago that George J. Gould, J. D. Rockefeller, W. Rockefeller, and Henry M. Flagler were to change their residences to Chicago receives no attention in Wall street.

Fred Miller, the pedestrian, and Gaess, his dog, who started to walk from Baldwin's Hotel, San Francisco, to New York, 3,200 miles, in six months, June 26, arrived here today, five months and sixteen days out.

The "wave of purification" again rolled over the Tenderloin precinct tonight. Police Captain Schmittenberger's men swooped down upon numerous places in the district and thirty-five arrests were made.

The statement which was given out here Sunday to the effect that Anton Von Politschek is about to return to Europe and did not intend to resume his duties as Consul General here is pronounced by that gentleman to be entirely unfounded.

Among the Chicago people who sailed on the Normannia today were Charles L. Hutchinson, President of the Corn Exchange Bank, and family; N. W. Harris the banker, and family; and Martin Ryerson. Their destination is Naples, Italy.

The grand jury failed to return an indictment against John C. Eno, notwithstanding that the same evidence on which the warrant for his rearrest was issued several weeks ago was presented. Eno is now out on $30,000 bail on a charge of defrauding the Second National Bank.

SEVEN MORE RECORDS ARE BROKEN.

Dirnberger and Bliss Do Good Work at Birmingham.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Dec. 12.—[Special.]—M. F. Dirnberger, of Buffalo, N. Y., and Julian Bliss of Chicago broke seven more bicycle records on the mile round track at the fair grounds this afternoon. The races were made under the direction of the Birmingham Cycle club, a member of the League of American Wheelmen. Dirnberger made a half mile, flying start, in 54, breaking his own record at Nashville; two-thirds of a mile, flying start, in 1:12 3-5, breaking his own record made yesterday of 1:14 1-5; three-quarters of a mile, flying start, in 1:21 2-5, breaking his own record of 1:23 4-5; one mile, flying start, in 1:51, breaking Johnson's record of 1:55 3-5. Bliss made two thirds of a mile standing in 1:17, breaking his own record of 1:21 of yesterday; three-quarters of a mile standing in 1:26 2-5, breaking the record of 1:28 1-5 made by Tyler at Springfield, Mass.; and a mile standing in 1:54 4-5, breaking J. S. Johnson's record of 1:58 2-5. This makes Bliss the holder of the world's standing records of 100 yards, one-third of a mile, one furlong, one-half of a mile, two-thirds of a mile, three-quarters of a mile, and one mile. Dirnberger stands the world's flying champion of 100 yards, half a mile, three-quarters of a mile, two-thirds of a mile, and one mile. They have eighteen records still to break, and will try again tomorrow afternoon.

No Disappointment.

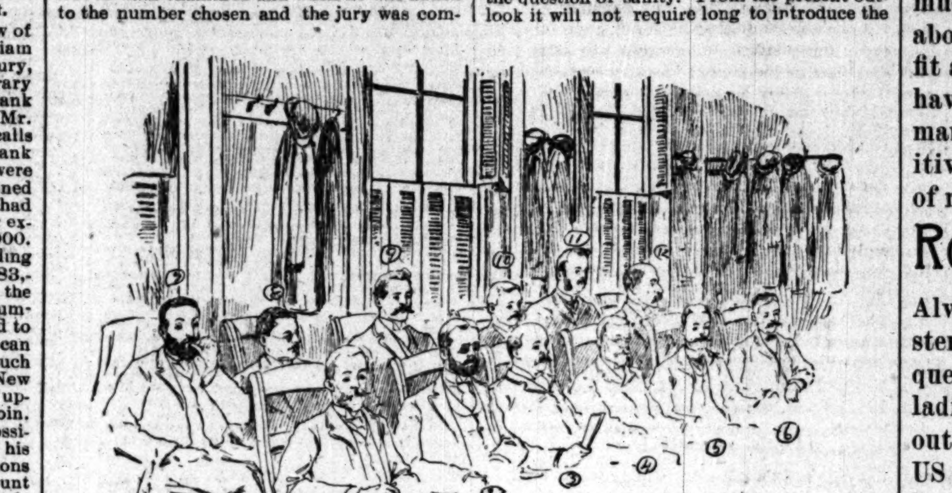
No risk of disappointment to those buying pianos at W. W. Kimball Co.'s, Wabash avenue, near Jackson street.

TO TRY PRENDERGAST

TWELVE JURORS ARE SECURED IN JUDGE BRENTANO'S COURT.

Assistant State's-Attorney Todd Will Begin the Address to the Jurors for the Prosecution at 10 O'Clock This Morning—The Jury Made Up of Well-Established Citizens—Something About Each of the Members—A Speedy Trial Is Anticipated for Several Reasons.

A jury to try Patrick Eugene Prendergast for the murder of Carter H. Harrison was secured yesterday afternoon after six days' work in Judge Brentano's court. The twelfth man accepted was W. F. White. He was the 207th man examined and when he was added to the number chosen and the jury was complete an adjournment was taken until 10 o'clock this morning, when the opening address to the jury will be made on behalf of the State by Mr. Todd, Assistant State's-Attorney. The personnel of the jury is as follows:



1. Allen. 2. Reid. 3. Sutter. 4. Vastine. 5. Blanchard. 6. Van Inwagen. 7. Hamilton. 8. Wander. 9. Gross. 10. Altfleisch. 11. Murray. 12. White.
THE JURY WHICH IS TO TRY PRENDERGAST, THE ASSASSIN OF CARTER H. HARRISON.

Adolph Gross lives at No. 275 Clybourn avenue, where he owns a tailor shop. He has lived there nine months, but has been in Chicago four years. He came here from Milwaukee. He went to Milwaukee from New York, where he lived nine months. He was born in Germany.

Charles W. Hamilton lives at No. 56 North Sheldon street, and has resided in Chicago for twenty-five years. He is a purchasing agent for people throughout the country outside of Chicago. He was born in Michigan and went from there to Elgin, where he resided for one year before coming to Chicago.

C. E. Reid resides at No. 678 Park avenue, and has lived in Cook County for thirty-five years. He is a native of Chicago. He is a single man, and has been engaged for the last twelve years as traveling salesman for C. M. Henderson & Co.

John W. S. Allen, No. 109 Elston avenue, was born in Port Huron, Mich. Previous to coming to Chicago he lived in Detroit; is a married man with a family, and has lived in Chicago ten or eleven years. He is a salesman and stock-keeper for Cook, Lyman & Seixas, wholesale dealers in hats and caps in this city. Mr. Allen's parents were born in Ireland.

Alfred Wander, No. 321 North avenue, has lived in Chicago the last fourteen years, and at his present residence for the last three years. He is a native of Germany, and before coming to Chicago resided in Allegheny City, Pa. Mr. Wander is employed with M. Gillman & Son, wholesale dealers in hats, and has been for the last four years.

A. B. Altfleisch, No. 335 Wells street, has resided in Cook County for four years. Before coming to Chicago he made his home in Jackson County, Iowa. Mr. Altfleisch is of German extraction, both his parents having been born in the old country, although he himself first saw the light of day in the United States.

Jacob Sutter resides at No. 3603 Lake avenue and has lived there for eighteen years. He came here from Detroit. He was born in France and came to this country when he was 5 years old. He lived in Detroit about twenty-two years. He is engaged in the wholesale leaf tobacco business and has been in that business for eight years. He is a member of the firm of Sutter Brothers. He is married.

Sedgwick S. Vastine has lived in Austin for nine years. He was born in Elgin. His education was received at Wheaton in the public schools. He has been engaged in fire insurance at No. 183 La Salle street for eleven years.

J. M. Blanchard, Austin, foreman for Reifsnider Bros. & Co., No. 132 Kinzie street.

J. H. Van Inwagen, No. 362 Ontario street, secretary Tiffany Pressed Brick company, with an office in the Chamber of Commerce Building.

A. Gordon Murray, La Grange. Mr. Murray is employed by Siegel, Cooper & Co. He is prominent among the Scotch residents of Chicago.

William R. White, No. 1202 George street, is engaged in the cement sidewalk business, with an office at No. 84 La Salle street.

All Well-Established Citizens.

Seven of the jurymen are native Americans and the other five gave the following places of nativity: Mr. Sutter, France; Mr. Wander, Mr. Altfleisch, and Mr. Gross, Germany; Mr. Murray, Scotland. There was general comment when the jury was secured upon the high class of the men who are to pass upon the question of Prendergast's sanity, for that is really the question to be decided, the defense having repeatedly stated during the search for jurors the facts of the homicide would be admitted as set forth in the indictment and that their entire defense would be on the plea of insanity. The jurymen are all citizens with well-established places in the business life of the city. Most of them have occupied their present positions for several years and are evidently successful men.

In the Commercial Hotel, Lake and Dearborn streets, the jurymen occupy a suite of rooms, in which the connecting doors are left ajar to comply with the order of the court that they shall not be separated. Four bailiffs are in charge of the jury, and there is a disposition on the part of Judge Brentano to allow them as much liberty as possible and keep within the law on the subject.

Eighteen men were examined yesterday, most of whom had the same reasons why they should not be obliged to serve that have been ssed by others. It was a notable circumstance that but one man was excused on the plea of ill health. This was Lyman Draper.

The most sensational veniremen of the day was C. D. Root of Park Ridge. He was passed by the State, and when the defense took hold of him it concluded he was just the man that it had been looking for, as he said he would not convict a man on the testimony of experts alone, but he would have to be convinced the prisoner was sane on the testimony of plain, every day citizens who had known him for some time. Mr. Todd and Mr. Trude reopened the questioning of the juryman that they had passed and concluded he would have to walk the plank, and he did so by peremptory challenge.

C. W. Kaylor, No. 579 Orchard street, did not stay long after he expressed the belief that nine out of ten of the defendants who set up the plea of insanity are sane.

James A. Hair, No. 5338 Washington avenue, was a personal friend of the late Mayor, and it did not take much more than the look that he gave the prisoner when he was sworn to secure his release from service on the jury.

It will take a short time to introduce all of the evidence to be used in the case outside of the question of sanity. From the present outlook it will not require long to introduce the expert testimony for the State on account of the lack of a robust appropriation with which to pay the experts. The attorneys for the defense are not drawing elaborate salaries, and are disposed to get through with as little delay as necessary. A speedy trial is anticipated.

GREAT COST OF THE LEHIGH STRIKE.

Six Hundred Thousand Dollars Short, and More Trouble Ahead.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Dec. 12.—[Special.]—The Lehigh Valley railroad directors met today and took a look backward at their contest with organized labor. President Wilbur presented a report containing estimates of the losses through damage to freight and equipment growing out of the strike. The estimates are as follows:

Damage to locomotives, $46,000; to cars, $19,000; to freight in wrecks, $9,450; to perishable freight by delay, $25,550; total, $77,000.

While the report contains no estimates of the general loss of traffic and increase of expenses growing out of the strike an official said that the company estimated the loss from those sources at about $500,000, and the total cost of the strike at about $600,000. It was decided to pass the quarterly dividend.

A new trouble has arisen and the situation is critical at Wilkesbarre. All engineers over 45 years of age are being dismissed. Four men who have been with the company for twenty years have been laid off. Already the indications are that this action of the company may cause serious trouble and conservative business-men hereabouts affirm that unless this rule is modified the company will have another strike on its hands and that other roads are likely to be involved. A new schedule of wages on the Wyoming division reduces the firemen's pay and they promise trouble.

A notice posted today, apprising the Lehigh Valley men of a further reduction in wages, especially in the case of firemen, who lose 10 per cent, came unexpectedly and may cause trouble. There is great bitterness here because the old men are not being taken back. Two locomotives run by new men were wrecked today at Coxton, and a Dr. Mahon of Pittsburg, a railroad surgeon, had two ribs broken.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Dec. 12.—An official of the Louisville and Nashville road today said that the strike was confined to the Henderson Division. Chiefs Arthur of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, Sargent of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, Clark of the Order of Railway Conductors, and Wilkinson of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen have all been advised of the situation. The officials do not anticipate any crippling results from the strike. Eight train crews, each numbering six men, went out. The strikers claim that the laws of Kentucky prevent the running of "double headers."

PLAN TO INCARCERATE MR. CORBETT.

Anti-Fight People at Jacksonville, Fla., Want Him Arrested.

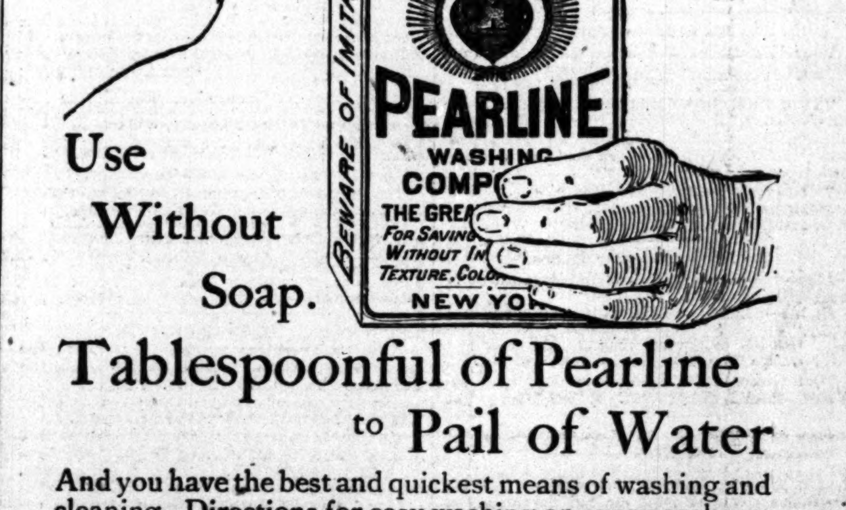
JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Dec. 12.—[Special.]—There is a rumor that the few anti-fight people who are still to be found here have perfected arrangements for having James J. Corbett arrested when he appears here next Thursday for the purpose of giving an exhibition at the opera-house. The Law and Order League is reticent in the matter, but it is said that a committee of the league with a well-known lawyer at its head has already had the necessary affidavits and other legal papers drawn up and will have an officer arrest Corbett when he steps from the train. The statute simply provides for the fining or imprisonment of persons convicted of fighting by previous appointment. In all probability the city ordinance permitting five-ounce glove contests will have been passed by the time Corbett reaches here.

Coughlin Jurors at the Theater.

The Coughlin jury occupied three boxes at the Clark Street Theater last night and saw Corinne in "Hendrick Hudson." Seven baliffs saw that no outsiders held communication with them.

Imported Ore.

In 1892 806,585 tons of iron ore were imported into the United States.



Use Without Soap.

Tablespoonful of Pearline to Pail of Water

And you have the best and quickest means of washing and cleaning. Directions for easy washing on every package.

Why is Pearline so largely imitated?

Why do these imitators invariably select names ending in —INE? Why are they compelled to peddle their goods from house to house—use deception, falsehood, offer prizes, claim that their powders are as good as Pearline, etc., etc.? This is why: PEARLINE is the best—never fails—never varies—has no equal—and is as harmless as the purest imported castile soap. Sold everywhere. Millions now use it.

128 Manufactured only by JAMES PYLE, New York.

It's interesting to notice how much better ideas about style, about tailoring and the general fit and finish of garments ladies have as a rule than the average man, and it's because they intuitively appreciate these points of merit in our

Rogers, Peet & Co.'s

Always reliable Overcoats, Ulsters, and Suits that we so frequently urge you to have the ladies come, too, when you start out to buy. WOULDN'T CATCH US suggesting such a thing if we handled the ordinary disappointing, ready-made goods; with such the less a customer knows the better chances the dealer has. They shout: Price! Price! Price! —don't expect you to see beyond the price tickets. With less anxiety and less percentage of profit we ask you to consider intrinsic merits, ultimate satisfaction, and the real economy in the end, for we strike that happy, attractive medium, avoiding both tailors' high prices and clothiers' usual low grades, viz.:

R., P. & Co.'s extra long Winter Overcoats .... $20.00 to $55.00
R., P. & Co.'s extra warm cassimere lined full length Ulsters .... $20.00 to $40.00
R., P. & Co.'s new style form-fitting black and blue kersey Paddock Overcoats .... $30.00 to $35.00
R., P. & Co.'s reliable business Suits. $18.00 to $35.00
R., P. & Co.'s Swallow-Tail and Tuxedo Suits .... $30.00 to $45.00
R., P. & Co.'s perfect-fitting Pants .... $ 5.00 to $10.00

F. M. ATWOOD
N. W. Cor.
Madison and Clark-sts.

Our Hat and Furnishing Depts. will tempt you this month with unusual values in useful gifts.

D. Appleton & Co.'s New Books.

In the Track of the Sun.

Readings from the Diary of a Globe Trotter. By Frederick Diodati Thompson. Profusely illustrated with Engravings from Photographs and from Drawings by Harry Fenn. Large 8vo. Cloth, gilt top, $6.00.

In this magnificently illustrated volume the author describes in an easy, entertaining, intelligent manner the tour of the world. Starting from New York, he crosses the continent, sails from Vancouver for Japan, where he spends some time in studying noteworthy features of that delightful country, and then visits China, Singapore, Ceylon, and other places, reserving a considerable portion of his time for India and Egypt, where he does most extensive sightseeing, and afterward traversing Italy and France, and returning to New York by way of London and Liverpool. Mr. Thompson is an instructive and amusing *cicerone*. The illustrations, comprising full-page pictures, vignettes, and other text cuts, head and tail pieces, and initials, number over two hundred, and present an itinerary of the journey around the world, including not only scenery, historical and remarkable buildings and street scenes, but also an abundance of studies from life, which show contrasting types of humanity the world over, ranging from our Western Indians to Maharajahs of the Orient, and from the beautiful women of Japan to Egyptian *fellahs*. "In the Track of the Sun" gives a bird's-eye view of the world's picturesque features.

Poems of Nature.

By William Cullen Bryant. Profusely Illustrated by Paul de Longpre. 8vo. Cloth, gilt, $4.00.

These verses offer a full expression of the great poet's love of Nature. The volume contains over forty poems, the list beginning with the classic "To a Waterfall," and closing with "Our Fellow-Worshipers." M. Longre, an exact as well as a loving student of the fields and forests, has gathered a rich harvest of the American flora, and his thoroughly artistic and beautiful studies, comprising nearly one hundred subjects, have the value of truthful records as well as high æsthetic worth.

"The poetry of William Cullen Bryant is distinguished beyond that of any other American poet by the fidelity with which Nature is depicted therein. . . . No one has caught the picturesque spirit of his text so successfully as Paul de Longpre in these poems of Nature."—Richard Henry Stoddard, in the Book Buyer.

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SOCIETY MEETINGS.

HESPERIA LODGE NO. 411, A. F. & A. M.—Members are hereby notified and visitors invited to attend a regular communication of the lodge at their hall, Randolph and Halsted streets, Wednesday evening, Dec. 13, at 7:30 o'clock. Work. By order
Attest: D. A. ARNOLD, W. M.
H. B. CHANDLER, Secretary.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 13, 1893.

HE gives twice who gives quickly.

SENATOR HOAR'S thirst for knowledge is still unappeased.

THE situation that really confronts the country is the general lack of situations.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND probably has noticed that the Hawaiian provisional government seems to be well provisioned.

THE President has succeeded in fixing the impression deep in the public mind that he cares little for beans and has no use whatever for cabbages.

IT must be conceded reluctantly that there are still several points on which the administration and the estimable Mr. Pulitzer of New York are not wholly in accord.

THERE is plenty of work for the unemployed in cleaning the streets and alleys and plenty of money that could be raised by popular subscription to pay for it.

DR. PARKHURST takes his threatening letters philosophically. He knows that not more than one of the entire nineteen persons who have vowed to kill him before Christmas can possibly fulfill the vow.

IN his speech of welcome to the American Federation of Labor last Monday Mr. Pomeroy went out of his way to attack the churches of Chicago. He said their doors were "closed to the freezing poor." He must have known that many of the churches of this city were opened freely every night for the use of the homeless and unemployed as dormitories. The Vice-President of the Trade and Labor Assembly cannot well afford to incur the suspicion of being a demagogue in the cause of labor.

SOME of the Democratic Aldermen and politicians appear to think that a non-partisan police force must be entirely Democratic. They howl whenever a man who happens to be a Republican is appointed on the force. It does not satisfy them that the Superintendent, the Assistant Superintendent, and five of the six inspectors are Democrats. They want the sixth inspector and all the captains and lieutenants to be of their party, and all the patrolmen as well. That in their judgment constitutes a non-partisan police force. The people of Chicago, however, do not seem to agree with the Democratic Aldermen and politicians on this subject.

THE New York stock market was excessively dull and quotations showed no changes of importance. The local market was quite as dull and prices a shade heavy. Sterling exchange was not quite so strong. No further engagements of gold for export were announced. New York exchange sold at 80 cents premium.—The leading produce markets were weaker, suffering small declines. Provisions were pounded by the bears, who pointed to the increasing receipts of hogs, and wheat was heavy under further liquidation. As compared with the latest prices of the previous day May wheat closed ⅛ cent lower, corn ⅜ cent lower, oats ⅜ cent lower, cash rye weak, barley steady, flaxseed 4⅛ cents higher, January pork 25 cents lower, and lard and ribs 15 cents lower.

AT the meeting of the Council night before last a resolution was adopted appropriating not to exceed $1,000 for the entertainment of delegates to the convention of the Federation of Labor. Earlier in the proceedings it was stated by one of the Aldermen that it was not in the power of the city to appropriate a cent for the relief of the destitute men who have been sleeping on the stone floor of the City Hall corridors. Acting probably on the principle to those who have shall be given the Council voted to entertain those who are able abundantly to take care of themselves and not to help those who cannot help themselves.

The Council has no authority to make the appropriation in question. If it had the appropriation would be, under the circumstances, in very bad taste. Not because anything can be said against the Federation of Labor or the delegates to the present meeting, but because it is not well to entertain visitors while citizens lack food and shelter. An attempt to do this would be offensive to the delegates. They do not want to be feasted while others are fasting. So if the Aldermen were to invite them to be entertained at the expense of the city they would decline with natural indignation, and ask that the money be used for the hungry and the homeless.

THE following statement of Mr. George Berz, a responsible citizen of the Eighteenth Ward and a long-time resident of that section of the city, is commended to the careful attention of the thoughtful public as bearing upon the methods adopted to secure votes for the Democratic nominee for Mayor:

There are 742 names registered there [in the Sixth Precinct of the Eighteenth Ward] now. Last Wednesday the Democratic and Republican clerks started out to canvass the precinct together. The Democratic clerk had the verification list. When he came to a lodging-house he approached the posted proprietor. He read out the list of names registered from the lodging-house.

"Are these here?" he would ask when he had completed the list. The complaisant lodging-house keeper answered:

"Certainly."

The Republican clerk objected to this method of procedure. He asked that the lodging-house keeper be required to furnish a list of his roomers. The Democratic clerk would not have it that way. The Republican clerk then made an independent canvass, accompanied by a policeman. He sent out 199 suspect notices. The Democratic clerk sent out eleven. The Republican clerk, when he went for stamps to send out his notices, was asked for his list of suspects. He unwittingly gave it up. It was retained at the Election Commissioners' office. He made a new list. He had two notices delivered to each suspect, one through the mail, one he delivered in person. The two Democratic judges refused to remove any names from the books, except those to whom the Democratic clerk delivered notice. The Republicans have filed a complaint in the Election Commissioners' office, but no notice has been taken of it.

In the even-numbered precincts the Democrats have two judges. In the Sixth Precinct of the Eighteenth Ward, the two Democratic judges did as they pleased and seemed to have the support of the Election Commissioners' office. The list of suspects taken at that office from the Republican clerk was copied for the benefit of the Democratic judges or furnished to them. When an appeal is made against the injustice of the whole proceeding no notice is taken of it at the Election Commissioners' office. There is little doubt that the registry of the precinct is stuffed. It would be interesting to know how many other registries in the even-numbered precincts of the city are stuffed in the same way.

HOPKINS AND LOW WAGES.

Last year the Democratic politicians succeeded in making the great bulk of the wage classes believe that it would be to their interest to have the tariff cut down to a low revenue basis, and to have the protection features removed therefrom. Those classes, thus persuaded, cast millions of votes for Cleveland, a Democratic Congress, and "a tariff for revenue only."

When the result of the election became known all the manufacturers and merchants carrying large stocks of goods began to feel that they must prepare for the great change in prices and business which must inevitably follow the change of administration from a protective one to a low tariff one. Long before the 4th of March, when Cleveland was sworn in and Harrison left the White House, the business classes began to curtail production in prudent preparation for the Democratic tariff policy soon to be put in force. Merchants purchased light stocks of goods, not daring to be caught with heavy stocks to sell on falling markets.

These preparations for the Democratic "tariff reform" caused the gradual discharge of workmen and clerks in tens of thousands of establishments. As the character of the Wilson bill became known the dread of the effects grew stronger all over the country and times became worse. The Democratic bill, when published, was found to be more sweeping and the cut deeper than even had been anticipated. It not only destroys $70,000,000 of revenue at one sweep and creates a Treasury deficit of that amount, but opens our ports to an inundation of cheap labor European goods unless American wages can be cut down in the same ratio as the tariff reduction. Employers do not know what to do at present. Business confidence in future market prices is destroyed and production and orders of consumers are paralyzed. There will be no improvement of the present miserable times until after the new Democratic tariff bill is passed and employers can see where they stand and how much they will be obliged to slash down wages of their laborers and clerks to meet the foreign competition precipitated upon them by the Democratic free trade reformers.

The workmen of this great city, the second in population and importance in the Nation, piled up a majority of 36,000 last year for Cleveland and a Democratic Congress, and the result of that election is the present dreadful state of things. In Chicago tens of thousands of workmen are walking the streets seeking for employment. They voted themselves out of work and wages, and are now appealing to their former employers for alms, for bread, and a bed. An election for Mayor takes place in Chicago next week. The Democratic politicians of this city, from Hopkins down to the ward heelers and City Hall bread and butter brigade, are going up and down the city day and night appealing to the workmen out of a job to rally to the polls next Tuesday and roll up a big majority for Hopkins, which will be looked on at Washington as another big majority for the Democratic Wilson bill—for a low tariff and low wages, or no work. These Democratic politicians are calling on all the wage-workers and poor men to rally to the support of Hopkins, and if he is elected will claim they rallied to the support of Cleveland and his Congress and their "tariff for revenue only" policy. They want the workmen to take more of the "hair of the dog that bit them." They want Hopkins to win so as to demonstrate to Congress how voters in Chicago believe in and want a low tariff with wages to match, and desire to open our ports to undercutting European goods. In the event of Hopkins' election the Democratic ward politicians will claim that that was the issue at this election. They want a result that shall encourage the Democratic Congressmen to cut and slash all the protection out of the tariff for the satisfaction and pleasure of the Southern Democratic planters.

TINKERING THEIR TARIFF BILL.

When the Wilson tariff bill was made public by the Ways and Means committee it was stated that it was the finished and perfect product of the brains of the Democratic members, and it was declared that it would be put through the House as it stood. After reading it over President Cleveland announced that it was "the result of much patriotic and unselfish work, and I believe it deals with its subjects as consistently and thoroughly as existing conditions permit."

The committee has begun tinkering with its work before it has formally passed out of its hands and into those of the House. How much tinkering it will get after it reaches the House and "the numerous and varied local interests affected by the proposed reform," as Mr. Cleveland calls it, are heard from, the future must decide. Behind the Democratic Congressmen who represent districts whose "local interests" are menaced stand threateningly, with ballots in their hands, the unemployed, the workers on half time, and the men whose wages have been reduced in anticipation of the passage of the Wilson bill, which Mr. Cleveland calls "reform," but which the workingmen are beginning to see is starvation.

THE TRIBUNE printed yesterday a number of modifications of the tariff bill made by the committee. With hardly an exception these changes are in the line of higher duties and of more protection. The cotton, woolen, and some other schedules have been gone through, and here a trifle more protection added and there a trifle. At the same time some of the duties which were previously altered from specific to ad valorem in the first draft of the bill are made specific again. This is the case with the duty on tinplate. This action will meet with the approval of the large consumers of that article in this city, who say in a petition to Congress:

It is our unanimous opinion, based on a long experience and large dealings that a specific as compared with an ad valorem duty on these goods will simplify the workings, decrease the cost to the government and enhance its revenue, while at the same time it will tend to lessen frauds and remove an element of uncertainty from business transactions caused by changes in value and by arbitrary ruling of appraisers.

The majority of the Democrats on the Ways and Means committee are from the South, which has comparatively few "local interests" of a manufacturing nature. It was not to have been expected that they would make any changes in the direction of duties higher than those they had agreed on, but as they have yielded slightly to the pressure brought to bear on them it may be that when the bill gets into the House the Northern Democrats from manufacturing districts will find that they cannot withstand the powerful arguments for the preservation of effective protection which are furnished by closed factories, lower wages, and unemployed myriads.

CARING FOR THE DESTITUTE.

The number of destitute persons in this city is appalling. Those who have no homes, neither place to sleep nor food to eat except what is furnished free of cost to themselves, are numbered by thousands, and doubtless these are but a small proportion of all those who are threatened by the wolf at the door. The dullness of business, which is felt all over the country, is emphasized painfully here by the cessation of many avenues of employment that closed with the Fair. The list of sufferers includes not only great numbers of those who found regular work here a year or two ago, but many of those who were attracted by the Fair excitement and now find themselves stranded with little hope of being able to earn wages and no ability to go elsewhere except on foot.

The homeless ones have not been without shelter and are being supplied with food. The lower floor of the City Hall and the station houses have been open to them for weeks, and within the last few days the necessity of making more extensive arrangements has forced itself on the attention of well-to-do citizens. The demand is being met promptly. A building on Wabash avenue has been hired and several churches had their doors opened at night for the reception of the people who otherwise would have had no place to sleep. Contributions of food have been sent in liberal quantity by numerous kind-hearted citizens, with some clothing. The donors had in most cases so little thought of self that they waited not for formal recognition, content if they were the means of alleviating to some extent the sorrows and sufferings of the very poor. This action has been so liberal that probably none of the thousands of poverty-stricken ones have borne more than was possible without succumbing to the demon of want.

This spasmodic work of relief is being succeeded by more organized methods, the result of which promises to be adequate not only for sustaining through the cold winter the lives of the many who are now destitute but the others who will be forced to appeal for aid long before next spring. All are sharing in the movement. Catholics as well as Protestants, and those who do not go to any church are uniting to relieve the distress. Men and women who are receiving but a moderate weekly or monthly compensation for their toil are joining with employers and leisurely capitalists in pledges to swell the relief fund. Quarters, dimes, and nickels are flowing and will continue to flow into the treasury for the poor alongside of bank bills and checks, all intended to help feed, clothe, and shelter the members of the most unfortunate class, the great majority of whom would not think of accepting charity if they had a chance to earn money by working for it.

The decision was arrived at yesterday that food and shelter will be furnished to the poor by the city. The corporation will be responsible to the extent of providing whatever may be necessary in advance of receiving funds therefor, but will depend on contributions by the charitable to defray all the expense, as there are no funds in the Treasury that can be used for the purpose. The thousands of persons who are willing to help with money, food, or clothing can do so now with assurance that their donations will be well bestowed and that the work will be done in a more comprehensive way than could be expected from a private committee organized on the spur of the moment, however well meaning its members might be. The leading officials are entering on the task so heartily that there need be little fear of any part of the fund being used improperly without almost instant detection of the miscreant who could presume to impose upon the charities of the people.

As soon as possible a suitable building will be secured in each division of the city at which the poorest will be cared for properly, and in the meantime the public structures will be used as heretofore if necessary. This action must be justified by the people, who will be asked for contributions, and ought to join in the movement as heartily as they did for the making of Chicago day at the Fair a brilliant and unparalleled success. The organization of committees for the systematic solicitation of aid is in progress, and if any one is missed he or she need not delay to send in as much as can be afforded to the Chairman of the Council Finance committee, who will take formal charge of the work.

SENATOR HOAR'S RESOLUTIONS.

The resolutions of inquiry as to the appointment and subsequent action of Paramount Blount, offered by Mr. Hoar of Massachusetts in the Senate, are both timely and pertinent. The Democratic majority in Congress cannot ignore them without acknowledging the truth of the charges indirectly made in them. Mr. Hoar in these resolutions desires to know whether at any time during the last six months the President has sent a Commissioner to any foreign country clothed with diplomatic authority without the advice and consent of the Senate; whether such Commissioner has had paramount authority and has been granted the privilege of taking possession of government archives, entering into negotiations with a foreign power, assuming the responsibility of hauling down the flag of the United States, which had been hoisted by a duly authorized officer of the government; and whether any such officer has held written communication with the citizens of any foreign nation or the subjects of any foreign power concerning the diplomatic relations of the United States with the country to which such citizens belong.

The resolutions submitted by Mr. Hoar, it goes without saying, are aimed at the dispatch of Mr. Blount to Hawaii. It also goes without saying that an affirmative answer must be given to every question contained in them. Taken in connection with the resolutions calling for all the papers in this Hawaiian business they must bring up a very important question—namely: whether the President has not been guilty of usurping powers which under the Constitution belong solely to Congress. A thorough investigation must show not only that Mr. Blount was given paramount authority over the diplomatic representative of this country, and that after an ex parte investigation he assumed authority to pull down the American flag and take command of the American fleet, but also that in subsequent instructions the President exercised the war-making power, which belongs to Congress alone, and in his conspiracy to overthrow the existing Hawaiian Government has run counter to the law and infringed upon the rights of Congress. So far as Mr. Blount is concerned there can be no question that the President acted without authority and in defiance of the rights of the Senate. If upon investigation it further shall appear that Minister Willis was instructed to overthrow the provisional government and substitute a monarchy in its place by force it then will be established beyond all question that the President has violated the laws and disregarded his oath. The organic law of the land is explicit in withholding the war-making power from the Executive. If he has attempted to overthrow the Hawaiian Government he has been guilty of usurping that power. The Senate, therefore, cannot any too promptly ascertain this fact. If it be established, then, indeed, is it true, as Mr. Hoar said, that the President is standing on ice, which not only is slippery but very thin. He will do well to get back to terra firma before he breaks through.

PUBLISH THE PAY-ROLLS.

Ald. Noble's ordinance for the printing of the city pay-rolls is timely and commendable and should be signed promptly by Mayor Swift. There have been many platform pledges on this question heretofore, but they have been ignored or forgotten as soon as the election was over. Had Ald. Noble introduced his ordinance bearing on the question six months ago he would have been laughed at and the ordinance would have been rejected contemptuously. Now, the politicians, finding that the people are in earnest about this matter, are all for the publication of the pay-rolls—all but Ald. John McGillen, Chairman of the Democratic Campaign committee. The other Democratic Aldermen gladly would have followed the lead of Ald. McGillen on this subject, but they were afraid of the effect of such a course on the prospects of their Mayoralty candidate. They voted for Ald. Noble's ordinance much against their will.

There is no doubt that the pay-rolls have been stuffed in the past. They were stuffed under the Cregier administration certainly. It has been demonstrated that they were stuffed under the last city administration. There will be little opportunity to pad the rolls if Ald. Noble's ordinance is enforced. It provides that the name and the address of the employés shall be published monthly, also the amounts paid to them and the contractors and others who perform services for the city. These pay-rolls will be scanned carefully and jealously. If any one is paid for time not spent in the service of the city the public will know it speedily. Ald. Madden is quite right in saying that "no honest employé is afraid to have the amount of his stipend printed opposite his name." The enforcement of the ordinance will work no hardship therefore. The expense of printing the pay-roll will be a mere bagatelle.

THE TRIBUNE for many years has urged the printing of the pay-rolls. A declaration in favor of that course was made one of the planks of the platform on which Hempstead Washburne was elected Mayor, and it was done on THE TRIBUNE'S advocacy. For reasons that it would be bootless to inquire into now the platform pledge was ignored during the Washburne administration. The Noble ordinance is much better and more binding than a platform pledge, as it cannot be ignored. Ald. Noble deserves the thanks of the public for his part in the matter. It was wise and opportune.

IT would not be unprofitable if the Republican Campaign committee were to take a leaf out of the Democratic book of political instruction occasionally. About the first thing done by Mr. Franklin MacVeagh after he joined the Hopkins Campaign committee Monday was to move the appointment of a committee of five to wait on the employers of labor to urge them to give their workingmen an opportunity to vote next Tuesday. This was a legitimately adroit proceeding. Mr. MacVeagh as a supporter of Mr. Hopkins made his motion in effect one of confidence in the workingmen, and at the same time set an example to Democratic employers of labor like himself. It hardly will be doubted that there are more Republicans than Democrats among the employers of labor. Will not those Republican employers see to it that their workingmen have an opportunity to vote next Tuesday, and adopt some systematic plan for that purpose? The polls open at 6 o'clock in the morning. If the workingmen are given till 10 o'clock to report at the place of their employment they will have ample opportunity to vote. Cannot closing down of shops and factories next Tuesday morning before 10 o'clock be made general?

CHICAGO will care for its own unemployed, but it is not prepared to assume the task of welcoming and providing for the unemployed of the world.

THE difficulty experienced in getting a jury in the case of "Mr." Prendergast arises probably from the fact that most persons have expressed a decided opinion that he is guilty and ought to be hanged.

WE note a general disposition among the Southern papers to say "the United States are." Yet they used to say "the Southern Confederacy is." Brethren, let us be logical.

SOME progress has been made in the trial of Dan Coughlin. The defense now seems willing to concede that Dr. Cronin was apparently murdered.

GOV. ALTGELD'S pachydermatous hide got its regular daily puncture yesterday.

AT this writing the Hawaiian situation is still firmly held by President Dole.

THROUGH some flaw in the ordinance the Illinois Central has yet enough turnstiles to go round.

IT looks as if Chicago had decided to do away with the "John P." idea altogether.

THE Hon. David B. Hill (who is still, etc.) is not altogether certain now that he wanted to be President this term.

IN A MINOR KEY.

No Chinese Wall.

Poor Hankinson, who had come to make an evening call, paused at the doorway of the parlor. Young Ferguson was there ahead of him.

"I can hardly hope for any interchange of ideas this evening, Miss Kajones," he said, with a ghastly attempt to be facetious, "on the basis of unrestricted reciprocity. You seem to be fully protected."

"Protected?" exclaimed Miss Kajones, with a ravishing smile. "Not at all, Mr. Hankinson. Raw material is on the free list here. Walk in."

No Accounting for Tastes.

Algy—"Seems to me this cigar has (puff, puff) a metallic taste."

Archie—"Likely enough. It looks like a nickel cigar."

Lo, Are There Not Others Like Her?

Mrs. Gofrequent—"These are delightful oranges. Best I ever tasted. Where did you get them?"

Mrs. Flyabout—"At a social our Society for Intellectual Advancement and Ethical Culture gave last night for the benefit of the poor. We had a splendid supper. Two dollars a plate. Everything was donated by business-men, you know. It was real mean, the way some of the ladies acted. They carried away every bit of the fruit cake before I could get a chance at it, but I was bound to have my share of something, I tell you, and I got a nice sack of grapes and a basket of these oranges and a package of fresh macaroons. I do hate to see people act like pigs. Don't you? Have another orange?"

Hang the Murderous Cranks.

New York *Advertiser:* The characteristics which he has in common with the serpent and the crazed canine suggest the treatment he deserves. A crusade against this class of criminals ought to be entered upon at once. Legislators should provide laws under which the assassinating crank may be speedily put to death, whether he has succeeded in committing murder or not. Conviction of having made the attempt ought to be sufficient to justify the imposition of the death sentence. It is believed that a vigorous course of hangings and electrocutions would have the immediate effect to check the spread of this epidemic of egotism which takes a murderous turn.

MUSIC AND DRAMA.

Mme. Josephine Chatterton gave a harp recital before an excellent audience at the Richelieu Hotel last evening. Mme. Chatterton was assisted by Miss Electa Gifford, William W. Thaule, pianist; Ernst Schmidt, violinist; and George G. Emmerson, organist. The harp solos, seven in number, were varied in character, and showed Mme. Chatterton to be possessed of a brilliant technique, freedom of delivery, and full tone. The delicacy displayed in Alvars' "Danse des Fees" and "Echoes of a Waterfall," by John Thomas, was especially delightful. There were the usual irritating drawbacks common to all harp recitals through the breaking of strings and getting out of tune, doubtless due in part on this occasion to the cold. Another composition by John Thomas on the program, Adagio and Allegro, from the Grand Duet in E flat minor, for harp and piano, distinguished by the same flowing, graceful melody which marks this composer's work, was given an excellent performance by Mme. Chatterton and Mr. Thaule. Miss Electa Gifford sang a waltz song by Bamberg and two songs by Grieg and Purcell with a small voice, somewhat stronger in the upper than in the lower register, but sweet and fresh. Mr. Schmidt played numbers by Schumann and Rober. Both Mme. Chatterton and Miss Gifford were called upon for encores.

* * *

Miss Louise Beaudet, who played the leading allegorical rôle in "America" at the Auditorium during the World's Fair season, has sued Herr Bandmann of Helena, Mont., for one-half of the proceeds of an alleged theatrical partnership that began in 1880 and lasted until 1889. Bandmann is now the owner of a large horse and cattle ranch, and it is one half of this property that Miss Beaudet wants. She claims she made tours to Australia, China, and India with Bandmann on an agreement that half of the net proceeds should be hers, and that she only received $10,181, while $20,000 would represent the profits of the Australian trip alone. The case was tried without a jury, and the decision will be handed down later.

The sale of seats will open at the box-office of the Chicago Opera-House this morning for the benefit matinée to be given next Friday afternoon in the interest of the destitute people of Chicago. Mr. Joseph Jefferson and Mr. Stuart Robson are attending to the arrangements, so the benefit certainly will not fail for want of good management. The demand for seats already is large.

The sale of seats for the return engagement of "The Black Crook" at McVicker's next week will begin tomorrow morning.

PERSONALS.

Sir Edwin Arnold says there are 30,000 poets in England. No wonder there is such general discontent.

Mrs. Lucinda Estes of Rockland, Me., is 99 years old and is yet able to take a tramp of several miles a day and like it.

Mrs. Avarilla Oliverid Cromwell Bush, recently deceased, was of the eighth generation in direct descent from the Protector.

Mr. Van Alen sailed too soon. He should have remained a few days longer and enjoyed the popular chord his resignation struck.

Emperor William drinks a great deal of beer. His crusade against gambling doesn't prevent him from drawing for a king full or a royal flush now and then.

Max Müller acknowledges the debt of gratitude which students owe to the King of Siam, the "greatest if not the only monarch professing the Buddhist faith," for supplying funds for continuing the translation of the great books of the East.

Claus Spreckels is credited with the intention of building a magnificent house in the fashionable part of San Francisco on a lot he has just bought. It is understood that he will entertain lavishly, though heretofore Mr. Spreckels has lived simply in an old-fashioned house.

Siddhu and Jinda Ram, two Hindoos, have arrived in St. Louis to begin the work of converting the city to the tenets of the Arya Somaj. Last Sunday Emin L. Nabokoff sounded the Mussulman call to prayer in Union Square, New York. It might be a good idea to send a few Christian missionaries to those benighted cities.

At a meeting in Boston the other day under the auspices of the Massachusetts Indian Association Miss E. Pauline Johnson of Canada read several original poems. She is the daughter of a Mohawk Indian chief. Miss Johnson appeared in the costume of her tribe, which included a necklace of cinnamon bear claws and a bracelet of panther claws.

William D. Howells is a hard worker and is obliged to use a typewriter since he injured his wrist so badly that he cannot use a pen. His study or workshop is a model of tidiness and as neat as his sentences. Mr. Howells is a warm friend of Henry George and has similar political views, as some of his novels have shown. They agree admirably socially and socialistically.

The Comte de Montesquieu, who exhibits exquisite specimens of inlaying at the Grafton Gallery in London, is a rich and eccentric French nobleman, who lives in the immediate neighborhood of Paris. His house is a show place, and especially remarkable for the dining-room, which contains a winter garden. Walking about among the plants are a great number of small, live Venetian turtles, variously enameled and incrusted with diamonds and other precious stones.

Miss Helen Gould has just offered a great farm at Irvington-on-the-Hudson to the "Kindergarten and Potted Plant Association." The land will be dotted with a number of frame buildings, in which 250 or more children are to be lodged and fed during the summer months. These will be ready June 1. There will be flower beds as object lessons, laid out by experienced gardeners; but each child who is brought there will be allotted a plot of ground and taught to cultivate it.

ARE CONFIRMED BY THE SENATE.

Nominations of Postmasters and Others Are Officially Approved.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 12.—The Senate has confirmed the following nominations:

Newton B. Ashby of Iowa to be Consul at Dublin, Ireland.

Postmasters—Indiana—Joseph A. Baene at Goshen, William Corby at Notre Dame, Patrick Donovan at Jeffersonville, George D. Price at Seymour, James Renie at North Vernon, John Fulton at Huntington, Charles H. Leach at Kokomo, William T. Phillips at Oakland City, John M. Turner at Monticello.

Ohio—John H. Crane, at Bowling Green; Daniel Kirkpatrick, at Plymouth: B. Renkenberger, at Columbiana.

Illinois—Charles I. Haskell, at Virginia; Washington Hesing, at Chicago; Fred J. Nirider, at Kinmundy; William C. Bush, at Pittsfield; Edward S. Bryan, at Maywood; William B. Davis, at Mount Sterling; Samuel L. Day, at Paxton; M. J. Howley, at Cairo.

Michigan—Reuel H. Cooper, at West Branch; Levant A. Vickery, at Flushing.

Wisconsin—John H. Levis, at Black River Falls; Gustav A. Altenberg, at Tomah: James M. Keys, at Richland Center; George W. Porth, at Milwaukee; John H. Rooney, at Kewaunee; C. G. Wilcox, at Depere; A. O. Wilson, at Janesville.

Nebraska—George P. Marvin, at Beatrice; George C. Agnew, at Central City; William R. Boughn, at Randolph; Hugh L. Cooper, at Tecumseh; Frederick E. Roper, at Hebron; Isaac F. Travis, at Weeping Water.

Iowa—John F. Wood, at Logan; Walter M. Beadle, at Lenox; John L. Comstock, at Sac City; Henry Moore, at Sioux Rapids; William A. Tood, at Mount Ayr.

Kansas—George T. Packer, at Ness City.

Secretary Morton's Assistant.

The President today sent to the Senate the following nominations: Charles W. Dabney Jr. of Tennessee, to be Assistant Secretary of Agriculture, vice Edwin Willits, resigned. Postmaster—James H. Jordan, at Denver. Secretary Carlisle today appointed Albert E. Matthews of Pine Bluff, Ark., and Wing Chin Foo of New York, Chinese Inspectors.

Wasn't in It.

Wheeling *Intelligencer:* Not a word in the message about the World's Fair triumph, the greatest in the world's history. Not a word of recognition of the friendly cooperation of other nations. Not a word about the Fair at all.

This would be stranger than it is except that the President never saw the Fair. He was there on the opening day in a formal and official way, and then he got away never to return.

Mr. Cleveland knows nothing of the Fair and could not talk about it. Perhaps he will save up to attend the next one in the sweet hereafter.

Practical Religion.

New York *World:* Chicago's churches are to be thrown open to shelter homeless men. Thus the places of worship will become literal places of refuge. It is practical religion which dictates this use of the edifices which are not sacred to the Creator unless they are also sacred to his creations.

An Object Lesson.

New York *World:* For the first time Mr. Van Alen as an American abroad has claims upon the pride of his countrymen. He now represents to Europeans the power of public opinion to prevent the plutocratic control of public offices in a democracy.

FOR A FAIR BALLOT.

SENATOR CULLOM'S EARNEST APPEAL FOR HONEST ELECTIONS.

A Cogent Reasoning in Favor of Federal Supervision—He Denounces the Administration for Its Tariff Schemes and Its Hawaiian Policy—Sharp Answers to Dave Hill—Carlisle Unable to Get Democrats to Agree to a Sugar Duty—Harter, in the House, Attacks Altgeld.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 12.—[Special.]—Senator Cullom made a rattling speech in the Senate today. The proposed repeal of the Federal election laws was his text. He entered into a vigorous discussion of the general political conditions. He pointed out what the advantage of the laws had been towards securing honest elections in Chicago and other large cities, and he thought it important that they should be kept upon the statute book. He stirred up his colleague, Senator Palmer, who wanted to know if the speech was intended for the Chicago election. Senator Cullom, however, eased Palmer's mind by saying that he was not thinking of that election, but was addressing himself to the general condition of the country under Democratic rule. The speech was enlivened by several sharp passages between Cullom and Hill. Senator Cullom had the attention of the full Senate throughout his whole speech. In effect Senator Cullom said:

What was the cause, he asked, of the present demand for the repeal of the laws passed by Congress on the subject? Had any man suffered any injustice by reason of their existence or enforcement? The contention of those who urged the repeal of those laws seemed to be based mainly upon the theory that the States alone were charged with the police control of elections. If that were the true rule, why had the Constitution given to Congress the right to make or alter the prescription of the State Legislatures? No Senator would fail to perceive that the discussion brought Senators back to the identical question which his friends in the South had attempted to settle at Fort Sumter in 1861, and which reached a final settlement in 1865.

Content with a False Theory.

It was idle, he said, for Congress to sit supinely down contented with the false theory that the States had full control of the franchise. That was a policy fundamentally wrong and indefensible. A national government which had not the power within itself to have some control over its elections was as weak as water and could not very long endure. An honest American ballot was the strongest, the most herculean power in the world. It was only necessary to go into the enlightened State of New York to find volumes of proof of the inability or the indisposition of the State to guarantee an honest casting and true counting of honest votes. Did it not, he asked, bring the blush of shame to the cheek of American Senators to think even of the gigantic frauds upon decency, the monstrous outrages upon the elective franchise which had been perpetrated within the last few months in that great Commonwealth? What a disgrace to the American bar, and what a humiliation to the judiciary of a noble State had become the name of that Judge [referring to Judge Maynard], the tool and willing agent, who had sold his judicial birthright for a mess of miserable political pottage.

Mr. Hill (Dem., N. Y.)—Is the Senator aware of the fact that the contested election case to which he refers would have not controlled the election of a Senator from the State of New York?

Mr. Cullom—If the Senator from New York simply proposes to justify that action by the declaration that it did not control the politics of the State Senate of New York I say to him, that if it was a crime the Senator ought not to justify it, and no man ought to.

Mr. Hill—The Senator from Illinois does not, of course, expect me to answer him now. The point which he is trying to make seems to be that the action in that district affected the control of the State Senate of New York, and on that point I beg to inform him that his statement is not true.

Mr. Cullom—Whether the statement is exactly true or not——

Mr. Hill—It is neither exactly nor substantially true.

Mr. Cullom—It probably required two or three changes in order to get a Legislature to secure the election of a Democratic Senator from the State of New York.

Mr. Hill—The election of United States Senator had nothing whatever to do with the question except to a very slight degree.

Cullom Reasserts His Point.

Mr. Cullom—I have understood—and I think the country has understood—that the action of that man who afterwards became a Judge inaugurated a scheme which resulted in changing the political complexion of the Legislature.

Mr. Hill—And I desire to inform the Senator and the country that that is not a correct statement of the situation.

Mr. Cullom resumed his speech and declared that all good people everywhere in America, regardless of their political affiliations, should join in trying to make stronger and more efficient every guard and protection for honest elections. The people, he said, were alarmed; and their apprehension and alarm were justified by the unprecedented action of the Executive and the impending reckless legislation which was threatened. The great mass of the people (without regard to party affiliations) were standing aghast at the evidences which were piling higher and higher every day of the total incapacity of the party in power to deal with public questions of the most vital importance. The proposed repeal of the election laws was an important step in the mad rush toward barbarism, which the irresponsible elements of the Democratic party advocated and adopted at Chicago. The public welfare was menaced by an attempt to break down a most wholesome tariff system. Vast interests were frightened into stagnation; and ruin threatened the industries of the people. Mills were idle; shops closed; while foreign manufacturers and exporters were jubilant in the prospect that the acts which struck terror over all this country were going to start afresh the looms and spindles and hammers of Manchester, Birmingham, Leeds, and Hamburg.

Hill Again Interrupts.

Mr. Hill (Dem., N. Y.)—Does the Senator expect to prevent the country from realizing the dire effects which he portrays by a continuance of the Federal election laws?

Mr. Cullom—Their repeal is one of the steps to be taken; and the end will be the destruction of the industries and life of the Nation. Does the Senator desire to ask another question? [Laughter.]

Mr. Hill—I understood the Senator to refer a few minutes ago to the recent election in the State of New York as a condemnation of certain political methods or results; and I understand him now to claim that it was a vindication of the Republican protective policy.

Mr. Cullom (sarcastically)—Is that all?

Mr. Hill—I would like the Senator to define which it was.

Mr. Cullom—I say that the conduct which I have described as having occurred in the State of New York, and which gave a majority to the Democracy of that State in 1892, and resulted in the election of a Democratic Senator, has been condemned in the recent election by nearly 100,000 majority.

Mr. Hill—The Senator has not answered the question. Had the election in New York any thing to do with the question of the tariff?

Mr. Cullom—It had nothing to do with the tariff, except that the Democratic party in its national convention and ever since has been claiming that it intends to carry out its free trade policy; and that has alarmed the people and helped to give a majority in favor of the Republican party and against the Democratic party.

Mr. Cullom was advised by Mr. Hill not to lie awake at night from any anxiety as to whether the Democratic party proposed to carry out its platform on the question of tariff. "I can assure the Senator," Mr. Hill continued, "that the party does intend to carry it out faithfully, honestly, and impartially."

Terror in the Mississippi Valley.

Mr. Cullom went on with his speech, saying he was daily receiving from all over the Mississippi Valley letters bearing on the universal fear which had truly reached the stage of terror at the future prospect shadowed out. What else than terror and despair, he asked, could be expected, judging by the policy which could, with the one hand, not only crush American industry and shipwreck the interwoven interests of American capital and American labor; while, with the other hand, it tore down the American ensign which had spread its protecting folds over a struggling colony upon an island of the sea. This latter act, he said, which could not have been accomplished by all the powers of monarchical Europe, had been committed by the order of an American President, upon the advice and recommendation of a "newly baptized Democratic Secretary of State." In addition to tearing down the election laws, the protective tariff, the American flag, and the pension policy, the national banking system was also to come down. What, in God's name, Mr. Cullom asked, would be left in the United States worth living for if, after other cyclones had done their worst, the country was to be put once again at the mercy of a multitude of State banking systems, as it was prior to the War of the Rebellion. He entreated the serious thinking men of the Democracy to call a halt in the wild campaign of error and cause their reckless followers to keep their hands from despoiling this work which had stood the test of time and which bore the stamp of value.

Mr. Hoar's Hawaiian resolutions were then referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations; Mr. Stewart (Nev.) addressed the Senate in favor of the repeal of the Federal election laws, but diverged into a long dissertation on the question of gold and silver, and the Senate adjourned.

CARLISLE'S SUGAR DUTY IS OPPOSED.

Democrats Are Unable to Agree on an Important Tariff Proposition.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 12.—[Special.]—There will be no attempt to crowd the tariff bill discussion before the Christmas holidays. This is because the Democrats will not be in a position to do any crowding. By bringing it up in the House early in January the bill may be got through by Feb. 1. By January the Democrats in the Ways and Means committee may be able to agree on the provisions for raising revenue. Secretary Carlisle was at the Capitol today, but he did not succeed in getting a majority to agree on a sugar duty, though that proposition was discussed at this morning's meeting. As it now stands, the administration will have to move that proposition in the open House. Whenever it is moved there will be at least fifty Democrats who will oppose it, so the sugar tax will not be adopted in the House. Instead the income tax in some form is a certainty. It is now settled that there will be a caucus. Over forty signatures have already been secured, and it only requires fifteen. The aim, however, is to get fifty. The call specifies that it is merely for consideration, and not intended to bind members. This shows that there is no expectation of securing the full Democratic support in the House. Chairman Wilson is still against the caucus, fearing that if the bill is once submitted in that way its own framers will not know it. McMillin and other members of the committee want the caucus. Wheeler of Alabama and his colleagues want to make a pretense of getting the free-ore provision stricken out. The caucus will refuse to do this, and they can go back to their people and say they did the best they could. There are several cases of the same kind.

The Wilson committee this afternoon raised the duty on barley malt to 30 per cent and decided to let stand Secs. 15 and 16 of the McKinley lumber schedule.

LIVELY DEBATE ON THE UTAH BILL.

Harter of Ohio Gets in a Keen Thrust at Gov. Altgeld.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 12.—After the routine morning in the House Mr. Harmer of Pennsylvania (Rep.) presented a memorial from workingmen and other citizens of Frankford, Philadelphia, protesting against the passage of the Wilson tariff bill.

Mr. Wheeler (Dem., Ala.) called up the bill for the admission of Utah. Mr. Kilgore (Dem., Tex.) spoke in favor of the erection of Utah into a State. He believed that polygamy and the endowment house institutions were dead and the chief objections to the admission of the Territory were thus removed.

Mr. Morse (Rep., Mass.) was opposed to the erection of Utah into a State. The allegiance of the people to Mormonism unfitted them for Statehood. He did not want to see any more "mining camps" admitted into the Union, having a smaller population than one district in his State.

This remark was resented by the Representatives of several of the new Western States, notably by Mr. Wilson of Washington and Mr. Pickler of South Dakota.

Delegate Rawlins of Utah said the people were not as credulous now as in former years, and, while they believed forty or fifty years ago in divine approval of polygamy and divine protection for those who practiced it, they were more enlightened now. Who were the men responsible for the establishment of polygamy in Utah? asked Mr. Rawlins. They were the men who were born, reared, educated, and actuated by the sentiments of New England—a sentiment which burned witches, persecuted Quakers, and drove out Roger Williams, and produced the gentleman from Massachusetts. [Great laughter and applause.]

Mr. Morse—I have read the book of Brigham Young's fifteenth wife, and she ought to know.

Mr. Rawlins—The gentleman from Massachusetts seems to forget that Brigham Young is dead. [Laughter.] I think I know the people who will dominate affairs if this bill should pass, and you will never regret your action if you pass this bill.

Mr. Harter (Dem., O.) addressed the committee in opposition to the bill. He felt sure that, admitted to the Union, Utah would never elect a Governor in sympathy with Anarchists, as had been done by one of the most important States of the Union, nor like the Governor of another State, who proposes to march on Washington through blood up to his bridle-rein. The question was asked, he said, whether the 200,000 people in Utah did not have as many rights as the 50,000 people of Ohio at the time of her admission. "No," replied Mr. Harter, "not by any rules of proportion."

"When did Ohio get a monopoly on rights?" asked Mr. Simpson (Pop., Kas.).

"On the 8th of last November," replied Mr. Power (Rep., Vt.), amid laughter and applause from the Republicans.

At 5:30 Mr. Harter closed his remarks and the House adjourned.

NOTES FROM THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Piteous Pleading Secures Favorable Report on a Peculiar Bankruptcy Bill.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 12.—[Special.]—The bankruptcy bill was beaten by a combination of Southern and Western mossbacks. Today Bailey of Texas pleaded with the Judiciary committee for the privilege of reporting a voluntary bankruptcy measure. Bailey and his friends were the zealous opponents of the Oates bill. There is nothing in Bailey's bill that would be of any benefit to the commercial community. It provides for voluntary bankruptcy, leaving the debtor the privilege of exempting so much of the estate as is exempt by the law of his domicile. That is, it places the State laws above the Federal statutes. Another provision of the Bailey measure is that it shall continue in force two years and no longer. The committee voted seven in favor of reporting the bill and seven against it. This tie would have beaten it, but in response to Bailey's pleas for the privilege of getting the bill before the House one of the members changed his vote so that it could be reported. The committee will try to get the measure up in the House next week, and then Chairman Oates will offer a substitute which will provide for involuntary as well as voluntary bankruptcy.

Treasury Assets and Liabilities.

The statement of the United States Treasury, showing the classified assets of the Treasury and demand liabilities today, is as follows:

ASSETS.

Gold coin and bullion	$161,634,3[illegible]
Silver dollars and bullion	334,854,7[illegible]
Silver dollars and bullion, at July 14, 1890	153,279,7[illegible]
Fractional silver and minor coin	12,330,6[illegible]
United States notes	38,135,7[illegible]
United States Treasury notes	1,131,12[illegible]
Gold certificates	263,900
Silver certificates	6,087,938
National bank notes	12,784,164
Deposits with National Bank depositories:	
General account	12,068,118
Disbursing officers' balances	3,890,562
Total	$736,461,260

LIABILITIES.

Gold certificates	78,942,169
Silver certificates	334,228,504
United States Treasury notes	153,299,380
Currency certificates	35,635,000
Disbursing officers' balances, agency accounts, etc	41,504,670

Western Postmasters Commissioned.

Commissions were issued today to fourth-class Postmasters at the following Western places: Iowa—George, S. M. Bradshaw; Beebetown, J. D. Onstott; Brushy, J. E. Courtright; Crescent, Warren Hough; Hosper, Jacob Kolbek; Kirkman, J. H. Guthrie; Osterdock, E. A. Bash; Promise City, C. A. Sager; Galt, J. H. Birdsall; Superior, F. C. Pinch. Michigan—Bridgewater, J. W. Kirkwood; Neebish, H. Slocum; Alger, Joseph Fournier; Wise, Mrs. E. Graham; Big Rock, A. P. Monroe; Clearwater, S. T. Maston; Kingsland, Nancy E. Willman; Talpa, J. F. Flamson. Nebraska—Arche, C. E. Barnett; Benedict, R. R. Brabham; Chester, Stephen Forsdick; Daykin, W. T. Hendrick; Diller, G. H. Tonnemater; Dunlap, Timothy Morrissey; Farwell, Jacob Smalls; Bostwick, S. E. Renshaw; Brainard, W. J. Mahaffey; Brock, W. L. Hair; Germantown, C. E. Hans; Guiderock, W. H. Postlewait; Lakeside, Emma A. Allen; Milligan, A. E. Wanek; Palmyra, S. M. Freeman; Potter, C. T. Bracken; Ridington, B. W. Wagner; Wittsbury, B. B. Delaney; Wausa, L. E. Keeler. Ohio—New Rumley, W. L. Finnicum. Wisconsin—Arena, D. D. Shaw; Belle Center, M. D. Masten; London, W. W. Bare; London, G. M. Miller; Thiensville, L. C. Wagner; Woodstock, Mrs. E. Stevenson; Wash Lake, E. M. Gustafson.

Judge Long's Pension Case.

The case of Judge Long of the Michigan Supreme Court against Commissioner Lochren, in which are involved the right and power of the Commissioner to suspend pensions regularly allowed, will be argued on the 22d inst. before Judge Bradley of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia. Whatever the decision of the lower court the case will ultimately find its way into the Supreme Court of the United States.

Washington Briefs.

The nomination of Washington Hesing to be Postmaster at Chicago was confirmed this afternoon.

Secretary Carlisle today requested the resignation of J. W. Parsons, Disbursing Officer of the Coast and Geodetic Survey; also the resignation of Dennis Egan, Collector of Internal Revenue for Florida.

The House Committee on Foreign Affairs today ordered a favorable report on the resolutions introduced by Mr. Hitt of Illinois, calling on the President for all correspondence in the Hawaiian matter including the instructions given Minister Willis.

Prize Curios.

Pittsburg *Dispatch:* Altgeld and Morrison constitute the prize political curio combine of the season.

NEWS FROM ABRO[AD]

BRAZILIAN REVOLUTIONISTS [CAPT]URE A FRENCH STEAME[R]

The Jupiter Makes a Prize of the [...] ba—Ambassador Bayard Deni[es] He Divulged Secrets About [...] Relatives of Anarchists to Be [...] from France—London's Unem[ployed] March Through the Streets [...] the Black Flag.

[SPECIAL CABLE.]

MONTEVIDEO, Uruguay, via Galvest[on,] Dec. 12.—[Copyright, 1893, by Ja[mes Gor]don Bennett.]—The Brazilian Admi[ral Go]zales, who is in this city, has receive[d a tele]gram from Rio Janeiro saying the ins[urgent] armed steamer Jupiter had captu[red the] French steamer Parahyba. The P[arahyba] was leaving the harbor of Rio at the t[ime. She] is a vessel of 1,986 tons and left B[...] gland, Oct. 5 for Buenos Ayres.

The steamer Malvinas sails from [...] tomorrow for Santa Catharina witho[ut clear]ance papers from the Brazilian c[onsul] here, as they have been refused. [Gen.] Tavares is now besieging Bage with [...] 4,000 insurgents from Rio Grande [...] Col. Samparo, who was leading a [...] troops to the defense of the city, has [...] marched to Piedras Altas, not darin[g to ad]vance further. The garrison of San [...] a fort in Para, on the Rio Negro, [...] field artillery, is also advancing towar[d ...] but on which side they will fight is n[ot known] here, but probably with the Castilhi[stas be]cause Col. Cabeda, with 1,800 insurg[ents, is] said to be marching toward them and [will un]doubtedly engage them in battle.

Word is sent from Rio Janeiro tha[t ...] brisk firing was kept up between th[e ...] ships and the government forts. O[...] from a land battery in Nictheroy pier[...] hull of the Tawandare and, the fleet [...] a vigorous fire from musketry and [...] guns was maintained all night betw[een ...]ras Island and the city. As the result [...] Saldanha de Gama's manifesto the [...] in Brazil grows worse every day, com[merce is] paralyzed, many business houses an[d ...] are closed, exchange on London [...] 10⅛, and numerous imprisonments a[re ...] made of political suspects.

It is reported here that Mello's flag [...] Aquidaban, and also the Republica, h[ave] been sighted near Maldonado, a fortif[ied ...] of Uruguay, on the northeast shor[e of the] Plata Estuary, sixty miles east of t[...] The news of the capture of the Para[hyba ...] Mello is denied by his adherents here[...] rifles are being bought here by P[...] agents for use on the loyal steamers [...] and Desterro, which are still in this [...] Official news has only today been rece[ived by] the Brazilian Legation in this city of [...] De Gama's manifesto adhering to th[e ...] tion but favoring a monarchy.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 12.—Th[e Navy] Department has received the follow[ing dis]patch from Capt. Picking, command[ing the] United States naval forces at Rio de J[aneiro,] dated yesterday:

Admiral De Gama, in an official note, [...] command in this harbor during the ab[sence of] Mello.

BAYARD DENIES HOAR'S CHA[RGE.]

The Ambassador Declares He Nev[er Was] in a Position to Divulge Hawaiian [...]

[SPECIAL CABLE.]

LONDON, Dec. 12.—[Copyright, 18[93, by] James Gordon Bennett.]—Ambassad[or Bay]ard was seen this afternoon in refer[ence to] Senator Hoar's charging him with di[vulging] secret Hawaiian news to the pape[rs. The] Ambassador at first betrayed cons[...] annoyance, but finally treated the mat[ter with] humorous contempt. He said: "I [cannot] conceive how so nonsensical and false [a state]ment was ever made. I have had ab[solutely] no communication with President Cl[eveland] on the subject of Hawaii. It is cle[ar there]fore I could not divulge problematic [...] which I had never received."

"What motive," I asked, "could S[enator] Hoar have in making an apparently [ground]less charge?"

"That is equally inconceivable," sa[id Mr.] Bayard, "and I can only attribute it [to a] lack of something to talk about."

TO EXPEL ANARCHISTS' RELAT[IVES.]

France Will Attempt to Get [Rid of the] Friends of the Reds, Too.

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The Senate today passed the pr[ess law] adopted by the Chamber of Deputies [yester]day. There was not a dissenting vote. [Presi]dent Carnot signed the bill tonight. [It will] be published in the *Journal Offi[ciel to]morrow*, and will be enforced imm[ediately] thereafter.

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BLACK FLAG OF HUNGER S[...]

London's Unemployed Meet at Tow[er Hill] and March Through the Stree[ts.]

LONDON, Dec. 12.—Thousands of th[e unem]ployed workingmen of London met at [Tower] Hill today and listened to addresses [by] James Keir Hardie, a Socialist me[mber of] Parliament, Frank Smith, and other[s. Mr.] Hardie said he intended to move the a[djourn]ment of the House of Commons toda[y in or]der to call the attention of Parliamen[t to the] condition of the unemployed. Upon t[he con]clusion of the speechmaking the[y ...] marched to Hyde Park. A number o[f black] and red flags were displayed, an[d ...] eral speeches were made, after [which] the procession was reformed and sta[rted on] the way back to Tower Hill. As t[hey] marched through Oxford street the[...] captured the most offensive banner th[at was] being carried in the lines. The men [were al]lowed to march through Cheapside, b[ut sub]sequently when they were ordered to [...] by the police they refused to do s[o. The] police charged the crowd and after a[...] resistance succeeded in dispersing it. [Traffic] was stopped for a short time. Some [of the] shopkeepers in the vicinity of the distu[rbance] feared the mob might loot their p[laces of] business, and as soon as the disorder [began] shutters were hastily put up, doors [closed,] and business suspended.

In the House of Commons.

In the House of Commons today [Lord George] Hamilton, Conservative, formerly Fir[st Lord] of the Admiralty, stated that he would [...]

NEWS FROM ABROAD.

BRAZILIAN REVOLUTIONISTS CAPTURE A FRENCH STEAMER.

The Jupiter Makes a Prize of the Parahyba—Ambassador Bayard Denies That He Divulged Secrets About Hawaii—Relatives of Anarchists to Be Expelled from France — London's Unemployed March Through the Streets Carrying the Black Flag.

[SPECIAL CABLE.]

MONTEVIDEO, Uruguay, via Galveston, Tex., Dec. 12.—[Copyright, 1893, by James Gordon Bennett.]—The Brazilian Admiral Gonsales, who is in this city, has received a telegram from Rio Janeiro saying the insurgents' armed steamer Jupiter had captured the French steamer Parahyba. The Parahyba was leaving the harbor of Rio at the time. It is a vessel of 1,986 tons and left Barry, England, Oct. 5 for Buenos Ayres.

The steamer Malvinas sails from this port tomorrow for Santa Catharina without clearance papers from the Brazilian consulate here, as they have been refused. Gen. Tavares is now besieging Bage with a force of 4,000 insurgents from Rio Grande do Sul. Col. Samparo, who was leading a body of troops to the defense of the city, has countermarched to Piedras Altas, not daring to advance further. The garrison of San Gabriel, a fort in Para, on the Rio Negro, with its field artillery, is also advancing toward Bage, but on which side they will fight is not known here, but probably with the Castilhistas, because Col. Cabeda, with 1,800 insurgents, is said to be marching toward them and will undoubtedly engage them in battle.

Word is sent from Rio Janeiro that Dec. 9 brisk firing was kept up between the rebel ships and the government forts. One shot from a land battery in Nictheroy pierced the hull of the Tawandare and, the fleet retiring, a vigorous fire from musketry and Gatling guns was maintained all night between Cobras Island and the city. As the result of Gen. Saldanha de Gama's manifesto the situation in Brazil grows worse every day, commerce is paralyzed, many business houses and banks are closed, exchange on London rules at 10¾, and numerous imprisonments are being made of political suspects.

It is reported here that Mello's flag ship the Aquidaban, and also the Republica, have just been sighted near Maldonado, a fortified town of Uruguay, on the northeast shore of the Plata Estuary, sixty miles east of this city. The news of the capture of the Parahyba by Mello is denied by his adherents here. More rifles are being bought here by Peixoto's agents for use on the loyal steamers Santos and Desterro, which are still in this harbor. Official news has only today been received by the Brazilian Legation in this city of Admiral De Gama's manifesto adhering to the revolution but favoring a monarchy.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 12.—The Navy Department has received the following dispatch from Capt. Picking, commanding the United States naval forces at Rio de Janeiro, dated yesterday:

Admiral De Gama, in an official note, assumes command in this harbor during the absence of Mello.

BAYARD DENIES HOAR'S CHARGE.

The Ambassador Declares He Never Was in a Position to Divulge Hawaiian News.

[SPECIAL CABLE.]

LONDON, Dec. 12.—[Copyright, 1893, by James Gordon Bennett.]—Ambassador Bayard was seen this afternoon in reference to Senator Hoar's charging him with divulging secret Hawaiian news to the papers. The Ambassador at first betrayed considerable annoyance, but finally treated the matter with humorous contempt. He said: "I cannot conceive how so nonsensical and false a statement was ever made. I have had absolutely no communication with President Cleveland on the subject of Hawaii. It is clear therefore I could not divulge problematic papers which I had never received."

"What motive," I asked, "could Senator Hoar have in making an apparently groundless charge?"

"That is equally inconceivable," said Mr. Bayard, "and I can only attribute it to his lack of something to talk about."

TO EXPEL ANARCHISTS' RELATIVES.

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In the House of Commons.

In the House of Commons today George Hamilton, Conservative, formerly First Lord of the Admiralty, stated that he would shortly move the adoption of a resolution calling upon the government to inform the House as to its intentions in regard to increasing the strength of the navy. James Keir Hardie moved that the House adjourn. The motion was made for the purpose of calling the attention of Parliament to the condition of the unemployed. Mr. Hardie said acute distress was prevailing in the entire country. A large number of cases of suicide and starvation had been reported. Pauperism had increased, especially in London. It was necessary, he declared, that the local authorities should furnish employment for the poor. John Macdonald, member for Lower Hamlets, supported Mr. Hardie. The motion was lost, the vote being yeas 33, nays 175.

Will Increase England's Navy.

The *St. James Gazette* says the Cabinet, yielding to public opinion, has decided to strengthen the navy. The details have not yet been settled. It is believed, however, about £8,000,000 will be expended in the construction of new ships. The government's program, it is said, includes the building of six or seven battleships, some of which will be of the largest type, probably of an improved Royal Sovereign pattern. The *St. James Gazette* says this decision was only conceded in order to avoid something like a Cabinet crisis.

Want a Better Navy.

A meeting, called by the Chamber of Commerce, was held today at the Cannon Street Hotel to consider the state of the British naval defenses. Sir Albert Kaye Rollit, member of Parliament, presided. He pointed out that while the commerce of France and Russia is far less than that of Great Britain those countries spent more money proportionately on their navies. Resolutions were submitted declaring steps should be taken immediately to increase the naval defenses.

Heavy Storm on the British Coast.

A storm is prevailing on the south coast of England and the English Channel. The channel steamer service to and from French and Belgian ports has been badly interrupted. The telegraph lines have suffered extensively. Many minor marine casualties have been reported.

Condemn the House of Lords.

At the Trades Union Congress this morning it was decided to issue a manifesto condemning the House of Lords for not passing the employers' liability bill as it left the House of Commons. It was also decided to send circulars to all the trades unions, calling upon them to organize meetings in favor of the bill.

Gladstone's Valet Found Dead.

The body of Zadoc Outram, Mr. Gladstone's valet and trusted factotum for twenty years, who mysteriously disappeared at the beginning of December, was found floating in the Thames near London Bridge today. It is surmised Outram committed suicide.

MONSON PLEADS "NOT GUILTY."

Opening of the Trial in the Celebrated Ardlamont Murder Case.

EDINBURG, Dec. 12.—In the High Court of Justice today Alfred John Monson was called upon to plead to the indictment charging him with causing the death at Ardlamont Aug. 10 last of Lieut. Hambrough. The case is popularly known as the "Ardlamont mystery" and has excited keen interest in all parts of the United Kingdom owing to the prominence of the prisoner and his alleged victim. Monson pleaded not guilty. His alleged accomplice, Edward Sweeney, alias Davis, alias Scott, has not yet been found by the police, and in accordance with the rule that obtains in the Scotch courts he was pronounced to be an outlaw.

Alexander Asher, Solicitor-General for Scotland, and three advocates appeared for the prosecution, and Counsel Thompson and two advocates for the defense. The court-room was crowded. Monson, who was smartly dressed, was placed in the dock, and to all appearance he was as little concerned in the outcome of the trial as any of the audience. The first witness called was a Mr. Brand, a civil engineer. He produced a plan of the Ardlamont estate, and detailed minutely the features of the grounds where Monson and Scott were seen and where the body was found. The body was lying beneath a tree, and the upper leaves of this tree were filled with holes made by shot. The tree had been taken up after being guarded by police, and it forms one of the exhibits in the case.

DISCUSSING THE NEW TREATIES.

Strong Opposition in the Reichstag to the Government's Policy.

BERLIN, Dec. 12.—The Reichstag today discussed the report of the commission appointed by the House to consider the commercial treaties. Count von Lemburg-Stirum sharply attacked Dr. Paasche, the referee of the commission, for not expressing the views of the minority against the treaties. Dr. Paasche replied that the minority had declined to supply him with a formulated statement of their objections. Freiherr Marschall Bieberstein, Minister of Foreign Affairs, urged the House to confirm the treaties. Tariff wars, he said, always tended to annihilate economic values and injured the industries and agriculture. He appealed from what he termed the badly informed agrarians to the better informed majority in the Reichstag to support the government policy. Dr. Schaidler, speaking for a section of the South German Centrists, declared against the treaties. Dr. Miquel, Prussian Finance Minister, in private conversation said he estimated the Roumanian treaty would obtain a majority of twenty-eight if the vote was taken at a plenary sitting of the Reichstag. He added that if the Socialists and Richterists absented themselves in order to embarrass the government this treaty might be lost by sixteen votes.

Bohemia, Austria's Ireland.

VIENNA, Dec. 12.—Dr. Edouard Gregr, member for the Raudnitz District of Bohemia and leader of the young Czechs, made a remarkable speech in the Reichsrath today against continuing the petty state of siege in Prague. The proposal to continue the exceptional measures instituted several months ago in Prague was brought up for the second reading. Half a dozen speeches, all but one by young Czechs, were made. Dr. Gregr then ascended the tribune and for hours he held the unwavering attention of the house, as he vehemently and eloquently denounced the treatment accorded to Bohemia by the Imperial Government. The Czechs of Bohemia, he said, must acknowledge that their affection for the Austrian dynasty was waning under the oppressive regulations with which the Imperial Government had seen fit to load them. Bohemia had become Austria's Ireland. The Czechs felt that self-government was their right and they demanded it as Ireland had demanded home rule.

Boundary Dispute About Ended.

[SPECIAL CABLE.]

BUENOS AYRES, Argentina, via Galveston, Tex., Dec. 12.—[Copyright, 1893, by James Gordon Bennett.]—There is now ample confirmation of the report that the majority of the Chamber which was disposed to postpone the discussion of the boundary question yielded to the influence of Senhors Roca and Mitre, and decided that the protocol be approved if the Chilean Chamber also accepted it. In such case it can be published simultaneously in both countries. All proceedings of the sessions have been kept secret until now.

Mr. Depew Still at London.

[SPECIAL CABLE.]

LONDON, Dec. 12.—[Copyright, 1893, by Press Publishing Company, New York World.]—Chauncey M. Depew did not sail for home by the Paris, as he expected, but will take the Umbria Saturday. He is resting quietly at his hotel, avoiding all social festivities. Referring to the report which has reached him from America that his visit to the Pope had some connection with the investment of papal funds in American securities Mr. Depew said, "That is preposterous."

Failure Is Not a Bad One.

ROME, Dec. 12.—It is learned the failure of Maquay & Hooker, bankers of this city and Florence, whose suspension was announced yesterday, is not a bad one. A statement issued today shows their assets are $261,955 in excess of their liabilities.

To Announce His Cabinet Today.

ROME, Dec. 12.—The new Cabinet formed by Francesco Crispi will be announced officially in all probability tomorrow morning. Senator Andrea Calendra di Traveni has been selected for the Ministry of Justice, Senator Luigi Ferrario for the Ministry of Posts and Telegraphs; Senator Augusto Barcelli for the Ministry of Public Instruction, Deputy Paolo Boselli for the Ministry of Agriculture. The War and Marine portfolios have not yet been allotted.

Gloomy Day at Paris.

[SPECIAL CABLE.]

PARIS, Dec. 12.—[Copyright, 1893, by James Gordon Bennett.]—The day was gloomy and there was a slight rainfall. The temperature ranged from 37.4° to 44.6°; barometer, 29.92.

Flashes from the Cable.

CHOLERA INCREASING AT ST. PETERSBURG.

A thaw has set in at St. Petersburg and with it there is a recrudescence of cholera.

ESTIMATE OF AUSTRALIAN WHEAT CROP.

An estimate of the Australian wheat crop for 1893 places the yield of Victoria at 13,500,000 bushels, New South Wales at 7,000,000 bushels, and South Australia at 11,250,000 bushels.

ARCHDUKE SAID TO BE BETROTHED.

The Vienna *Montags Zeitung* says the Archduke Franz Ferdinand, heir to the throne of Austria-Hungary, will shortly be betrothed to the Grand Duchess Xenia, eldest daughter of the Czar. The Grand Duchess was born April 6, 1875.

WEDDING OF MRS. MARIE LAWRENCE.

She Becomes Mrs. James Summerfield Hagerty—Marriage of Miss Towne.

Today's Social Events—Mrs. J. A. Spoor, No. 12 Ritchie place, a luncheon. Mr. and Mrs. Vibe K. Spicer, a reception at the Majestic. Mrs. J. S. Miller, No. 4210 Kenwood avenue, a reception.

Mrs. Marie Lawrence, sister of Mrs. Marc Sherwood, was married yesterday at noon to James Summerfield Hagerty of Baltimore. The ceremony took place at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Sherwood, No. 825 Warren avenue, and was witnessed only by relatives. The Rev. Dr. Ridgway of Evanston officiated. There were no attendants. The ceremony was followed by a wedding breakfast, at which twenty guests were present. Mr. and Mrs. Hagerty left in the afternoon for the East, and later they will go to their home in Baltimore.

Miss Mertie Towne, daughter of Henry Towne, and Charles R. Holden, son of Mr. and Mrs. William H. Holden, were married last evening at the home of the bride, No. 528 Monroe street.

Mrs. William D. Evart and Miss Evart, No. 2801 Michigan avenue, gave a reception yesterday afternoon from 4 until 6 o'clock.

Mrs. Frank Avery, No. 2123 Prairie avenue, gave a small reception last evening for the Chicago Glee, Minstrel, and Banjo club.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert J. Langhenry, No. 235 Belden avenue, held their second and last reception yesterday afternoon and evening. Seventy-five guests were present.

Mrs. George A. Seaverns Jr., No. 3831 Michigan avenue, gave a reception yesterday afternoon from 4 until 7 o'clock.

The Woodlawn Park club, assisted by the ladies of Woodlawn, gave a ball and literary entertainment last evening, the proceeds of which will go to relieve the destitute of South Chicago. Fully 600 guests were present and the receipts were over $1,000.

Mrs. T. F. Harvey announces that a musical and literary entertainment will be given Dec. 14 at her residence, No. 4341 Calumet avenue, the proceeds to be given to the aid of St. Alban's Episcopal Church.

Max Richter, Imperial World's Fair Commissioner for Germany, gave a dinner to a number of friends at the Richelieu last evening. This is the first of a series of dinners which he is to give before his departure for home.

BIG CROWD AT G. A. R. ENCAMPMENT.

Pittsburg People Advised to Make Ample Preparations—Date Changed.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Dec. 12.—At the joint conference today of the Executive committee of the National Council of Administration of the G. A. R. and the Executive Council of the Citizens' Executive Board of Pittsburg, Commander-in-chief Adams instructed the local committee to make calculations for entertaining an unprecedented assemblage, as greater interest is shown in the coming encampment than in the past. It was resolved to confine the parade to G. A. R. members only. The date of the encampment was changed from the week commencing Sept. 3 to that commencing Sept. 10, 1894. The parade will take place Sept. 12. The visitors were entertained tonight.

James Wilde Jr. & Co.,

Three World's Fair Medals for the choicest Men's, Boys', and Children's Clothing.

Until Christmas Eve we give a numbered ticket entitling the holder to a valuable present with every purchase of the following:

MEN'S AND BOYS' SUITS, OVERCOATS, ULSTERS, TROUSERS, MACKINTOSHES, AND SMOKING JACKETS, BOYS' KNEE PANTS AND LEGGINGS, LADIES' MACKINTOSHES.

Distribution of presents will take place Christmas morning from 8 o'clock prompt till 12 o'clock sharp upon presentation of tickets.

JAMES WILDE JR. & CO.

Smoking Jackets—

We have altogether too many and they must go, every one of them, before Christmas—prices reduced in many cases to one-half—$3.75 and upwards.

Open until 9 o'clock every evening until Christmas—until 10 o'clock Saturday night the year around.

James Wilde Jr. & Co.

CLOTHING, HATS, SHOES, FURNISHINGS,

N. E. Corner State and Madison-sts.

FRANK REED, Manager.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

In all the great Hotels, the leading Clubs and the homes, Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder holds its supremacy.

40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

Hard Times Sale

SHOES.

Beginning Today (Wednesday) we will sell every shoe in our store at **HARD TIME PRICES.**

We are bound to meet the demand for low prices during this stringency of the money market.

Don't buy cheaper goods because you are hard up.

We will sell you any of our high-grade shoes at the price of a common pair. Listen:

MEN'S SHOES.

$7.50 Patent Leather Bluchers	$5.85
$7.00 Patent Leather Shoes	5.40
$7.00 Enamel Lace Shoes	5.15
$7.00 French Calf Shoes	5.35
$7.00 Cordovan Shoes	5.30
$6.00 Patent Leather Shoes	4.65
$6.00 Cordovan Shoes	4.65
$6.00 Kangaroo Shoes	4.45
$5.50 Patent Leather Shoes	4.20
$5.00 Calf Shoes	4.15
$4.00 Calf Shoes	3.20
$3.00 Calf Shoes	2.70

BOYS' AND YOUTHS' SHOES.

(2 to 5) (11 to 2)

$3.25 Boys' Calf Safeguard	$2.80
$2.75 Boys' Russet Lace Shoes	1.95
$2.50 Boys' Calf Lace Shoes	1.95
$3.25 Youths' Hand-Sewed Calf Shoes	2.80
$2.75 Youths' Calf Lace and Button Shoes	2.35
$3.75 Youths' Patent Leather Shoes	3.10
$2.25 Youths' Russet Shoes	1.70
$2.25 Youths' Calf Lace and Button Shoes	1.70

MEN'S SLIPPERS.

$4.00 Genuine Alligator Slipper	$2.65
$3.50 Genuine Seal Slipper	2.60
$3.00 Dongola "Romeo" Slipper	2.35
$3.00 Tan Goat "Romeo" Slipper	2.35
$2.00 Dongola Opera Slipper	1.45
$2.00 Maroon Opera Slipper	1.45
$2.00 Tan Goat Slipper	1.45

LADIES' SHOES.

$7.00 Bronze Lace Louis Heel Boots	$5.80
$7.00 French Kid Button Boots	5.85
$6.50 Patent Leather Button Boots	5.20
$6.00 French Kid Cloth Top Button Boots	4.85
$6.00 Hand-Sewed Kid Button Boots	4.85
$6.00 Hand-Sewed Cork-Sole Boots	$4.85
$6.00 Fancy Cloth Top Lace Boots	4.80
$5.00 Button and Bluchers	3.95
$4.00 Kid Button and Lace Boots	3.35
$3.50 Kid Button and Lace Boots	2.85
$3.50 Spring Heel Button (sizes 2½ to 6)	2.85
$3.00 Button and Lace Boots	2.65

OXFORD TIES.

$5.00 French Bronze Oxfords	$4.50
$5.00 Patent Leather Louis Heel Oxfords	4.00
$5.00 Patent Leather Seamless Oxfords	4.15
$5.00 French Kid Seamless Oxfords	4.15
$4.00 Patent Leather Oxfords	2.85
$3.50 Kid and Cloth Top Oxfords	2.85
$3.00 Kid and Cloth Top Oxfords	2.55
$3.00 Red Goat Oxfords	2.45
$3.50 French Kid Common Sense	2.80
$2.50 Dongola Common Sense	2.05
$2.00 Dongola Tip Opera	1.70
$2.00 Dongola Common Sense	1.70

MISSES' and CHILDREN'S SHOES

(11 to 2) (8 to 10½)

$3.50 Misses' Patent Leather Shoes	$2.60
$3.25 Misses' Patent Leather Shoes	2.65
$3.50 Misses' Bronze Cloth Top Shoes	2.85
$3.00 Misses' Kid Cloth Top Shoes	2.35
$2.50 Misses' Kid Dress Shoes	2.20
$2.50 Misses' Kid Tip Button Shoes	2.00
$2.00 Misses' Kid Tip Button Shoes	1.55
$2.00 Child's Kid Tip Button Shoes	1.75
$2.00 Child's Kid Cloth Top Shoes	1.75
$2.75 Child's Bronze Cloth Top Shoes	2.15
$1.85 Child's Kid Tip Shoes	1.55
$2.50 Child's Patent Leather Shoes	2.10

I. H. MILLER,

84 State Street.

SIEGEL, COOPER & CO. — SIEGEL-COOPER & CO. STATE, VAN BUREN & CONGRESS — ALWAYS THE CHEAPEST SIEGEL, COOPER & CO. CHICAGO

THE BIG STORE.

A Sour Apple for Us.

Selling goods cheap has ONE disadvantage. It seems to make some people think that because we sell goods cheap, that we sell only cheap goods. A big mistake, for we carry fine goods as well as the trustworthy medium-priced goods. But the fact remains that those who buy fine goods seem to be in the habit of buying them at the high-priced credit stores, and in consequence we often get stuck on those goods. A case in point: In September and October we sold—mostly to out-of-town people—lots of fine garments, but since then our fine Jackets, Capes, etc., have not moved as they should, and we are confronted with a big stock of fine garments that we cannot begin to get cost price for. What is to be done? Simply forget what they cost and cut the price down to what you would usually pay for a common garment, say $15.00. Surely you would rather have a handsome garment than a common wrap, when you can get it for the same price! At all events, you can if you wish to own

$50.00 KERSEY JACKETS, Marten fur trimmed,
$40.00 SEAL PLUSH CAPES,
$40.00 SEAL PLUSH JACKETS,
$40.00 SEAL PLUSH SACQUES,
$35.00 NEWMARKETS,
$75.00 IMPORTED CAPES, silk lined throughout,
$50.00 LADIES' DRESSES,

—FOR— **$15.00**

Siegel Cooper & Co.

MARSHALL FIELD & CO.

"A Brilliant Scene."

The beautiful new Annex is now at its best—Every counter and case is filled to overflowing with only newest Christmas Goods.—The full power of our new electric plant illuminates the building.—The spacious aisles are daily becoming more crowded with early buyers. . . . This is as you find the Annex, now *unquestionably the most brilliant scene in the world today.* Prominent among the Christmas articles are:

Leather Goods—in great demand for presents.

Every desirable thing in this line for *home* and *travelers'* use will be found on the 1st floor—Annex. We mention:

The New Oxford Bag—In Lizard, $18 up—Alligator, $13 up—Seal, $13 up—Grain, $9.50 up.

The New Cabin Bag—In Lizard, $24 up—Alligator, $6.75 up—Seal, $6.75 up—Grain, $4.25 up.

Club and Gladstone Bags—In an enormous variety.

Furnished Bags—In all styles, $7.00 up.

Dress Suit Cases—$9.25 up
Dressing Cases—$2.25 to $60
Chatelaine Bags—$1 to $40

Glove, Handkerchief, Jewel, and Work Boxes—Collar and Cuff Boxes.

Lap Tablets, great variety, $2.25 up
Portfolios—$1 to $42
Flasks—all newest ideas—$1.25 up

Photograph Screens, Frames, and Cases in choicest pieces.

In small Pocket Goods the variety is endless. Probably not one-quarter of the assortment is shown in any establishment in the world. To illustrate range of prices we quote:

Card Cases, 50c to $21.00—Letter Cases, $1.00 to $25.00—Bill Books, $1.25 to $21.50—Combination Pocketbook and Card Cases, $1.00 to $22.50—Purses, Portemonnaies, Ticket Cases, etc.

THE Economical Drug Co.

No. 121 CLARK-ST.

The Drug War Revived

And Raging More Fiercely Than Ever.

CHAPTER I.

Our friends of the RETAIL DRUGGISTS' TRUST have gratified their venom and spite during the past four months by industriously and preconcertedly circulating the report that "The Economical is busted, gone out of business." Hundreds of friends have told us of these lies, but we have gone quietly about our business of cutting prices on all drugs and medicines and paid no attention to these slanderers.

CHAPTER II.

Then a few of the old-time HUNDRED PER CENT DRUGGISTS situated nearest us have sought to hoodwink the public by plastering the fronts of their stores with signs announcing a cut of a cent or two a bottle under THE ECONOMICAL prices on a few leading sellers, such as Hood's, Scott's, Paine's, etc., ignoring or oblivious to the rank inconsistency of NOW selling for 70 cents an article they have ALWAYS charged $1.00 for until they commenced their war on THE ECONOMICAL last Spring—a war intended to drive us out of business, so that they could return to their extortionate prices.

CHAPTER III.

There ought to be sentiment enough to sustain THE ECONOMICAL in its unaided warfare against 600 banded extortionists, irrespective of price, and a very large clientele does sustain us by its steady patronage. However, occasionally some person, oblivious of the fact that THE ECONOMICAL forced these monopolists to reduce their prices, leaves our store without purchasing, because he can save a cent or two elsewhere. We propose that in future no one shall leave for such cause.

DOWN GO THE PRICES!

Lower Than Ever.

	Our Cut Price.	Regular Price.
Moeller's Cod Liver Oil	$ .59	$ 1.00
Scott's Emulsion	.64	1.00
Hood's Sarsaparilla	.69	1.00
Paine's Celery Compound	.69	1.00
Greene's Nervura	.79	1.00
Castoria	.24	.35
Pond's Extract	.69	1.00
Pinkham's Compound	.69	1.00
Sozodont	.49	.75
Ayer's Cherry Pectoral	.69	1.00
Pierce's Prescription	.69	1.00
Hamlin's Wizard Oil	.34	.50
Fellows' Syrup Hypophosph	1.13	1.50
Mariana Wine	.94	1.50
Kennedy's Discovery	1.19	1.50
Jayne's Expectorant	.69	1.00
Listerine	.69	1.00
Malted Milk	.39	.50
Maltine	.74	1.00
Piso's Consumption Cure	.19	.25
Swift's Specific (S. S. S.)	.69	1.00
Syrup of Figs	.34	.50
Warner's Safe Cure	.94	1.25
Williams' Pink Pills	.39	.50
Winslow's Soothing Syrup	.19	.25
Wyeth's Beef, Iron, and Wine	.64	1.00
Totals	$16.38	$23.35

Or, you paid the Combine Druggists ONLY 42 PER CENT MORE before the advent of THE ECONOMICAL—and you still pay that tribute to 780 of the 800 members of the Retail Druggists' Trust, the other 20 pretending to meet our prices.

The times are hard, money is tight, and it behooves every prudent person to economize, especially when you can get identically the same goods 43 per cent cheaper at THE ECONOMICAL.

We cut on EVERYTHING in the store—prescriptions most of all. Silverware, cutlery, and leather goods 33⅓ per cent under our present "cut prices" to close. Hudnut's perfumery 25 per cent to close, etc., etc.

ECONOMICAL DRUG CO.

121 CLARK,

Bet. Madison and Washington-sts.

The Original, the Pioneer, the Only Real "Cut Price" Drug Store in Chicago.

C. H. McCONNELL, Manager.

Closing Days! Closing Days!

OF THE

Trustee's Auction Sale of

ORIENTAL RUGS,

Oriental Carpets and Draperies.

ANTIQUE FURNITURE,

Clocks, Bronzes,

Bric-a-Brac and other Works of Art,

ENTIRE STOCK OF THE

ORIENTAL ART ROOMS

—OF—

Costikyan & Bedrosian,

At 212 Wabash-av.

The most important part of the collection will be offered and sold this week to the highest bidder. SALE UNRESERVED.

"An unprecedented opportunity."

Remember, Sales Every Day at 10 a. m. and 2 p. m. THIS IS THE LAST WEEK.

R. S. BUCHANAN, Trustee.

POMEROY, SON & CO., Auctioneers.

ROBERT McCANN, Art Salesman.

A PIANO OPPORTUNITY!

Choice of the following strictly modern Upright Pianos, for cash or easy payments, at prices quoted. An early inspection advised.

One Fischer full-sized Upright, with fret panels, carved trusses and all latest improvements, practically new (regular price $375)—$240

One Weber full-sized Upright, rosewood case, fret panels, and carved console, three strings, overstrung scale, second-hand, but in perfect condition (regular price $350)—$250

One Steinway second-hand Upright, oak-finished style, seven octaves, rosewood case, (regular price $360)—$275

One Fischer Upright Cabinet Grand, 4 ft. 6 in. high, ebony finished case, all late improvements (regular price $530)—$275

One Knabe medium-sized Upright, second-hand, handsome rosewood case, extra fine tone (regular price $350)—$275

One Petit Rijon Upright, in oak case, nearly new, has an excellent tone for so small an instrument (reg. price $175)—$115

One New England Upright in ebony finished case, with fret panels, overstrung scale, and repeating action (regular price $300)—$195

One Haller & Davis 7⅓ octaves, fret panels, carved consoles, three strings, overstrung scale, double repeating action (regular price $300)—$195

Lyon & Healy — STATE AND MONROE STS., CHICAGO.

REPAIRS TO STREETS.

SUPT. M'CARTHY ISSUES A REPORT OF SEVEN MONTHS' WORK.

It Shows That 144 Miles of Paving Have Been Completed at a Much Reduced Cost—Comparisons with the Work Done Under the Preceding Administration—Discharged Street Car Conductor Prefers Death to Beggary—Confesses to the Killing of His Wife—Other Local News.

Supt. McCarthy of the Street Department last night completed a report of the operations of the department since he has been at its head. In his report Mr. McCarthy says that when he first made an examination of the new streets constructed in the Washburne administration he found there was a shortage of material on such streets of $400,000. Mr. McCarthy then resolved to withhold the reserves of the contractors to make good the shortage.

In his detailed statements Mr. McCarthy says that in 144 miles of streets completed during the year no contractor has slighted his work. The records show that 42 per cent more repairs of street pavements were made during the last seven months than in the entire previous year at a cost of $155,000 less.

The following table is presented by Mr. McCarthy, showing the comparative amount of work performed by the street department:

	Aprons.	Crossings.	Culverts.
1892	642	977	334
Jan. 1 to Nov. 1, 1893	1,577	1,765	1,453
	Drain boxes.	Steps & rail'gs.	Intersections.
1892	33	136	423
Jan. 1 to Nov. 1, 1893	127	422	1,753

SQUARE YARDS OF REPAVING BY DIVISIONS.

	North.	South.
1892	56,332	78,029
Jan. 1 to Nov. 1, 1893	60,677	105,105
	West.	Total.
1892	122,032	256,413
Jan. 1 to Nov. 1, 1893	116,328	282,610
Miles of streets cleaned in 1892		10,922
Cost		$215,780
	1892.	1893.
Improved streets, a } Improved streets, b }	$655,000	$300,000.00
Unimproved streets	250,000	300,000.00
Sidewalk repairs	50,000	100,000.00
	$955,000	$700,000.00
Deduct cost of cleaning	215,780	115,692.93
	$739,220	$584,307.07

In regard to corporations and the tearing up of streets the Superintendent in his report says:

During the last seven months 60,000 yards of granite pavement were relaid by the corporations without one cent of expense to the general fund or to property-holders.

The end of Mr. McCarthy's report is devoted to a synopsis of the work of the inspectors. The cost of sidewalk inspection for the first eleven months in 1892 was $40,365. The cost of inspection for 1893 was $23,901, and the work performed was 27 per cent more than in 1892. In 1887 681,265 square yards of pavement were laid; in 1893, 2,684,739 square yards; in 1892, 1,975,319 square yards.

HE PREFERS DEATH TO BEGGARY.

Leslie Powell, a Discharged Street Car Conductor, Shoots Himself.

Leslie Powell was found lying in a half conscious condition in his room, No. 355 Wells street, yesterday morning. His head was covered with blood. When he revived he said he had been attacked by footpads at Wells and Hills streets early Tuesday morning and shot. Powell was taken to the Alexian Brothers' Hospital. The police, in examining Powell's room, found four letters. One was written to Mrs. Westling, his landlady, requesting that she send the following telegram to J. W. Powell, Logansport, Ind.: "Mr. Powell has killed himself. Come." Another letter was to his wife, Mrs. Mamie Powell, No. 4861 Atlantic street. In this Powell told her to give his clothing to some deserving poor person. Powell also wrote to his mother in Logansport, Ind., saying he had lost his place as conductor on a State street horse car because he had been late on three trips in succession. "I won't beg, neither will I sleep in churches and eat soup with the thousands now homeless in Chicago," wrote Powell.

The surgeon said last night that a fever had set in and that Powell probably would die. Powell is 30 years old. His wife, who left him some time ago, is now with him.

CONFESSES TO MURDER OF HIS WIFE.

Luke Dolney Relates the Incident of the Killing Before a Coroner's Jury.

"I struck her twice on the side of the head with the flat iron that I see here. Then I kissed her on the breast because her face and mouth were covered with blood," were the words of confession of Luke Dolney, the wife murderer, read from a document certified by Police Lieutenant M. Quinn, at the Coroner's inquest yesterday. "Early Monday morning while my wife was asleep I woke up. She slept on. I took her by the throat when I struck her so she would make no noise and wake up the little girl. Then I dressed myself and left the house. My wife was always drunk and had a knife under her pillow Sunday night. She asked me how could she throw the baby off and I said she could get poison for it. My wife has had something to do with another man, I think." In these words the murderer had told of his deed to the police officers. Mrs. Zozephya Sultde, No. 20 Lucy street, mother of the dead woman, testified to her daughter's identity. The verdict of the jury declared that Mrs. Dolney met death by blows from an iron in the hands of her husband at her home, No. 576 Holt avenue, and recommended that Luke Dolney be held to the grand jury.

"NAT" JONES IS ON 'CHANGE AGAIN.

He Returns from New York to Retrieve His Shattered Fortunes.

"Nat" Jones is back in Chicago. He arrived two days ago and went directly to his old stamping ground—the Board of Trade. He was on 'Change Monday, looking around and renewing acquaintances. He was there again yesterday and made a few trades.

Jones' membership in the New York Stock Exchange was posted two weeks ago. For a year or more prior to that time he had not been noticeable on the New York Exchange, but up to the beginning of that period he was a considerable factor in the stock market.

Jones came to Chicago from Cincinnati a little over a decade ago, with, it was said at the time, a very small capital. He was phenomenally successful on 'Change. He, John Cudahy, N. B. Ream, and C. J. Singer combined in speculation and, as the "Big Four," were among the strong influences on the market for two years. Seven years ago Jones was said to be a very rich man. He went into the heavier speculative field of railway stocks, moved to New York, and for a few years was a dashing operator there. The story of his reverses there was told in THE TRIBUNE when his failure was formally announced recently.

ARMED MEN FAIL TO MATERIALIZE.

Inspector Fitzpatrick Watches the Lake-Front During Early Morning Hours.

At 4 o'clock yesterday morning Inspector Fitzpatrick took up his headquarters at the Auditorium Hotel to await the advent of the 10,000 armed men called for by John Westgarth. Concentrated in the various police stations were 1,500 officers ready at a moment's notice to march to the Lake-Front. It was found to be an unnecessary precaution, however, for no one appeared. At 8 o'clock the Inspector left the hotel and went to the City Hall to report to the Chief. During the day two policemen patrolled the Lake-Front to disperse any possible gathering of men, but their services were not called into use. Occasionally Capt. Byrne strolled down to the Lake-Front to view the situation. Late in the morning the reserves were all allowed to go home.

BLAZE IN A MATTRESS FACTORY.

Firemen Fight the Flames with Great Difficulty—Marshal Petrie Is Hurt.

Firemen fought a blaze last night in a four-story brick building on Fulton street under great difficulties. The water was frozen as soon as it left the nozzle of the hose. The building is occupied by Willis E. Crane, manufacturer of wire mattresses, and is located at No. 109 Fulton street. From its starting place on the second floor the fire spread with great rapidity. Three alarms were rung in and after a hard fight the flames were controlled. The total loss was $7,500.

Next to the Crane Building at Nos. 105 and 107 Fulton street is the molding factory of W. M. Terriberry. The flames broke through on the third floor and spread to the fourth, causing a damage of $600. In each case the loss is covered by insurance.

While helping to fight the fire Second Assistant Chief Petrie fell on the ice-covered pavement and injured his left knee-cap so seriously that he was removed to his home.

Fire damaged Gehm Brothers' produce and commission house at No. 270 South Water street to the amount of $6,000 last night. The Whitley Produce company at No. 272 suffered a loss of $500. The fire was discovered on the second floor of No. 270.

EDITOR STEAD'S IDEAS ON SALOONS.

He Tells Temperance Women to Attack Most Disreputable Element First.

William T. Stead spoke on the temperance question in Chicago at Willard Hall, The Temple, at 12 o'clock yesterday. His speech was in the line of an arraignment of the methods used by temperance workers. He said they called the well-regulated saloon the worst.

Mr. Stead thought the worst saloon was the one that included gambling and other vices. Instead of waiting for the saloons to get so bad that every one would be against them he was in favor of using the maximum of available force against the weakest points—namely: the disreputable saloons.

W. S. Manning of London, a member of the Natural Food Society of London and New York, delivered an address at the close of the meeting held by Mr. Stead.

REYNOLDS ROBS A SHOE STORE.

He Points a Revolver at the Proprietor While He Gets What He Wishes.

A man went into Albert Davis' shoe store at No. 352 Belmont avenue Monday evening and, drawing a revolver, ordered Mr. Davis to throw up his hands. Mr. Davis complied, and the robber took several pairs of shoes and walked out. Later he was arrested. He gave his name as Thomas Reynolds. He has been held to the Criminal Court in $800 bonds.

A. Emery, a clerk at No. 183 East Chicago avenue, reported to the police yesterday that he had been held up and robbed of $47 by footpads on Milwaukee avenue Monday night.

Howe Held to Criminal Court.

Edward Howe, accused of fraudulently obtaining various sums of money on pretext that he was a Harvard graduate, was given a preliminary hearing before Justice Foster yesterday. Attorney James Peterson, who was defending him, got hold of a memorandum book in which were written the names of the men who had advanced Howe money. This book was the mainstay of the prosecution. Detective Farly, who arrested Howe, demanded the return of the book. Peterson, however, kept the book and dared Farly to take it from him. He also threatened to report Farly to the Mayor and have his star taken away. Howe was held to the Criminal Court in $900 bonds.

Place "L" Ordinances on File.

In a meeting of the Council Committee on Streets and Alleys yesterday Ald. Kleinecke introduced a motion to place on file the ordinances for three North Side elevated railroads—the Grand Central, North Chicago Rapid Transit, and North Chicago Elevated companies. All the members voted for the motion except Ald. McGillen, who gave notice that he should probably submit to the Council a minority report recommending the passage of the North Chicago Rapid Transit ordinance.

Guard and Inspector in a Fight.

W. W. Fuller, a customs inspector, had an experience with Columbian Guard authority yesterday. He started through the wagon gate at Sixty-fourth street instead of taking the regular turnstile twenty feet to the north. Guard W. L. Kinsel stopped him and put him out with the help of Guard Schoneman. Mr. Fuller made a stubborn resistance and received a black eye from Guard Kinsel. Policeman Henry Nichols interfered and arrested the men.

Embezzlement Due to Gambling.

A. Kliebisch, bookkeeper for the A. Booth Packing company, was held to the Criminal Court yesterday on the charge of embezzlement of $2,500. He was arrested on the complaint of William F. Cochran of the company. Kliebisch made a confession attributing his downfall to gambling. He was held in the sum of $4,000. He was committed to the County Jail in default.

Chinese Laundryman Is Shot.

Joe Hein, a Chinaman 30 years old, is at the County Hospital suffering from a dangerous bullet wound. He was shot yesterday afternoon while going into his laundry at No. 184 West Lake street. A colored man named Eugene Edwards is under arrest, suspected of having done the shooting.

Freezing Wine Bottles Burst.

Capt. W. J. Sanderson, in charge of the Agricultural Building at the Exposition, is authority for the statement that over $10,000 worth of beverages has been destroyed in that building since the cold weather set in. Bottles burst over the entire building in a continuous fusillade.

Dead Robber Identified.

The robber killed by S. N. Clifford, the grocer at 362 West Adams street, was identified yesterday as Harry Decker of St. Louis. A Coroner's inquest was held yesterday morning on the body of the robber. The jury exonerated Clifford from all blame.

Lecture by Henry Watterson.

The lecture to be given at the Auditorium Thursday evening, Dec. 14, by Henry Watterson, on the "Compromises of Life," is under the auspices of George H. Thomas Post No. 5, G. A. R., for the object of relieving the wants of the sick and needy comrades.

Items.

Sarah McGee was discharged from the smallpox hospital yesterday as cured. No new case was reported.

The grand jury is devoting its attention to jail cases. Yesterday more than thirty cases were heard. No report was made.

Dennis J. Kelly was convicted of highway robbery in Judge Freeman's court yesterday and sentenced to four years in the penitentiary.

The five extra money order clerks asked for by the Postoffice on account of accumulated business were allowed by the department at Washington yesterday.

Persons wishing tickets for the reopening of the Cathedral of the Holy Name Sunday can obtain them any evening this week at the parish house on Superior street.

Charles Brown, who was identified last week as a California murderer, started for Solano County, Cal., last night in the custody of Sheriff Henderson of that county.

Theodore G. Case and Maj. Blackburn left last night for Springfield to appeal to Gov. Altgeld for executive clemency for George H. Painter, sentenced to be hanged Friday.

Abraham Gottlieb, a contractor, wants the Circuit Court to give him a lien on the Tattersall building on Dearborn street to secure an indebtedness amounting to $16,686 for work performed.

The Department of Public Works yesterday let to the Fitz-Simons & Connell company the contract for the construction of the abutments of the new Van Buren street bridge at the company's bid of $74,120.

Fines for selling liquor in Hyde Park were imposed yesterday by Justice Porter as follows: Sol Carmstadter, $100; M. Samuels, $100; J. W. Woodward, $25 each on ten charges; M. E. Vassein, $50; Robert Bell, $100.

The temperature yesterday as observed by Manasse, optician, 88 Madison street, was as follows: 8 a. m., 18° above zero; 9 a. m., 17°; 10 a. m., 16°; 11 a. m., 16°; 12 a. m., 14°; 1 p. m., 14°; 3 p. m., 11°; 6 p. m., 9°. Barometer, 8 a. m., 29.75; 6 p. m., 29.95.

A jury in Judge Clifford's court yesterday brought in a verdict of $31,500 damages in favor of the Morrison, Adams & Allen company against the West Chicago street railroad company and Charles T. Yerkes. A motion for a new trial was made by the attorney for the defendants.

Herman Habbel, a teamster, who fell from his wagon Nov. 30 on the Twelfth street viaduct, died yesterday. He had been taken to the County Hospital, from which he afterwards was discharged, apparently well. Thursday he returned to the hospital and yesterday he died. An inquest will be held today.

The Edison Electric Light company yesterday sent a check for $6,487 for damages from the tearing up of pavements repaired at the city's expense. Word went out a week ago from the Street Department that no more permits would be granted until settlement for damages was made. The Edison company was granted fifteen permits yesterday.

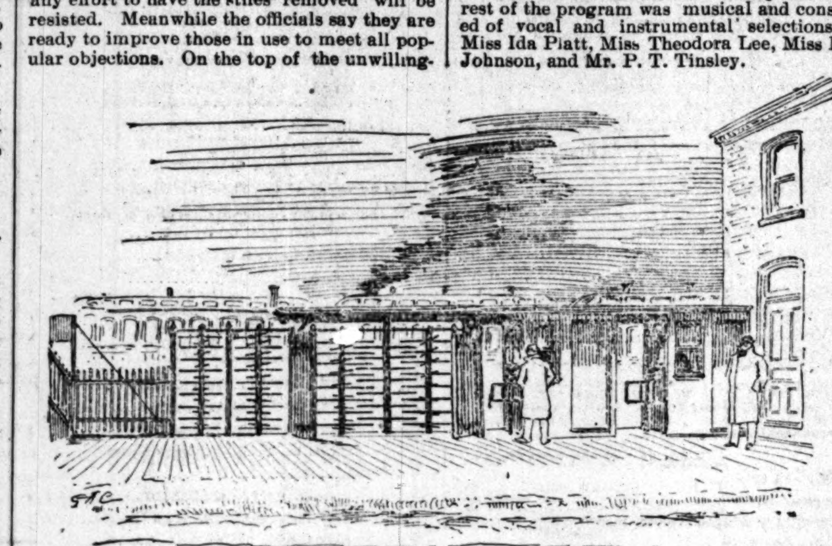
The Corporation Counsel was instructed yesterday by the Council Committee on Streets and Alleys to present an ordinance providing for the extension of the North Side cable line on Evanston avenue to Graceland avenue. Ald. McGillen remarked in the discussion that "the people of the North Side are going to have better accommodations from Mr. Yerkes or he will have to get out."

TURNSTILES TO STAY.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL DECIDES NOT TO REMOVE THEM.

Officials of the Company Declare They Are on Its Right of Way and Are Not a Nuisance—If the City Attempts to Enforce the Ordinance an Injunction Will Be Asked from the Courts—Corporation Counsel Kraus Sees Defects in Council's Action.

Illinois Central officials say they will not remove the turnstiles along their right of way in accordance with the ordinance passed by the City Council. In case Mayor Swift should sign the ordinance as it stands the railroad company intimates that an injunction will be applied for restraining the city from executing the order. The officers of the railroad claim that their turnstiles are not a public nuisance; that they are on the company's right of way; that they protect its revenue and prevent loss of life. For these reasons any effort to have the stiles removed will be resisted. Meanwhile the officials say they are ready to improve those in use to meet all popular objections. On the top of the unwillingness of the company to comply with the ordinance is the opinion of Corporation Counsel Kraus that it will not hold water and is consequently illegal.



ILLINOIS CENTRAL TURNSTILES AT RANDOLPH STREET.

The fight against the turnstiles by South-Siders has been on for a good while, though the Illinois Central officials say they heard no complaints until recently, when newspaper attacks were made on their method of conducting the railroad. John Dunn, assistant to President Fish of the Illinois Central, wired his superior officer yesterday, who is in New York, as soon as he learned of the action of the Council. Mr. Dunn was not inclined at first to announce what step the company would take, but subsequently said that it was his opinion that an injunction would be applied for if an effort was made to put the ordinance into effect. Mr. Dunn's opinion in this case is equivalent to an expression of the policy of the railroad.

"I can't understand why the turnstiles should be considered a nuisance," said Mr. Dunn. "We have spent $15,000 to $20,000 in putting them in, and we are certainly not wasting money in the creation of public nuisances. We have had some complaints about the turnstiles, and have endeavored in every reasonable instance to plan for the correction of the fault. For instance, it was represented to us that a lady could not get through the stiles in rainy weather with her bundles and umbrella. We are now having made coverings for all the turnstiles, so that this objection will be obviated. It is claimed by some that the arms are too short. If that can be satisfactorily demonstrated a change will be made, for we desire to accommodate the public. But think of it, when people are allowed to walk along the tracks and fatalities occur, the railroad is censured for killing people. And when we make provision against killing them the railroad is again censured for its precautionary measures.

Considers It the Best System.

"The Illinois Central railroad company has adopted the system of turnstiles, because, after nearly fifty years of experience in transporting people for hire, it has found that the most desirable and effectual system, both as regards the safety of the public and the revenue of the company. During the whole time of the Fair not a word or a suggestion was ever heard that these turnstiles were a nuisance, and the number of people handled through the turnstiles during the six months was equal to what the Illinois Central handles on its regular suburban trains in one year. The number of people handled on the World's Fair special trains was 8,716,491. It was thoroughly understood and has been repeatedly stated to the regular suburban patrons of the line that this system of turnstiles would be adopted and carried through on the regular suburban trains as soon as it could conveniently be done. The system is desirable because we do not see otherwise how we can protect the company's right of way and prevent people from getting on to the right of way, with great chances of loss of life. Another reason is the question of revenue. By this system we insure every passenger having to buy a ticket, and we are seeking all the time to lessen the payment of fares on the trains.

"The only object of the turnstiles, so far as incoming passengers are concerned, is to see that they have some ticket, it matters little to what point; then, of course, the conductor has afterwards to punch or take up the ticket, and to see that the passenger does not ride beyond the point to which his ticket reads. My own judgment is that the entire elimination of the collection of cash fares on our trains probably means the saving of not less than $200 per day. All the turnstiles are on the right of way.

"Between Thirteenth street and Fifty-first street we own the land. Any property east of our right of way is owned by the company. Besides, we have provided several bridges over the tracks. There is one at Twenty-second street, another at Twenty-ninth, and a third near Thirty-fifth street. It is the intention to build more of these bridges when it is learned at what locations they will be of the most convenience to the public."

If the fight grows too warm, the railroad company may decide to remove its turnstiles. Mr. Dunn said that little had ever been gained by it through the courts. Decisions he regarded as being almost uniformly against the corporation.

Declares the Ordinance Illegal.

Corporation Counsel Kraus declared yesterday the ordinance was illegal. He said it had not been referred to the Law Department, and if it had it would not have appeared before the Council in the form it was presented. He regarded it in one sense as special legislation. He didn't see how the Illinois Central or any one railroad could be legislated against, when turnstiles could be employed by any other line.

"I don't see, further," added Mr. Kraus, "how the turnstiles under the circumstances can be considered a public nuisance. They are on the ground of the company. In the matter of personal injury the railroad would probably claim that it carried a great many millions of people during the summer without loss of life.

"But an ordinance can be drawn which would make the railroad company tired of turnstiles. Such an ordinance could be framed on the ground of public convenience and safety. The city has a right to regulate on these lines the passage to and from trains. If it should be stipulated that a railroad corporation should provide gates through which passengers could pass quickly, it is probable that turnstiles would be little used."

Ald. Mann said yesterday that if the Illinois Central did not remove its turnstiles there would be legislation in the Council which would make it quite sick of offending the public.

Craig Murder Trial Begins.

After several days' examination of veniremen in Judge Chetlain's court a jury was secured yesterday to try George Craig for the murder of Emma Werner. A conviction will be sought mainly upon the confession which the prisoner made before Inspector Schaack. The jurors are James Poole, Percy W. Armstrong, Charles H. Brett, Demas L. Coe, James Parks, Frank W. Bryant, Joseph S. Claus, Charles T. Worter, W. F. Binder, H. E. Richard, A. B. Hildreth, and T. W. McAuley. Carl Werner, the father of the murdered child, was the first witness to testify. An employé of Fecker's brewery, who discovered the child's body, was also examined.

TRAINED COLORED NURSES GRADUATE.

Six Young Nurses Get Diplomas from the Provident Hospital.

At Bethel A. M. E. Church, Thirtieth and Dearborn streets, last night, six trained nurses graduated from the Provident Hospital. There was a large audience present, including many white people. The exercises were opened with a prayer by the Rev. Dr. D. A. Graham, which was followed by an address by Lloyd G. Wheeler, the President of the Hospital Association. Mr. Wheeler gave an interesting account of the growth of the institution, and also spoke of the plans which now engaged the thoughts of its officials to further increase its usefulness as a hospital. He expressed the hope that public interest would be aroused to the necessity of helping the association to improve the standard of its general equipment.

Mrs. Henrotin's remarks were full of encouragement and commendation, and in the course of an earnest and thoughtful address she pointed out the great good that was not only being done for the colored people, but also for the South Side of Chicago.

The Rev. Dr. S. J. McPherson reviewed the history of hospital work and of the signs of advancement shown by our colored citizens. His address was enthusiastically received. Mrs. J. M. Flower also spoke. The rest of the program was musical and consisted of vocal and instrumental selections by Miss Ida Piatt, Miss Theodora Lee, Miss Iola Johnson, and Mr. P. T. Tinsley.

At the close of the exercises President Wheeler distributed the diplomas to the following young women:

Lillian M. Davis, Mabel G. Williams, Nellie M. Singleton, Mary M. Armstead, Harriet G. Washington, and Kate J. Haskins.

The Provident Hospital was founded by Dr. Daniel H. Williams, a prominent colored physician of this city. Its chief work is being done among the colored people, although a great many whites have availed themselves of its privileges. Colored physicians have found this hospital of incalculable benefit to them. The free dispensary department recently added has proved a pronounced success. It is in charge of Dr. Edward E. Barr. Free beds are maintained. The nurses' training school has opened up a new field of usefulness to young colored women. This department is in charge of Miss Julia M. Barbour, who is matron of the hospital. Lloyd G. Wheeler, Dr. D. H. Williams, F. L. Barnett, C. E. Bentley, the Rev. Dr. D. A. Graham, and others are among those who show a personal interest in the hospital.

The Secretary's report last night showed the work to be in splendid shape. The need of endowments is strongly felt, and it was suggested that the hospital would not reach its highest plane of usefulness until it had received substantial endowments. A movement is afoot to gain the interest and consideration of the general public, with the hope that as the institution's privileges are confined to no particular class of citizens endowments may be brought to the work.

MONEY FOR FIRST REGIMENT ARMORY.

Nearly Twenty-five Thousand Dollars on the List of Subscriptions.

The subscription to the new First Regiment Armory, raised at the meeting of the Bankers' club Saturday night at Kinsley's, has been increased by $2,000. The subscription of $4,000 credited to Marshall Field should have been credited to Marshall Field & Co. The list is now as follows:

Marshall Field & Co	$ 4,000
C. L. Hutchinson	1,000
John J. Mitchell	1,000
George H. Laflin	1,000
Charles T. Yerkes	1,000
L. Z. Leiter	1,000
Frederick T. Haskell	500
D. H. Burnham	500
H. H. Kohlsaat	1,000
North Division R. R. Co	5,000
A. V. Armeun	1,000
Enos Ayers	200
McCormick Harvesting company	500
M. C. C. Lartz	25
Spoor Mackey	10
John Addison	10
Elliott Durand	50
A. A. Munger	1,000
N. B. Ream	250
George A. Fuller	250
Mandel Bros	200
T. B. Blackstone	500
Morrisson & Plummer	100
George B. Carpenter	100
J. Mason Loomis	500
Schlesinger & Mayer	200
Crane Bros. Manufacturing company	1,000
Wilmington Coal company	100
Additional	2,000
Total	$23,995

WORK OF MARGARET ETTER CRECHE.

During the Year the Institution Has Cared for 11,442 Children.

The Margaret Etter Crèche, No. 2356 Wabash avenue, which has become widely known in its two years of existence for the efficiency of its service, both to mothers in search of employment and to children left in its care, is in need of funds for its new building, and those who are interested in it are desirous that, just now when Christmas is approaching, the public should be reminded of the amount of comfort a few donations could bring to the inmates of the nursery.

During the past year, notwithstanding the drawbacks of a small house and no yard, 11,442 children have been cared for. The children have been received from 6 o'clock a. m. to 6 o'clock p. m. During this time they are bathed, clothed, fed, and when old enough they have the benefit of a kindergarten. Daily work is secured for the women. The limit of accommodation has been reached now in the crèche and a greater number of children cannot be admitted until the facilities are enlarged.

The officers of the crèche for 1893-'94 are as follows:

Mrs. J. A. Perkins, President; Mrs. Charles H. Kingman, Vice-President; Mrs. L. J. Lamson, Second Vice-President; Mrs. Philander Pickering, Secretary; Mrs. H. M. Starkey, Treasurer; J. C. Sterling, Auditor; Dr. Jessie E. Shears, Attending Physician; Mrs. A. C. Stedman, Matron.

Campaign Literature Banished.

The County Board had another lively session yesterday over the charges of offensive partisanship against Custodian Murphy. He was charged with conniving at the destruction of campaign literature in the elevators and hallways of the County Building. A resolution for his dismissal was defeated and an order entered providing for the removal of all campaign literature from the corridors and elevators. Then Mr. Murphy was summoned before the Commissioners to explain the charge made by Thomas Gallagher, who said he had been discharged because he refused to work for John P. Hopkins. He also said John Nyhan, another janitor, had been working during business hours for the Democrats. Custodian Murphy denied the charges. The Public Service committee agreed that no one should be discharged before the end of the year except for cause outside of political consideration.

Canadian Excursions.

The Chicago and Grand Trunk railway will sell excursion tickets to principal points in Canada at half rates Dec. 19, 20, and 21, good to return until Jan. 9, 1894. Ticket office, No. 103 Clark street, corner Washington. Depot, Dearborn Station.

The Proper Thing

among smokers is a package of Old Dominion Cigarettes. Photograph in each package.

Don't hesitate. You know the old saying, "He who hesitates is lost." When you know you are right, don't hesitate to say it. When you go to buy a bottle of Carter's Little Liver Pills don't hesitate to say you want "C-a-r-t-e-r-'s." Demand the genuine Carter's Little Liver Pills.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Kenosha. E. & W. Leota.
TWO NEW COLLARS.

DOGS ON EXHIBITION.

BENCH SHOW OPENS IN SECOND REGIMENT ARMORY TODAY.

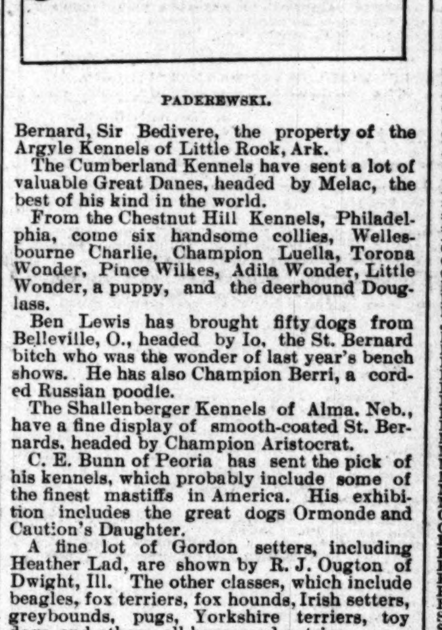
Fanciers Put Their Dogs in Condition to Receive Visitors—Benches Erected for 600 Thoroughbreds, All of Which Are Occupied—St. Bedivere, the $10,000 St. Bernard, Heads the Argyle Kennels from Little Rock, Ark.—Melac, the Great Dane, Heads the Cumberland Kennel.

The bench show opens today, and the Second Regiment Armory, Washington boulevard and Curtis street, last night was filled with such a medley of noises as can be heard only at a bench show in its preparatory stages. Carpenters were sawing and pounding, dog men shouting, and dogs of all sizes and strength of lung were giving voice. Over all, directing everything and undisturbed by the racket, was "Joe" Locke, the veteran dog fancier and superintendent of the show. This bench show promises to be the most successful ever held in Chicago. Certainly it will be the finest lot of dogs ever shown here. Nearly every big kennel has representatives, and some dogs of world-wide fame will be shown. Besides these there are many dogs destined to be prize-winners who have never been shown before. In all there will be 600 dogs, for which number benches have been provided.

The dogs began to arrive yesterday afternoon and continued to arrive until late last night. In the wash-rooms the men in charge of the kennels had their dogs in big tubs and were removing the travel stains and getting their charges in condition to receive company. It would be a revelation to the owner of an ordinary dog to watch these thoroughbreds taking a bath. They stood perfectly still while they were scrubbed and rubbed, massaged and pounded.

At 6 o'clock last night fifty dogs had been benched, and the anterooms and vacant floor spaces were filled with crates containing dogs worth almost their weight in gold. One of the first lots to reach the armory was the exhibit of the Swiss Mountain Kennel of Germantown, Pa. These dogs were in charge of Mrs. Meachim. She had in her charge two splendid smooth-coated St. Bernard dogs, Sunray and Scottish Leader, and six as handsome cocker spaniels as have ever been shown in Chicago.

A dog that attracted attention from every one in the building was the $10,000 St. Bernard, Sir Bedivere, the property of the Argyle Kennels of Little Rock, Ark.



PADEREWSKI.

The Cumberland Kennels have sent a lot of valuable Great Danes, headed by Melac, the best of his kind in the world.

From the Chestnut Hill Kennels, Philadelphia, come six handsome collies, Wellesbourne Charlie, Champion Luella, Torona Wonder, Pince Wilkes, Adila Wonder, Little Wonder, a puppy, and the deerhound Douglass.

Ben Lewis has brought fifty dogs from Belleville, O., headed by Io, the St. Bernard bitch who was the wonder of last year's bench shows. He has also Champion Berri, a corded Russian poodle.

The Shallenberger Kennels of Alma, Neb., have a fine display of smooth-coated St. Bernards, headed by Champion Aristocrat.

C. E. Bunn of Peoria has sent the pick of his kennels, which probably include some of the finest mastiffs in America. His exhibition includes the great dogs Ormonde and Caution's Daughter.

A fine lot of Gordon setters, including Heather Lad, are shown by R. J. Ougton of Dwight, Ill. The other classes, which include beagles, fox terriers, fox hounds, Irish setters, greyhounds, pugs, Yorkshire terriers, toy dogs, and others, all have good entries.

The arrangements for the show have never been surpassed. The dogs are benched in a hollow square around the judging ring, which is unusually large and roomy. The entire show is set over toward the east side of the hall that the west gallery may be used by spectators and that they may have an unobstructed view of the entire show. There will be $1,500 given in premiums besides many special prizes.

FIREMAN'S LIFE TOO HARD FOR HIM.

Edward Murphy Says He Must Seek Rest in Retirement.

The following letter has been received from Fire-Marshal Edward Murphy:

On my return to Chicago after a stay at Mount Clemens I find the Chicago press have printed articles concerning my health that have greatly distressed my family and my friends. For nearly a score of years I have been a member of the Chicago Fire Department, and have served in all grades from private to chief of battalion. During this time, in company with many good firemen, I have been frequently exposed to perils. From these I have not always escaped. While in the line of duty I have been hurt five times in all and three times very seriously. My skull has been fractured twice, my shoulder and ribs broken. About all this I do not in the least repine. Now, however, the burden of years and the effects of injuries tell on me severely. I no longer feel able to endure the stress, anxiety, peril, and privation that belong to a fireman's life. Physically I am not the man I was. For this reason I seek retirement. Any intimation that I suffer from anything but physical disability is wholly without foundation. My respected chief, Marshal Swenie, under whom I have served for eighteen years, knows all the facts of my case.

Northwestern Glee Club Tonight.

The Northwestern University Glee, Banjo, and Mandolin clubs give their annual concert at Central Music Hall this evening. They are the first of a long series of college glee and banjo clubs to appear at Central Music Hall this season. Prof. Lutkin has dedicated a new selection, "The Soft Shell Crab," to the glees. Prof. William H. Knapp, the leader, has arranged another entitled, "My Love." The mandolin club will give a special arrangement of "The Forge in the Forest." Its best selection is "Jolly Students' Glee" and concludes with a tribute to Northwestern. The words are by Ernest H. Eversz of the junior class in college and the music was arranged by Ralph Smith, leader of the banjo club. It is an adaptation of De Koven's "Tinkers' Chorus" in Robin Hood.

West Park Board Meeting.

At the meeting of the West Park Board yesterday the monthly reports of the Finance committee and of the committee of Subdivisions were read and approved, and bills amounting to $11,000 were ordered paid. A communication from the Fort Wayne Electric company regarding the completion of the lighting plant of the park system was referred to a committee for consideration. The General Superintendent was given instructions to issue the necessary permits to the Metropolitan "L" road authorizing it to erect its structure across Ashland boulevard in accordance with the plans and specifications heretofore approved.

Superb Train Service to California.

Tuesday, Dec. 19, and every two weeks thereafter a handsome new vestibuled limited train, including dining car, will leave Chicago, via Chicago and Alton railroad, for Los Angeles, via San Antonio. The entire train runs through without change and it is the only one hauling a dining car from Chicago to Los Angeles, and the only one that goes by a strictly southern route, avoiding cold weather and high altitudes. The number of passengers are strictly limited and entire service is first-class. For particulars and map of route apply to J. J. Grafton, No. 195 Clark street.

Teeth, $8; best quality and skill; no beginners to experiment; new method; gold filling half usual rate. Drs. McChesney, 73 Clark-st.; open evenings.

Dr. Kilmer's Sure Headache Cure strengthens and invigorates both mind and body.

VICE-PRESIDENT STEVENSON SPEAKS.

He Addresses 30,000 People at the Augusta Exposition.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Dec. 12.—There were 30,000 persons present today at the exposition when President Walsh introduced Vice-President Stevenson. The Vice-President was given a grand ovation and made a lengthy speech. After expressing his thanks for the warm welcome accorded him the Vice-President congratulated the South upon the success of the Exposition, and continued:

This exposition and the one which has just closed in the great central city of the continent indicate unmistakably the progress the American people have made in the pathway to individual and national prosperity. The great Exposition which has just closed in Chicago stands without parallel in history. In no age or country have human eyes beheld the wonders which have there been revealed. I have no hesitation in saying that at no former period and in no city but Chicago would such an Exposition have been possible. It was a splendid tribute paid by the older to the latest born of nations. The Old World was doing homage to the New. How far-reaching its results who can tell?

The exposition of which I have just spoken was national and in a large sense international in its character. It was held under the auspices of the National Government. Your exposition, possessing none of the advantages I have mentioned, has, on the lines intended by its founders, proved equally a success. It has proved a great object lesson in enlightening the country and the world as to the wonderful results achieved during two decades of peace and good government by your own and the neighboring States of the South. Feeling as I do a profound interest in all that concerns your welfare and happiness, I again extend my congratulations and wish you godspeed.

The Vice-President then extolled the importance of the farming industry and concluded by congratulating his hearers on the remarkable progress made by the South under a united government.

ILLINOIS GRANGE SCORES MORTON.

His Reflections on the Farmers Resented by the Tillers of the Soil.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Dec. 12.—[Special.]—The State Grange met in annual session in the House of Representatives today, with 200 delegates, among whom were 75 women. David Ward Wood of Chicago, editor of the *Farmers' Voice*, criticised Secretary J. Sterling Morton severely for his remarks at the Agricultural Congress at the World's Fair. Worthy Master J. M. Thompson of Joliet, in his sixth annual address, also scored Morton, advocated free silver and government control of railroads, and recommended that farmers investigate thoroughly all road improvement schemes before bonding themselves hopelessly for years.

When baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had children, she gave them Castoria.

Appropriate Christmas Gifts—Singing Canaries, talking parrots, goldfish, and aquaria at Kaempfer's, No. 217 East Madison street.

OFFICIAL WEATHER FORECAST.

OFFICE OF CHIEF OF WEATHER BUREAU, WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 12.—Forecast for Tuesday:

For Illinois, fair, colder in south portions; north winds.

For Lower Michigan, fair, preceded tonight and in the early morning by snow flurries on the lakes, much colder, winds becoming northwesterly.

For Upper Michigan, fair, slightly colder; northwesterly winds.

For Wisconsin, fair, slightly colder in eastern portion; northwesterly winds.

For Indiana, fair, clearing in early morning on the lakes, colder; northwesterly winds.

Place of observation.	Height of barometer	Thermometer	Max'm temperature	Direction of wind	State of weather	Precipitat'n 12 hours
Abilene	30.44	38	44	N	Clear	
Bismarck, N. D.	30.58	-22	-18	E	Clear	
Boston, Mass.	30.12	38	38	N. W.	Cl'udy	Trace
Buffalo, N. Y.	30.36	20	26	N	Snow	.12
Cairo, Ill.	30.58	34	40	N	Fair	.02
Charleston, S.C.						
Cheyenne, Wyo.	30.34	32	50	S	Clear	
Chicago	30.64	2	14	N. W.	Clear	
Cincinnati, O.	30.50	34	42	W	Clear	
Cleveland, O.	30.38	26	32	N. W.	Snow	Trace
Davenport, Ia.	30.76	-2	10	W	Clear	
Denver, Colo.	30.32	36	40	N. E.	Clear	
Des Moines, Ia.	30.80	2	4	N	Cl'udy	
Detroit, Mich.	30.42	20	28	N. W.	Snow	Trace
Dodge City, Kas.	30.58	22	28	N. E.	Fair	
Duluth, Minn.	30.74	-4	4	N	Clear	
El Paso, Tex.	30.10	58	66	Calm	Fair	
Erie, Pa.	30.32	26	40	N. W.	Snow	Trace
Galveston, Tex.	30.26	68	74	S. W.	Foggy	
G'd Haven, Mich	30.48	22	26	N. W.	Snow	.12
Green Bay, Wis.	30.62	8	14	S. W.	Clear	
Helena, Mont.	30.26	12	16	Calm	Cl'udy	
Huron, S. D.	30.86	-8	-2	N. W.	Snow	Trace
Indianapolis	30.58	20	34	N. W.	Clear	
Jacksonville	30.32	62	76	N. E.	Clear	
Kansas City, Mo.	30.72	16	22	N. E.	Clear	
Knoxville	30.40	50	52	N. E.	Cl'udy	.06
La Crosse, Wis.	30.78	-6	0	W	Clear	
Little Rock, Ark.	30.46	44	62	N. E.	Fair	.06
Louisville, Ky.	30.52	36	42	N. W.	Clear	
Marquette, Mich	30.60	8	18	W	Cl'udy	.18
Memphis, Tenn.	30.48	38	62	N. E.	Clear	.24
Miles City	30.56	-6	-2	W	Clear	
Milwaukee	30.60	2	14	N. W.	Cl'udy	
Minnedosa	30.92	-28	-12	N. W.	Clear	
Montreal	30.28	-2	2	W	Fair	.12
Moorhead	30.30	-8	-8	Calm	Clear	
New Orleans, La	30.26	68	78	E	Cl'udy	1.08
New York City	30.32	48	48	N. W.	Clear	
Omaha, Neb.	30.82	4	14	N	Cl'udy	
Oswego, N. Y.	30.36	10	20	S. E.	Snow	.02
Palestine	30.28	56	80	N. W.	Clear	
Pierre, S. D.	30.80	-4	-2	E	Fair	Trace
Pittsburg	30.34	34	46	N. W.	Clear	
Port Huron	30.38	22	26	N. W.	Snow	.01
Pueblo	30.42	28	32	S. E.	Fair	.01
Rapid City	30.60	2	6	E	Cl'udy	
St. Louis	30.68	22	30	N	Clear	
St. Paul	30.82	-4	2	W	Clear	
Salt Lake City	30.14	46	50	Calm	Cl'udy	
Santa Fe	30.34	38	50	S. E.	Clear	
Sioux City	30.88	-4	0	N	Cl'udy	
Springfield, Ill.	30.68	12	22	N. E.	Fair	
Springfield, Mo.	30.60	30	38	N. E.	Clear	
Toledo	30.44	20	32	N. W.	Cl'udy	

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

NEW YORK, Dec. 12.—Sailed—Normannia, Mediterranean ports; Lahn, Bremen, via Southampton.

Arrived out—Columbia, Genoa; Maasdam, Rotterdam.

Sighted—Schiedam, Amsterdam, for New York, passed Dover; Moravia, New York for Hamburg, passed Lewis Island; Spree, New York for Southampton and Bremen, passed the Lizard.

BUILDING PERMITS.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT ISSUED THE following permits yesterday:

J. Kortonsky, 2-story brick store and flats, 1355 41st-pl	$ 2,500
Hugh Jones, 3-story and basement brick store and flats, 225 California-av	6,000
C. Hulmquist, 2-story and basement brick flats, 5925 Prairie-av	5,000
Henry Lumpp, 2-story and basement brick flats, 727 59th-st	3,500
E. O. Langer, 2 and 1 story frame store and hall, 6301 Halsted-st	3,900

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., DEC. 12.—[SPECIAL.]—THE Secretary of State today issued licenses to the following new corporations:

The American Gravity company, at Chicago; capital stock, $1,000,000; manufacture and use Olney's gravity clock and motor; incorporators, Henry J. Olney, Samuel L. Smith, and Joel L. Squier.

Webster Teaming company, at Chicago; capital stock, $10,000; incorporators, George W. Webster, R. D. Martyn, and Dougald Muir.

The Honer Gold Mining company, at Chicago; capital stock, $1,000,000; incorporators, F. C. Rutan, F. H. Strong, and Frank E. Manner.

First Swedish Social club, at Chicago; incorporators, Peter Johnson, Alfred Goranson, and Charles Theodore Green.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

THE COUNTY CLERK ISSUED PERMITS TO wed to the following couples yesterday, the persons living in Chicago where no place of residence is given:

	Age.
Danel Madigan, Katharine Larkin	36—26
Johan Peterzon, Ida Bremer	30—31
Enoch Hale, Glady Happ	28—28
John O'Connell, Lizzie Grimes	28—19
Carl Rysgaard, Anna Nelsen	22—21
Thomas Canavan, Alice Cahill	24—22
Theodore Smith, Priscille Manderson	29—23
John Schultz, Friederike Grewe	29—28
William Ehler, Rose Heeser	32—27
Ferdiand Trunk, Caroline Hodelmeyer	24—19
Frank Hayes, Cynthia Chamberlin	27—25
Alfred Wilsman, Emma Peterson	29—24
Fred Lathrop, Bertha Sanl	22—19
John Adams, Ida Peterson	29—30
Albertus Weidenaar, Elizabeth Busle	28—19
Jeus Madsen, Mette Ibsen	25—26
Archibald Sanders, Emma McDonald	26—26
Frederic Brooks, Mary Bright	30—30
William Harvey, Frances Brodwell	40—34
William Aitken, Emma Clyde	30—21
Jesse Preisch, Florence Brown	31—22
Michels Marino, Filomene Petrone	37—33
Carl Boldenweck, Irma Lechtenberger	27—17
Thomas Marsh, Edna Williams	23—19
Bernard Erbendrupie, Delia Fay	24—22
Warren Lawe, Laura Smith	25—24
John Michels, Annie Hoffman	26—27
Christian Kaysen, Caroline Hartmann	48—32
Louis Goldschmidt, Johanna Strattmann	27—23
John Dreiecc, Katerine Potuzakara	21—19
Rufus Joslin, Minnie Wood	48—28
Christian Miller, Louise Hubener	27—27
James Tobin, Nellie O'Connell	39—26
Edward Davis, Winifred Steward	23—23
Nicholaus Nelson, Annie Swanson	22—21
George Betts, Carrie Eberstein	22—21
Peter Kelly, Mary McCorniels	32—21
E. C. Sweet, Florence MacGee	47—37
Robert Garland, Melina Roy	24—23
Herman Arnold, Mary Helm	44—29
Thomas Mitchell, Catharine Clancy	23—19

DEATHS.

COOK—Mary Cook, aged 76 years. Funeral Thursday at 10 o'clock from residence, 2218 Dearborn st.

GRUBER—Dec. 11, J. F. Gruber, aged 77 years. Funeral Wednesday, Dec. 13, at 1 p. m., from late residence, 276 North Ashland-av., by carriages to Rosehill.

HARRISON—Dec. 10, suddenly at Chadron, Neb., Fosdick Burgess Harrison of Glenrock, Wyo., formerly of Chicago, aged 44 years, 11 months and 5 days. Funeral from residence of E. J. Whitehead, Austin, Ill., Wednesday, Dec. 13, 10 o'clock a. m.

KRAMER—Dec. 12, Rosa Kramer, beloved wife of Herman Kramer, at her residence, 3515 Grand-blvd. Funeral notice hereafter. New York and San Francisco papers please copy.

LALLY—Ellen Lally, Dec. 12. Funeral from 304 Austin-av., Thursday, Dec. 14, at 10:30 a. m.; by carriages to Calvary.

DEATHS.

OGILVIE—At St. Luke's Hospital, Dec. 11, Agnes Ogilvie. Funeral from 3225 Parnell-av. Wednesday at 1 o'clock to Oakwoods Cemetery.

O'MEARA—Dec. 12, 1893, at 5525 Wentworth-av., Olive Marie O'Meara, infant daughter of Michael and Mary O'Meara, aged 1 year and 8 months. Funeral Friday at 1 p. m.; by carriages to Mt. Olivet. Watertown, Wis., papers please copy.

SCHROEDER—Dec. 11, at the home of her parents 2496 Paulina-st., Ravenswood, Dorothy, infant daughter of Charles R. and Charlotte H. Schroeder. Funeral private.

TRACY—Killed, James Tracy, on I. C. R. R., Sunday morning at 4:25, aged 20 years and 3 days. Funeral notice hereafter.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

AN ENTERTAINMENT AND BALL WILL be given by the Father Matthew Musical and Literary Society in Apollo Hall, Blue Island-av., next Friday night.

THE AUCTION SALE OF BOXES FOR THE eighth annual Knights Templar Charity Ball will take place in the preceptory of Oriental Consistory, Masonic Temple, Dec. 20, at 8 p. m. Mr. R. C. Givins will act as auctioneer.

LORADO TAFT'S "CHARITY GROUP" will be on exhibition Friday evening at the residence of Dr. and Mrs. H. P. Newman, 499 West Adams-st., for the benefit of the Children's Aid Society. Tickets, $1.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

WANTED—A YOUNG LADY HAVING A GOOD suit of hair to give some instructions in hairdressing for an hour each day. Address C 996, Tribune office.

CHICAGO OPERA HOUSE—Fireproof.
Mr. DAVID HENDERSON .... Sole Manager
MATINEE TODAY. Every Night at 8.
LAST WEEK | STUART ROBSON
Direction of W. R. Hayden,
In a Magnificent Production of A Comedy of Errors.
Sunday, Dec. 17—Carleton Opera Co. in Repertoire.

—EXTRA—
Friday Afternoon, Dec. 15,
Joseph Jefferson
AND Stuart Robson
WITH THE CO-OPERATION OF EVERY LEADING ATTRACTION,
WILL GIVE A BENEFIT FOR THE RELIEF OF THE
STARVING POOR
OF THE CITY.
MR. ROBSON AND COMPANY.
LEAP YEAR—Or the Ladies' Privilege.
Dionycius Dimple .... Mr. Robson
MR. JEFFERSON AND COMPANY.
LEND ME FIVE SHILLINGS.
Golightly .... Mr. Jefferson
MARION MANOLA and JOHN MASON
In a Musical Sketch.
THOMAS Q. SEABROOKE and COMPANY
THE ISLE OF CHAMPAGNE.
King Pommery Sec .... Mr. Seabrooke
MISS JENNIE YEAMANS.
MR. PETER F. DAILY and Company.
A COUNTRY SPORT.
The Sport .... Mr. Daily
AND 200 VOLUNTEERS.
Prices, 50c, $1, $1.50, and $2.

THE AUDITORIUM.
THE LITERARY EVENT OF THE SEASON!
The Great Editor-Orator. | HENRY WATTERSON
Editor Louisville Courier-Journal.
THURSDAY EVENING,
DEC. 14th, '93, at 8 o'clock
Don't Miss It. | Subject: "The Compromises of Life."
Reserved Seats, 50c, 75c, $1. Boxes, $7.50. Now on Sale at Box Office, or Branch Office, Lyon & Healy's.

THE AUDITORIUM.
APOLLO MUSICAL CLUB.
22ND SEASON. 4 CONCERTS.
December 28th, "THE MESSIAH."
Season tickets at 174 Wabash-av.
Prices .... $7.50, $6, $5, $3, $1.50, and $1.00

THE AUDITORIUM.
CHICAGO ORCHESTRA
UNDER THE DIRECTION OF
THEODORE THOMAS
NEXT FRIDAY AFTEROON AT 2:30.
NEXT SATURDAY EVENING at 8:15.
SECOND POPULAR PROGRAM.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.
HARRY L. HAMLIN .... Manager
TONIGHT—MATINEE TODAY AT 2.
THOS. Q.
Seabrooke
ISLE OF CHAMPAGNE
Matinees Wednesday and Saturday.
Next Week—HOYT'S "A TEXAS STEER."

M'VICKER'S THEATER—21 Exits.
LAST WEEK. ONLY MATINEE SATURDAY. | JOSEPH JEFFERSON—RIP VAN WINKLE.
Next Sunday, Dec. 17—"THE BLACK CROOK."

THE COLUMBIA—Monroe and Dearborn.
Peter F. Dailey
IN
A COUNTRY SPORT
First Country Sport Matinee this P. M.

SAVOY MUSIC-HALL.
Madison-st. and Michigan-av.
"The Hit of the Season."
MATINEE TODAY AT 2:15.
Every Night This Week at 8:15. Admission 50 cents.
Bonnie Thornton, America's cleverest soubrette.
THE SIX ACHMETS,
Del-Melys, Kins-Ners, R. M. Carroll, etc.
The Great James Thornton.

SCHILLER THEATER.
LAST FOUR NIGHTS. MATINEE TODAY AT 2:15. | JENNIE YEAMANS' New Characterization of THE NEW JANE
Next Monday—THE CRUST OF SOCIETY.

HOOLEY'S THEATER—First Matinee Today at 2.
Every Evening and Wed'day and Saturday Matinee.
MANOLA MASON IN FRIEND FRITZ.
"Past all comparison, charming."—Daily News.

THE HAYMARKET—Will J. Davis.
West Madison and Halsted-sts.
Every Night—MATINEE TODAY.
KATIE EMMETT | In the Beautiful Play KILLARNEY
Next Sunday—Eugene O'Rourke in the Wicklow Postman.

THE ALHAMBRA—State-st. & Archer-av.
R. R. JACOBS .... Sole Manager
ALL THIS WEEK. | THE STOWAWAY | Matinees Sunday, Tuesday, and Saturday.
Next Sunday—THE WAIFS OF NEW YORK.

WEST SIDE ARMORY.
Washington-blvd. and Curtis-st.
DOG SHOW 4 days, beginning Wednesday, Dec. 13.
DOG CIRCUS AFTERNOON AND NIGHT.
Open from 9 a. m. to 11 p. m.
ADMISSION 50c. CHILDREN

HAVLIN'S—Tel. "South" 127.
THIS WEEK—Matinees Thursday and Saturday.
PRIMROSE & WEST'S.... MONTE CARLO.
With Geo. Wilson, 3 Gormans, and Big Co.
Next Sunday—Ferguson & McCarthy's MISHAPS.

SAM T. JACK'S OPERA-HOUSE
Madison-st. bet. State and Dearborn.
Tel. Main 2193.
Every Day at 2. Every Night at 8.
RICE AND BARTON'S COMEDIANS
In the Great Fun Picture,
—o— RAZZLE —o— DAZZLE —o—
Prices—Mats. 25c, 50c.
Night, 25c, 50c, 75c.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

SITUATION WANTED—BY ACTIVE YO[...] man, well posted in mercantile line and ex[...]enced in general office work; belongs to A. F[...] M. K. Ps., and K. O. T. M.; good references; m[...]ate salary. Address C 979, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—WILL PAY $10 TO one who secures me a steady office position wholesale house; can furnish A1 city refere[...] thoroughly acquainted with office work. Addr[...] 949, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS CREDIT MAN correspondent; thoroughly conversant with [...] and office management; 15 years' experienc[...] wholesale house and with trade throughout N[...]west. Address O W 6, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS BOOKKEEPER; experienced. Furnish best references. Ad[...] C 986, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—FOR OPENING, [...]ing, examining, and writing up books periodi[...] day or evening. Address P. O. Box 594, City.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN AS [...] or entry clerk; also collector; best of refere[...] Address O R 169, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—WRITING DONE OF descriptions; manuscripts copied, account[...] justed; good city references. C 944, Tribune o[...]

SITUATION WANTED—BILL OR ENTRY CL[...] by experienced young man 25; understands bookkeeping; good references. C 940, Tribune

SITUATION WANTED—IN A DRUG STORE inexperienced clerk.
L. S. BORROWS, 3715 Dearborn

SITUATION WANTED—BY A1 GROCERY CL[...] best city reference. Address C 963, Tribune.

Salesmen, Solicitors, Etc.

SITUATION WANTED—WHERE HONESTY ability are appreciated; competent salesman [...]ery clerk, or assistant civil engineer. Addr[...] 994, Tribune office.

Boys.

SMALL BOY; $1.50 FIRST WEEK. ADDRE[...] 950, Tribune office.

Trades.

SITUATION WANTED—MERCHANT TA[...] cutter will cut by the piece. Address C 942, [...]une office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A FIRST [...] cutter with large city acquaintance. Ad[...] C 964 Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—FIRST-CLASS CAR[...]ter; will work cheap. C 871, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY OPTICIAN; M[...]cal experience; best references. O R 168, Tri[...]

House Servants.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MAN AND WIFE [...] children; wife first-class cook and baker, or se[...] girl; man for general work around place; good [...]erences. Address C 953, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A FRENCH COU[...] husband as house servant, wife good cook; ju[...] rived from France; speaks little English. Ad[...] C 999, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—VALET, ATTEND[...] or massage by thoroughly competent Englis[...] with excellent references. Address O R 171, Tri[...]

SITUATION WANTED—AS FIRST-CLASS [...]ler or house servant by competent man; En[...] highest references. Address C 989, Tribune o[...]

Coachmen, Teamsters, Etc.

SITUATION WANTED—BY COACHMAN; T[...] sober, willing, and handy around house; [...] driver. Reference. Address C 969, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—AS COACHMAN; [...] experience; city reference. C 958, Tribune [...]

Stenographers.

SITUATION WANTED—BY STENOGRAP[...] first-class man; highest references. Addres[...] 167, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY COMPETENT [...]nographer and bookkeeper; 6 years' experi[...] city reference; $12. Address B 745, Tribune [...]

SITUATION WANTED—BY RAPID, ACCUR[...] and experienced stenographer. C 364, Trib[...]

SITUATION WANTED—BY COMPETENT [...] stenographer; A1 city references. C 936, Tri[...]

Miscellaneous.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A COMMER[...] graduate with good references.
L. S. BORROWS, 3715 Dearborn

SITUATION WANTED—A YOUNG MAN W[...] like to obtain board and room by working [...]ings. Address B 385, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A STEADY GER[...] young man; is willing to go out of town. Ad[...] C 931, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN OF [...] elevator man or office work; best of refer[...] Address C 930, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AT ANYTHING HO[...] by young man of 25; well educated and st[...] temperate; very best references. C 947, Tribu[...]

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG (MARR[...] man 30; work of any kind; references. Ad[...] O W 5, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—WITH DRESSMAKE[...] a gentleman with knowledge of the busines[...] ary no object. Address C 987, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—PERMANENT, BY [...]ist, cartoonist, on weekly or daily paper in [...]ern city. ARTIST, St. Clair, Milton, Pa.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMAL[E].

Domestics.

SITUATION WANTED—GENERAL HO[...] work; cook, wash, bake; references; $3 to [...] will work either in city or suburbs. Call, or [...] 958 North. Telephone for the girl to call on y[...] can come and see the girl. No fee to pa[...] 147 No. Clark. MATHE[...]

SITUATION WANTED—PROFESSIONAL NU[...] who has traveled with ladies and invalids thr[...] California and the South, wishes position with [...] or invalid wintering either place; employers' [...] physicians' references. Address C 912, Tribu[...]

SITUATION WANTED—BY WELL RECOMM[...]ed Scotch girl; general housework; good c[...] competent laundress; any locality; call or w[...] moderate wages. 561 W. Madison, Room 5.

SITUATION WANTED—BY NEAT, RELIA[...] German girl; good plain cook and laund[...] verbal references; go anywhere; call or write W. Madison, Room 5.

SITUATION WANTED—CANADIAN GIRL, [...] cook, nice laundress; the best of Canadian [...]ences; stranger here; $3; city or country. 5[...] Madison, Room 5.

SITUATION WANTED—BY COMPETENT [...]ond girl; can sew and make herself useful; [...] leave girl with family for winter; city or sul[...] Address C 957, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—GENERAL HOUSEW[...] cook, wash, and bake; go any part of city o[...]urbs; good references; call or write. 561 W. [...]ison, Room 5.

SITUATION WANTED—A RESPECTABLE [...]ored woman wants washing to take home; [...]ences. 3009 Dearborn-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY COMPETENT [...] as cook in a private family; references. Ad[...] D X 254, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—HOUSEWORK; GE[...] girl; fine cook, laundress; city, country. 2[...]tario.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A SWEDISH [...] general housework; small family. Apply [...] Langley-av., first floor.

SITUATION WANTED—BY SCOTCH GIR[...] do housework. Answer by mail one week [...] 12th-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY COMPETENT [...] as waitress or second work. City reference[...] dress 3033 Michigan-av., top flat.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG DA[...] girl in a small family. Call at 793 North [...] bell-av.

SITUATION WANTED—TO DO FINE COO[...] can do all the fancy cooking for reception[...] dress C 960, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS COOK OR T[...] general work. 2807 La Salle-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY EXPERI[...] waitress; city or suburbs. 575 Madison-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY FIRST-[...] Scotch cook in private family. Call 190 25th[...]

Seamstresses and Dressmaker[s].

SITUATION WANTED—DRESSMAKING [...]ly done at 4231 Champlain-av., first flat.

Housekeepers.

SITUATION WANTED—BY FIRST-CLASS Y[...] Englishman as butler in reliable private f[...] am most willing and obliging, strictly sober, good character; highest of city references. A[...] C 929, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—A MIDDLE-AGE[...] American widow as working housek[...] good cook and seamstress; will assist lady [...] small salary. Address C 913, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY EXPERIE[...] housekeeper; reliable, competent; A1 refer[...] Address C 977, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY ENGLISH W[...] as housekeeper of general work; city or su[...] Address C 952, Tribune office.

Stenographers.

SITUATION WANTED—A FINELY EDUC[...] and thoroughly capable stenographer of 4 [...] experience would accept position with reliable at very moderate salary. Address C 951, Tribu[...]

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY [...]nographer; both law and commercial expe[...] can furnish machine if desired. O W 2, Tribu[...]

SITUATION WANTED—EXPERIENCED [...]nographer (Remington) wishes half-day po[...] moderate salary. Address O R 156, Tribune [...]

SITUATION WANTED—STENOGRAPHER [...]ington; experienced; city references. Add[...] 974, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY EXPERIE[...] lady stenographer owning machine; mo[...] salary. Address C 909, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY EXPERIE[...] lady stenographer; well educated, accurate [...] worthy; references. Address C 967, Tribune [...]

SITUATION WANTED—STENOGRAPHER; [...]id, accurate, and trustworthy. C 919, Tribune [...]

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

ACCOUNTANT—FIRST-CLASS; AGE 30 [...] state experience, reference, how long em[...] each place; permanent situation; salary $2,0[...] year. Address, in your own handwriting, [...] Tribune office.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER — ONE EX[...]enced in brewing business preferred; m[...] quick at figures and a good penman; state [...] ence and where last employed. C 981, Tribun[...]

ASSISTANT OFFICE MEN, CLERKS, [...] salesmen; Mercantile positions secured. F[...] Exchange Co., 925 Unity Building. Corresp[...] promptly attended to.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER—YOUNG MA[...] large wholesale house; must have experien[...] references. Address D W 463, Tribune office.

ACCOUNTANT — FIRST-CLASS YOUNG [...] traveling position. 185 Dearborn-st. Roo[...]

BILL CLERK—EXPERIENCED; IN WHOL[...] grocery house; give age, wages, and expe[...] Address C 971, Tribune office.

BOOKKEEPER—THOROUGHLY EXPERIE[...] single young man; references. 185 Dearb[...] Room 31.

BOOKKEEPER—MUST GIVE $150 CASH S[...]ity; call early. Barringer's Newspaper A[...] 69 Van Buren-st.

DEATHS.

...St. Luke's Hospital, Dec. 11, Agnes ...from 3225 Parnell-av. Wednesday ...kwoods Cemetery.

...c. 12, 1893, at 5525 Wentworth-av., ...Meara, infant daughter of Michael ...ears, aged 1 year and 8 months. ...at 1 p. m.; by carriages to Mt. Olivet. ...papers please copy.

...—Dec. 11, at the home of her parents ...Ravenswood, Dorothy, infant daugh... ...R. and Charlotte H. Schroeder. Fu...

...James Tracy, on I. C. R. R., Sun... ...:25, aged 20 years and 3 days. Fu... ...eafter.

...NNOUNCEMENTS.

...TERTAINMENT AND BALL WILL ...by the Father Matthew Musical and ...in Apollo Hall, Blue Island-av., next

...CTION SALE OF BOXES FOR THE ...nnual Knights Templar Charity Ball ...n the preceptory of Oriental Consist... ...mple, Dec. 20, at 8 p. m. Mr. R. C. ...auctioneer.

...O TAFT'S "CHARITY GROUP" ...on exhibition Friday evening at the ...and Mrs. H. P. Newman, 492 West ...benefit of the Children's Aid So... ...y.

...LATE TO CLASSIFY.

...YOUNG LADY HAVING A GOOD ...r to give some instructions in hair... ...hour each day. Address C 996, Trib.

...OPERA HOUSE—Fireproof. ...ENDERSON ......Sole Manager ...TODAY. Every Night at 8. ...TUART ROBSON ...Direction of W. R. Hayden, ...A Comedy of Errors. ...17—Carleton Opera Co. in Repertoire.

—EXTRA—
...Afternoon, Dec. 15,
...h Jefferson
...tuart Robson
...E CO-OPERATION OF EVERY ...EADING ATTRACTION, ...VE A BENEFIT FOR THE ...RELIEF OF THE
...RVING POOR
OF THE CITY.
...OBSON AND COMPANY. ...AR—Or the Ladies' Privilege. ...imple ......Mr. Robson ...FERSON AND COMPANY. ...ME FIVE SHILLINGS. ......Mr. Jefferson ...MANOLA and JOHN MASON ...n a Musical Sketch. ...SEABROOKE and COMPANY ...ISLE OF CHAMPAGNE. ...ery Sec ......Mr. Seabrooke ...S JENNIE YEAMANS. ...ER F. DAILY and Company. ...COUNTRY SPORT. ......Mr. Daily ...D 200 VOLUNTEERS. ...0c, $1, $1.50, and $2.

...HE AUDITORIUM. ...ARY EVENT OF THE SEASON! ...HENRY WATTERSON ...Editor Louisville Courier-Journal. ...THURSDAY EVENING, ...DEC. 14th, '93, at 8 o'clock ...Subject: "The Compromises of Life." ...eserved Seats, 50c, 75c, $1. Boxes, ...7.50. Now on Sale at Box Office, or ...ranch Office, Lyon & Healy's.

...HE AUDITORIUM. ...LO MUSICAL CLUB. ...D SEASON. 4 CONCERTS. ..."THE MESSIAH." ...on tickets at 174 Wabash-av. ......$7.50, $6, $5, $3, $1.50, and $1.00

...HE AUDITORIUM. ...AGO ORCHESTRA ...DER THE DIRECTION OF ...DORE THOMAS ...IDAY AFTERNOON AT 2:30. ...ATURDAY EVENING at 8:15. ...ND POPULAR PROGRAM.

...AND OPERA HOUSE. ...AMLIN ......Manager ...HT—MATINEE TODAY AT 2. THOS. Q. Seabrooke ISLE OF CHAMPAGNE ...es Wednesday and Saturday. ...HOYT'S "A TEXAS STEER."

...EE'S THEATER—21 Exits. JOSEPH JEFFERSON— RIP VAN WINKLE. ..., Dec. 17—"THE BLACK CROOK."

...UMBIA—Monroe and Dearborn. ...er F. Dailey IN ...UNTRY SPORT ...ntry Sport Matinee this P. M.

...AVOY MUSIC-HALL. ...dison-st. and Michigan-av. ..."The Hit of the Season." ...ATINEE TODAY AT 2:15. ...his Week at 8:15. Admission 50 cents. ...Thornton, America's cleverest soubrette. ...HE SIX ACHMETS, ...s, Kins-Ners, R. M. Carroll, etc. ...e Great James Thornton.

...HILLER THEATER. JENNIE YEAMANS' New Characterization of THE NEW JANE ...5. ...ay—THE CRUST OF SOCIETY.

...THEATER—First Matinee Today at 2. ...and Wed'day and Saturday Matinee. ...NOLA ...SON IN FRIEND FRITZ. ...parison, charming."—Daily News.

...YMARKET—Will J. Davis. ...t Madison and Halsted-sts. ...Night—MATINEE TODAY. In the Beautiful Play, ...TT KILLARNEY ...Eugene O'Rourke in the Wicklow

...AMBRA—State-st. & Archer-av. ......Sole Manager ...ESTOWAWAY Matinees Sunday, Tuesday, and Saturday. ...THE WAIFS OF NEW YORK.

...ST SIDE ARMORY, ...ington-blvd. and Curtis-st. ...SHOW 4 days, beginning Wednesday, Dec. 13. ...UR AFTERNOON AND NIGHT. ...n from 9 a. m. to 11 p. m. ...50c. CHILDREN

...N'S—Tel. "South" 127. ...Matinees Thursday and Saturday. ...SE ...S.... MONTE CARLO. ...Wilson, 3 Gormans, and Big Co. ...Ferguson & McCarthy's MISHAPS.

...SAM T. JACK'S OPERA-HOUSE, ...Madison-st., bet. State and Dearborn. ...Tel. Main 2193. ...Every Day at 2. Every Night at 8. ...RICE AND BARTON'S COMEDIANS ...In the Great Fun Picture, ...—o— RAZZLE —o— DAZZLE —o— ...Prices—Mats. 25c, 50c. ...Night, 25c, 50c, 75c.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

SITUATION WANTED—BY ACTIVE YOUNG man, well posted in mercantile line and experienced in general office work; belongs to A. F. & A. M., K. P., and K. O. T. M.; good references; moderate salary. Address C 979, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—WILL PAY $10 TO ANY one who secures me a steady office position with wholesale house; can furnish A1 city references; thoroughly acquainted with office work. Address C 946, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS CREDIT MAN OR correspondent; thoroughly conversant with books and office management; 15 years' experience in wholesale house and with trade throughout Northwest. Address O W 6, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS BOOKKEEPER, EXperienced. Furnish best references. Address C 955, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—FOR OPENING, CLOSing, examining, and writing up books periodically day or evening. Address P.-O. Box 594, City.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN AS BILL or entry clerk; also collector; best of references. Address O R 169, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—WRITING DONE OF ALL descriptions; manuscripts copied, accounts adjusted; good city references. C 944, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BILL OR ENTRY CLERK by experienced young man 25; understands D. E. bookkeeping; good references. C 940, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—IN A DRUG STORE AS inexperienced clerk. L. S. BORROWS, 3715 Dearborn-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A1 GROCERY CLERK; best city reference. Address C 963, Tribune.

Salesmen, Solicitors, Etc.

SITUATION WANTED—WHERE HONESTY AND ability are appreciated; competent salesman, grocery clerk, or assistant civil engineer. Address C 954, Tribune office.

Boys.

SMALL BOY; $1.50 FIRST WEEK. ADDRESS C ..., Tribune office.

Trades.

SITUATION WANTED—MERCHANT TAILOR cutter will cut by the piece. Address C 942, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A FIRST CLASS cutter with large city acquaintance. Address C 964, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—FIRST-CLASS CARPENter; will work cheap. C 871, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY OPTICIAN; MEDIcal experience; best references. O R 168, Tribune.

House Servants.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MAN AND WIFE; NO children; wife first-class cook and baker, or second girl; man for general work around place; good references. Address C 953, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A FRENCH COUPLE; husband as house servant, wife good cook; just arrived from France; speaks little English. Address C 980, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—VALET, ATTENDANT, or massage by thoroughly competent Englishman, with excellent references. Address O R 171, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—AS FIRST-CLASS BUTler or house servant by competent man; English; highest references. Address C 989, Tribune office.

Coachmen, Teamsters, Etc.

SITUATION WANTED—BY COACHMAN; TALL, sober, willing, and handy around house; good driver. Reference. Address C 969, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—AS COACHMAN; LONG experience; city reference. C 958, Tribune office.

Stenographers.

SITUATION WANTED—BY STENOGRAPHER; first-class man; highest references. Address O R 167, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY COMPETENT STEnographer and bookkeeper; 6 years' experience; city reference; $12. Address B 745, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY RAPID, ACCURATE, and experienced stenographer. C 364, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY COMPETENT LADY stenographer; A1 city references. C 936, Tribune.

Miscellaneous.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A COMMERCIAL graduate with good references. L. S. BORROWS, 3715 Dearborn-st.

SITUATION WANTED—A YOUNG MAN WOULD like to obtain board and room by working evenings. Address B 385, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A STEADY GERMAN young man; is willing to go out of town. Address C 931, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN OF 20 AS elevator man or office work; best of reference. Address C 930, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AT ANYTHING HONEST by young man of 25; well educated and strictly temperate; very best references. C 947, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG (MARRIED) man 30; work of any kind; references. Address O W 5, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—WITH DRESSMAKER BY a gentleman with knowledge of the business; salary no object. Address C 987, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—PERMANENT, BY ARTist, cartoonist, on weekly or daily paper in Western city. ARTIST, St. Clair, Milton, Pa.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Domestics.

SITUATION WANTED—GENERAL HOUSEwork; cook, wash, bake; references; $3 to $3.50; will work either in city or suburbs. Call, or 'phone 998 North. Telephone for the girl to call on you or you can come and see the girl. No fee to pay. At 187 No. Clark. MATHEWS.

SITUATION WANTED—PROFESSIONAL NURSE, who has traveled with ladies and invalids through California and the South, wishes position with lady or invalid wintering either place; employers' and physicians' references. Address C 912, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY WELL RECOMMENDed Scotch girl; general housework; good cook; competent laundress; any locality; call or write; moderate wages. 561 W. Madison, Room 5.

SITUATION WANTED—BY NEAT, RELIABLE German girl; good plain cook and laundress; verbal references; go anywhere; call or write. 561 W. Madison, Room 5.

SITUATION WANTED—CANADIAN GIRL, GOOD cook, nice laundress; the best of Canadian references; stranger here; $3; city or country. 561 W. Madison, Room 5.

SITUATION WANTED—BY COMPETENT SECond girl; can sew and make herself useful; would leave city with family for winter; city or suburbs. Address C 957, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—GENERAL HOUSEWORK cook, wash, and bake; go any part of city or suburbs; good references; call or write. 561 W. Madison, Room 5.

SITUATION WANTED—A RESPECTABLE COLored woman wants washing to take home; references. 3009 Dearborn-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY COMPETENT GIRL as cook in a private family; references. Address D X 254, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—HOUSEWORK; GERMAN girl; fine cook, laundress; city, country. 220 Ontario.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A SWEDISH GIRL; general housework; small family. Apply at 4229 Langley-av., first floor.

SITUATION WANTED—BY SCOTCH GIRL TO do housework. Answer by mail one week 453 W. 12th-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY COMPETENT GIRL as waitress or second work. City references. Address 3033 Michigan-av., top flat.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG DANISH girl in a small family. Call at 793 North Campbell-av.

SITUATION WANTED—TO DO FINE COOKING; can do all the fancy cooking for receptions. Address C 960, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS COOK OR TO DO general work. 2807 La Salle-st.

SITUATION WANTED — BY EXPERIENCED waitress; city or suburbs. 575 Madison-st.

SITUATION WANTED — BY FIRST-CLASS Scotch cook in private family. Call 190 25th-st.

Seamstresses and Dressmakers.

SITUATION WANTED—DRESSMAKING NEATly done at 4231 Champlain-av., first flat.

Housekeepers.

SITUATION WANTED—BY FIRST-CLASS YOUNG Englishman as butler in reliable private family; am most willing and obliging, strictly sober, and of good character; highest of city references. Address C 999, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—A MIDDLE-AGED, REfined American widow as working housekeeper; good cook and seamstress; will assist lady in flat; small salary. Address C 913, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — BY EXPERIENCED housekeeper; reliable, competent; A1 references. Address C 977, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY ENGLISH WOMAN as housekeeper or general work; city or suburbs. Address C 952, Tribune office.

Stenographers.

SITUATION WANTED—A FINELY EDUCATED and thoroughly capable stenographer of 4 years' experience would accept position with reliable house at very moderate salary. Address C 951, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY STEnographer; both law and commercial experience; can furnish machine if desired. O W 2, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—EXPERIENCED STEnographer (Remington) wishes half-day position; moderate salary. Address O R 156, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—STENOGRAPHER, REMington; experienced; city references. Address C 976, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — BY EXPERIENCED lady stenographer owning machine; moderate salary. Address C 909, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — BY EXPERIENCED lady stenographer; well educated, accurate, trustworthy; references. Address C 967, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—STENOGRAPHER; RAPid, accurate, and trustworthy. C 919, Tribune office.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

ACCOUNTANT—FIRST-CLASS; AGE 30 TO 40; state experience, reference, how long employed each place; permanent situation; salary $2,000 per year. Address, in your own handwriting, C 984, Tribune office.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER — ONE EXPERIenced in brewing business preferred; must be quick at figures and a good penman; state experience and where last employed. O 981, Tribune.

ASSISTANT OFFICE MEN, CLERKS, AND salesmen; Mercantile positions secured. People's Exchange Co., 925 Unity Building. Correspondence promptly attended to.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER—YOUNG MAN, BY large wholesale house; must have experience and references. Address D W 463, Tribune office.

ACCOUNTANT — FIRST-CLASS YOUNG MAN; traveling position. 185 Dearborn-st., Room 31.

BILL CLERK—EXPERIENCED; IN WHOLESALE grocery house; give age, wages, and experience. Address C 971, Tribune office.

BOOKKEEPER—THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED single young man; references. 185 Dearborn-st., Room 31.

BOOKKEEPER—MUST GIVE $150 CASH SECURity; call early. Barringer's Newspaper Agency, ... Van Buren-st.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

MAN—YOUNG—22 TO 25; LAW OFFICE; SOME experience. Room 609, 100 Washington-st.

NIGHT CLERK—FOR HOTEL; MUST HAVE $250 cash to loan employer; wages $30, board and room; references. Address C 985, Tribune.

Salesmen, Solicitors, Etc.

BOOK CANVASSERS — EXPERIENCED, LIcensed; for Conflagration Jones volume on "Hawaii." Very attractive; easy seller in business districts; 25c edition; liberal commission; just issued. Smith & Colbert, 350 Dearborn-st., 4th floor.

SALESMAN—FOR A LINE OF CEREAL PROducts; must have had experience with some of the leading manufacturers of cereals; capable of taking charge of the advertising department, supervising the introduction of goods in new markets, and taking charge of a number of subordinate salesmen; a good salary will be paid; the business has a splendid future; give reference, age, whether married or single, and full particulars. Nebraska City Cereal Mills, Nebraska City, Neb.

SALESMAN—GLOVE AND MITTEN SALESMAN to sell the wholesale trade. Western Tannery and Glove Works, 37 Coventry-st.

SALESMAN—TO SELL IMPORTED GOODS TO good saloon trade; must be well acquainted. Address C 932, Tribune office.

SALESMAN — ENERGETIC — RARE CHANCE, good man. H. WERNER, Room 705, 56 5th-av.

SALESMEN—FOR NEW OFFICE SPECIALTY; sells for 75c and saves an expenditure of $100. Inclose stamp for terms. R. T. SHAW, 302 Security Bldg., St. Louis, Mo.

SALESMEN—OR AGENTS—GOOD PAY SELLING pants to order, $3; suits, $15. Hunter Tailoring Co., Cincinnati, O.

SALESMEN—AT ONCE; NO EXPERIENCE REquired. Room 504, 134 Van Buren-st.

SOLICITORS — STREET-MEN AND HOUSE SOlicitors on a capital of $3 to $5 can make big money next 30 days. Address, for sample goods, C 991, Tribune office.

Boys.

BOY—A WIDE AWAKE OFFICE AND ERRAND boy, 14 to 18 years old; one living a home preferred in position; pay only $4 per week. Address O W 7, Tribune office.

Trades.

LOCOMOTIVE ENGINEERS, CONDUCTORS, firemen, and brakemen; good, sober, steady men; permanent employment will be given. Apply Room 212 Briggs House, corner 5th-av. and Randolph-st., Chicago.

House Servants.

MAN—FIRST-CLASS SECOND MAN; ONE ACcustomed to housework; strictly sober, with city references. Stable, 1721 Prarie-av.

Stenographers.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPEWRITER—COMPEtent; state experience and salary expected. Address C 990, Tribune office.

Miscellaneous.

AGENTS OF ABILITY WILL FIND REMUNERative employment at Room 4 Tribune Bldg.

MEN—SUFFERING FROM NERVOUS DEBILITY and its attendant weaknesses to send for my 64-page book, free, treating on home cure. Address DR. D. H. LOWE, Winsted, Conn.

MEN—YOUNG MEN FOR RAILROAD NEWS business. 365 Fifth-av., down-stairs.

WANTED—DETECTIVE WITH KODAK. ADdress C 992, Tribune office.

YOUNG MEN—A FEW; ENERGETIC. M. I. P. Mfg. Co., 189 La Salle-st.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

SALESLADIES—AT ONCE; NO EXPERIENCE required. Room 504, 134 Van Buren-st.

LADY—OFFICE—WHO SPEAKS GERMAN; $10. Room 609, 100 Washington-st.

WOMAN—REFINED—FOR OFFICE WORK; give age and wages expected. Address C 983, Tribune office.

Domestics.

COOK—GOOD, FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK; good wages. 1425 Michigan-av., Flat 6.

GIRL—WHO IS A GOOD COOK AND TO DO GENeral housework; no washing; must have references. Apply at once. 150 50th-st., Kenwood.

GIRL — ERRAND. MME. V. NOEL, DRESSmaker. 307 E. 35th-st.

GIRL—AMERICAN OR GERMAN, FOR GENERAL housework. 3228 Calumet-av.

GIRLS—2; COOK AND WAITRESS; REFERences required. 47 Woodland Park, near 35th-st. Call between 8 and 12.

HOUSEWORK—MOTHER AND DAUGHTER OR sisters for general housework and nurse in small family in suburb; $6 for both; references required. Box 146, Lake Forest.

HOUSEMAID — THOROUGHLY COMPETENT and expected to assist in care of a child. Call at 4808 Vincennes-av.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSE work; no chamber work, good cook; references 6704 Stewart-av.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL TO ASSIST IN GENERAL housework. 541 Cleveland-av.

NURSE — A COMPETENT INFANT'S NURSE, capable of taking entire charge; must have first-class verbal reference. Apply 164 Rush-st. from 9 till 12.

YOUNG GIRL—TO MIND BABY. MR. ENGLISH, 346 55th-st.

Housekeepers.

HOUSEKEEPER — A THOROUGHLY COMPEtent working housekeeper to take charge of a small private boarding-house; suburb, 20 miles from Chicago. Address, with reference, C 937, Tribune office.

Stenographers.

STENOGRAPHER — THOROUGHLY CAPABLE lady. Address C 973, Tribune office.

STENOGRAPHER—NEAT YOUNG LADY; EXPR.; Remington; $6. Room 609, 100 Washington-st.

STENOGRAPHER—YOUNG LADY; DR.'S OFFICE; $10. Room 609, 100 Washington-st.

Miscellaneous.

ERRAND GIRL—IN DRESSMAKING SHOP; ONE with some experience in sewing. 922 Marshall Field Bldg.

GIRLS—A FEW TO WORK ON SAMPLE BOOKS; wages $3 per week. Address C 938, Tribune.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN—WE WILL PAY YOU $5 to $15 per week to do strictly home work for us; no canvassing, and prompt payment. Send self-addressed envelope to Liberty Supply Company, Boston, Mass.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN TO TAKE ORDERS for our portfolio of penmanship lessons; no risks; nice business; good pay. Write or call 1004, 172 Washington-st.

LADIES—WHO HAVE TACT AND ARE GOOD talkers to demonstrate in grocery and department stores. 1440 Unity Bldg., 79 Dearborn-st.

LADY—YOUNG—BRIGHT, NEAT, AND INTELligent to call on business men; A1 position for right person. Room 609, 100 Washington-st.

LADY—WILLING TO WORK FOR $10 A WEEK. J. BRADFORD, 126 Washington, Room 57.

AGENTS WANTED.

AGENTS—SALARY OR COMMISSION—THE greatest invention of the age. The new patent chemical ink erasing pencil; sells on sight; works like magic. Agents are making from $25 to $125 per week. For further particulars write the Monroe Eraser Mfg. Co., X 14, La Crosse, Wis.

AGENTS—GENTS AND LADIES—100 in city and county to sell the Perfection Adjustable Shoe; one size smaller easier on your feet than your regular size; big commissions; sell on sight. Address O W 9 Tribune office.

AGENTS WANTED — LOCAL AND GENERAL—For a quick-selling patented novelty, 100 to 150 per cent profit. Good solicitors can make from $100 to $300 a month. Territory fresh. Write for particulars. The Ohio Novelty Co., D 128, Cincinnati, O.

COMPARISON CHALLENGED WITH ANY AND all the companies doing business in America. The Fouse system of Life Insurance is superior, more scientific, more secure, and gives the assured better results than any company. Our 10, 15, and 20 pay ment life policies are incomparable. Our 10, 15, and 20 year renewable terms is insurance at actual cost. Our 10, 15, and 20 payment Life policies have 3 options after the third payment. Cash value, paid up insurance, or extended insurance, and all policies are incontestable after the third year. Tontine estimates and mass law are laid in the shade in comparison with the policies written by the Fidelity Mutual Life. You agents that can do business come and see for yourselves. We can defeat you in comparison and make double your income with the same amount of labor. Bring in your favorite policy and compare. If you can write insurance we want you and you want us.
FRANK B. FLEMING,
Western Manager,
Fidelity Mutual Life,
46, 115 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—OFFICES, LOFTS, ETC.

Offices.

TO RENT—PART OF OFFICE, GROUND FLOOR, n. e. cor. Cottage Grove-av. and 43d-st.; suitable for bank or building and loan association. REA, STEVENSON & CO., Cor. Cottage Grove-av. and 43d-st.

TO RENT—OFFICES—ALL SIZES, PRICES, AND locations. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—DESK ROOM; REASONABLE. 113 E. Adams-st., Room 17.

TO RENT—DESK SPACE, WITH USE OF DESK; reasonable. 531 Rookery Building.

TO RENT — FINE OFFICES. 512 ASHLAND Block.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—TO RENT—PRIVATE OFFICE IN modern building. Address C 975, Tribune.

PATENTS AND PENSIONS.

FRED W. HERSEY, PATENT ATTORNEY AND mechanical expert, 714 Tacoma Bldg.

MAKE ANYTHING IN BRASS. THE TURNER Brass Works, North Water and Wells-sts.

PATENTS, CAVEATS, TRADEMARKS, COPYrights obtained. CHAS. TILLMAN, Room 816, 112 Clark-st.

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ANY BUSINESS HOUSE SUPPLIED GRATIS with stenographers of any grade at reasonable salaries; some are practical bookkeepers. NO REGISTRATION FEE charged stenographers. DICTATION CLASS for all systems $2 a week. J. S. HANNA, 412 First National Bank Building.

FIRST-CLASS HELP SECURED ON SHORT NOtice at 5217 Jefferson-av.

DRESSMAKING.

CHAMPLAIN-AV.—FOR BON TON STYLISH gowns, perfect fitting and first-class work promptly executed, go to the Dressmaker, 4823, 3d floor.

WORLD'S FAIR BARGAINS.

SPOT CASH PAID FOR TABLE LINEN USED AT World's Fair; 500 table cloths, 1,500 napkins. Apply to JACOB BARGE, Minneapolis, Minn.

MISCELLANEOUS.

STEREOPTICON AND SLIDES FOR SALE, cheap. 502 Chicago Opera-House.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

South Side.

215 47TH-ST., KENWOOD—WELL FURNISHED front room for two, with board; $60 per month; private family.

236 OAKWOOD-BLVD.—A WELL FURNISHED front room; also table board, at reasonable prices.

259 39TH-ST.—1ST FLAT, ROOMS AND BOARD at very low prices.

1626 AND 1628 MICHIGAN-AV.—NICELY FURnished rooms; all modern conveniences; with or without board. MRS. OSGOOD.

1245 MICHIGAN-AV.—FURNISHED FRONT AND other rooms, with steam heat; good board.

1604 MICHIGAN-AV.—FURNISHED FRONT and other rooms, with board; low rates.

1635 MICHIGAN-AV.— NICELY FURNISHED rooms, with or without board.

1810 MICHIGAN-AV.—FIRST-CLASS PRIVATE boarding in this choice location; reasonable.

1815 INDIANA-AV. — EXCELLENT TABLE, nice warm rooms, home comforts; reasonable.

1828 INDIANA-AV.—LARGE FRONT AND back room, with board; also single room.

2111 INDIANA-AV.—LARGE FRONT ROOM, nicely furnished; also other room; board.

2123 MICHIGAN-AV.—2 FRONT ROOMS FURnished with board.

2220-2222 MICHIGAN-AV.—4 OR 6 GENTLEmen can obtain board and room on parlor floor in 3 rooms; everything first-class.

2636 PRAIRIE-AV.—BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHed alcove room; also connecting rooms; pleasant home; cheap; references.

3132 FOREST-AV.—CAN ACCOMMODATE A few more boarders; Jewish boarding-house.

3716 LAKE-AV., FLAT 8—TO RENT, WITH board, large newly furnished rooms in private family; everything strictly first-class.

3962 ELLIS-AV.—HANDSOME FRONT ROOMS; excellent board; near cable and Ill. Cent.

4332 CALUMET-AV.—PRIVATE FAMILY $5 per week; half block from L road.

COMFORTABLE ROOMS; EXCELLENT TABLE; moderate prices; near Kenwood station. Address O R 149, Tribune office.

FURNISHED ROOM WITH BOARD IN ENGLEwood: $3.50 per week. Address O R 109, Tribune.

PRAIRIE-AV., NEAR 30TH-ST.—FINE DOUBLE front room, first-class board, $10 to $12 per week for two persons. Address B W 482, Tribune office.

North Side.

175 RUSH-ST.—LARGE FRONT AND OTHER rooms, with board; reasonable.

191 DEARBORN-AV. — FURNISHED ROOMS with board.

208 CASS-ST., 2D FLAT—EXCELLENT HOME for a single gentleman; three in family, adults.

371 SUPERIOR—PLEASANT ROOMS, WITH home table; refined family; choicest locality; references.

495 DEARBORN-AV., 1ST FLAT—NICE WARM front room, with or without board; private family.

196 LA SALLE-AV.—NEICELY WARM FURnished rooms and board; walking distance; $5 and up.

241 OHIO-ST.—LARGE AND SMALL ROOMS; walking distance from business center; board.

243 DEARBORN-AV.—ALCOVE AND OTHER desirable rooms with first-class board.

265 E. INDIANA—BOARD WITH WARM ROOMS $5 to $8 per week.

310 LA SALLE-AV.—FRONT ALCOVE, SINGLE and double rooms; first-class board.

352 LA SALLE-AV.—SINGLE AND DOUBLE front rooms, with or without board.

385 ONTARIO-ST. — NICELY FURNISHED steam heated rooms, with board, single and double; ten minutes' walk from City Hall.

473 DEARBORN-AV.—SELECT, FURNISHED bachelor apartments; comfortable home, with breakfast and Sunday dinner.

477 WASHINGTON-BLVD. — WARM DOUBLE and single room; superior table; reasonable.

ROOM AND BOARD—FOR RENT—NICELY FURnished front room; all modern improvements; to married couple or two gentlemen; one of the finest locations North Side, near Park; excellent table; reasonable terms; strictly private family. Address O R 166, Tribune office.

West Side.

404 W. ADAMS—FURNISHED ROOM WITH first-class board for 2, or lady roommate.

935 W. MONROE-ST.—SOUTH FRONT ALCOVE room, nicely furnished, with board.

Hotels.

HOTEL "RAINIER," 55 33D-ST., COR. COTTAGE Grove-av. American or European plan; rooms single or en suite; all modern conveniences, including electric light, steam heat, hot water, private bath, etc.; rates the lowest; inspection invited. BENJ. F. TOBIN, Mgr.

HOTEL MIDLAND, 167-169 EAST MADISON-ST. —Most comfortable and convenient hotel on South Side; rates low to monthly or weekly guests. F. H. THOMPSON, Prop.

THE ONTARIO—NORTH STATE AND ONTARIOsts.—A first-class hotel, situated in the heart of the best residence district, yet within easy walking distance of the business center; convenient to the theaters; street cars pass the door; an ideal home for those desiring quiet and first-class accommodations at reasonable rates.

THE AVENEL EUROPEAN HOTEL, 286 MICHigan-av., 3 blocks south of Auditorium; steam heat; free baths; cafe and buffet attached.

WOOD'S HOTEL (EUROPEAN), VAN BUREN and Wabash-av.—Elevator, steam heat, free baths; new, modern; first-class; reasonable prices.

Miscellaneous.

WELL-FURNISHED HEATED ROOMS AND board for lady and gentleman or two gentlemen in refined private family near L road and cars; references. Address B F 479, Tribune office.

BOARD WANTED.

BOARD—BY GENTLEMAN PARTICULAR ABOUT accommodation, requires well furnished room and board; private house preferred; location east of Cottage Grove-av. and south of 39th-st. Address O W 10, Tribune office.

BOARD—AND ROOM BY MAN AND WIFE; MUST be near to 39th or 43d-st. car line; not over 30 minutes' from Stock-Yards; small private family preferred; state full particulars and terms. Address C 990, Tribune office.

BOARD—AND 1 OR 2 NICELY FURNISHED rooms by gentleman and wife; steam heat; must be first-class and reasonable; write particulars. Address C 968, Tribune.

BOARD—AND ROOM; SOUTH SIDE L ROAD; gentleman. Address, stating terms, C 948, Tribune office.

BOARD—AND ROOM—IN REFINED FAMILY for lady and little girl, where child can have care during day; steam or furnace heat. C 993, Tribune.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

South Side.

TO RENT—"THE CENTRAL," 250 STATE-ST., near Palmer House, warm, cozy rooms 50c a day, $2 a week up; with board, $1 a day, $5 a week up.

TO RENT—2236 MICHIGAN-AV.—NICELY FURnished, all light and outside rooms, between Lexington and Metropole Hotels.

TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS AT 1227 MICHigan-av., formerly Travelers' club; steam heat, gas, baths, and elevator; terms moderate.

TO RENT—2431 MICHIGAN-AV., FRONT ROOMS in private family, with or without board; reasonable.

TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, 286 MICHIgan-av., three blocks south of Auditorium, steam heat, free baths.

TO RENT—NEATLY FURNISHED ROOMS, 2132 Michigan-av.; steam heat; 2d flat.

TO RENT—323 MICHIGAN-AV., ELEGANTLY furnished steam-heated rooms; reasonable.

TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS FOR HOUSEkeeping. 2332 Wabash-av.

TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, WITH OR WITHout board. 2353 Michigan-av.

TO RENT—2 FURNISHED ROOMS HOUSEKEEPing; gas stove, dishes; $15. 488 Bowen-av.

North Side.

TO RENT—ELEGANTLY FURNISHED SOUTH front rooms, steam heat, board if desired; private family; reasonable; two gentlemen or gentleman and wife. 167 Locust-st., Flat B.

TO RENT—THE ONTARIO HOTEL, ONTARIO and North State-sts., offers exceptional advantages to those desiring first-class accommodations at reasonable rates; rooms with or without board.

TO RENT—239 DEARBORN-AV.—LARGE, WARM, and pleasant front room; modern conveniences; references.

TO RENT — MAGNIFICENTLY FURNISHED front parlor, heated, $5; front single room; $2; all conveniences. 269 E. Superior-st.

TO RENT—LUXURIANT HOME, PRIVATE FAMily; breakfast or board optional; walking distance. 52 St. Clair-st., corner Ohio, near Virginia Hotel.

TO RENT—WACOUSTA, 275 ERIE-ST.—BEAUTIful furnished rooms; also housekeeping rooms; steam heated.

TO RENT—NICELY FURNISHED ROOM FOR one gentleman. Cheap. 530 Garfield-av., 1st flat

TO RENT—360 E. ONTARIO-ST.—WARM DOUBLE and single room; walking distance; gentlemen.

TO RENT—TWO FRONT ROOMS, FURNISHED. 253 N. Market-st., 3d flat.

TO RENT—241 DEARBORN-AV., NICELY FURnished large front and single room; references.

TO RENT—ELEGANT ROOMS FOR GENTLEmen. NEWPORT, 79 Pine-st.

West Side.

TO RENT—153 AND 155 S. WOOD-ST.—FRONT and side suites of two rooms each, completely furnished for housekeeping, by the week; small families boarding and strangers arriving in the city will find this worthy of their attention.

TO RENT—FURNISHED, WARM, LIGHT ROOM to two gentlemen. 287 Washington-blvd.

TO RENT—FURNISHED 4-ROOM FLAT ON CORner. 1048 Washington-blvd.

TO RENT—ELEGANT ROOMS, WITH STEAM heat, baths, $2 weekly. 148 S. Halsted, nr. Adams.

WANTED—ROOMS.

WANTED—TO RENT—AT ONCE, ON WEST Side, east of Ashland, large room, nicely furnished and thoroughly warmed, for single gentleman; state terms. Address C 945, Tribune office.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

South Side.

TO RENT—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED 10-room house, Prairie-av., just south of 26th-st.; all conveniences; cheap. THOS E. PATTERSON, Room 97, 185 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—A THOROUGHLY FURNISHED and finished house of 12 rooms; everything in first-class order. Apply on premises, 2327 Michigan-av.

FOR RENT—N. E. COR. OF 43D AND ST. LAWrence-av., 7 rooms and bath; low rent to May 1. FRED P. HOPKINS & CO., 175 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—ONE 11-ROOM MODERN HOUSE, near I. C. R. R., and one 7-room steam-heated flat, cheap. Call 6051 Madison-av.

FOR RENT—4348 BERKELY-AV.; STRICTLY modern; low rent to May 1. FRED P. HOPKINS N CO., 175 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

South Side.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED—2510 PRAIRIE-AV., 8 rooms; all conveniences. HIBBARD PORTER & BROS. 56, 175 Dearborn-st.

West Side.

TO RENT—CHEAP—A PERFECTLY WARM house; first-class neighborhood; 2-story and attic; all improvements; party leaving city; possession at once. Call Room 83, 115 Dearborn-st. Price $30.

North Side.

TO RENT—138 PINE-ST., VERY ATTRACTIVE small modern house with kitchen on parlor floor; will be rented either furnished or unfurnished at $75 per mo. MRS. E. W. CASE, R. 25, 115 Dearborn-st.

FOR RENT—WM. D. KERFOOT & CO., 85 Washington-st.
319 Superior-st., between Cass and Rush, south front, 3-story and basement brown-stone house, 13 rooms; every convenience.

TO RENT—1913 DEMING-CT., ELEGANT stone front new residence, half block from Lincoln Park and cable; rent reasonable. C. J. MOREY & CO., 881 N. Clark-st.

TO RENT—FINELY FURNISHED—ONTARIO, near St. Clair; 12 rooms, hardwood floors; $75, which is the mere rent of house alone. HIBBARD PORTER & BROS., 175 Dearborn-st.

Miscellaneous.

FOR RENT—OR FOR SALE—IN NEW YORK City—A most exquisitely furnished four-story house in the immediate neighborhood of West 72d-st., filled with rare rugs, pictures, bric-a-brac, curios, tapestries, etc.; bought and furnished for owner's use five months since; this house is a bargain and a great opportunity for any one desiring a beautifully appointed house in New York for the season or for permanent residence; one of the most fashionable localities in the city; $500 per month, including fuel; or for sale as it stands for $70,000; the price might be shaded to quick applicant. Address G C, 250 West 73d-st., New York City.

TO RENT—CHEAP—A MODERN 5-ROOM COTtage house, furnished, during Midwinter Fair; only 2 blocks from cars that connect with the grounds every 15 minutes. 1533 Schiller-st., Alameda, Cal.

TO RENT—FLATS.

South Side.

TO RENT—FREE. FREE. FREE. FREE. FREE rent to Jan. 1, 1894, 2 to 7 room flats; rent $17 and upwards; only a few flats left; only first-class people in the building; we have the best of steam heat, hot and cold water, ranges, bath, laundry, drying-room, janitor service, etc.; cafe in building; no children; if you want a flat call at once as there are only a few left; agent on premises day and night. 2829-2831-2833 Calumet-av.

TO RENT—THREE VERY DESIRABLE FLATS IN the Woodstock, corner Wabash-av. and 28th-st., 7 and 8 rooms, have hardwood finish, steam heat, hot and cold water, tile bath-rooms, artistic mantles, sideboards, china closets, and all modern conveniences; reasonable rental.
J. FOSTER RHODES & CO., Room 39, 175 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT -FLAT— SOUTH SIDE—
A first-class, comfortable 6-room flat, with basement, first floor; furnace heat; good locality; 5 minutes' walk from I. C. R. R.; terms very reasonable; to rent from Jan. 1, 1894.
For further particulars apply at 4156 Ellis-av.

TO RENT—THE HAMPDEN, N. E. COR. 39TH-ST. AND LANGLEY-AV. New 5, 6, 7 room flats; steam heated, hot water, elevator service, electric lights; rents $40 to $70. CHRISTIE & HARDY, Tel. Oakland 567. 3920 Cottage Grove-av.

TO RENT—FLATS; BEST BARGAIN SOUTH Side; 6 and 7 rooms; outside, light; elite neighborhood; convenient to Ill. Cent., boulevard, and cable trains; Kenwood district; to investigate will satisfy you; no children. H. S. HUBBELL, 118 E. 43d-st.

TO RENT—OR FOR SALE—CHEAP—PARTLY furnished 5-room flat; hot water heat, gas range; convenient to Ill. C. R., 43d-st. station; lease to May 1. MILLER, Section F, Flat 5, 42d-st. and Lake-av., City.

TO RENT—THOSE ELEGANT 6 AND 7 ROOM flats on Madison-av., near 55th-st.; stone front houses; all modern improvements; furnace heat; rent very reasonable to May 1 next. Inquire of owner, 5519 Madison-av.

TO RENT—ELEGANTLY FURNISHED 5-ROOM flat, including bed and table linen, hot water heat; convenient to I. C. R. R. and cable trains; party leaving city; lease to May 1. Address Arizona Flats, G 3, 42d-st. and Lake-av.

TO RENT—2, 3, 4, AND 6 ROOM FLATS, $18 TO $45, including steam heat, hot water, gas ranges, and all conveniences in "The Marlborough," 4901 and 4903 Calumet-av. H. O. STONE, 206 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—2520 CALUMET-AV., 7 AND 8 ROOM flats; east front; every room light; all conveniences, furnace heat, janitor service. Rental $30 and $45.

TO RENT—IN THE ARIZONA, "A" 5, LAKE-AV. and 42d-st., two steam heated furnished rooms and bath; to adults only; no housekeeping; references.

TO RENT—2354 CALUMET-AV., 3D FLAT; MODern; 6 rooms; bath, hot and cold water, steam-heat, gas range, and janitor service. BARNES & PARISH, 157 La Salle-st.

TO RENT — FOUR-ROOM FLATS—NEEDHAM Bldg., s. w. cor. Cottage Grove-av. and 32d-st.; steam heat, gas range, bath-room, etc. Apply to janitor, or G. M. SCHMIDT, 419 Chamber of Commerce.

TO RENT—IF YOU ARE IN SEARCH OF A HOUSE or flat call and examine our list. ALLEN, GASSETTE & OPDYKE, 115 Dearborn.

TO RENT—2818 VERNON-AV., 6-ROOM FLAT, with basement suitable for a carpenter or repairing shop, only $20. Apply to owner on premises.

TO RENT—ELEGANT SIX-ROOM FLATS; FURnace heated by owner; 2 blocks from C. and E. I., 72d-street; $25. Address O R, 157, Tribune office.

TO RENT—4503 STATE-ST.—6 ROOMS, $15. 4400 Wallace-st.—6 rooms, $15. FRED P. HOPKINS & CO., 175 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—150 E. 18TH-ST., 5 ROOMS AND bath; modern outside flat; cheap rent. BRUCE B. BARNEY, 99 Randolph-st.

TO RENT—FLATS AND HOUSES ALL OVER THE city; send or call for printed lists. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—4 AND 5 ROOM MODERN FLATS at L sation; $12 and $15. 6335 Cottage Grove-av.

TO RENT—STEAM HEATED FLATS; CHEAP; S. E. cor. University-pl. and Rhodes-av., near 35th.

TO RENT—STEAM HEATED MODERN 5-ROOM flat; price $30. 3105 Calumet-av. J. A. McLENNON.

TO RENT—4-ROOM FLATS: FRONT, $22 TO $25; rear, $16 to $18. Keys at 2813 S. Park-av.

North Side.

TO RENT— "THE ORMONDE."
Astor-st., near corner of Goethe-st., within one block of the Lake-Shore Drive, and in the handsomest residence district of the North Side; this fine apartment building, just completed, contains 6 and 7-room apartments; beautifully finished throughout in hardwood, with fine mantels, steam heat, gas ranges, refrigerators, window shades and screens, fine bathrooms with open sanitary plumbing, private storerooms, laundries, and every modern convenience.
GOUDY, SHANKLIN & CO., 84 La Salle-st.

TO RENT— "THE ASTOR."
Divison-st., near Lake Shore Drive.
Handsome seven-room apartments on the second and third floor, finished in hardwood, containing every convenience; hot water heat, ice refrigerators, hot and cold water, gas ranges, supplied with either natural or fuel gas, open fireplaces with gas grates, and electric light fixtures, private store rooms, janitor service; rental moderate.
GOUDY, SHANKLIN & CO., 84 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—165 SUPERIOR, CORNER WELLS-ST.—Modern 3 and 4 room flats; $15 and $20. GALLOWAY, LYMAN & PATTON, Tacoma Building, Madison and La Salle-sts.

TO RENT—THE CLAREMONT, 1907 AND 1909 Deming-ct., near Lincoln Park; beautifully finished 6 and 7-room flats; all conveniences; $65 to $85. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—6-ROOM FLAT, 384 N. CLARK-ST., hardwood floors, gas, water cabinet, mantels, janitor service, etc. H. HAMMOND, 41 River-st.

TO RENT—CORNER FLAT, 2D FLOOR, 7 ROOMS, steam heat, in the "Oakdale," 1547-1549 Oakdale-av.; reduced rent; open for inspection.

TO RENT—6-ROOM FURNISHED, 5, 6, AND 7 room flats unfurnished; heat, elevators, janitor, etc. 18 Bellevue-pl. C. WATROUS.

TO RENT—IN MAJESTIC BUILDING, 54 WALton-place, six-room apartment; possession immediately. Address O R 170, Tribune office.

TO RENT—163 HOWE-ST.—A PLEASANT SUNNY 7-room flat.

West Side.

TO RENT—5 AND 6 ROOM FLATS, STEAM HEAT, electric bells, letter-boxes, janitor, $20 to $25 per month; agent on premises, 394 West Polk-st.; other flats South and West Sides. L. L. COBURN, Home Ins. Bldg.

TO RENT — CHOICE 5-ROOM FLAT, 161 Paulina-st., near Monroe; very desirable; low rent; janitor. EDWIN WYNN & CO., 132 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—5 AND 6 ROOM FLATS; JANITOR service. Inquire 170 Laflin-st., third flat.

Miscellaneous.

TO RENT—LOVELY STEAM HEATED, SUNNY 3 and 4 room brick flats; just what young couples want; $16 up; free rent this month. STORRS & HATHAWAY, 447 Rookery.

TO RENT—7-ROOM FLAT, LIGHT ON THREE sides; all modern conveniences, mantels, grates, bay windows, $25; three car lines. WILLIAM W. WEARE, Tel. No. Main 1098. 218 La Salle-st., Room 220.

TO RENT—FLAT; REFINED COUPLE TO SHARE half furnished flat; sunny rooms, pleasant location; easy access to city. Address O R 152, Tribune.

WANTED—FLATS.

WANTED—TO RENT—10 OR 12-ROOM, STEAM-heated flat. N. Side. Address C X 350, Tribune.

TO RENT—STORES.

South Side.

TO RENT—NEW 5-STORY BUILDING, 249 Clark-st., near postoffice, handsomest finished store and basement on the street; mosaic floor, marble wainscoting, elevator, steam heat, and electric light; long lease. Apply to F. GRANT, 1611 Wabash-av.

FOR RENT—STORE WITH ROOM IN REAR; also a 3-room and a 5-room flat in Marathon Building, corner 23d-st. and Cottage Grove-av. LOBDELL, FARWELL & CO., 201 Owings Bldg.

TO RENT—CHOICE STORES, BUILDINGS and basements down-town; reduced rentals. J. W. ADAMS & CO., 140 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—39TH-ST., AT MICHIGAN-AV.—A handsome store with heat; choice cafe stand.

TO RENT—STORE, 335 WABASH-AV. MACLEAN & VANDERCOOK, 185 Dearborn, R. 111.

West Side.

TO RENT—OLD RESTAURANT, 840 W. MADIson-st., No. 1 stand; low rent; fixtures for sale at a snap, or will rent them. STORRS & HATHAWAY, 447 Rookery.

TO RENT—MISCELLANEOUS.

TO RENT—2,500 SQUARE FEET IN THE RAND McNally Building, to be vacated by World's Fair officials; suitable for publishers or subscription book agency; no machinery. Apply to RAND, McNALLY & CO., 166-168 Adams-st.

TO RENT—CAFE, ALL FURNISHED, TO REsponsible party. Apply at 1227 Michigan-av.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

TO HOLIDAY PIANO PURCHASERS— LYON & HEALY'S. LYON & HEALY'S.
Our December piano display embraces hundreds of upright pianos in beautiful new designs.
Every grade is presented, from the cheapest durable upright to the choicest creations in fancy woods of America's representative pianomakers.

KNABE.	FISCHER.	HAZELTON.
KNABE.	FISCHER.	HAZELTON.
KNABE.	FISCHER.	HAZELTON.

Our seven piano salesrooms, all upon one floor, afford an unequaled opportunity for intelligent selection. Our facilities are so ample that visits of inspection may be freely made. Special offerings this week—modern upright pianos. In order to sharply reduce our stock of Pianos we offer these high class instruments at prices far lower than ever quoted heretofore on Pianos of similar grade.

One McCammon full upright cabinet Grand, rich mahogany case, with solid engraved panels, practically new (regular price $375)......$225

One Fischer full-sized upright, with fret panels, carved trusses, and all latest improvements; practically new (regular price $375)...... 240

One Weber full-sized upright, rosewood case, fret panels, and carved consoles, three strings, overstrung scale, second-hand, but in perfect condition (regular price $350)...... 250

One Steinway second-hand upright cabinet style, seven octaves, rosewood case (regular price $350)...... 275

One Fischer upright cabinet Grand, 4 ft. 6 in. high, ebony finished case, all late improvements (regular price $375)...... 275

One Knabe medium sized upright, second-hand, handsome rosewood case, extra fine tone (regular price $350)...... 275

One Petit Bijou upright, in oak case, nearly new, has an excellent tone for so small an instrument (regular price $175)...... 115

One New England upright, in ebony finished case, with fret panels, overstrung scale, and repeating action (regular price $200)...... 125

One Hallet & Davis 7⅓ octaves, fret panels, carved consoles, three strings, overstrung scale, double repeating action (regular price $300)...... 190

One Washburn large upright cabinet Grand, in fancy figured Circassian walnut case, solid panels, three strings, overstrung scale, and double repeating action (regular price $335)...... 210

And many others. Easy terms will be granted. Every instrument fully guaranteed.
LYON & HEALY, State and Monroe-sts., Chicago.
N. B.—Lyon & Healy were awarded twelve highest medals and diplomas by the World's Columbian Exposition, thereby securing the greatest honors ever conferred upon a musical manufacturer's products.

HOLIDAY PIANOS,
IN
A GREAT VARIETY
OF
RICH CASINGS.
HALLET & DAVIS.
KIMBALL and Cheaper PIANOS.
KIMBALL ORGANS.
ONE PROFIT.
ONE PRICE.
BARGAINS
In several pianos and organs of STANDARD MAKES.
EASY PAYMENTS.
PIANOS RENTED.
W. W. KIMBALL CO.,
243-253 Wabash-av.

BARGAINS—

1 Hardman	$100
4 New England uprights, each $135, $145,	155
1 Gabler	125
2 Chase Bros.' pianos, each.......$160,	175
1 Fischer piano	125
23 Vose & Sons' pianos, each.......$155, $160, to	200
2 Kroeger & Sons' pianos, each.......$200,	225
14 Decker pianos, each.......$175, $190,	200
1 Haines Bros. piano	100
1 Gould piano	195
2 Weser Bros. pianos.......$100,	125
3 Schaaf pianos.......$150, $165,	175
1 Chase piano	125
2 upright pianos, your choice, each	100
2 Chickering pianos, each.......$150,	200
27 square pianos, each.......$20 to	75

EASY TERMS TO SUIT BUYERS.
Every piano warranted to be as represented or money refunded.
Pianos moved, tuned, repaired, and stored.
200 pianos to rent—$3, $4, and $5 per month—one year's rent allowed if purchased.
SALESROOMS OPEN EVENINGS.
ADAM SCHAAF,
276 West Madison-st., corner of Morgan.

BARGAINS IN PIANOS—
If you are seeking bargains inspect the pianos from leading makers in our bargain rooms.
Eight large salesrooms on first floor.
One large room devoted to special bargains.
Largest and most desirable stock of pianos in the city.
If you want to buy we can please you in Quality, Style, Price, Terms.
Full warranty.
Pianos rented with privilege of purchase.
CHICKERING-CHASE BROTHERS COMPANY,
219-221 Wabash-av.
Open evenings in December.

The best variety of all grades of pianos and organs in the city.	ESTEY & CAMP (repeated)	Easy payments with no advancement in prices.
ESTEY & CAMP	ESTEY & CAMP	ESTEY & CAMP
Renting $1 per month and upward. Tuning free	ESTEY & CAMP	Old instruments taken in exch'nge t'ning, r'p'iri'g, etc Careful moving.

THE LEADING HOUSE.
STATE AND JACKSON-STS.

PIANOS. PIANOS. PIANOS.
In all styles and every variety of natural wood cases, of the following makes: STEINWAY & SONS' PIANOS, THE A. B. CHASE PIANOS, VOSE & SONS' PIANOS, C. KURTZMANN & CO.'S PIANOS. A superior line of pianos to rent. Also in our BARGAIN DEPARTMENT may be found 100 pianos, which are to be sold REGARDLESS OF VALUE, comprising Uprights, Grands and Squares of leading makers. Many of these pianos are new, others nearly so. An unusual opportunity to secure a piano at a REMARKABLY LOW PRICE. Correspondence and inspection invited.
LYON, POTTER & CO., 174 and 176 Wabash-av.

CALL AT 248 WABASH-AV.,
AND INVESTIGATE THESE UPRIGHT PIANOS.

1 Lyon & Healy, ebonized, good order	$125
2 Stuyvesant, ebonized, good order.......$135	150
1 Chase Bros., ebonized, largest size, new	175
2 Stuyvesant, wal. & mhg., fine order.......$180	195
1 Everett, fancy mhg., no trace of wear	195
1 Wheelock, fancy walnut, no trace of wear	260
1 Lindeman, oak, good as new	290

—Easy monthly payments if desired.—
MANUFACTURERS' PIANO CO., 248 Wabash-av.

TAKE YOUR CHOICE. 75 UPRIGHT
PIANOS MUST BE SOLD AT ONCE.
EVERY ONE A BARGAIN.
$120 TO $150 EACH.
EASY PAYMENTS.
Open evenings. J. O. TWICHELL, 223 Wabash-av.

BARGAINS.

1 Vose & Sons' upright piano	$150
1 Weber upright	160
1 Wheelock upright	195
1 Chickering upright	135
1 Lyon & Healy upright	160

Payments, $5 per month.
Open evenings. J. O. TWICHELL, 223 Wabash-av.

LEFT ON SALE—
New Steinway & Sons piano, rosewood case, cover and stool......$225
Cash or payments.
Open evenings. J. O. TWICHELL, 223 Wabash-av.

THREE UPRIGHT PIANOS; EACH $120. Cash only.
Open evenings. J. O. TWICHELL, 223 Wabash-av.

EMERSON PIANO CO. WAREROOMS WILL be open evenings during December. Several genuine bargains. Terms to suit. No extra charge where time payments are desired. 218 Wabash-av. JOHN W. NORTHROP, Manager.

$165 BUYS A HALLET & DAVIS UPRIGHT piano; $195 buys a Sohmer upright piano; 4 new Sohmer uprights, in mahogany, oak, and walnut, prices ranging from $250 to $325; payments to suit purchasers. STEGER & CO., 235 Wabash-av., cor. Jackson-st. Open evenings until the 24th.

WANT NEW STEINWAY CONCERT OR BAby grand piano; give splendid Sohmer cabinet grand and rent of steam heated flat or cottage, South Side. Address C 959, Tribune office.

SOHMER PIANOS—MATHUSHEK PIANOS
SOHMER PIANOS—MATHUSHEK PIANOS
Factory prices. Thompson Music Co., 367 Wabash-av

FOR SALE—PIANO—NEARLY NEW UPright; $200 cash if taken at once; need money. Address C 976, Tribune office.

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF UPRIGHT pianos to rent, $3 and $4 per month. Agent for Wegman, Needham, Bryant, and other pianos. Easy payments. JOHN A. BRYANT, 207 Wabash-av., first door south of J. H. Walker's, first flight.

$650 WEBER UPRIGHT; LARGEST SIZE, fine case; practically good as new and fully warranted for $375 cash. Manufacturers' Piano Co., 248 Wabash-av.

INSTRUCTION.

ARCHITECTURAL AND MECHANICAL DRAWing, wash work, pen and ink for newspaper illustrating and designing, English branches, mathematics, bookkeeping, penmanship, shorthand, and typewriting; new classes now forming. Columbian Trade and Business School, 139 Madison-st. HANSTEIN & SILVERS.

CHICAGO ATHENÆUM, 26 VAN BUREN-ST.—Thorough individual instruction in business shorthand, drawing, grammar schools, languages.

WALTZ—PRIVATE LESSONS TAUGHT PERfect, $2. SAXON SISTERS, 49 N. Ashland-av.

STORE AND OFFICE FIXTURES.

CURTAIN DESKS, FLAT TOP DESKS, CASHIER desks, office railing cheaper than ever this week. City Office Furniture Co., 86 Lake-st.

GAS FIXTURES AT FACTORY PRICES; LATest designs and lowest prices. H. S. HOLDEN 67 and 69 S. Canal-st., near Madison.

WANTED—FIXTURES AND HORSE AND WAGon for grocery. Address C 962, Tribune.

SCALES.

NEW AND SECOND-HAND SCALES ALL KINDS Address Borden & Selleck Co., Lake-st., Chicago

CITY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—INVESTMENT—$500 CASH AND $10 per month will secure an investment in improved city real estate worth $3,500, and completely pay for same in 8 years. Inquire between 12 and 1, 1330 Chamber of Commerce.

SOUTH SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—CHEAP—LOTS WITHIN 3 BLOCKS of Ill. Cen. railroad, 1 block from Calumet and South Chicago Electric railway, and 5 minutes' walk from Cottage Grove-av. cable cars. THOMAS W. PRINDEVILLE, 116 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE FINEST RESIDENCES on Groveland-av., No. 3248; east front; 13 rooms; all modern improvements; in perfect repair; price, $17,000. H. S. PICKANDS, 1009 Rookery.

FOR SALE—GROVELAND AV., NEAR 32D-ST. 2-story attic and cellar modern residence, stone front; will sell at a bargain; worth $12,000. PETER VAN VLISSINGEN, 95 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—COZY, SUBSTANTIAL HOME, CONvenient to all kinds of transportation, South Side, $2,000; worth $2,500; was not built to sell; a genuine bargain. J. R. JEFFERS, 776 63d-st., Englewood.

FOR SALE—A BARGAIN, 2-STORY BRICK AND stone trimming, 9 rooms, on Vincennes-av., north of 39th-st.; $2,000 under market price; owner leaving city; lot 20x130. Address C 943, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—
The elegant modern residence known as 4541 Greenwood-av.; key at 4545 Greenwood; terms easy. C. E. FOLLANSBEE, Owner.

FOR SALE—$11,000 HOUSE IN KENWOOD FOR $9,700. Address C 941 Tribune office.

NORTH SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—AT A SACRIFICE.
37½x125 east front on Orchard-st., near Garfield-av. Best lot on North Side for a flat building.
EHLERT & CO., 175 Dearborn-st., R. 25.

FOR SALE FINE RESIDENCE ON DEARBORN-ave., or will exchange for Chicago vacant. Address C 966 Tribune office.

FOR SALE—$8,000, EQUITY IN $18,000 EDGEwater residence; small payment, $1,000; balance in any good security. BROLLEY, 151 Jefferson-st.

FOR SALE—FINE STABLE ON NORTH SIDE north of Chicago-av., east of Rush-st. Address owner, O R 122, Tribune office.

WEST SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN, 23 AND 25 CORNELL-st., 50x125, with improvements; will pay over 10 per cent net; price only $14,000. EHLERT & CO., 175 Dearborn-st., R. 25.

FOR SALE—100X190, WEST MADISON-ST., NEAR Leavitt, a bargain; commission allowed. Address C 889, Tribune office.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—OAK PARK—EAST FRONT LOTS, $30, $40, $45, $50 per foot; houses, $4,000, $5,000, $6,000; River Forest lots, $18 to $25 per foot. WEAGE & TUCKER, 1110 Tacoma Block.

FOR SALE—OAK PARK—CHOICE IMPROVED and vacant; some good bargains just now. SMITH & JUNE, 141 Lake-st., Oak Park. Telephone Main 3976. or 95 Washington-st., City.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—FARM, SOUTH OF CITY LIMITS, eighteen miles; excellent state cultivation; well improved; must sell immediately. WAKELEY, 481 Ogden-av.

FOR SALE—MY FARM AND STOCK, THIRTY-two miles south of Chicago; cheap; easy terms. MILTON FULLER, Monee, Ill.

FRUIT LANDS.

FOR SALE— FOR THE VERY BEST prune, peach, orange, and lemon orchards in Southern California go to H. J. RANSOM & CO., 167 Dearborn-st.; properties exchanged.

MINES AND MINING.

FOR SALE—A GROUP OF FIVE PATENTED gold lodes, 200 yards from railroad in Gilpin County, Colorado; $100,000 for all, or $50,000 for nearly a controlling interest; company out of debt; a very valuable and desirable property. WM. A. DAVIS, Room 402, 510 Pine-st., St. Louis, Mo.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED—TO PURCHASE DIRECT FROM owner, home, 6 to 8 rooms, not over 8 miles from heart of city; not to exceed $2,000 to $2,500; if you have a bargain for spot cash address THOMAS ALBERT, 469 W. Congress-st.

WANTED—A GOOD COTTAGE ON SOUTH Side; will give 2 clear lots at Morton Park, on C. B. and Q. R. R., worth $1,000, and some cash as part payment; give price and location. Address R. KOCHANOWSKI, 5343 Emerald-av.

WANTED—50 FOOT LOT BETWEEN 51ST AND 63d-sts., east of Cottage Grove-av.; $500 cash and $1,000 per year at 6 per cent. Apply to W. W. YATES & CO., cor. 43d-st. and Indiana-av.

WANTED—MODERN 2-FLAT BUILDING, $6,000 to $8,000 cash, in good neighborhood. FRED E. TROTTER, 107 Dearborn-st., Room 25.

WANTED—DOWN-TOWN BARGAIN—NORTH of Polk-st. and east of River. M. S. EMBREE, Room 6, 99 Washington-st.

WANTED—FOR CASH, A LOT ON PRAIRIE-AV., E. F., bet. 54th and 55th-sts. J. H. DENMAN, 802 Tacoma Bldg.

REAL ESTATE TO EXCHANGE.

LIST YOUR PROPERTY FOR EXCHANGE WITH us; can get you a deal. STEVENS & SPOTSWOOD, 52 Major Block.

SOME GOOD CORNER SALOONS; WILL TRADE for real estate or take good security of any kind. Apply to O'Donnell & Duer Bav. Brg. Co., cor. 40th and Wallace-sts.

TO EXCHANGE—EQUITY OF $5,000 IN NORTH Side business property worth $7,500; want flats on South Side. Address C 927, Tribune office.

TO EXCHANGE—RENT OF GOOD ENGLEWOOD house for lot, or will put in cash for lot on line Alley L. Address C 959, Tribune office.

TO EXCHANGE—REAL ESTATE FOR LIVERY stable; value $5,000 to $20,000. Address C 970, Tribune office.

WANTED—CLEAR LOTS OR ACRES AND CASH for Michigan-av. leasehold; well down town; 50 ft.; low lease; 4-story building. Address M M 176, Tribune office.

WILL SOME HARDWARE HOUSE GIVE ME A stock of hardware for new house and 100 feet just west of city limits? $7,000. Address C 961, Tribune office.

WANTED—NEARLY NEW MODERN FURNIture in exchange for room and board. 46 16th.

REAL ESTATE LOANS.

A LARGE FUND OF MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE
At current rates in sums of $500 to $100,000. No delay.
PETER VAN VLISSINGEN, 95 East Washington-st.

A SPECIAL FUND OF MONEY TO LOAN ON IMproved Chicago real estate at lowest market rates. Will be divided in amounts to suit. J. H. VAN VLISSINGEN & BRO., Estab. 1879. Major Block, 149 La Salle-st.

A FUND TO LOAN ON CHICAGO IMPROVED real estate at low rates in amounts to suit; no delay. LOBDELL, FARWELL & CO., So. E. Cor. Dearborn and Adams-sts.

ANY SUM LOANED ON MERCHANDISE, FURNIture, notes, and other collaterals. W. N. ALLEY, 115 Dearborn-st., Room 29.

ANY AMOUNT OF MONEY LOANED ON IMproved city real estate at current rates. WAHL & CHAPIN, 706 Chamber of Commerce.

ANY AMOUNT TO LOAN ON IMPROVED REAL estate, Chicago, Evanston, and other suburbs, at 6 and 7 per cent. O. F. GIBBS, 516, 85 Dearborn-st.

BY CASADY, COLE & CO., 908 CHAMBER OF Commerce; special sums of $1,500, $2,500, $5,000, $7,000, and other sums at 6 per cent; no delay.

BAIRD & WARNER, 90 LA SALLE-ST., MAKE loans on improved real estate at current rates.

EDGAR M. SNOW & CO., 88 LA SALLE-ST., LOAN money at lowest current rates on improved Chicago real estate.

GREENEBAUM SONS, BANKERS, 83 and 85 Dearborn-st
LOANS MADE ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE AT LOWEST RATES.

GALLOWAY, LYMAN & PATTON, TACOMA Bldg., Madison and La Salle-sts., loan money on Chicago real estate at current rates; building loans.

MONEY LOANED WITHOUT COMMISSION AT LOWEST CURRENT RATES ON IMPROVED REAL ESTATE. R. PRINDIVILLE, Rooms 9 and 10, 122 La Salle-st.

MONEY TO LOAN—AT 5, 5½, AND 6 PER CENT on improved Chicago real estate; building loans. LOEB & GATZERT, 125 La Salle-st.

MONEY TO LOAN BY PEOPLE'S BUILDING and Loan Association, Borden Block, 99 Randolph-st., to reliable parties on best real estate security. No delay.

MONEY TO LOAN IN SUMS OF $10,000 OR more on improved Chicago real estate; building loans. HUTCHINSON & LUFF, 1 Borden Block.

MONEY TO LOAN ON IMPROVED CITY REAL estate at 5, 5½, and 6 per cent. J. H. DENMAN, 802 Tacoma Bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHOICE REAL ESTATE. D. S. PLACE & CO., 145 La Salle-st.

PETERSON & BAY, BANKERS, S. W. COR. LA Salle and Randolph-sts., loan money on Chicago real estate at lowest rates of interest. No delay.

ROSE, QUINLAN & CO., MORTGAGE BANKERS, 72 Dearborn-st., loan money on Chicago real estate at lowest rates; also building loans made.

WILLIAM A. BOND & CO., 115 DEARBORN-ST., make loans on improved real estate.

6 PER CENT—MONEY TO LOAN ON IMPROVED Chicago property; large amounts a specialty; building loans made. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

$500 TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE, BONDS, etc. E. L. STEWART, 1010 Ashland Block.

$20,000 TRUST FUNDS TO LOAN, FIVE years, 6 per cent; we have opportunity to make loan $10,000 to $25,000, 1 year, 10 per cent; security real estate four times amount; unquestioned names. LENHAM & LOEWENICK, 1204 Security Building, Madison and 5th-av.

FINANCIAL.

ABOUT MONEY—DO YOU NEED ANY?
We make loans of any size, large or small, on household goods, pianos, horses, wagons, and warehouse receipts at very low rates, for any length of time desired. Any part of the loan can be paid at any time, thus reducing the interest as fast as the loan is paid. If you need a loan please call on us. CHICAGO MORTGAGE LOAN CO., 86 La Salle-st. (main floor), First floor above the street.

A CHANCE TO SAVE TIME AND MONEY— THE WEST CHICAGO LOAN COMPANY, Room 201, 185 and 187 West Madison, N. W. Cor. of Halsted.
LENDS MONEY, at very LOW RATES, on HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, CARRIAGES, WAREHOUSE RECEIPTS, MERCHANDISE, ETC.

ANY PERSON WANTING MONEY ON DIAmonds, furniture, pianos, warehouse, etc., can obtain same in confidence from J. S. CARMAN, 128 Hartford Bldg., cor Dearborn and Madison.

AT LOWEST RATES—WE LOAN ON NOTES, mortgages, receipts, etc. SHIELDS & BRO., 95 Clark-st., Room 9.

FINANCIAL.

BAUMAN COLLATERAL LOAN BANK—LARGest and most reliable in Chicago. Liberal loans made on diamonds, watches, and jewelry. All collaterals left with us are kept in fire and burglar proof safes and vaults. We have any amount of money to loan at lowest rates of interest. Business strictly confidential. Give us a trial. H. BAUMAN & CO. New Collateral Loan Bank, 165 E. Madison-st., between La Salle-st. and Fifth-av.

FIDELITY MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,
94 WASHINGTON-ST., FIRST FLOOR, ROOMS BETWEEN CLARK AND DEARBORN.
351 63D-ST., CORNER YALE, ENGLEWOOD.
LOANS ON PIANOS, FURNITURE, HORSES, ETC

IF YOU NEED MONEY GO TO THE OLD ESTABlished and reliable house of S. HEYMAN & CO.; they loan money on diamonds, watches, jewelry, seal garments, and any available collaterals. 145 E. Madison-st. Private entrance, lobby Brevoort Hotel.

LIFE INSURANCE POLICIES PURCHASED. W. A. WILSON & CO., Cincinnati, O.

MONEY LOANED ON DIAMONDS, WATCHES, and JEWELRY; strictly private; unredeemed diamonds and watches sold at low prices. RICHTER & FOSTER, Stock Exchange Bldg., 167 Dearborn-st., Room 411.

MONEY LOANED ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, diamonds, furs, and other good securities. A. ST. CLARE, 86 Washington-st., Room 20.

MONEY LOANED ON DIAMONDS, HOUSEHOLD furniture, and all available collaterals. Room 30, 69 Dearborn.

PRIVATE, RESPONSIBLE PARTY WILL LOAN money on household goods, diamonds, warehouse receipts, or anything of value; if you do not wish to go to a broker or loan company call on me; I loan my own money; all business transacted promptly and strictly confidential. D. G. WHITE, Room 734, Unity Building, 79 Dearborn-st.

PRIVATE LOANS ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, horses, wagons, diamonds, watches, sealskins, etc.; business transacted privately; honest dealing. Call 130 Dearborn-st., Room 306 Inter-Ocean Building.

RESPONSIBLE PARTY WILL MAKE LOANS ON furniture and diamonds; lowest rates. 88 and 90 Washington-st., Room 54.

WILL EXCHANGE FAST SELLING MERCHANdise for good commercial paper. Address C 773, Tribune office.

WANTED—$3,000 FOR FIVE YEARS; BEST SEcurity; 7 per cent interest. C 928, Tribune.

WANTED—CITY AND SUBURBAN SPECIAL assessment warrants. Address C 972, Tribune.

$2,000 OR $6,000 TO LOAN; ANY GILT-EDGE security. Address C 978, Tribune office.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

"ALL-AROUND" ATTORNEY WITH MERCANtile experience, competent to "examine abstracts," investigate parties or values, draft complicated contracts, collect or secure "country claims," act as "credit man," correspondent and advertiser in law, mercantile, or corporation office, wants business connection. Address O W 8, Tribune office.

AGENT—TWENTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE CORN trade, good references as to character and ability, asks to represent for Antwerp firm exporting wheat and seed. Address MONTIGNY, Preud-homme, Antwerp.

A LADY OR GENTLEMAN TO BUY AN INTERest cheap and take charge of finances of an established collection agency; state experience and recommendations. Address C 946, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—CIGAR AND TOBACCO STORE; THE best location and retail business in Englewood; good reasons for selling; a bargain if taken at once. Address H. A. L., 6724 Sherman-st.

FOR SALE—ONE-HALF INTEREST IN GROCERY and market; Chicago's best suburb; sales over $100 per day; no fake. Address C 935 Tribune office.

FOR SALE—DESIRABLE JEWELRY STORE, good business location; excellent trade; on terms. E. T. DAVIS, 167 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—COMPLETE STEAM LAUNDRY IN running order; $6,000 plant for $1,500. Address C 988, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—BEST LOCATED BOARDING-HOUSE on North Side, paying $75 to $100 per week. Call 3 p. m., 280 E. Indiana-st.

FOR SALE—CIGAR STORE; BARGAIN; FINE location, N. Clark-st.; or will rent to good party. Inquire 26 N. Clark, Room 21.

FOR SALE—GREAT BARGAIN—GOOD PAYING well located rooming house; North Side; easy terms. Address C 986, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—JEWELRY STORE, WITH A GOOD line of repairs, for $300. 6204 Wentworth-av.

FOR SALE — FIRST-CLASS RESTAURANT, South Side; long lease. C 899, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—SALOON, CHEAP ON ACCOUNT OF partnership. 217 Blue Island-av.

GOOD-PAYING GROCERY; WILL TRADE FOR house, farm, or lots; have other business; must trade quickly. 4909 State-st.

LUNCH-ROOM DOING PROFITABLE BUSINESS for sale, whole or part interest. Address C 965, Tribune office.

MAN—A NO. 1 MAN TO BE THE HEAD OF house to be started in Chicago to represent Eastern manufacturer (largest in their line in the world); salary $5,000 per year and interest in profits; prefer man engaged in wholesale grocery business. Applications strictly confidential. Address P. O. Box 780, New York City.

MAN—RELIABLE MAN WITH READY CASH TO represent our firm at Midwinter Fair. Call 1104 Chamber of Commerce after 3 p. m.

THE OLDEST ESTABLISHED, MOST PROMInent, and complete household and fancy goods department store in Rochester, one of the finest in the country, for sale without charge for good will; is new and always has been very profitable; stock selected by experienced buyer, can be reduced to $50,000; reasons for selling; owners have manufacturing interests that require undivided attention. Address S. M. BENJAMIN & SONS, Rochester, N. Y.

WANTED—AGENCY FOR PHILADELPHIA AND vicinity, by a gentleman of large business experience, who can intelligently represent any business; would give security; references Baltimore references. Address "RAY," Box 1592, Philadelphia, Pa.

WHO'S GOT A FIRST-CLASS CENTRAL LOCAtion for a first-class saloon? Address M K 139, Tribune office.

WANTED—MAN WITH SMALL CAPITAL TO take charge $50,000 mfg. C 982, Tribune office.

$100 BUYS BEST BUSINESS IN CHICAGO, BIG profits. 502 Chicago Opera-House.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS.

AUCTION NOTICE—
REGULAR SALE DAYS, MONDAYS AND THURSDAYS, SPECIAL SALES ON OTHER DAYS OF THE WEEK.
GOODS AT PRIVATE SALE, WHOLESALE OR RETAIL AT AUCTION PRICES.
RESIDENCE SALES A SPECIALTY.
CASH ADVANCES MADE ON CONSIGNMENTS.
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.
MARTIN EMERICH & CO., Auctioneers,
261 and 263 State-st., Chicago.

FOR SALE—ANTIQUE SILVER TEA SERVICE, coat of arms on salver, tea pot standing on small tray with strainer, milk jug and sugar basin, with spoon to match; an heirloom in an old Dutch family; will be sold if a very good price is offered; photograph will be sent on application. Address MISS SWEETS, 3 Faure-st., Cape Town, Cape Colony, South Africa.

FOR SALE—NICELY FURNISHED 8-ROOM FLAT and lease, very cheap. 246 North State-st., first flat.

FOR SALE—IRON BEDS, SPRINGS, COTS, ETC. "Santa Maria," 674 E. 63d-st., nr. Cottage Grove

FOR SALE—CHEAP—FURNITURE OF AN 8-roomhouse. 4114 Ellis-av.

GREAT SACRIFICE—LAST DAYS. FURNITURE, all kinds, Westminster Hotel, 61st and Langley-av.

OLD GOLD AND SILVER BOUGHT FOR CASH; all kinds of broken, unused, or out-of-style jewelry, silverwares, etc.; highest prices paid. Victory Chemical Co., refiners, 103 State-st., Room 601

SPOT CASH PAID FOR FURNITURE OF World's Fair hotels and exhibits of all kinds and furniture of private residences. T. P., 21 Park-av.

WANTED—SMALL OR MEDIUM-SIZE HARD coal steel range with water-front; must be in good order and cheap. Address P.-O. Box 481.

WANTED—GOOD CARPET, 12X30; OAK SIDEboard, child's tricycle. Price. C 954, Tribune.

LEASEHOLDS TO SELL & WANTED.

FURNITURE AND LEASE OF 14 OR 28-ROOM house; grand opportunity for fashionable boarding-house. Call at 323 Michigan-av.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, A NICELY FURNISHED flat of 5 rooms and bath, West Side. Address C 956, Tribune office.

LEASE AND FURNITURE OF A $1,000 FLAT for $300. Flat 8, 3035 Prairie-av.

COWS, BIRDS, DOGS, ETC.

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FOR SALE—THOROUGHBRED PUG PUP male. 146 N. Ada-st., near Indiana.

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HIGHEST AWARD ON THE "NEW HOME" AT World's Fair—Be wise, get our prices before buying elsewhere; second-hand and department-store machines very cheap. Telephone 3857. NEW HOME S. M. CO., 248 State-st.

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A. S., 502 N. WELLS-ST., PAYS THE HIGHEST price for gentlemen's cast-off clothing; orders by mail promptly attended to.

FOR SALE—ROOM 517 INTER-OCEAN BLDG., lady's seal cloak, bust size 36; worth $150; will sell for $50.

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FOR SALE—NO. 2 REMINGTON TYPEWRITER; in fine condition. Address O W 3, Tribune office.

WANTED—ONE TYPEWRITER AND DESK; latest system. 269 Dearborn, Room 308.

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POSTLEWAIT—
High class undertaking; all divisions of the city and suburbs. Telephone West 209.

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FOR SALE—ALL KINDS OF SECOND-HAND machinery at a sacrifice. Apply at 1461 South State-st.

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PARTNERS WANTED.

PARTNER WANTED—WITH $800 IN AN OLD established detective and collection agency; $5,000 cleared last year. 128 Clark-st., Suite 8.

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460 ... L. W. SCHWAB.

FORTY-THIRD STREET—
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FORTY-SEVENTH STREET—
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FIFTY-THIRD STREET—
108 ... F. G. SECORD.

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Cor. Madison ... J. & W. E. HOLLAND.

FIFTY-SIXTH STREET—
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SIXTY-THIRD STREET—
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MILWAUKEE AVENUE—
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360 ... F. L. MULLER.
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Cor. Hermitage ... FRANK E. FISHER.
Cor. Oakley ... G. A. GOETSCH.

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IRVING PARK ... DR. W. PARKER.
GLEN ELLYN ... ERWIN PULSE.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—LARGE ORANGE AND WHITE ST. Bernard dog, weight about 170 pounds, with sore on front legs; name Hexter. Liberal reward given for his return to 5038 Washington-av.

LOST — STRAYED — OR STOLEN — BAY horse and cutter, with brass-mounted harness; A. E. S. on blinders; liberal reward for its return. A. E. SILVERTHORNE & CO., 22d and Throop-st.

LOST—ON MICHIGAN-AV., 23D TO 31ST-ST., lady's watch, souvenir coin, charm, red belt, silver buckle. Return 2334 Michigan-av. Reward.

LOST—IN STEVENS' STUDIO AT McVICKER'S Theater, two diamond rings and one wedding ring. Finder will be rewarded upon returning them to E. WYLDE, 275 Dearborn-st.

LOST—POCKETBOOK CONTAINING ONE PAIR earrings and five rings. Reward if returned to J. B. T., 210 La Salle-st.

LOST—PEARL AND GOLD SWORD PIN. Reward. 304 E. Superior-st.

$5 REWARD—LOST, AT 25TH-ST. AND Indiana-av., Sunday noon, a small diamond cuff button. Return to 2436 Michigan-av.

BUSINESS PERSONALS.

PERSONAL—TREATMENT FOR LADIES, BY LAdies—Scientific physical culture, obesity, and wrinkles on the face removed; nervousness specialty. Schiller Theater, Room 404. Hours 9-12 a. m.; 3-6 p. m.

PERSONAL—SMOKE IT. THE ANTI-NICOTINE pipe; no tobacco is wasted, burns freely to the bottom; no nicotine catcher; leaves no bad or rank taste; write for prices. Anti-Nicotine Pipe Co., Columbus, O.

PERSONAL—A. L. WILLARD, M. D., PHYSICIAN and surgeon, 235 State-st., makes a specialty of diseases of the feet, instant and painless relief from corns, bunions, and ingrowing nails; satisfaction guaranteed or no charge for service. Hours 9 to 5.

PERSONAL—SEND NAME AND ADDRESS TO Viavi Co., Suite 904 Masonic Temple, for a 40 page health book; office consultation free.

STORAGE.

CHICAGO STORAGE WAREHOUSE, 294 TO 300 Franklin-st.—Best storage for furniture and merchandise; private rooms; moving, packing, and shipping. Telephone Harrison 467. SNOW & SNOW, proprietors.

ORIENTAL STORAGE WAREHOUSE, 399 TO 405 W. Madison-st.—Driest, cleanest, and best ventilated; special facilities for storage of World's Fair exhibits; Tel. 4026. THE E. JENNINGS CO., Props.

STORAGE FOR FURNITURE AND PIANOS—Largest, oldest, and safest in the city. Moving and packing furniture a specialty. West Side—156, 158, and 160 W. Monroe-st. Tel. 4579 Main. South Side—350 and 352 Wabash-av. Tel. 1543 Main. GEORGE PARRY.

UNION PARK Fireproof Furniture Storage Warehouse—CLEANEST, CHEAPEST, BEST storage for furniture, merchandise, pianos, etc.; private rooms; money loaned; tel. W. 153, 503, and 505 Carroll-av. LUTHER BROS., Props.

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HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR BOOKS, LIbraries, cyclopedias, magazines; novels exchanged. WELLS B. SIZER, 189 State, Palmer House.

SEND FOR LITTLE BOOK, "HOW TO SPECUlate," telling all about it. Mailed free. Northwestern Grain and Stock Exchange, Rialto Bldg., Chicago.

PICTURES, STAMPS, COINS, ETC.

GOLD DOLLARS FOR THE HOLIDAYS AT THE popular price, $1.60 each. STEVENS & CO., coin dealers, 69 Dearborn-st.

OLD COINS, RARE STAMPS, ALBUMS, CATAlogues, used Columbian stamps wanted; circular free. FLETCHER & CO., 43 E. Van Buren-st.

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CHRONIC, NERVOUS, BLOOD, AND SKIN DIseases a specialty. Consultation free. Call or write. J. F. KENNERT, M. D., 133 S. Clark-st.

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A. GOODRICH, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, 124 DEARborn-st., Chicago. Advice free; 27 years' experience; business quietly transacted.

OPTICIANS.

SAVE YOUR EYESIGHT—CONSULT NEWCOMB & NEWCOMB, Reliable Opticians. Eyes examined free. Room 1302 Columbus Memorial Building, State and Washington-sts.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—VERY CHEAP—SOME RAILROAD tickets to San Francisco. Address C 833, Tribune office.

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C. NIGG, EXPERT ACCOUNTANT, ROOM 413 U. S. Exp. Bldg., 87 Washington-st.

CLAIRVOYANTS.

A FORTUNE TELLER, HAND READING, AND astrology—The young MME. Z. MOZART, just arrived from Europe, tells past, present, and future in four different ways; tells lady or gent in hand who the future husband or wife will be; also brings back husband and lover in so many days; gives tips on horse-racing; gives lucky numbers; cough medicine for coughs and colds, guaranteed cure; cures corns and bunions; ladies in trouble call at once; gives good luck charms free this week. Predicted name of last President. Parlors, 1837 Wabash-av., between 18th and 20th-sts. Office hours 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Open every day, including Sunday.

A NOTED CLAIRVOYANT, DR. J. JEFFERSON, can be consulted on all matters of life, love, courtship, marriage, law suit, divorces, absent friends, family trouble, old estates, treasures, minerals, sickness, death, everything; he is positively the best medium in the city; he prepares and thoroughly understands the Egyptian charm working. 105 W. Madison-st., first flat front.

ASTRO TELLS THE OBJECT OF YOUR VISIT and all you want to know of any matter, past, present, or future, or no fee; ladies, $1; gents, $2. 3602 State-st., Chicago.

EMMA L. WORT, YOUNG TRANCE-MEDIUM OF New York, is at 14 South Elizabeth-st.

MRS. STARR, CLAIRVOYANT, 3222 COTTAGE Grove-av.; satisfied patrons my best advertisement.

MRS. L. PET ANDERSON, SPIRIT MEDIUM. 32 Ogden-av., opposite Union Park.

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Ocean Navigation.

INTERNATIONAL NAVIGATION COMPANY'S LINES.

AMERICAN LINE.
NEW YORK TO SOUTHAMPTON.
Shortest and most convenient Route to London. Pier to Pier—No transfer by tender. No tidal delays. Close connection at Southampton for Havre and Paris by special fast twin-screw channel steamers.
Paris.....Dec. 20, 3:00 pm | New York..Jan. 3, 3:00 pm
Berlin....Dec. 27, 8:00 am | Paris.....Jan. 10, 7:30 am
AND
PHILADELPHIA TO QUEENSTOWN, LIVERPOOL, Every Wednesday.
Exceptionally good second-class and steerage accommodations.

RED STAR LINE
NEW YORK TO ANTWERP.
Short and direct route to the Continent.
Waesland..Dec. 20, 3:30 pm | Rhynland..Jan. 3, 3:00 pm
Friesland..Dec. 27, 8:30 am | Noordland.Jan. 10, 7:00 am
AND
PHILADELPHIA TO ANTWERP
Every alternate Wednesday.
INTERNATIONAL NAVIGATION COMPANY, 32 Clark-st., Chicago.

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD S. S. CO.
SHORT ROUTE TO LONDON.
FAST EXPRESS STEAMERS.
I. cabin, $70; II. cabin, $45 and $50.
To Southampton (London), BREMEN.
Havel, Tue., Dec. 19, 6 a m | Weimar, Tue., Jan. 9, 9 a m
Aller, Tue., Dec. 26, noon | Trave, Tues., Jan. 16, noon
Ems, Tues., Jan. 2, 3 p m | Elbe, Tues., Jan. 23, 9 a m
MEDITERRANEAN LINE.
New York to Gibraltar, Genoa, Naples.
Werra....Dec. 30 | Fulda....Jan. 27 | Fulda.....Mch. 3
Kaiser....Jan. 6 | Kaiser....Feb. 10 | Kaiser....Mch. 17
Spree.....Jan. 16 | Spree.....Feb. 17 | Werra.....Mch. 24
TO THE AZORES.
The fast express steamer "Spree" of the North German Lloyd S. S. Co., Tues., Jan. 16, and Sat., Feb. 17, from New York to Genoa, will stop at San Miguel, Azores, to land passengers for these islands.
H. CLAUSSENIUS & CO., General Western Agents, 80 Fifth-av., Chicago.

ALL RECORDS BROKEN.
5 DAYS, 12 HOURS, 7 MINUTES.
BY THE OLD RELIABLE CUNARD MAIL LINE. Established 1840.
"CAMPANIA." "LUCANIA."
The New Twin Screw Steamships, 620 feet long, 12,950 tons, 30,000 H. P., positively the largest, fastest, and most magnificent in the world.
"UMBRIA," "ETRURIA," "AURANIA," "SERVIA," and others, averaging over 510 ft. long, 7,500 tons, and 14,000 H. P. The whole comprising an incomparable fleet of fast Express passenger steamers, ONE OF WHICH WILL SAIL FROM NEW YORK AND LIVERPOOL EVERY SATURDAY.
The character, record, and general reputation of this line for safety, comfort, and speed (having never lost a passenger during the 52 years of its existence) needs no comment.
F. G. WHITING, Mgr. West. Dept., 131 Randolph.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN PACKET CO.
MEDITERRANEAN EXPRESS LINE
To Algiers, Naples, and Genoa.
Normannia....Dec. 12 | Normannia...Jan. 18, '94
Extra steamer Gellert Dec. 21.
To Alexandria, Egypt, Columbia, Jan. 4, '94.
GRAND ORIENT EXCURSION.
Fuerst Bismarck from New York Feb. 1, '94, to Gibraltar, Algiers, Genoa, Ajaccio, Alexandria (Cairo and Pyramids), Jaffa (Jerusalem), Smyrna, Constantinople, Athens, Malta, Messina, Palermo, Naples, Genoa, New York. Duration 65 days.
Send for illustrated pamphlet and travelers' guide. Hamburg-American Packet Co. Gen. Passage Offices: 37 Broadway, New York. 125 La Salle-st., Chicago.

COMPAGNIE GENERALE TRANSATLANTIQUE
FRENCH LINE TO HAVRE—PARIS.
EVERY SATURDAY.
Company's entire fleet composed of large, fast express steamers, which make the voyage regularly in one week; no crossing of Channel, no tedious delay at seaport. MAURICE M. KOZMINSKI, General Western Agent, 166 Randolph-st.

TO ITALY, EGYPT, GREECE, HOLY LAND, AND River Nile—Select escorted parties in December, Jan., Feb., March; also routes and rates for independent individual tickets; unequaled facilities; programs free.
H. GAZE & SONS, Tourist Agts., 204 S. Clark-st., Chicago.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES.

WESTERN.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL—ALL THROUGH TRAINS from Central Station, 12th st. and Park row. Trains for the south can also be taken from 22d-st., 39th-st., and Hyde Park Stations. Tickets at city office, 194 S. Clark-st., and at Auditorium Hotel.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Chicago & N. Orleans Limited	* 2:00 pm	* 4:35 pm
Chicago, Cairo and Memphis	* 2:00 pm	* 4:25 pm
St. Louis Diamond Special	* 9:00 pm	* 8:10 am
Springfield and Decatur	* 9:00 pm	* 8:10 am
New Orleans Fast Mail	* 3:00 am	*12:20 am
Cairo and St. Louis	† 8:40 am	* 4:35 pm
Chicago & New Orleans Exp	* 7:45 pm	* 7:20 am
Kankakee and local points	* 4:10 pm	*10:25 am
Kankakee, Champaign & Bloomington Pass	* 5:00 pm	* 9:50 am
Rockford, Dubuque, Sioux City & Sioux Falls Fast Line	* 5:00 pm	*10:00 am
Rockf'd, Dubuque, Sioux City	a11:35 pm	* 7:00 am
Rockford Passenger	* 3:30 pm	*10:30 am
Rockford, Freeport & Dubuque	† 1:55 pm	† 1:15 pm
Rockford & Freeport Express	† 8:30 am	....
Dubuque & Rockford Express	....	† 7:30 pm

aOn Saturday night runs to Dubuque only. *Daily †Daily except Sunday.

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE AND ST. PAUL R'Y. City ticket office, 207 Clark-st. Telephone No. 2190 Main. Union Passenger Station, Canal, Adams and Madison-sts.

	Depart.	Arrive.
La Crosse, Winona, St. Paul and Minneapolis	† 8:30 am * 6:30 pm *10:30 pm	* 7:00 am * 9:30 am † 9:40 pm
Council Bluffs, Omaha and Sioux City	* 6:25 pm ‡11:00 pm	¶ 7:15 am * 9:40 am
Dubuque	* 5:30 pm	¶ 8:00 am
do	‡11:00 pm	¶ 7:15 am
Cedar Rapids and Dubuque	† 2:10 pm	† 2:00 pm
Cedar Rapids and Kansas City	‡11:00 pm	¶ 7:15 am
Northern Iowa, Southern Minnesota, and Central Dakota	* 5:30 pm * 8:00 pm ‡11:00 pm	¶ 7:15 am ¶ 7:00 am ¶ 8:00 am
Green Bay, Northern Wisconsin and Mich. Peninsula	†11:30 am * 8:00 pm	* 7:00 am † 9:40 pm

Milwaukee, leave, *8:30 a. m., †11:30 a. m., †3:00 p. m., *6:30 p. m., *8:00 p. m., *10:30 p. m. Arrive, *7:00 a. m., *9:30 a. m., †11:30 a. m., †1:00 p. m., ‡3:15 p. m., *6:15 p. m., *9:40 p. m.
*Daily. †Daily except Sunday. ‡Daily except Saturday. ¶Daily except Monday.

ATCHISON TOPEKA AND SANTA FE R. R.—SANTA FE ROUTE.
Trains leave Dearborn Station, cor. Dearborn and Polk-sts. Ticket office 212 Clark, cor. Adams.

*Daily †Except Sunday	Leave.	Arrive.
Galesburg and Ft. Madison Ex.	† 8:30 am	† 5:50 pm
Streator, Pekin and Peoria Ex.	† 1:30 pm	† 1:30 pm
Colorado and Utah Express	* 5:00 pm	*11:00 am
Fort Worth and Galveston Ex.	* 5:00 pm	*11:00 am
Joliet and Streator Express	* 6:00 pm	*10:05 am
California Limited	* 8:30 pm	* 9:10 am
California Fast Express	* 8:30 pm	* 7:00 am
Kansas City Fast Mail	* 8:30 pm	* 9:10 am
Joliet Express	†11:32 pm	† 8:50 am
Kansas City Express	* 3:00 am	* 7:00 am

BURLINGTON ROUTE, C. B. AND Q. RAILroad.—Berths and tickets at No. 211 Clark street and Union Passenger Station, Canal and Adams-sts.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Galesburg and Streator	† 8:30 am	† 6:25 pm
Rockford and Forreston	† 8:30 am	† 2:15 pm
Local Points, Illinois and Iowa	*11:35 am	* 2:15 pm
Rochelle, Rockford, Mendota	† 4:30 pm	†10:35 am
Rock Falls and Sterling	† 4:30 pm	†10:35 am
Omaha, C. Bluffs & Neb. points	* 6:32 pm	* 6:45 am
Deadwood and the Black Hills	* 6:32 pm	* 8:20 am
Streator and Ottawa	† 4:30 pm	†10:35 am
Kansas City, St. Joseph & Atch	* 6:10 pm	* 9:35 am
All points in Texas	* 6:10 pm	* 9:35 am
St. Paul and Minneapolis	* 6:25 pm	* 9:00 am
St. Paul and Minneapolis	*11:20 pm	*10:30 pm
Kansas City, St. Joe, & Atchison	*10:30 pm	* 6:45 am
Omaha, Lincoln and Denver	*10:30 pm	* 8:20 am

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday.

ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS! DUBUQUE AND DES MOINES!
Chicago Great Western Ry. Co., Grand Central Station, Fifth-av. and Harrison-st. City office, corner Clark and Jackson-sts. (Phenix Bldg.)

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday	Leave	Arrive.
St. Paul and Minneapolis	7:25 am	11:20 pm
Sycamore and Byron Local	3:10 pm	10:20 am
St. Charles and Sycamore Local	5:35 pm	7:50 am
St. Paul and Minneapolis	6:00 pm	9:10 am

CHICAGO & ALTON.—UNION PASSENGER STAtion, Canal-st., between Madison and Adams-sts. Ticket office 195 South Clark-st.

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday	Leave.	Arrive.
Pacific Vestibuled Express	† 2:00 pm	1:15 pm
Kansas City & Denver Limited	* 6:00 pm	9:45 am
Kansas City, Colorado & Utah	*11:30 pm	8:00 am
St. Louis Limited	*11:00 am	4:55 pm
St. Louis Palace Express	* 8:45 pm	7:30 am
Springfield & St. Louis Day Ex	* 9:00 am	7:00 pm
Springfield & St. Louis Night Ex	*11:30 pm	7:30 am
Joliet and Dwight Accom	* 5:00 pm	† 8:45 am

BIG FOUR ROUTE—DEPOTS, CENTRAL STAtion, 12th-st. and Park row, and 22d and 39th-sts. Ticket offices at 234 Clark-st. and Auditorium Hotel.

All trains daily.	Leave.	Arrive.
Cincinnati and Louisville	8:30 am	5:45 pm
Lafayette and Indianapolis	8:30 am	5:45 pm
Dayton, Springfield & Columbus	8:30 am	5:45 pm
Cincinnati and Louisville	8:30 pm	7:30 am
Lafayette and Indianapolis	8:30 pm	7:30 am
Dayton, Springfield & Columbus	8:30 pm	7:30 am

CHICAGO & EASTERN ILLINOIS RAILROAD—Ticket offices, 230 Clark-st., Auditorium Annex and Passenger Station, Dearborn and Polk-sts.

*Daily. †Except Sunday.	Leave.	Arrive.
Terre Haute and Evansville	† 7:02 am	† 6:50 pm
Danville and Terre Haute Pass	†12:55 pm	† 9:40 pm
Chicago and Nashville Limited	* 4:20 pm	*10:15 am
Terre Haute and Evansville	*11:27 pm	* 6:55 am
Paris, Marshall and Cairo	† 7:02 am	† 9:40 pm

WESTERN. Continued.

CHICAGO AND NORTHWESTERN RAILWAY—Ticket offices, 206 and 208 Clark-st. Oakley-av. Station, and depot corner Wells and Kinzie-sts.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Co Bluffs, Omaha, Des Moines, Denver, Lincoln, Sioux City, Ogden, Salt Lake, San Francisco, Portland	†12:15 pm * 6:30 pm *10:30 pm *10:40 pm	† 2:15 pm * 8:15 am * 9:30 am * 7:00 am
Black Hills and Deadwood	* 6:30 pm	* 8:15 am
Duluth and the Superiors	* 6:30 pm	* 9:30 am
St. Paul, Minneapolis, Madison, La Crosse, Winona, and the Northwest	† 8:15 am * 6:30 pm *10:15 pm	¶ 8:00 am * 9:30 am * 9:35 pm
Iowa and the Dakotas	‡ 6:30 pm	¶ 8:15 am
Fond du Lac, Oshkosh, Neenah, Green Bay, Menominee	†11:30 am * 8:00 pm	* 6:15 pm * 7:35 am
Oshkosh, Appleton, F. Howard, Ashland, Hurley, Bessemer, Ironwood and Rhinelander	* 3:00 pm * 5:00 pm ‡11:00 pm	† 1:15 pm *10:05 am ¶ 7:35 am
Marquette and Lake Superior	* 8:00 pm	* 7:35 am

Milwaukee and Racine—Leave, †7:00 a. m., *8:30 a. m., †11:30 a. m., †2:00 p. m., *3:00 p. m., *5:00 p. m., *8:00 p. m., *11:00 p. m.; arrive, *7:35 a. m., ‡9:30 a. m., *10:05 a. m., *11:30 a. m., *1:15 p. m., †4:00 p. m., †6:15 p. m., ‡7:00 p. m., *9:45 p. m.
Madison—Lv., †7:00 a. m., *8:30 a. m., †3:00 p. m., *5:00 p. m.; ar., *10:05 a. m., †1:15 p. m., †6:15 p. m.
Rockford and Freeport—Lv. †7:00 a. m., †10:15 a. m., †4:15 p. m., †11:30 p. m. Ar.—†10:30 a. m., †2:15 p. m., †5:55 p. m., †11:15 p. m.
*Daily. †Ex. Sun. ¶Ex. Mon. ‡Ex. Sat. ‖Sun. only

CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND & PAC. RY.—PASSENger Station, Van Buren-st., one block south Board of Trade. City ticket office, 104 Clark-st.

Trains	Leave.	Arrive.
Bureau Accommodation	† 8:15 am	† 7:05 pm
Illinois, Iowa, and Peoria Ex	*10:35 am	* 3:35 pm
St. Jo, Atch., Lvwth & Kan. City	* 3:30 pm	*12:00 n'n
Minneapolis, St. P. & Sioux Falls	* 3:30 pm	*12:00 n'n
Joliet Accommodation	* 4:05 pm	* 9:45 am
Peru Accommodation	† 4:50 pm	† 9:50 am
Denver, Colo. Spgs. and Pueblo via Kansas City, Vestibuled	* 6:00 pm	*12:00 n'n
Fort Worth, Texas, Ex	* 6:00 pm	*10:00 am
Denver, Colo. Spgs. & Pueblo via Omaha & Linc. (Big Five)	*10:00 pm	* 9:00 am
Omaha and St. Paul Night Ex	‡10:15 pm	¶ 7:15 am
Peoria and Denver Night Ex	‡10:15 pm	¶ 7:15 am
Pullman Tourist Car, Daily, Chicago to Los Angeles and San Francisco, via Kansas City, Ft. Worth, and El Paso, Fast Express	* 6:00 pm	*10:00 am

*Daily. †Ex. Sunday. ‡Ex. Saturday. ¶Ex. Monday.

WISCONSIN CENTRAL CO.—*Da. †Ex. Sun. xEx. Sat. ‡Ex. Mon.

	Leave.	Arrive.
St. Paul, Minneapolis and Pacific Express	* 5:00 pm *10:40 pm	* 7:15 am *10:05 am
Ashland and Iron towns	* 5:00 pm x10:40 pm	*10:05 am ‡ 7:15 am
Duluth	* 5:00 pm	*10:05 am
Chip. Falls & Eau Claire Ex	†8:00 am	† 9:25 pm
Waukesha Ex	*4:00 pm	* 9:55 am

CHICAGO AND WEST MICHIGAN RY. STATION foot of Twelfth-st. (Mich. Central). City ticket office, 67 Clark-st. Commercial Agent, 193 Clark-st.

*Every day. †Week days.	Leave.	Arrive.
Grand Rapids and Petoskey	† 7:45 am	† 6:50 pm
Grand Rapids, parlor car	† 4:55 pm	† 1:45 pm
Grand Rapids and Petoskey	*11:30 pm	* 6:30 am

EASTERN.

THE PENNSYLVANIA LINES. CHICAGO UNION PASSENGER STATION, Adams, Canal, and Madison streets. TICKET OFFICES at Station, at 248 South Clark Street, corner Jackson, and at Auditorium Hotel.

THROUGH TRAINS RUN AS FOLLOWS: *Daily. †Daily except Sunday.

FROM CHICAGO TO	LEAVE.	ARRIVE.
Mansfield and Pittsburgh	† 7:30 am	* 7:55 am
Indianapolis and Louisville	* 8:45 am	* 5:30 pm
Dayton and Cincinnati	* 8:45 am	* 5:30 pm
The Keystone Express	*11:00 am	* 5:00 pm
Columbus and the East	*11:00 am	* 5:00 pm
Baltimore and Washington	*11:00 am	* 5:00 pm
Philadelphia and New York	*11:00 am	* 5:00 pm
The Pennsylvania Limited	* 4:00 pm	*11:00 am
Pittsburgh and Washington	* 4:00 pm	*11:00 am
Philadelphia and New York	* 4:00 pm	*11:00 am
The Pittsburgh Special	* 5:00 pm	* 7:55 am
Youngstown and New Castle	* 5:00 pm	* 7:55 am
Baltimore and Washington	* 5:00 pm	* 9:00 pm
Philadelphia and New York	* 5:00 pm	* 9:00 pm
Indianapolis and Louisville	* 8:20 pm	* 7:30 am
Dayton and Cincinnati	* 8:20 pm	* 7:30 am
Columbus and the East	* 8:20 pm	* 7:30 am
Youngstown and New Castle	*11:30 pm	* 9:00 pm
Pittsburgh and the East	*11:30 pm	* 9:00 pm

MICHIGAN CENTRAL, NEW YORK CENTRAL and Boston and Albany railroads—"The Niagara Falls Route." Trains leave new Central Station on Lake-Front, foot of Park row, 22d-st., 39th-st., and Hyde Park. City Ticket Office, 67 Clark st.

Nov. 19, 1893.	Leave. Chicago.	Arrive. Chicago.
Mail and Express	† 6:50 am	† 6:35 pm
Gr. Rapids Solid Train via New Buffalo and C. and W. M. Ry.	† 7:45 am	† 6:50 pm
New York & Boston Special	*10:30 am	* 2:10 pm
Fast Eastern Express	* 3:10 pm	* 9:00 pm
North Shore Limited	* 4:00 pm	* 5:30 pm
Grand Rapids Solid Train via Kalamazoo & G. R. & I. R. R.	† 4:15 pm	† 4:00 pm
Gr. Rapids Solid Train via New Buffalo and C. and W. M. Ry.	† 4:55 pm	† 1:45 pm
Kalamazoo Accommodation	† 5:20 pm	†11:10 am
Detroit Night Express	* 9:35 pm	* 7:05 am
Sag., Bay City & Detroit Line	* 9:35 pm	* 7:15 am
Gr. Rapids Solid Train via New Buffalo and C. and M. W. Ry.	*11:30 pm	* 6:30 am
Atlantic Express	*11:40 pm	* 7:15 am
Grand Rapids Line via Kalamazoo and G. R. and I. R. R.	*11:40 pm	* 7:05 am

*Daily. †Except Sunday.

WABASH RAILROAD—TRAINS LEAVE FROM Dearborn Station, corner Polk and Dearborn-sts. Ticket office, 201 Clark-st., 221 Michigan-av.

*Daily. †Ex. Sunday. ‡Ex. Mon.	Leave.	Arrive.
Chicago & St. Louis Lim	*10:02 am	* 5:30 pm
St. Louis, Peoria & Tex. Expr	* 8:10 am	* 6:40 pm
Kansas City & Texas Express	† 2:32 pm	† 1:00 pm
St. Louis & Peoria Vestibule Ex	* 9:00 pm	* 7:30 am
Forest Accommodation	* 4:35 pm	*10:10 am
Detroit, New York & Bos. Lim	* 3:00 pm	*11:00 pm
Detroit, New York & Boston Ex	*10:30 pm	* 7:15 am
Toronto & Montreal Express	* 3:00 pm	‡10:50 am
Toronto & Montreal Local Ex	*10:30 pm	* 7:15 am
Chicago & Detroit Local	† 8:32 am	† 6:15 pm

BALTIMORE AND OHIO—DEPOT GRAND CENtral Passenger Station. City office, 193 Clark.

No extra fares are charged on the B. and O. Limited trains.	Leave.	Arrive.
Local	† 6:05 am	† 6:40 pm
New York and Washington Vestibuled Express	*10:15 am	*10:00 pm
Pittsburg Limited	* 3:00 pm	* 7:40 am
Walkerton Accommodation	* 5:25 pm	† 9:45 am
Columbus and Wheeling Ex	* 6:25 pm	* 7:20 am
New York, Washington, Pittsburg, and Cleveland, Vestibuled Limited	* 7:30 pm	*11:55 am

*Daily. †Except Sunday.

THE LAKE SHORE ROUTE, NEW YORK CENtral & Hudson River, Boston & Albany Railways.—Depot, Van Buren-st., opposite Board of Trade Block. Ticket offices—66 Clark-st., depot, and 22d-st.

‡Daily. *Sunday excepted.	Leave.	Arrive.
Chicago and Buffalo Accom	* 7:10 am	* 7:00 am
New York Mail & Pittsburg Exp	* 8:00 am	* 9:20 am
Chicago and Boston Special	‡10:30 am	* 2:00 pm
Atlantic & Pittsburg Express	* 3:10 pm	‡ 9:00 pm
Lake Shore Limited	* 4:00 pm	* 5:30 pm
Accommodation	* 4:30 pm	*10:30 am
New York & Boston Express	‡ 7:45 pm	‡ 7:35 am
New York Express	‡11:30 pm	‡ 6:45 pm

ERIE LINES (CHICAGO AND ERIE RAILROAD)—Ticket offices 242 Clark-st., Grand Pacific Hotel and Dearborn Station, Polk-st., cor. Fourth-av.

*Daily. †Daily except Sundays.	Leave.	Arrive.
Marion Local	† 7:30 am	5:35 pm
New York and Boston	† 2:00 pm	7:55 pm
Jamestown and Buffalo	† 2:00 pm	7:55 pm
North Judson Accommodation	* 5:15 pm	9:40 am
New York and Boston	* 7:45 pm	7:25 am
Columbus and Norfolk, Va	* 7:45 pm	7:25 am

NICKEL PLATE—THE NEW YORK, CHICAGO and St. Louis R. R. Depot, 12th-st. viaduct, corner Clark-st.

Trains.	Leave.	Arrive.
Chi. & Cleveland Mail & Ex	† 7:35 am	8:10 pm
New York and Boston Express	* 1:30 pm	10:30 pm
New York and Boston Express	* 8:40 pm	8:15 am

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday.
For rates and sleeping car accommodations call on or address Henry Thorne, Ticket Agent, 199 Clark st., Chicago, Ill.

MONON ROUTE—LOUISVILLE, NEW ALBANY and Chicago railway—Depot, Dearborn Station. Ticket offices, 232 Clark-st. and Auditorium Hotel.

Trains.	Leave.	Arrive.
Indianapolis and Cincinnati	8:28 am	6:00 pm
Indianapolis and Cincinnati	8:32 pm	7:55 am
Lafayette and Louisville	8:28 am	6:00 pm
Lafayette and Louisville	8:32 pm	7:55 am
Lafayette Accommodation	3:23 pm	10:45 am

RETAIL IMPLEMENT DEALERS MEET.

They Seek Protection Against Manufacturers Who Trade Direct.

The second annual convention of the Illinois Retail Implement and Vehicle Dealers' Association opened at the Grand Pacific yesterday with an attendance of fifty members. The association is a defensive one and was called into existence by the practice of manufacturers of harvesting, mowing, and binding machinery selling goods direct to farmers at the same price as sold to retail dealers. In his opening address President J. M. Hummel of Sandwich reviewed the last year's work of the trade, which was an unprofitable and unsatisfactory one by reason of the financial panic. His recommendations included the appointment of a standing committee on relations with the harvesting and binding machine manufacturers; one on grievances; one on contracts and resolutions.

Secretary Henry Trivett of Champaign presented his annual report, insisting therein on a more complete organization of the retail trade in order to break up the manufacturers' system of sending agents into the country and competing against the regular trade.

Among the subjects discussed at the meeting was the refusal of the railroads to grant a reduced rate to the convention unless 250 tickets were guaranteed. This was denounced as illiberal treatment and the Committee on Resolutions directed to formulate the sentiment of the association on the same.

The Illinois Car Service Association was criticised for employing men unfamiliar with business methods, who were accused of hampering the shippers.

The work of the convention will be concluded today with the annual election of officers.

DECIDES FOR BATTLE.

COURT HOLDS THAT HE WAS ELECTED MAYOR OF AURORA.

In the Hotly Contested Case the Ruling of Judge Sherwood Is Against John C. Murphy, the Present Executive of the City—Appeal to the Supreme Court Apt to Be Taken—Tugs Pull the Stranded Steamer at Milwaukee Off the Bar—Northwest News.

AURORA, Ill., Dec. 12.—[Special.]—The Aurora mayoralty contest which has been pending in the County Court of Kane County since May has at last been decided, as far as this court is concerned, although it will probably be taken to the Supreme Court before the matter is finally settled. Judge Sherwood held that at the election last spring James Battle was elected over John C. Murphy by a plurality of twenty-six votes.

At the election in question Mr. Murphy was elected on the face of the returns by a plurality of four and was declared Mayor, which office he has filled with ability since. Soon after election Battle instituted the contest, claiming that errors were made in the count in the First, Third, and Fourth Wards, whereby ballots intended for him were counted for Murphy. Mr. Murphy claimed errors were made by the judges of the Second, Fifth, Sixth, and Seventh Wards against him, and that the ballots in the Third and Fourth Wards were not returned as required by law or safely preserved, and that they could easily have been tampered with, and that he believed they had been tampered with; that hence the validity of the ballots as evidence had been destroyed, and the returns of the judges must be taken as conclusive.

This last was the most serious objection to the recount. The contestant identified the individual ballots in the court-room, and impeached the original count in the Third and Fourth Wards by proving that the count was not made according to law, as the clerks assisting in counting, and each of the clerks and judges only counted a portion of the ballots, and the count was not verified. Mr. Murphy also objected to sixty or more ballots which had been voted for the Citizens' ticket, under which head Mr. Battle's name appeared. He claimed that as all the candidates under that title had been nominated by filing papers and represented no common political principle specified in those papers the arrangement under the title "Citizens' ticket" was illegal. He further claimed that as Battle as Alderman participated in the canvass of votes after the election he was stopped from contesting.

The court decided against these points, and held the ballots had not been tampered with. He severely criticised the careless method of counting votes practiced.

TUGS RESCUE A STRANDED STEAMER.

Flint and Pere Marquette No. 3 Towed Into Milwaukee—Marine Bank Affairs.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Dec. 12.—[Special.]—A change of wind enabled a wrecking expedition to reach the stranded steamer Flint and Pere Marquette No. 3 this morning. In the expedition were the tugs Welcome and Stark, the steamer Flint and Pere Marquette No. 4, and the steam barge Hilton. After part of the cargo from the stranded steamer had been lightered on to the Hilton, the tug Welcome succeeded in releasing the vessel. Both the rudder and wheel were broken, and both tugs were needed to bring the helpless steamer into the harbor. This afternoon the remainder of the cargo was unloaded. Tomorrow it will be placed in drydock for repairs. Although the steamer leaked but little, its bottom is thought to be considerably damaged, so that several thousand dollars of repairs will be necessary.

"Until we are assured of extensions by depositors representing $1,600,000 more than have yet been signed resumption will be out of the question," declared Receiver Beckey of the Marine Bank today. "There is one thing certain, we cannot get in the capital needed if depositors do not come to the front with signed agreements, and if any are figuring that they can hold off and still see the bank start up they will be disappointed." The gentlemen who have arranged to go into the bank, and they are some of the most reliable men of business and means in Milwaukee, have requested a showing of returns by next Friday, Dec. 15, with the understanding that if a sufficient amount in extension is shown by that time the work of putting in the capital, deciding upon who shall be actively interested, and arranging all details will begin at once, and the bank will reopen its doors for business by Jan. 15.

GRAVE ROBBERS DECLARED GUILTY.

Shaffer and His Assistants Convicted at Des Moines—Newspaper in Straits.

DES MOINES, Ia., Dec. 12.—[Special.]—The Shaffer body snatching case came to a sudden ending in the District Court this morning. Only one witness was put on the stand for the State, after which the County Attorney announced the State rested. Ex-Judge Bishop, attorney for the defendant, followed this statement by announcing that no defense would be made. Judge, jury, and spectators seemed surprised. The jury was sent out with instructions that were against the defendant and returned almost immediately with a verdict of "guilty." The theory of the defense seems to have been that it would be better to risk a reversal in the Supreme Court on the ground that the trial Judge erred in refusing change of venue after it had been shown much prejudice existed against Shaffer and his colleagues in this county. The case against J. E. Sloan, same charge, was then called and he pleaded guilty. A jury soon found J. W. Martin, a student in the medical college who assisted in the grave robbery, guilty. His only defense was that the leader of the gang made him believe it was all right. The grave robbery was committed nearly a year ago. The men who were convicted today, led by Dr. J. W. Overton, a member of the Drake Medical School of this city, went to Woodlawn Cemetery late at night, dug open the grave of an old soldier, put a rope around the neck of the corpse, and commenced dragging it to a hack standing near by. Dr. Overton forfeited his bail of $500 and has not been heard from since. Shaffer has been connected with the United States Weather Bureau here. The men will be sentenced Saturday.

The Des Moines *Leader* today filed a chattel mortgage for $6,000 on property, good will, news franchises, and everything connected with the paper to T. J. Caldwell of Adel for himself and as trustee for D. M. Leech. Henry Stivers, proprietor and editor, has been embarrassed by prevailing hard times, but says the paper will pull through all right.

Secretary F. R. Conaway of the Iowa Republican League was present at a meeting here tonight to make preparations for an elaborate inauguration of Gov.-elect Jackson in January. Arrangements have already been made for running excursion trains on a number of roads.

STOCKHOLDERS MAY DEMAND CASH.

Member of Building and Loan Association in Illinois May Withdraw on Notice.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Dec. 12.—[Special.]—The Attorney-General today rendered an opinion holding that a member of a building and loan association may withdraw the amount which he has paid upon stock upon giving the association thirty days' notice, and that a by-law requiring a longer notice is illegal. It is further held that where a stockholder offers to sell his stock to the Secretary [of the association at a discount upon the withdrawal value and the Secretary accepts the offer and buys the stock with his own money on his own account there is nothing improper in the transaction provided the Secretary acts in good faith. It is suggested, however, that such transactions by the Secretary are looked upon with suspicion and ought to be prohibited by the by-laws of the association.

The Adjutant-General today accepted the resignation of Charles E. Dole as Captain of Company E, Fourth Infantry. Elections are ordered as follows:

Company H, Second Infantry, for Second Lieutenant, Tuesday, Dec. 19; Company G, Fourth Infantry, for Second Lieutenant, Friday, Dec. 22; Company E, Fourth Infantry, for Captain, Tuesday, Dec. 26.

A Board of Survey, consisting of Col. Henry Davis Jr., Maj. J. C. Cabanis, and Capt. W. S. Campbell, is directed to inquire into and fix the responsibility for the loss of certain ordnance and Quartermaster's stores for which Capt. F. D. Whipp, Fifth Infantry, is accountable.

Honorably discharged: Judson Miller, William C. Young, F. S. Wade, John B. Doak, William C. Doak, Arthur L. Abraham, Jacob Zimmerman, and William Gruenwalt, Company G, Fourth Infantry.

The Illinois Beekeepers' Association began a two days' meeting here today. This is the annual meeting, and about a score of beekeepers are in attendance.

The thirty-eighth annual meeting of the Illinois State Horticultural Society opened in the Senate chamber this morning with seventy members present. It is expected that the attendance will be increased to 100 tomorrow. The following program was carried out:

Address of welcome, Col. Charles F. Mills, Springfield; response, ex-President T. E. Goodrich, Cobden; address of President Henry Augustine, Normal; address, "Pears, Varieties and How to Grow Them," T. E. Goodrich, Cobden; address, "Orchards Above Forty Degrees Latitude," A. F. Collman, President Iowa State Horticultural Society; address, "The Farmer's Kitchen Garden," H. L. Doan, Jacksonville; address, "Bees and Their Relation to Horticulture," Charles P. Dadant, Hamilton.

Treasurer Arthur Bryant of Princeton reported the amount spent for field work during the year to be $1,021; printing, $1,275; expenses of Secretary's office, $650; general expenses, $600; balance on hand, $2,500.

SUGAR PRODUCTION IN NEBRASKA.

Report of Internal Revenue Collector North—News of Omaha.

OMAHA, Neb., Dec. 12.—[Special.]—Collector North has finished his report of sugar production in Nebraska. The Grand Island factory has closed, having made 1,835,900 pounds of sugar, and having in the warehouse 140,000 gallons of third sirup and 175,000 gallons of fourth sirup which will make 575,000 pounds of sugar. The Norfolk factory is still running, and to date has made 3,860,000 pounds of sugar.

Collector North, in compliance with orders from Joseph F. Miller, Commissioner of Internal Revenue, to reduce his force of gaugers, today notified one gauger at the Columbia and one at the Willow Springs Distillery in this city, and one at Nebraska City Distillery of their dismissal.

City Attorney Connell went before the Federal Court today and moved to modify the injunction which the Burlington road got last week, and that which the Union Pacific got last year restraining the city from putting their property on the assessment books. Judge Dundy modified the injunctions to the extent of allowing as asked that the City Clerk put on the tax rolls and tax list all the property of the railroad companies in the city, so the Council can proceed with the equalization of the taxes.

OUTRAGEOUS FRAUD PRACTICED.

Strange Revelations in an Investigation of a Trust Company.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Dec. 12.—[Special.]—As the investigation into the affairs of the defunct Western Trust and Savings Association proceeds it is evident the failure was due to an outrageous swindle. It was testified that among other papers a debit slip containing the only evidence of an indebtedness of John Reid of $10,000 to the bank was destroyed on the day of the suspension. Reid also testified that he took out of the bank papers representing real estate which, when the bank was organized, had been turned in as $27,000 of the capital stock of $50,000, and had substituted property in Kansas City, Kas., scarcely worth the incumbrance. The deeds to the bank of the Kansas City, Kas., property were put on record after the bank had closed its doors. Today was occupied with John Reid, President of the bank. He said he came to Kansas City from Kansas with $100,000 in money and securities, and then he gave a history of his career here, making explanation of the affairs of the bank, being unable to satisfactorily tell what the paid-up capital consisted of. It came out that the Board of Directors never held a meeting. Reid ran the bank and conducted all of its transactions. He made the loans and bought property in when foreclosed, and the title to all property of the bank was taken in his name. When the court adjourned Judge Gibson issued an order forbidding Reid to dispose of any of his property or of any of the property which appears in his name until further orders from the court.

CAPTURES A MICHIGAN FACTORY.

Mob Headed by a Former Manager Dispossesses a Receiver at Dowagiac.

DOWAGIAC, Mich., Dec. 12—A mob of 200 men, led by Eugene Lyle, surrounded the foundry and general offices of the Dowagiac Manufacturing company at 12:30 o'clock this morning, broke open the doors and windows, and forcibly took possession of the plant, which was held by H. M. Hinsdill, agent for the Michigan Trust company of Grand Rapids. Six weeks ago Henry Kimmerle, one of the largest stockholders, asked for a receiver, accusing the managers of paying Eugene Lyle $10,000 per year as general manager and paying several thousand dollars annually for bogus patents. The Michigan Trust company of Grand Rapids was appointed as receiver, but Lyle refused to give possession. Yesterday Receiver Hinsdill, with fifteen men, forcibly took possession, and after an examination of the books, said the foundry would open Jan. 1. Lyle objected strenuously to the receiver's actions, and during the evening mustered 200 paid men, who raided the place and succeeded in driving out the newly-appointed receiver. The books and private papers were moved by Lyle to the City Bank of Dowagiac this morning, where he will have his general offices until something new develops. The foundry is valued at nearly $1,000,000. The company manufactured grain drills and employed 300 men. It has been closed for over six months, but if the property remains in the possession of the trust company the factory will open Jan. 1.

THRASHING MACHINE MEN COMBINE.

Meet at Minneapolis to Effect an Organization—Scheig and Floyd Brought Back.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Dec. 12.—[Special.]—The thrashing machinery owners of the Northwest met this afternoon at the office of the Minneapolis Thrashing Machine company. Their object is to further perfect an association by which they can control prices of work done by thrashing machines and men in the Northwest.

The County Treasury has made the following statement for November: Current tax collected, $29,135; total city disbursements are $19,912; State schools, $3,160; county revenue, $1,754; penalties, $2,482; and country towns, $1,826.

It is stated that the Citizens' Bank, which, owing to the panic, was forced out of business, was loaded with the paper of G. B. Shepherd, the Vice-President. Mr. Shepherd, however, states that negotiations are under way which will result in the payment in full of all claims against the bank.

Phil Scheig, a defaulting teller of the Bank of Minneapolis, and Frank Floyd arrived here today with detectives. Scheig admits his guilt, but blames the Floyd boys for his downfall.

The subcommittee of the Pine Land Investigation committee proper met today and took further testimony. The examination of witnesses was necessarily secret, and the names of the witnesses are withheld, as nothing is to be given out until the meeting of the full committee later in the month.

TRAIN ROBBER HELPED BY A FLAW.

Faulty Indictment Reduces Gleitze's Sentence Eighteen Years.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Dec. 12.—[Special.]—Henry Gleitze, the would-be train robber, has escaped a long term of imprisonment in the penitentiary by a curious circumstance. Last September Gleitze, accompanied by Hugo Engle and Fred Kohler, made an attempt to hold up a Kansas City, St. Joe and Council Bluffs train. The railroad company fixed up a dummy the night the robbery was to occur and loaded it with police and a Sheriff's posse. When the bandits halted the train a battle ensued in which Engle and Kohler were shot dead and Gleitze escaped. He was subsequently captured. The indictment returned against Gleitze simply charged him with boarding the train and attempting to take the express messenger's watch. The case was called today, and after two witnesses had been examined the express messenger was placed on the stand. A few questions developed the fact that he had not carried a watch the night of the attempted hold up, and that Gleitze made no attempt to board the train, contenting himself with standing on the ground and shooting into the car. At this point of the proceedings the prisoner's attorneys made a hurried inspection of the indictment, detected the flaw in it, and were about to move to have it quashed when the prosecuting attorney suggested a compromise. The attorneys eagerly agreed. The prisoner was permitted to plead guilty to common robbery, and was sentenced to two years in the penitentiary. By the flaw in the indictment he escaped a sentence of twenty years.

CORONER TELLS OF THE INQUESTS.

Damaging Evidence Offered at Indianapolis in the Anna Wagner Case.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Dec. 12.—[Special.]—Several damaging facts which had much apparent effect on the jury were brought out by the State today in the trial of Anna Wagner, charged with poisoning the Koesters. Chief of Detectives Splan told of the arrest of Miss Wagner. Coroner Beck's was the most convincing of any testimony yet produced by the State. He said:

I had visited the Koesters' house on the death of the little girl. The attending physician said he suspected poison, and the return at the inquest was poison from cheese. Her father objected to a post-mortem at the time. I was called again after the mother died and at once began a thorough investigation. I asked Miss Wagner if any poison was in the house, and she brought me this package of insect powder. I said, "Where is the rat poison?" and she replied, "We got no poison; we got no rats." I asked her for the box she had purchased from the druggist, and she denied getting any. I then asked her for her blue dress and she said: "Me got no blue dress." I took her to the druggist, who attempted to refresh her memory as to the purchase, but she again denied it. Then with Detective Splan we returned to the house and found both poison and dress. On seeing the poison she seemed agitated, but rather promptly said her sister had given it to her before Christmas. She was then placed under arrest.

WARNED BY THE WHITECAPS.

Hoosier Vigilants Threaten a Farmer Living Near Valparaiso.

VALPARAISO, Ind., Dec. 12.—[Special.]—John Ellis, a farmer, who, with his wife and six children, lives eight miles east of this city, drove into town last night and appealed to Sheriff Stoddard for protection from the Whitecaps. A few days ago parties called at his house and notified his wife that if her husband sold a pair of mules he owned they would hang him. Last night he received a letter which was postmarked Westville and dated from "The Whitecap Company Organization," which read as follows:

Mr. John B. Ellis: We hereby warn you to go to work and labor as a man forthwith, take better care of your teams and family, or we will hang you to a beam in the old sawmill; we will give you forty-eight hours and at the end of that time you will have to swing by the neck according to our by-laws. Whitecaps' notice to John B. Ellis of Porter County, Ind.

Ellis thinks he knows the parties and returned home today after purchasing a lot of firearms. He promises to shoot them in case they attempt to carry out their threats.

Michigan Grange Denounces Morton.

LANSING, Mich., Dec. 12.—[Special.]—The twenty-first annual meeting of the State Grange commenced here today with a full attendance of delegates. There are now 236 subordinate granges in the State, the same number as last year, and the membership has remained the same as then, about 11,000. In his annual address Worthy Master Horton urged coöperation within the order in the line of loan and investment associations and life and fire insurance. He urged that special crops should be adopted for special wants. Secretary of Agriculture Morton was denounced for his famous speech reflecting on the farmers, and all farmers' organizations were advised to condemn his utterances in no uncertain terms.

McClelland Investigation Fruitless.

CENTRALIA, Ill., Dec. 12.—[Special.]—The Coroner's investigation in the McClelland mystery has been fruitless and the jury has been discharged. That the remains have been proven to be those of Alexander McClelland and his son Oscar there is but little doubt. That they are the remains of two men who were murdered there can be no doubt, but as to who did the deed there is not evidence enough to warrant a verdict. The Coroner started out to fasten the crime on some member of the family and he has not made a move but that would indicate that idea. Whether the Coroner will try to get another jury or leave the matter to the grand jury is not known.

Offers Apology to the Professor.

ANN ARBOR, Mich., Dec. 12.—[Special.]—After Prof. Mechem had delivered a lecture to the senior law students yesterday and was quizzing a member of the class a few students in the rear of the room, in a spirit of fun, commenced stamping. The class, considering an insult had been offered the professor, immediately held a meeting and appointed a committee to offer an apology. This was done, and Prof. Mechem, after giving the class a little talk, continued his work. There was no disturbance, and the whole affair was the action of a few fun-loving students, who carried it further than was intended.

Old Feud Leads to Fatal Shots.

CROOKSVILLE, O., Dec. 12.—An old feud which has existed between U. Greggs and E. McClelland was settled in a fatal manner last night. They had sworn to kill each other on sight and when they met both pulled revolvers. McClelland fired first, slightly wounding Greggs, who returned the fire, fatally shooting McClelland in the left breast. During the shooting, in which ten or twelve shots were fired, Condy Koon, a bystander, received a serious wound.

Kansas Prohibitionist Assaulted.

WICHITA, Kas., Dec. 12.—The Rev. J. D. Woods of Goddard, President of the Law and Order League, who, according to the ideas of the citizens here, is showing himself obnoxiously officious in attempting to close Wichita's saloons, was severely beaten as he left the depot at Goddard last night on his return home. His assailant jumped into a buggy and drove off.

Injured by a Gas Explosion.

MARION, Ind., Dec. 12.—[Special.]—An explosion of natural gas at Gas City, six miles from here, occurred this evening. Charles Maliphant, Superintendent of the Morewood tinplate works, was severely burned; three other men were injured. The house sheltering the regulator where the explosion occurred was demolished.

Northwest Notes.

John Hitchcock committed suicide at Decatur, Mich., by shooting himself.

The Chesterfield, Ill., coal mines were sold to the Bremen company for $15,000.

Louis Boland was run over and killed at Peru, Ind., by a Wabash passenger train.

Lillian W. Burris, a 16-year-old school girl, has disappeared from her home in Ottumwa, Ia.

The supposed gold find at Gladwin, Mich., proved to be white sand with a mixture of oxide of iron.

The child of Daniel Boxwell of Huntington fell into a tub of boiling water and was scalded to death.

The fourth annual meeting of the Iowa Library Society will be held at Des Moines Dec. 27 and 28.

The Seymour Coal and Mining company has been reorganized with a capital of $10,000 to sink a shaft at Colfax, Ill.

A joint meeting of the Beloit and Madison district conventions of the Congregational pastors is being held at Madison, Wis.

The National Cutlery company has been organized at Rockford, Ill., with a capital of $75,000. Chicago men are interested in it.

Dr. J. C. Davies of Columbus, Wis., appointed Commercial Agent of the United States at Swansea, Great Britain, was married to Miss Anna E. Griffith.

The store of C. L. Joys & Co., dry goods and millinery, Manistee, Mich., has been closed by the Sheriff on an attachment for $11,500. Liabilities, $15,000.

WILL PROTEST AGAINST REDUCTION.

Federation of Railway Labor to Meet Northern Pacific Officials.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Dec. 12.—Grand Master Sargent of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen left this morning for St. Paul, where a committee of the six brotherhoods in the Federation of Railway Labor will meet with the officials of the Northern Pacific road to urge that the proposed 10 per cent reduction in wages be not insisted upon. If the officials will not yield the question of accepting the reduction will be submitted to the men. Two-thirds of each brotherhood must vote in favor of a strike before one can go into effect, and this is not probable. There is also pending a 10 per cent reduction on the Chicago and Great Western. It is not believed at the firemen's headquarters here that the Lehigh managers would undertake to reduce the wages of the men who were out on the strike. To do so and not disturb wages of other men would be a plain violation of the agreement by which the strikers were to be taken back without prejudice.

Are free from all crude and irritating matter. Concentrated medicine only; very small; easy to take; no pain; no griping. Carter's Little Liver Pills.

TO STOP A RATE WAR.

GENERAL MANAGERS OF EASTERN LINES TO MEET TODAY.

Their Purpose Is to Adjust the Demoralized East-Bound Freight Rates Caused by the War Between the Vanderbilt and Pennsylvania Lines—Failure May Mean Still Lower Rates—Western Roads Asked to Help Boom Colorado—The Illinois Central World's Fair Receipts.

One of the most important meetings held for some time past will convene at the rooms of the Central Traffic Association in the Monadnock Building today. The General Managers of the Eastern roads will consider the existing demoralization in east-bound freight rates. Not for several years past have east-bound freight rates been so demoralized as they are at present, and if today's meeting fails to find a way out of the labyrinth of trouble rates will go considerably lower than they now are. The trouble was precipitated by the desperate competition between the Vanderbilt and the Pennsylvania lines. In the fight between these two giants the weaker lines had no show and they are now in such a desperate frame of mind that if the meeting today fails to pacify them they will not only open up a desperate war on freight rates, but will also knock down passenger rates. By reducing passenger rates, they say, they will inflict a serious blow on the strong Vanderbilt and Pennsylvania lines, which do the bulk of the passenger business, and bring a strong pressure to bear upon them to give the weak lines a fair show as regards freight business.

Want to Boom Colorado.

Representatives of the trans-Missouri lines will meet in Denver Dec. 18 to consider propositions submitted by the merchants of Colorado for booming that State. They are trying to secure an agricultural population to develop its resources in that direction. It is proposed to spend $250,000 in advertising the State and it is desired that the railroads should lend their aid by making reduced rates for homeseekers who desire to locate there. Other matters that will probably be considered by the meeting are in regard to rate troubles and the notice of withdrawal from the local passenger associations by the Rio Grande Western. The Chairman has ruled that this notice is irregular on the ground that under the general agreement no option is left members regarding membership in local associations and that membership in the Western Passenger Association carries with it membership in the local associations. It is understood that the Rio Grande Western's anxiety to withdraw is because the Union Pacific is not a party to the agreement and therefore desires to be in a position to meet the competition of that road untrammeled by association obligations.

Illinois Benefited by the Fair.

The Illinois Central railroad company has filed with the Governor of the State of Illinois the statement of gross receipts for the six months ending Oct. 31, 1893, amounting to $6,431,090. This revenue is derived from traffic over the original lines of the Illinois Central railroad within the State of Illinois. The 7 per cent payable to the State is $450,176. The amount paid for the previous six months is $302,890, making a total for the year 1893 of $753,067. This is the largest annual payment ever yet made by the Illinois Central railroad company; it is more than double the amount paid in the year 1863, when it was $300,394. This statement shows clearly that the State of Illinois has profited directly and largely by the increase of the 7 per cent paid it by the Illinois Central railroad, owing to the Fair having been held in Chicago.

Railway Notes.

The officials of all lines centering at Sioux City, Ia., met there yesterday and formed a demurrage association.

The roads in the Western Passenger Association yesterday refused to join with the Mobile and Ohio in making reduced rates for land seekers' excursions to points in the South and Southeast. They also refused to place any further limitations than those provided for in the agreement of a year ago.

The Chairmen of the various local committees of the Central Traffic Association had a conference at Commissioner's Blanchard's office in the Monadnock Building yesterday regarding the proposed abrogation of certain commodity rates in different parts of the association's territory. It was decided to recommend to the Freight committee the abrogation of some of the commodity rates, while others, it was found out, could not be abrogated at the present time. Action will be taken by the Freight committee at its meeting in January.

The report that agreement has been reached whereby the Big Four road secures control of the Chicago and Eastern Illinois road appears to be premature. A prominent official of the Eastern Illinois said yesterday that while it is true that negotiations between the two roads have been in progress for some time past yet no conclusion has yet been reached. It is not the intention to amalgamate the two roads, but simply lease the Eastern Illinois to the Big Four and have the latter company operate it.

A joint notice was issued yesterday by the Alton, the Burlington, the Wabash, and the Missouri Pacific that short line rates from Des Moines to St. Louis via Kansas City will no longer apply over their lines. The reason given is that the application of these short line rates by this route cuts local rates between Kansas City and St. Louis. They were used during the World's Fair period on account of the manipulation of reduced rates by the brokers. Roads now using them other than roads named are quite willing to discontinue their sale, so that yesterday's joint notice is not likely to give rise to any bad feeling or demoralization.

WALKER SALE TO MASON APPROVED.

Judge McConnell Enters the Order and the Purchase Price Is Paid.

Judge McConnell entered an order yesterday approving the sale of the J. H. Walker estate to William A. Mason, who, in compliance with the terms of the sale last week, paid over the purchase price. All the attorneys were present. Those representing J. H. Walker objected to the sale. It was charged that James E. Holden had prepared the inventory in an irregular manner. The court announced he would summon Mr. Holden before him Thursday to answer the charges.

Attorney Robbins, for the receiver, informed the court Mr. Mason had transferred his purchase to the Equitable Trust company. In this way the trust company had secured claims against the J. H. Walker company amounting to $1,011,928, which had been purchased from creditors by W. A. Mason. It was said the receiver had $125,000 cash on hand, representing the balance left after deducting the cost of running the stores since Nov. 23, which amount belonged to W. A. Mason. Besides this the court was informed Mr. Mason had paid over to the receiver $91,500 in cash as the 10 per cent deposit on his bid for the property. The Equitable Trust company was prepared to deliver to the receiver its receipt for $657,753, representing a dividend of 65 per cent on the claims it had secured by assignment from Mr. Mason. In addition it was ready to give the receiver a certified check for $40,746.

Attorneys Burry and Aldrich, representing J. H. Walker and Eastern creditors, opposed the terms of the transfer. Attorney Burry said the purchasers were trying to get every kind of concession from the court. His clients were looking for 100 cents on the dollar. Mr. Aldrich made charges against James E. Holden, that the latter had prepared an inventory of the stock in detail for the benefit of Mr. Mason and another for other bidders which was indefinite.

"I ask that Mr. Holden be cited into court to make an explanation," he said.

John S. Miller, representing Mason, attached no importance to the charges, but finally, after considerable talk by the lawyers, Judge McConnell said he would direct Mr. Holden to come into court tomorrow and hear what he had to say.

The order transferring the property originally proposed was made. It approved the deed of sale and deed of the Chicago Title and Trust company conveying the James H. Walker property to the Equitable Trust company upon the receiver retaining the check for $40,746, the receipt of the trust company for $657,753 as dividends, together with the $91,500 deposit and the $125,000 in cash as full payment of the $915,000 purchase money. There was a provision, however, that the receiver should get a reassignment by the Equitable Trust company of accounts amounting to $150,000 as security that $657,753 is not in excess of the sum which the trust company would be entitled to as dividends, this amount to be held subject to the order of court.

The Modern Mother

Has found that her little ones are improved more by the pleasant laxative, Syrup of Figs, when in need of the laxative effect of a gentle remedy than by any other, and that it is more acceptable to them. Children enjoy it and it benefits them. The true remedy, Syrup of Figs, is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only.

WALK FROM FIGH[T]

TESTIMONY IN THE ROBY PR[IZE] FIGHTING CASE.

Deputy Sheriff Gives Evidence That Participants Walked and Rode Al[ter]nately for Five Miles in the Sand A[fter] the Contest—The Prosecution R[ests] and the Defense Begins—O'Malley [Tes]tifies That He Announced a "Scien[tific] Contest" and Not a "Prize Fight."

CROWN POINT, Ind., Dec. 12.—[Special.]— Ben F. Hayes was recalled to the wit[ness] stand immediately after court opened [at 9] o'clock this morning and was put throu[gh a] rigid cross-examination. There were s[ome] admissions in his testimony favorable to [the] defense, especially that portion where he t[esti]fied to having assisted Sheriff Friedric[h in] bringing the contestants, Costello and W[oods], and Referee Siler, to this place under a[rrest] on the morning after the fight in the a[rena] June 12 last. He admitted that after [the] fight Woods and Costello were able to [walk] and ride alternately from Roby to Hamm[ond,] a distance of five miles, through the sand.

CLOSE FINISHES AT EAST ST. LOU[IS]

...OP A RATE WAR.

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[illegible]

The Modern Mother

[illegible]

WALK FROM FIGHT.

TESTIMONY IN THE ROBY PRIZE FIGHTING CASE.

Deputy Sheriff Gives Evidence That the Participants Walked and Rode Alternately for Five Miles in the Sand After the Contest—The Prosecution Rests and the Defense Begins—O'Malley Testifies That He Announced a "Scientific Contest" and Not a "Prize Fight."

CROWN POINT, Ind., Dec. 12.—[Special.]—Ben F. Hayes was recalled to the witness stand immediately after court opened at 9 o'clock this morning and was put through a rigid cross-examination. There were some admissions in his testimony favorable to the defense, especially that portion where he testified to having assisted Sheriff Friedrich in bringing the contestants, Costello and Woods and Referee Siler, to this place under arrest on the morning after the fight in the arena June 12 last. He admitted that after the fight Woods and Costello were able to walk and ride alternately from Roby to Hammond, a distance of five miles, through the sand.

John Huber, a Hammond undertaker, took the stand. The prosecution tallied a point in getting this witness to acknowledge that he paid $5 for a ticket of admission to the contest of June 12. He was followed by Morris Champaign, a Hammond saloonkeeper. Mr. Champaign's answers were "Don't know," but on cross-examination he testified that O'Malley announced at the beginning of the contest in question that no prize-fight was to take place, but simply a contest of skill. The prosecution then attempted to get the witness to say that he was a member of the new Roby Athletic club. But this was objected to, and the court sustained the objection.

Sheriff Friedrich was called as a witness at 11:45 and was still on the witness stand when court adjourned at noon. He was again called to the witness stand upon the convening of court at 1:30, but gave little additional testimony and was followed by D. Maxwell, another one of the Deputy Sheriffs who acted at that time. At 2:15 the State rested its case.

M. O'Leary, a Chicago saloonkeeper, was the first witness called for the defense and was followed by Mr. Nathanson, sporting editor of the Chicago *Herald*. The defense here asked Mr. Nathanson to define the difference between a contest of skill and a prize fight and a wrangle occurred and the jury pending the discussion of the question was sent out of the room. At 3:50 the jury was again brought in and witness Nathanson was cross-examined by the defense.

Mr. Kello, for the last four years sporting editor of the Chicago *Times*, was the next witness. Mr. Kello testified that he was present at the contest of June 12 last and saw the parties before and after the contest. He saw no blood drawn upon either of the contestants.

O'Malley being asked what he did on the night in question said he made a public announcement to the effect that the entertainment about to begin would be no prize-fight, and if any of those in attendance had come with the expectation of seeing such an exhibition they would be disappointed and could procure their admission fee if they wished to pass out. A copy of the contract between the management and these athletes was submitted in evidence, also a pair of five ounce boxing gloves. Witness was then asked if the club had procured legal advice before establishing and carrying on the Roby arena. The prosecution objected and the court said he would hear counsel on both sides discuss the question, and discharged the jury until 9 o'clock tomorrow. A half hour was consumed by the attorneys in discussing this question, and at 5:30 court adjourned.

The defense, consisting of ex-Judge Crumpacker of Valparaiso and John B. Peterson of this city, were joined this morning by Lionel Adams of New Orleans, while the prosecution of the case is in the hands of Judge Olds, late of the Supreme bench, ex-Secretary of State Charles F. Griffin, State Senator Kopelke, and Prosecuting Attorney McMahan.

RUN IN THE MUD AT NEW ORLEANS.

Plungers Back Down Sam Farmer, Who Doesn't Show.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Dec. 12.—[Special.]—Between 2,000 and 3,000 people were in attendance at the races today and the betting was livelier than on either of the preceding days. The racing itself, while it did not afford as spirited finishes as that of yesterday, was, nevertheless, very interesting. During the first three events the track was in good condition and fairly good time was made in each of them. Just as the horses were going to the post for the fourth race, however, a very hard rain set in, which, in addition to making the track very sloppy, caused quite a plunge to be made on Sam Farmer, on account of his known fondness for that kind of going. His price quickly fell from 12 to 6 to 1. He was never prominent in the race, however, which was won by Leta L., who had also been strongly played from six and eight down to four. After a brush on the end with St. Pancras, Tom Kiley's Henneria easily took the race for 2-year-olds, while Strathmeath had no ... [illegible]

FAVORITES LOSE AT MADISON, ILL.

Stover, Virginian, Willie G., Coverton, and Granny White Win.

MADISON, Ill., Dec. 12.— [illegible]

LAST DAY BUT ONE AT BENNINGS.

Racing to Begin Thursday at the Ivy City Course.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 12.— [illegible]

... Third race—Miracle, $3; Electry, $15; Bessie Bisland, $10; Shelly Tuttle, $10; Terrifier, $10; Restraint, $15; Shadow, $3; Roche, $20.

Fourth race—Annie C. filly, $10; Torchbearer, $4; Our Jack, $8; Factotum, $8; Curacoa, $5; West Park, $5; Dr. Burch, Lady Kelly, Caprice colt, Florence, Theodore H., McDonald, Hyaway (field), $6.

Fifth race—Arab, $15; Bolero, $5; Top Gallant, $10; Van Zant, $6; Bess McDuff, $6; Freezer, Bunker Hill, Panhandle, Moonraker, Blackwood, Pieblan, Houri, Pantelle, Gettysburg (field), $10.

Sixth race—Syracuse, $15; Remorse, $10; Azrael, $5; Heads or Tails, $8; Lorimer, $5; Strathmaid, Trump, Confederate, Grace Brown, Willie McAuliffe, Prince Otto, Sea Bird, Laughing Water, Out of Sight, Lita (field), $8.

BOOKMAKER GRANNAN IS RULED OFF.

Will Not Tell What He Knows About Crooked Work.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Dec. 12.—[Special.]—Bookmaker Grannan, who has been firing $10,000 challenges at T. Williams while under suspension, was put out of the business by the Blood-Horse Association stewards this morning. He was ruled off the turf for refusing to give the judges definite information about owners who had offered to run their horses to his order. He declared that he had several such offers, but as he played only form had rejected them. Grannan declares that he will not uncover his men, preferring rather to stand ruled off. Grannan has won $50,000 here and goes home to Kentucky. He is a member of the Applegate coterie. Nothing about the Charmion-Don Fulano race came up in Grannan's case. Jockey Miller is still suspended. But there will not be any $10,000 matches, and Byron McClelland's talent will not be imported.

"Lucky" Baldwin has sent his horses with Trainer McDaniels to Santa Anita for a freshening. They and the 1894 2-year-olds will return for racing early in January.

The racing today was on the newly laid surface of sand. Hankins & Johnson's Forerunner, heavily played by talent and public, and Lovedel, whose victory also hurt the ring, were the winning favorites. Lovedel is a good colt by Wild Idle—Free Love, owned by Burns & Waterhouse. Irving rode both. Belle Howard was never prominent, though heavily backed. White Hat McCarthy won with Prize and Bridal Vail and was second with Adolph. He backed all three. Attendance, 3,000. Weather cold and clear. Seventeen books drew in for one week today, six of them being operated by Chicagoans. Summaries:

First race, five furlongs, selling—Vivance, 89 pounds, 7 to 1 (Taylor), won; Brownwood, 110, 2½ to 1 (J. Weber), second; Addie Chipman, 100, 10 to 1 (C. Weber), third. Time, 1:04. Hal Ficher, Dr. Ross, Stoneman, Kathleen, Clara White, Bill Howard, Oregon, Raindrop, and Lulu Dowwell also ran.

Second race, one mile, handicap—Bridal Veil, 96 pounds, 3 to 1 (Peteres), first; Morton, 105, 15 to 1 (A. Covington), second; Donohue, 100, 2 to 1 (Sloan), third. Time, 1:46¾. Imp. Stromboli, Crawford Centella, Hotspur, and Nellie G. also ran.

Third race, seven and one-half furlongs, selling—Prize, 108 pounds, 5 to 1 (Peters), won; Sympathetic's Last, 97, 8½ to 1 (Sloan), second; Zampost, 106, 3 to 1 (Madison), third. Time, 1:39. Broadhead and Revolver also ran.

[illegible]

CLOSE FINISHES AT EAST ST. LOUIS.

Nine Good Races Contested on a Fast Track.

EAST ST. LOUIS, Dec. 12.— [illegible]

The Oldest Inhabitant.

[illegible]

Lowest Prices Guaranteed.

[illegible]

SCHAEFER IS BEATEN.

SLOSSON WINS THE SECOND OF THE BILLIARD GAMES.

He Runs the Required 600 Points in Twenty Innings, During Which Time the "Wizard" Scores 541—A Number of Clever Plays Made—Fine Carroms, Draws, and Masses Are Applauded by the Audience—The Game in Detail and the Score.

NEW YORK, Dec. 12.—[Special.]—The "Wizard" and the "Student" crossed cues in the three-cornered billiard tournament at the Madison Square Concert Hall tonight, and Slosson won. New-Yorkers in general were rather disappointed at the result of last night's game.

When "Wizard" Schaefer and "Student" Slosson appeared in the arena tonight each in turn was formally introduced to the crowd of admirers of scientific billiards and each in turn was heartily applauded. Owing to the objections made by Mr. Slosson to "Billie" Sexton, the referee of last night, George Moulton was selected to referee tonight's game. Slosson won on the bank and selected the white ball. He seemed in better spirits than he did in the battle he had with Ives. After making two or three round the table shots he got the balls well together in the left-hand end corner of the table and in a short time had run his score up to 40. At this point the balls rolled into the center of the table, when, by a clever bank shot, he got the balls into the right-hand end corner, where he made a beautiful massé shot. On the forty-eighth stroke he made a marvelously clever bank shot and was loudly applauded. While playing for position on the fifty-first stroke he missed.

Schaefer faced a most difficult shot and missed. The "Student" returned to the table and by a beautiful screw shot, two banks, and one of his clever massés got the balls in good position. He missed the fifty-ninth stroke and the "Wizard" again took the cue. He found the balls in beautiful position for nursing and ran his score up to 52, when he missed a massé. Slosson made 39. A round of applause followed the first stroke of Schaefer, who made a most difficult massé. He was again applauded on the thirteenth stroke, which was a draw. The fifteenth was what appeared to every one to be an easy one, but Schaefer played it too lightly and missed.

From the beginning of the game Slosson appeared possessed of great confidence in his ability to win, a feature that was lacking in his game with Ives last night. Schaefer came to the table with the balls in the upper right-hand corner. He nursed them for 26 points, when they lined up in a row against the cushion. The spectators became silent with breathless interest while the "Wizard" made the most clever massé of the evening and received a perfect storm of applause. He made another almost as difficult on the fortieth stroke. He missed on a round table shot while playing for position. Slosson made 2 and Schaefer 25. Slosson scored a "goose egg." Schaefer made 27.

The "Student" won applause on the tenth stroke of the next inning when he made a skillful round the table shot. He made the eleventh on a scratch. After running 17 he missed and Schaefer followed by scoring another zero. Slosson made 4, Schaefer 15. Then Slosson made 123. The balls were left in the upper left-hand corner, where the "Wizard" nursed them for a score and a half of points when the balls shifted. He then made a clever massé shot and was applauded. He missed in the thirty-sixth, leaving the balls badly scattered.

The fourteenth inning was begun with a goose egg for the "Student." Schaefer then took the cue and nursed the balls for 30 points, when he made a skillful carrom and then a massé shot. He then got the balls in good nursing order, and quickly ran his score up to a hundred, when there was an outburst of applause. At 105 he tied his opponent, and there was another outburst of applause. He was again applauded when he passed Slosson's run of 123. He finally missed a cushion draw on the 128th stroke. This concluded the fourteenth inning, with the Wizard's score 422 to the Student's 400. Slosson came up and ran 22 points, when he missed, leaving the balls in good shape for the Wizard. By careful nursing he quickly ran 25, missing on the 26th stroke.

In the fifteenth Slosson made 22 points and Schaefer 25 points. The sixteenth inning gave Slosson 71. Schaefer began to play a careful game, and resorted to nursing to catch Slosson. He made 65 in the inning, thus making his total score at the end of the sixteenth 512 to Slosson's 493. The game was nip and tuck, and the slightest error would lose either man the game. In the seventeenth Slosson made 8 and Schaefer nothing. Slosson then strung up 96 and was within 3 of winning. He missed in open play. Schaefer made 27 and Slosson 2, and Schaefer 2. Slosson then made 1 and won the game.

Ives and Schaefer play tomorrow night.

The score was as follows:

Slosson—50, 58, 38, 27, 1, 0, 17, 3, 123, 2, 27, 21, 33, 0, 22, 71, 8, 96, 2, 1. Total, 600; highest run, 123; average, 30.

Schaefer—0, 52, 14, 54, 25, 27, 0, 15, 35, 42, 1, 2, 28, 127, 25, 65, 0, 27, 2. Total, 541; highest run, 127; average, 27 9-19.

SHIELDS & CO. STABLE SELLS WELL.

J. G. Carlile Buys In the Pick of the Lot He Once Owned.

At the sales stables of G. W. Leihy & Sons yesterday afternoon the racing stable of Shields & Co. was sold at auction.

Jim Carlile, who was formerly a partner in the stable, secured the pick of the stable. Every horse brought as much as he was worth. The figures were:

Prince Henry, br. c. 4, by Fonso—Little Madam, J. G. Carlile	$2,500
Dungarven, blk. h., 5, by Hindoo—Caliphornia, J. G. Carlile	2,350
John Arthur, br. g., 2, by Vocalic—Leah Z., J. G. Carlile	1,500
Mantell, ch. c., 3, by Bonnie Ban—Aureola, J. G. Carlile	625
Gov. Adams, b. h., 6, by Nathan Oaks—Alletta, J. G. Carlile	500
Una Cary, ch. g., 2, by Cary—Alletta, J. Werlein	170
Brookwood, ch. h., 5, by King Alfonso—Springbranch, Joe Werlein	450
Mahlin T., ch. g., 2, by John W. Norton—Long Nannie, J. G. Carlile	100
Senator Walcott, br. g., 3, by Duke of Montrose—Vamoose, Joe Werlein	75

American Institute Sales.

NEW YORK, Dec. 12.—[Special.]—The sale of trotting stock from the Jewett Farm was continued by Peter C. Kellogg & Co. today. Elko, a brown mare, foaled in 1885, by Lumps, out of Katie C., was the star of the day, bringing the sum of $2,750. Wallace Pierce of this city purchased her. Divan, a black stallion, by Patchen Wilkes, out of Betsey, sold for $2,250 to Charles Woodruff of Binghamton, N. Y. Divan was sired in 1889, and at 4 years got a race record of 2:15 pacing. Jerome Eddy, a bay stallion, 1875, by Louis Napoleon, out of Fanny Mapes, went to C. H. Cook of Rochester, N. Y., for $2,000.

St. Louis to Have a Tattersall's.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Dec. 12.—Missouri Horse Breeders met in convention at Music Hall today, pursuant to a call of breeders who have revolted against what they term the domination of the St. Louis Fair Ground Association. Their purpose is to establish an exchange, similar to Tattersall's in London, New York, and Chicago. There are 12,000 breeders represented at the meeting, whose investments aggregate over $30,000,000. One breeder today subscribed $25,000 toward the exchange and it is proposed to start with a fund of $500,000.

Longest Canal.

The longest artificial water course in the world is the Bengal Canal, 900 miles; the next is Erie, 363. Each cost nearly £2,000,000.

For 100 years **Pears' Soap** has been universally acknowledged the best. Refuse substitutes which are offered by dealers because they afford larger profits.

HOME CABINET WORK, FURNITURE, CURTAINS, DECORATIONS. GEO. W. HASKINS. In the Chicago Carpet Co., Wabash and Monroe.

THEY WERE BOUGHT FOR A SONG. **WRECKED!** SO SHALL THEY BE SOLD.

Saved from Destruction at the Wreck, to Be Annihilated by

Corner ... State and Quincy-sts. **THE BELL** Open ... Every Night Until 9 O'Clock

RAILROAD WRECK SALE!

But a short time ago the country was startled by the news of the GREAT BOSTON AND ALBANY R. R. WRECK, resulting in such a disastrous loss. Car-loads of goods fresh from the manufacturing marts were piled one on another or telescoped into ruin. A wealth of consignments staring the company in the face THE BELL'S CASH—"thanks to a timely tip"—succeeded in getting

Car-Loads of Merchandise at 40c on the Dollar,

Consisting of Men's, Boys', and Children's Clothing, Furnishing Goods, Hats, and Shoes

"Wreck" Prices IN MEN'S CLOTHING.

Men's All-Wool Cheviot Suits, $12.50 values	$5.90
Men's Overcoats, Beaver and Chinchilla, $12 to $14 values	$6.85
Men's Strictly All-Wool Suits, $15 and $18 values	$7.77
Men's Melton Ulsters, Flannel lined, $15 to $18 values	$8.88

"Wreck" Prices IN MEN'S AND BOYS' PANTS.

MEN'S PANTS—$1.25 values	79c
MEN'S PANTS—$1.50 values	98c
MEN'S PANTS—$2.50 values	$1.48
BOYS' SHORT PANTS—25c values	10c
BOYS' SHORT PANTS—40c values	19c
BOYS' SHORT PANTS—50c values	23c
BOYS' LONG PANTS—$1.50 to $2.00 values	78c
BOYS' LONG PANTS—$2.50 values	$1.18

"Wreck" Prices IN BOYS' CLOTHING.

Boys' Flannel Waists, $1.25, $1.50, and $2.00 values	69c
Boys' Short Pants Suits, $3.00 and $3.50 values	$1.43
Boys' Overcoats, with Long Capes,	$1.87
Boys' Reefers, All Wool, $5 and $6 values	$2.73

"WRECK" PRICES IN HATS.

BOYS' WINDSOR CAPS—50c values	9c
BOYS' WINTER TELESCOPE CAPS—65c values	19c
BOYS' CLOTH TURBANS—75c values	23c
BOYS' HEAVY BRIGHTON CAPS—$1.00 values	29c
MEN'S KNIT CAPS—50c and 60c values	31c
MEN'S SCOTCH WOOL CAPS—75c values	33c
MEN'S BRIGHTON CAPS—$1.00 values	39c
MEN'S PLUSH CAPS—$2.50 values	69c
MEN'S STYLISH DERBYS—$2.50 values	69c

"Wreck" Prices in Shoes.

LADIES' DONGOLA KID HAND-TURNED SHOES—Patent Leather Tip or plain, any style toe, $3.50 and $3 values	$1.48
MEN'S CORK-SOLE SHOES—The best that's made—$5, $4.50 and $4 values	$2.48
MEN'S FINE DRESS SHOES—In Patent Leathers, French Calfskin, and Cordovan, any style Toe or Last, the latest in Footwear—you'll find among this lot $6, $7, and $8 values	$3.88

"Wreck" Prices in Men's Furnishings.

E. & W. AND M. & B. LINEN COLLARS—25c and 20c values	5c
HEMSTITCHED HANDKERCHIEFS—25c values	6c
HEAVY BALBRIGGAN HALF HOSE—25c values	8c
PATENT WIRE BUCKLE SUSPENDERS—35c and 25c values	13c
ALL-SILK FOUR-IN-HAND SCARFS—50c and 40c values	14c
HEAVY ALL-WOOL UNDERWEAR—$1.00 and 75c values	27c
HEAVY LEATHER GLOVES—Lined or Unlined, 75c values	29c
EMBROIDERED NIGHT SHIRTS—$1.50 values	55c
FLANNEL OVERSHIRTS—All Wool, $1.50 and $2 values	59c

THE BELL CORNER STATE AND QUINCY-STS.

FOREMAN'S 2 STORES. 149-151 State street —AND— 109 State street.

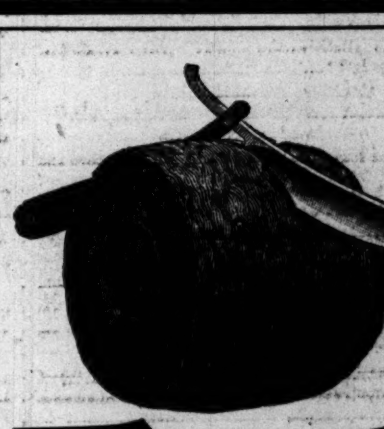
Holiday Shoes and Slippers.

We must close out an immense stock of Ladies', Men's, Misses', and Boys' Slippers and Shoes before January 1st next.

500 pairs Men's first quality ALLIGATOR SLIPPERS, Black and Tan Colors	$2.50
1,000 pairs finest FRENCH GOAT SLIPPERS, Patent Leather Trimmed	$2.00
Boys' and Children's HOLIDAY SLIPPERS in Black, Tan, and Red in immense variety.	
3,000 pairs Ladies' SATIN SLIPPERS (first quality) in all colors	$3.00
500 pairs Ladies' TOILET SLIPPERS in Red, Blue, and Black	$3.00
A SENSIBLE AND SUITABLE HOLIDAY GIFT.	
5,000 pairs TURKISH SLIPPERS—Sizes 1, 2, 3, and 4—Small sizes only	50c

The Display from World's Fair of the James A. Banister Co. on exhibition in our store, 149 and 151 State-st.

All World's Fair Shoes for Sale at Regular Prices.



FURS OUR ANNUAL CLEARING SALE IS IN PROGRESS.

Prices Cut Nearly in Two

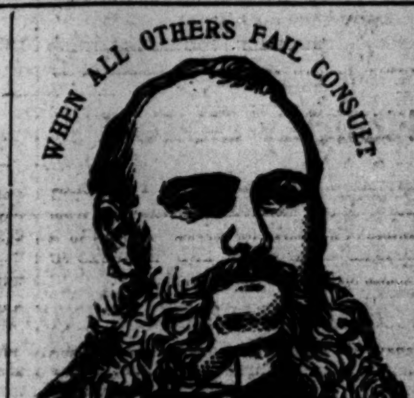
Persian Capes	Were $85	Now $45.50
Astrakhan Capes	Were $65	Now $42.50
Astrakhan Capes	Were $45	Now $28.00
English Marten Capes	Were $60	Now $38.00
Electric Seal Capes	Were $45	Now $27.50
Electric Seal Capes	Were $90	Now $55.00
Southern Beaver Capes	Were $55	Now $32.50
Mink Neckscarfs	Were $15	Now $10.00
Mink Neckscarfs	Were $12	Now $8.00
Mink Neckscarfs	Were $10	Now $6.00
Mink Neckscarfs	Were $8	Now $4.00
River Mink Neckscarfs	Were $5	Now $3.00
Marten Neckscarfs	Were $10	Now $6.00
Beaver Neckscarfs	Were $9	Now $7.00
Beaver Neckscarfs	Were $6	Now $4.00

MUFFS—Same Proportion. CAPS, GLOVES, OVERCOATS, SEAL GARMENTS.

No Reservation. All Go at Reduced Rates.

The Wolf and Periolat Fur Co. Leaders of Fur Fashions. 65 and 67 Washington-st. Write for Catalogue.

WHEN ALL OTHERS FAIL CONSULT



DOCTOR SWEANY,

The Learned and Skilled Specialist, Formerly of Philadelphia, Pa., who treats with wonderful success all diseases of men and women. Prompt and permanent cures guaranteed in all cases. **NERVOUS DEBILITY** and all its attending ailments, of young and middle-aged men. The awful effects of neglected or improperly treated cases producing weakness of body and brain, failing memory, lost vitality, lack of energy and confidence, varicocele, and other distressing symptoms, unfitting one for study, business, or enjoyment of life. **BLOOD AND SKIN** diseases, sores, tumor, pimples, tetter, eczema, ulcers, loss of hair, mucus patches, scrofula, and blood poison of every nature promptly eradicated from the system, forever restoring health and purity. **CATARRH** throat, lungs, liver, dyspepsia, all diseases affecting the bowels, stomach, rheumatism, piles, kidney or bladder. **WRITE** your troubles, if away from the city. Thousands cured at home. Absolute secrecy in all professional dealings. A valuable "GUIDE TO HEALTH" mailed free. Dr. F. L. SWEANY, 323 State-st. (cor. Congress), Chicago (opp. Siegel, Cooper & Co.'s Big Store).

MASON & HAMLIN GRAND AND UPRIGHT **PIANOS** Containing their Improved Method of Stringing, the greatest improvement in half a century. THE CELEBRATED **LISZT CHURCH ORGAN** for Parlors and Churches ... Organs and Pianos sold for cash or on Easy Payments. 185 WABASH-AV. 2d Floor. Take Elevator.

CANDY Send $1.25, $2.10, or $3.50 for a box of extra fine Candy, prepaid by express east of Denver and west of Boston. Suitable for presents. Try it once. C. F. GUNTHER, 212 State-st., Chicago.

CARSON PIRIE SCOTT & CO.

STATE AND WASHINGTON-STS.

Christmas Shopping.

If time, like money, could be laid away and used when wanted it would be well enough to put off your Christmas shopping to the last few days.

The assortments are more complete and selections made much easier now.

Men's Furnishings.

In giving gifts to men there is nothing that will catch the fancy as quickly as a nice Smoking Jacket. Our assortment is most varied in styles and prices.

Special offering in English Plaid Smoking Jackets, with bound edges and silk loops, made to sell at $5.00; price $3.45

Choice patterns in Smoking Jackets at $5.00, $7.50, and $10.00.

Neckwear.

A most elegant line of finest quality Crepe, Silk, and Figured Satin Four-in-Hands and Teck Scarfs, made to retail at $1.00; price 50c

Hosiery.

For Holiday Presents we have put up in boxes our special number, 5,854, Ladies' superior quality Fast Black Cotton Hose—3 pairs in the box—for $1.00

Misses' full regular made English Cashmere Hose, in sizes 5 to 8½, per pair 25c

Gloves.

With every purchase of two or more pairs of Gloves a pretty glove box is presented. No more appropriate or acceptable present could be given to ladies.

Our Glove stock can supply all Glove wants.

"Our Special" Foster Lacing Kid Gloves are the best-fitting, best-wearing, and most satisfactory glove in the city at the price—all the new colors $1.00

Umbrellas and Canes.

Our assortment of Umbrellas and Canes presents the very latest fads in handles and woods and offers some very great bargains that should interest buyers.

26 and 28 inch Silk Umbrellas, with stylish handles of Oak, Wexel, Acacia, Congo, French Crab, etc., that are worth up to $4.50; price $2.65

CANES in Pamir Vine, Russian Ash, Crab, Old Oak, Congo, Laurel, Wexel Wood, etc., plain and sterling silver mounted—prices from ..... $1.00 to $15.00

Men's Cane and Umbrella Sets, with handles to match, plain and sterling silver mounted, ranging in price—per set—from ..... $3.50 to $25.00

Jewelry.

Ladies' and Misses' Solid Gold Rings, set with Garnets, Turquoises, Sapphires, Emeralds, etc., worth up to $4.50—at $1.25

Ladies' Roman Gold Lorgnette Chains, with pearls—worth up to $5.00—at $2.75

Lemaire's Celebrated Opera Glasses (the best made) in Leather, Ivory, and Pearl—
Special in Leather at $5.50

Ladies' Solid Gold Watches, Elgin or Waltham movements $20
Silver Hat Markers 50c
Silver Glove Buttoners 50c
Silver-Plated Garter Clasps, per pair $1.25
Silver Sterling Hair Pins $1.25
New Tortoise Shell Hair Pins 95c

Clocks.

Eight-Day Marble Clocks, with fancy dials, visible escapements, Cathedral gong and guaranteed movements, worth up to $20 ..... $11.50

Eight-Day Onyx Clocks, fancy gilt dials, Cathedral gongs—worth up to $25.00 ..... $15.00

Silverware.

Quadruple plate Tea Set, including Creamer, Sugar and Spoon Holder $6.50
Quadruple Plate Jewel Box, satin lined $3.00
Quadruple Plate Trinket Tray $1.50
Quadruple Plate Cake Baskets $2.25
Quadruple Plate Napkin Rings 25c
Quadruple Plate Ring Stands $2.00

In Sterling Silver we are showing very choice designs in Coffee Spoons, Tea Spoons, Sugar Shells, Sugar Tongs, Butter Knives, Butter Spreaders, Pickle Forks, Cream Ladles, etc., at VERY LOW PRICES.

Perfumery.

Hudnut's Celebrated Perfumes, in cut glass bottles 50c

Hudnut's Perfumes, two bottles in a fancy box, per box 50c

Hand-Painted Sachet Envelopes 25c

Sachet Powder, in fancy glass bottles 25c

Leather Goods.

Telescope Cigar Cases 50c

Collar and Cuff Portfolios $2.50

Men's Toilet Outfits, in alligator cases $5.00

Ladies' Purses, with fine enameled initials 50c

Photograph Albums, bound in solid leather, worth $3.00 each, at $1.75

Complete assortment of Imported Leather Albums, plain and fancy bindings, from ..... $2.50 up

Holiday Boxes.

Oak Collar and Cuff Boxes—
Oak Handkerchief Boxes—
Oak Glove Boxes ..... $1.00 EACH.

Comb and Brush Sets, in oak cases—
Manicure Sets, in metal cases—
Shaving Sets, in metal cases ..... $1.50 EACH.

Pictures and Frames—2d Floor.

Silvered Cabinet Photograph Frames 25c
Art Panel Medallions in new and attractive subjects $1.00
Pastels in White and Gold Frames 2.50

Dolls—2d Floor.

Jointed Dolls with closing eyes, daintily dressed; Bisque Jointed Dolls with woven wigs and closing eyes; Kid Body Dolls with shoes and stockings, closing eyes—at, each 95c

Fancy Goods Dept.—Second Floor.

Hand-Painted Handkerchief and Glove Sachets $1.00
Figured Silk Chair Backs 50c
New Tinted Table Covers 50c

There will also be found in this department a most extensive assortment of Decorated and Embroidered Novelties, including Sofa Cushions, Chair Backs, Lambrequins, Table Covers, Drapery Scarfs, Handkerchief and Glove Cases, Collar and Cuff Boxes, Playing Card Cases, Pin Cushions, etc., at popular prices.

Handkerchiefs.

Handkerchiefs by the thousands, of every kind and quality, at the most reasonable prices to be found in the city.

Special lot offering in Men's Hemstitched Japanese Silk Handkerchiefs that are sold everywhere at 50c but here, and here they are to be had at just half what they should be—Men's 50c Hemstitched Japanese Silk Handkerchiefs at 25c

A large lot of Ladies' regular 25c Scalloped and Embroidered Handkerchiefs of a very fine quality are offered at the small price of 15c

Ladies' Fine Hand-Embroidered Hemstitched Handkerchiefs of a quality that many ask 50c for, are now on sale at half that price—just 25c

Men's Hand-Embroidered Initial Pure Linen Hemstitched Unlaundered Handkerchiefs of a very fine quality—only 25c

Men's 50c Hemstitched Japanese Silk Embroidered Initial Handkerchiefs can be had at 35c

Men's Polka Dot Japanese Silk Mufflers—only 50c

Toys and Games.

The Annex Basement is a most attractive and busy place at present with its thousands of Toys, Dolls, and Games. It is the most extensive stock we have ever carried of these, and the prices will be found the lowest in the city. Bring the children in today.

This is Notice of a Genuine

Clearing Sale.

We have marked our entire stock on second floor of **Bronzes, Marbles, Porcelain, Enamels, Fans,** and **General Bric-a-Brac** to close out entirely. We want the room they occupy for other purposes.

All articles marked to sell; cost has not been considered, and all *must be sold.* Christmas buyers will find this a rare occasion to secure high class Art Wares at nominal cost.

SPAULDING & CO.

(INCORPORATED.)

GOLD AND SILVER SMITHS,

STATE AND JACKSON STREETS.

MARSHALL FIELD & CO.

The Greatest "Christmas Bargains" of this season.

Holiday Slippers

The remarked low prices on our entire enormous stock of Fine Holiday Footwear — from the least expensive Slippers to the dainty French Novelties—bring these much-desired articles in range of *every possible want.*

Ladies' Slippers—

For Evening Wear—Satin, Suede, patent leather, French kid—beaded or plain—*in new French designs.*

For the Boudoir—Satin, fur lined—in the Opera, Faust, and Romeo—*Rose, pink, golden brown, reds, etc.*

Carriage Boots—in colors to match the gowns—fur lined and trimmed.

Men's Slippers—

An unusually choice assortment in Turkish Morocco, Seal, Russia, Goat, etc., etc.—kid or chamois lined.

Slippers for Boys, Girls, and—Novelties for Babies.

FURS. FURS. FURS.

H. LIEBES & CO.,

OF SAN FRANCISCO,

Received **4** Highest Awards for Sealskin Garments.

OUR ENTIRE STOCK OF

EXHIBIT FURS,

CONSISTING OF

SEAL JACKETS, SEAL CAPES, GENTS' FUR COATS,
ASTRAKAN CAPES, BLACK MARTEN CAPES,
ELECTRIC SEAL CAPES, MUFFS, CAPS, GLOVES,
NECK SCARFS, BUGGY AND SLEIGH ROBES,
MOUNTED BEARS, FOXES, WOLVES, ETC.,

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES

TO CLOSE OUT BEFORE THE HOLIDAYS.

H. LIEBES & CO.,

Room 803 Columbus Memorial Building. Cor. State and Washington-sts., Chicago.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

We call your attention to the Finest Line of high grade

Opera AND Tourists' Glasses.

Microscopes, Telescopes, Barometers, Thermometers, Drawing Tools, Graphoscopes, Amateur Photo Outfits, Kodaks, etc., etc.
PRICES the LOWEST.

Gold Spectacles. Eye Glasses.

Lorgnettes fitted with our celebrated Lenses.

MAGIC LANTERNS.

Views illustrating all Subjects of Popular Interest for Public and Home Entertainment.

L. MANASSE, - - - Optician,
88 Madison-st., Tribune Bldg., Chicago.

TO THE DRY GOODS TRADE

Artistic modiste, experienced, with elite trade, highest references from representative houses, thoroughly competent to take charge of DRESSMAKING DEPARTMENT for large establishment South or West, is open for engagement. Address
MRS. E. W., 409 W. 30th-st., New York City.

AUCTION NOTICE.

At 10 o'clock this morning, Immense Sale,

FURNITURE, PIANOS,

General Household Goods, Carpets, Bedding, and General Merchandise.

ELISON, FIERSHEIM & CO.,
84 and 86 Randolph-st.

CATALOGUE SALE.

MODERN AND ANTIQUE

FURNITURE.

THURSDAY (Tomorrow) AT 2 P. M.,

AT PARLORS,

1459 MICHIGAN-BLVD.

The collection lately on exhibition at the Model of

ST. PETER'S AT ROME,

WORLD' FAIR.

Modern and Antique Furniture, Pictures, Porcelains, Bronzes, Brocades, Etc., Etc.

ON EXHIBITION TODAY. CATALOGUES READY.

ELISON, FLERSHEIM & CO., Auctioneers.

Desks Folding Beds, Metal Chairs.
A. H. Andrews & Co., 215 Wabash Av. CHICAGO.

Practical and Money-Saving Suggestions for Xmas.

MANDEL BROTHERS.

117 to 123 State-st., Through to Wabash-av.

Handkerchiefs.

Our Handkerchief business knows no cheapening of quality to sell at a low price, no skimping of size, no dubious workmanship, no misrepresentation. An honest handkerchief will sell itself and speak well for the house that sold it. Let down the prices to the lowest notch on a stock magnificently assorted—it is reasonable to suppose that house will be the biggest Handkerchief selling house in the city.

Buy your Christmas Handkerchiefs here. *This is the house.*

10c buys Irish and Swiss Embroidered and Scalloped Handkerchiefs worth 30c.

12½c buys Swiss Embroidered Handkerchiefs that were 20c—we've rather too many.

15c buys Women's Unlaundered Initial Handkerchiefs, worth 25c; Mull (embroidered), worth 25c; Men's Initial Hdkfs., laundered, worth 25c.

19c buys Women's Jap. Silk Initial Hdkfs., worth 30c; also handsome embroidered Mull Hdkfs., exquisite designs.

21c buys Women's Embroidered Jap Silk Hdkfs., worth 50c; have 1,250 dozen at this price.

59c *buys Real Duchesse Lace Handkerchiefs, worth 70c, each in a neat box.*

25c buys Men's and Women's Initial Pure Linen Hdkfs.; Men's Initial Silk Hdkfs., worth 30c; Women's Hemstitched or Scalloped Pure Linen Hdkfs., embroidered in white or colors; Women's Swiss Embroidered Hdkfs. in several hundred different patterns.

50c buys Women's Hemstitched Jap. Silk Neck Scarfs, all colors; Men's and Women's Pure Linen Initial Handkerchiefs, daintily embroidered, worth 85c; Embroidered Pure Linen Hdkfs., worth $1.00; Men's Colored Border Hdkfs., worth 25c, at 3 for 50c.

14c buys a box of 3 Colored Border Handkerchiefs for children; worth a deal more.

Men's Silk Mufflers, $1.25 up.

Practical and Money-Saving Suggestions for Xmas.

MANDEL BROTHERS.

117 to 123 State-st., Through to Wabash-av.

The World's Fair Exhibit of

The Crown Perfumery Co.

Of London, England,

Purchased by us and now on sale

At Half Price.

It is quite unnecessary to call attention to the merits of prize winners—the "Crown" goods are known to be of the highest grade of excellence.

8-oz. TOILET WATERS—Matsukita (new), Violette de Parme, Lilas Blanc, Crabapple Blossoms, Cuir de Russie; usual price $1.00; Special Sale Price 59c

1-oz. EXTRACTS—Crabapple Blossoms, Violette de Parme, Lilas Blanc, Cuir de Russie, Matsukita (new); you know the usual price; Special Sale Price 40c

2-oz. Extracts—same odors 79c

3-oz. Extracts—same odors 95c

4-oz. Extracts—same odors $1.25

Crown Perfumery Co.'s Soaps, various odors—the 35c Soaps at 15c

The 60c Soaps at 33c

Crown Perfumery Co.'s renowned Complexion Powder; usual price 75c; Special Sale Price 45c

Sachets; usual price 50c; Special Sale Price 25c

Crown Smelling Salts; usual price 50c; Special Sale Price 29c

Enough for one day's selling—and every item the best of Christmas thoughts.

Practical and Money-Saving Suggestions for Xmas.

MANDEL BROTHERS.

117 to 123 State-st., Through to Wabash-av.

Fine Dress Goods Reduced.

A new dress at Christmas! Do you know of a neater way to please a woman?

210 pieces two-toned French Nattes, 52-inch Illuminated Fancies, 44-inch Fancy Mixed Cheviots, 44-inch Illuminated Checks—new weaves in new colors and not a yard worth under $1.50—all at 50c

18,000 yards Silk and Wool Pointelle Suitings, Silk and Wool Ombre Bengalines, all-wool English Broche Cheviots, all-wool Waffle Cloths—goods that were hitherto $2.00 to $3.00 a yard—at only 75c

200 Paris Dress Patterns, 60 different styles—they were $15.00 to $20.00—they all go at $5.00

SCHLESINGER AND MAYER

State and Madison-sts.

Women's Jackets! Jackets! Jackets! A word of caution.

Schlesinger & Mayer will give you absolutely this season's garments at prices less—much less—than any Chicago house is trying to work off last season's styles at. The proof:

New Paddock Coats, the New York rage, in Kerseys, Beavers, Cheviots—they're $25 Coats, ... $22.50

New English Surplice Top Coats, another late arrival, Marten fur edged—they're $35 Coats, ... $25

New Braid and Fur-trimmed Jackets—that were $20—that were $30, ... $10

New Worumbo Chinchilla Jackets, satin lined throughout—that were $20—that were $30, ... $15

New 1894 Suits in Scotch mixtures, with $15 value in them, ... $8.50

Get the Newest

and save as much as though you were not getting the newest.

THIS LAMP ONLY $6.85 Complete.

MARKED DOWN Regardless of Cost.

LAMPS,

ONYX TABLES,
Silk Lamp Shades,
—AT—

BONNER'S LAMP STORE
83 and 85 WABASH AV.
Next to Field's new store.

STEEL CLUB SKATES

LIKE THIS

40 Cts.

Full Nickel Steel Skates 75c.
High Grade Ladies " $1.00

THORSEN & CASSADY CO.
ATHLETIC & SPORTING GOODS
141-143 WABASH AVE. CHICAGO.
CATALOGUE SENT FREE.

A Cup of Bouillon

Palatable, Pure, Refreshing and Stimulating . . .

can be made in three minutes, thus: take a cup of boiling hot water, stir in a quarter teaspoon (not more) of

Liebig Company's Extract of Beef,

Then add an egg—and some sherry if liked—season carefully.

THE TRIBUNE ART COUPO
DEC. 14, 1893.
Received on any Tribune Picture o

VOLUME LII.—NO.

GROVER IS HUMBL

Total Failure of His Po to Restore Liliuokalan

NEW ORDERS FOR WI

Further Responsibility t Placed on Congress.

OFFICIAL REPORTS TO

Forecast of the Position Now As by the President.

ANNEXATIONISTS ARE EL

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 13.—[Spe Royalty in Hawaii will know its doom as soon as the official admission is m the United States. Minister Willis w have to wait till the arrival of the A Dec. 22, because the Corwin ought t Honolulu Thursday or Friday. The ac al instructions which have so anxiousl sought by him will enable him to stat provisional government that the adm tion has given up the policy of restora an executive act and shifted the whole sibility on Congress. The same rations will be made to the and her followers, and the praises the royalists have sung of Cleveland, am, and Blount will be turned into bit not unjust complaints. When the A arrives a week later it may have instr for Minister Willis in regard to main

THE QUEEN—"YES, OO' IS LILY'S OW BIRD—HON-O-LU-LU!"

the statu quo, for dispatches to him w pared at the State Department this af and telegraphed to San Francisco to on the steamer tomorrow. But they w make clearer that the administration e ed its energies in planning the ambush provisional government which was to existence within a week after Willis This failed.

Lil Will Want Cash.

The only thing left for the Queen w seek a cash consideration from Congr the throne which the Presiden she ought to occupy. President land's apology for his Hawaiian must now be forthcoming. It has d out originally through the Gresham and later through the defenses of his supporters in Congress, but Mr. Cle own special pleading is yet to be hear news from Honolulu leaves no excuse ther delay. The complete history of spiracy in behalf of monarchy will a concise form by simply putting toget instructions since March 5, 1893, to to Willis, and to the naval comma Hawaiian waters, along with their re reports. The instructions between that time will undoubtedly aid in ma contrast. But all the facts will be m lic today, when the papers will b Congress.

The intelligence received from Willis and Admiral Irwin by the adm tion today contains nothing that will President. Instead everything prove militating failure of the policy of resto Queen. The Navy Department w enough to give out a portion of Ad win's dispatch which confirmed the r the military strength and preparatio provisional government. Not a w hinted at the information received fr later Willis, though it must be inter giving his explanation of the extra events in which he is the central figur

Willis Should Explain.

There should certainly be some exp of his arrogant declarations about would do to keep the peace. The pro however, is that the President will summarize the dispatch from Willis as relates to the condition of affai islands.

It is stated tonight by some of t are supposed to know that Mr. Cleve make no specific recommendation gress. He has committed his admin to the policy of restoring the Queen, will not ask Congress to authorize a tion of war in order that she may be He will simply unload the whole trai plications which follow the failure o trigue against the provisional gover Congress, though he may give som reasons against annexation. That, is not the immediate question co which the Senate sought informa wanted to know about the proposed tion of the Queen.

In spite of the convincing evide Blount's report was untrustworthy, t dent will stick to Blount. He coul honor, discredit his own witness, a pects to elaborate the theory that archy was overthrown by a conspi which the American party figured. M land seems to be dull of apprehensio understanding that the people of th States have emphatically distingui tween the overthrow of the Queen proposed overthrow of the governm succeeded her by the direct interv the United States. He proposes to a the provisional government subm case to him as umpire and that his having been against it that governm to melt away.

Theory of the President.

According to the talk heard Mr. will proceed on the theory that ther dishonor in sending Willis to the pr government with instructions to d whether by negotiation or by force, portant. But as the minister's ins contain no positive authorization to it will be stated that the whole aim o ministration was to secure the resto of the Queen peacefully. It may not e plained that Willis had duplicate ins which are the most damaging evi duplicity that could be produced. bie that the President, in explaining ure of his policy, will dwell on the ness of the Queen to be restored u could be guaranteed continued Ame tection. This may be given as the re